LANCE R. LEFLEUR DIRECTOR



KAY IVEY GOVERNOR

Alabama Department of Environmental Management adem.alabama.gov

1400 Coliseum Blvd. 36110-2400 Post Office Box 301463 Montgomery, Alabama 36130-1463 (334) 271-7700 FAX (334) 271-7950

January 27, 2025

Mr. Ben Grimes Plant Manager American Colloid Company Post Office Box 39 Letohatchee, AL 36047

RE: Draft Permit McQueen Pit NPDES Permit Number AL0059595 Lowndes County (085)

Dear Mr. Grimes:

Transmitted herein is a draft of the above referenced permit. Please review the enclosed draft permit carefully. If previously permitted, the draft may contain additions/revisions to the language in your current permit. Please submit any comments on the draft permit to the Department within 30 days from the date of receipt of this letter.

Since the Department has made a tentative decision to reissue the above referenced permit, ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.21 requires a public notice of the draft permit followed by a period of at least 30 days for public comment before the permit can be issued. The United States Environmental Protection Agency will also receive the draft permit for review during the 30-day public comment period.

Any mining, processing, construction, land disturbance, or other regulated activity proposed to be authorized by this draft permit is prohibited prior to the effective date of the formal permit. Any mining or processing activity within the drainage basin associated with each permitted outfall which is conducted prior to Departmental receipt of certification from a professional engineer licensed to practice in the State of Alabama, that the Pollution Abatement/Prevention Plan was implemented according to the design plan, or notification from the Alabama Surface Mining Commission that the sediment control structures have been certified, is prohibited.

This permit requires Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMR) to be submitted utilizing the Department's web-based electronic reporting system. Please read Part I.D of the permit carefully and visit https://aepacs.adem.alabama.gov/nviro/ncore/external/home.

Should you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact Ange Boatwright at (334) 274-4208 or maboatwright@adem.alabama.gov.

Sincerely,

D.M.

William D. McClimans, Chief Mining and Natural Resource Section Stormwater Management Branch Water Division

WDM/mab

cc:

File: DPER/862

Ange Boatwright, ADEM Environmental Protection Agency Region IV Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Alabama Historical Commission Advisory Council on Historic Preservation U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Mobile District U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Nashville District Alabama Department of Labor



Birmingham Office 110 Vulcan Road Birmingham, AL 35209-4702 (205) 942-6168 (205) 941-1603 (FAX) Decatur Office 2715 Sandlin Road, S.W. Decatur, AL 35603-1333 (256) 353-1713 (256) 340-9359 (FAX) **Coastal Office** 

1615 South Broad Street Mobile, AL 36605 (251) 450-3400 (251) 479-2593 (FAX)





# NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM INDIVIDUAL PERMIT

PERMITTEE: American Colloid Company Post Office Box 39 Letohatchee, AL 36047 FACILITY LOCATION: McQueen Pit 4430 Highway 31 Letohatchee, AL 36047 Lowndes County T12N, R16E, S3, 10 PERMIT NUMBER: AL0059595 DSN & RECEIVING STREAM: 002-1 Unnamed Tributary to Pinchony Creek 003-1 Unnamed Tributary to Pinchony Creek 004-1 Unnamed Tributary to Pinchony Creek

In accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. §§1251-1388 (the 'FWPCA"), the Alabama Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 22-22-1 to 22-22-14 (the "AWPCA"), the Alabama Environmental Management Act, as amended, Code of Alabama 1975, §§22-22A-1 to 22-22A-17, and rules and regulations adopted thereunder, and subject further to the terms and conditions set forth in this permit, the Permittee is hereby authorized to discharge into the above-named receiving waters.

**ISSUANCE DATE:** 

EFFECTIVE DATE:

**EXPIRATION DATE:** 

## \*DRAFT\*

Alabama Department of Environmental Management

## MINING AND NATURAL RESOURCE SECTION

## NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT

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## PART I DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS, CONDITIONS, AND REQUIREMENTS

#### A. DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this Permit and lasting through the expiration date of this Permit, the Permittee is authorized to discharge from all Outfalls, identified on Page 1 of this Permit and described more fully in the Permittee's application, if the outfalls have been constructed and certified. Discharges shall be limited and monitored by the Permittee as specified below:

Baucas star	Discharge Limitations			Monitoring Requirements	
rarameter	Daily Minimum	Monthly Average	Daily Maximum	Sample Type	Measurement Frequency <sup>1</sup>
pH 00400	6.0 s.u.		8.5 s.u.	Grab	2/Month
Solids, Total Suspended 00530			35.0 mg/L	Grab	2/Month
Flow, In Conduit or Thru Treatment Plant <sup>2</sup> 50050		Report MGD	Report MGD	Instantaneous	2/Month

## B. REQUIREMENTS TO ACTIVATE A PROPOSED MINING OUTFALL

- 1. Discharge from any point source identified on Page 1 of this Permit which is a proposed outfall is not authorized by this Permit until the outfall has been constructed and certification received by the Department from a professional engineer, registered in the State of Alabama, certifying that such facility has been constructed according to good engineering practices and in accordance with the Pollution Abatement and/or Prevention (PAP) Plan.
- 2. Certification required by Part I.B.1. shall be submitted on a completed ADEM Form 432. The certification shall include the latitude and longitude of the constructed and certified outfall.
- 3. Discharge monitoring and Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) reporting requirements described in Part I.C. of this Permit do not apply to point sources that have not been constructed and certified.
- 4. Upon submittal of the certification required by Part I.B.1. to the Department, all monitoring and DMR submittal requirements shall apply to the constructed and certified outfall.

### C. DISCHARGE MONITORING AND RECORD KEEPING REQUIREMENTS

#### 1. Sampling Schedule and Frequency

a. The Permittee shall collect at least one grab sample of the discharge to surface waters from each constructed and certified point source identified on Page 1 of this Permit and described more fully in the Permittee's application twice per month at a rate of at least every other week if a discharge occurs at any time during the two week period, but need not collect more than two samples per calendar month. Each sample collected shall be analyzed for each parameter specified in Part I.A. of this Permit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Part I.C.2. for further measurement frequency requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Flow must be determined at the time of sample collection by direct measurement, calculation, or other method acceptable to the Department.

- b. If the final effluent is pumped in order to discharge (e.g. from incised ponds, old highwall cuts, old pit areas or depressions, etc.), the Permittee shall collect at least one grab sample of the discharge from each point source identified on Page 1 of this Permit and described more fully in the Permittee's application each quarterly (three month) monitoring period if a discharge occurs at any time during the quarterly monitoring period which results from direct pumped drainage. Each sample collected shall be analyzed for each parameter specified in Part I.A. of this Permit.
- c. The Permittee may increase the frequency of sampling listed in Parts I.C.1.a and I.C.1.b; however, all sampling results must be reported to the Department and included in any calculated results submitted to the Department in accordance with this Permit.

#### 2. Measurement Frequency

Measurement frequency requirements found in Part I.A. shall mean:

- a. A measurement frequency of one day per week shall mean sample collection on any day of discharge which occurs every calendar week.
- b. A measurement frequency of two days per month shall mean sample collection on any day of discharge which occurs every other week, but need not exceed two sample days per month.
- c. A measurement frequency of one day per month shall mean sample collection on any day of discharge which occurs during each calendar month.
- d. A measurement frequency of one day per quarter shall mean sample collection on any day of discharge which occurs during each calendar quarter.
- e. A measurement frequency of one day per six months shall mean sample collection on any day of discharge which occurs during the period of January through June and during the period of July through December.
- f. A measurement frequency of one day per year shall mean sample collection on any day of discharge which occurs during each calendar year.

#### 3. Monitoring Schedule

The Permittee shall conduct the monitoring required by Part I.A. in accordance with the following schedule:

- a. MONITORING REQUIRED MORE FREQUENTLY THAN MONTHLY AND MONTHLY shall be conducted during the first full month following the effective date of coverage under this Permit and every month thereafter. More frequently than monthly and monthly monitoring may be done anytime during the month, unless restricted elsewhere in this Permit, but the results should be reported on the last Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) due for the quarter (i.e., with the March, June, September, and December DMRs).
- b. QUARTERLY MONITORING shall be conducted at least once during each calendar quarter. Calendar quarters are the periods of January through March, April through June, July through September, and October through December. The Permittee shall conduct the quarterly monitoring during the first complete calendar quarter following the effective date of this Permit and is then required to monitor once during each quarter thereafter. Quarterly monitoring may be done anytime during the quarter, unless restricted elsewhere in this

Permit, but the results should be reported on the last DMR due for the quarter (i.e., with the March, June, September, and December DMRs).

- c. SEMIANNUAL MONITORING shall be conducted at least once during the period of January through June and at least once during the period of July through December. The Permittee shall conduct the semiannual monitoring during the first complete semiannual calendar period following the effective date of this Permit and is then required to monitor once during each semiannual period thereafter. Semiannual monitoring may be done anytime during the semiannual period, unless restricted elsewhere in this Permit, but it should be reported on the last DMR due for the month of the semiannual period (i.e., with the June and December DMRs).
- d. ANNUAL MONITORING shall be conducted at least once during the period of January through December. The Permittee shall conduct the annual monitoring during the first complete calendar annual period following the effective date of this Permit and is then required to monitor once during each annual period thereafter. Annual monitoring may be done anytime during the year, unless restricted elsewhere in this Permit, but it should be reported on the December DMR.

#### 4. Sampling Location

Unless restricted elsewhere in this Permit, samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified in Part I.A. shall be collected at the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment, or at an alternate location approved in writing by the Department.

#### 5. Representative Sampling

Sample collection and measurement actions taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge and shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Permit.

#### 6. Test Procedures

For the purpose of reporting and compliance, Permittees shall use one of the following procedures:

- a. For parameters with an EPA established Minimum Level (ML), report the measured value if the analytical result is at or above the ML and report "0" for values below the ML. Test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall conform to 40 CFR Part 136, guidelines published pursuant to Section 304(h) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. Section 1314(h), and ADEM Standard Operating Procedures. If more than one method for analysis of a substance is approved for use, a method having a minimum level lower than the permit limit shall be used. If the minimum level of all methods is higher than the permit limit, the method having the lowest minimum level shall be used and a report of less than the minimum level shall be reported as zero and will constitute compliance, however should EPA approve a method with a lower minimum level during the term of this Permit the Permittee shall use the newly approved method.
- b. For pollutant parameters without an established ML, an interim ML may be utilized. The interim ML shall be calculated as 3.18 times the Method Detection Level (MDL) calculated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 136, Appendix B.

Permittees may develop an effluent matrix-specific ML, where an effluent matrix prevents attainment of the established ML. However, a matrix specific ML shall be based upon proper laboratory method and technique. Matrix-specific MLs must be approved by the Department, and may be developed by the Permittee during permit issuance, reissuance, modification, or during compliance schedule.

In either case the measured value should be reported if the analytical result is at or above the ML and "0" reported for values below the ML.

c. For parameters without an EPA established ML, interim ML, or matrix-specific ML, a report of less than the detection limit shall constitute compliance if the detection limit of all analytical methods is higher than the permit limit using the most sensitive EPA approved method. For the purpose of calculating a monthly average, "0" shall be used for values reported less than the detection limit.

The Minimum Level utilized for procedures identified in Parts I.C.6.a. and b. shall be reported on the Permittee's DMR. When an EPA approved test procedure for analysis of a pollutant does not exist, the Director shall approve the procedure to be used.

#### 7. Recording of Results

For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this Permit, the Permittee shall record the following information:

- a. The facility name and location, point source number, date, time, and exact place of sampling or measurements;
- b. The name(s) of person(s) who obtained the samples or measurements;
- c. The dates and times the analyses were performed;
- d. The name(s) of the person(s) who performed the analyses;
- . e. The analytical techniques or methods used including source of method and method number; and
- f. The results of all required analyses.
- 8. Routine Inspection by Permittee
  - a. The Permittee shall inspect all point sources identified on Page 1 of this Permit and described more fully in the Permittee's application and all treatment or control facilities or systems used by the Permittee to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this Permit at least as often as the applicable sampling frequency specified in Part I.C.1 of this Permit.
  - b. The Permittee shall maintain a written log for each point source identified on Page 1 of this Permit and described more fully in the Permittee's application in which the Permittee shall record the following information:
    - (1) The date and time the point source and any associated treatment or control facilities or systems were inspected by the Permittee;
    - (2) Whether there was a discharge from the point source at the time of inspection by the Permittee;
    - (3) Whether a sample of the discharge from the point source was collected at the time of inspection by the Permittee;

- (4) Whether all associated treatment or control facilities or systems appeared to be in good working order and operating as efficiently as possible, and if not, a description of the problems or deficiencies; and
- (5) The name and signature of the person performing the inspection of the point source and associated treatment or control facilities or systems.

#### 9. Records Retention and Production

- a. The Permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this Permit, and records of all data used to complete the above reports or the application for this Permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample collection, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended by request of the Director at any time. If litigation or other enforcement action, under the AWPCA, AEMA, and/or the FWPCA, is ongoing which involves any of the above records, the records shall be kept until the litigation is resolved. Upon the written request of the Director, the Permittee shall provide the Director with a copy of any record required to be retained by this paragraph. Copies of these records should not be submitted unless requested.
- b. All records required to be kept for a period of three (3) years shall be kept at the permitted facility or an alternate location approved by the Department in writing and shall be available for inspection.

#### 10. Monitoring Equipment and Instrumentation

All equipment and instrumentation used to determine compliance with the requirements of this Permit shall be installed, maintained, and calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions or, in the absence of manufacturer's instructions, in accordance with accepted practices. The Permittee shall develop and maintain quality assurance procedures to ensure proper operation and maintenance of all equipment and instrumentation. The quality assurance procedures shall include the proper use, maintenance, and installation, when appropriate, of monitoring equipment at the plant site.

### D. DISCHARGE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

#### 1. Requirements for Reporting of Monitoring

- a. Monitoring results obtained during the previous three (3) months shall be summarized for each month on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) Form approved by the Department, and submitted to the Department so that it is received by the Director no later than the 28<sup>th</sup> day of the month following the quarterly reporting period (i.e., on the 28<sup>th</sup> day of January, April, July, and October of each year).
- b. The Department utilizes a web-based electronic reporting system for submittal of DMRs. Except as allowed by Part I.D.1.c. or d., the Permittee shall submit all DMRs required by Part I.D.1.a. by utilizing the Department's current electronic reporting system. The Department's current reporting system, Alabama Environmental Permitting and Compliance System (AEPACS), can be found online at https://aepacs.adem.alabama.gov/nviro/ncore/external/home.
- c. If the electronic reporting system is down (i.e. electronic submittal of DMR data is unable to be completed due to technical problems originating with the Department's system; this could include entry/submittal issues with an entire set of DMRs or individual parameters), permittees are not relieved of their obligation to submit DMR data to the Department by

the required submittal date. However, if the electronic reporting system is down on the 28th day of the month or is down for an extended period of time as determined by the Department when a DMR is required to be submitted, the facility may submit the data in an alternate manner and format acceptable to the Department. Preapproved alternate acceptable methods include faxing, e-mailing, mailing, or hand-delivery of data such that they are received by the required reporting date. Within five calendar days of the electronic reporting system resuming operation, the Permittee shall enter the data into the reporting system unless an alternate timeframe is approved by the Department. An attachment should be included with the electronic DMR submittal verifying the original submittal date (date of the fax, copy of dated e-mail, or hand-delivery stamped date).

- d. The permittee may submit a request to the Department for a temporary electronic reporting waiver for DMR submittals. The waiver request should include the permit number; permittee name; facility/site name; facility address; name, address, and contact information for the responsible official or duly authorized representative; a detailed statement regarding the basis for requesting such a waiver; and the duration for which the waiver is requested. Approved electronic reporting waivers are not transferrable. Permittees with an approved electronic reporting waiver for DMRs may submit hard copy DMRs for the period that the approved electronic reporting waiver request is effective. The Permittee shall submit the Department-approved DMR forms to the address listed in Part I.D.1.j.
- e. If the Permittee, using approved analytical methods as specified in Part I.C.6., monitors any discharge from a point source identified on Page 1 of this Permit and describe more fully in the Permittee's application more frequently than required by this Permit; the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of values on the DMR Form, and the increased frequency shall be indicated on the DMR Form.
- f. In the event no discharge from a point source identified on Page 1 of this Permit and described more fully in the Permittee's application occurs during a monitoring period, the Permittee shall report "No Discharge" for such period on the appropriate DMR Form.
- g. Each DMR Form submitted by the Permittee to the Department in accordance with Part I.D.1. must be legible and bear an original signature or electronic signature. Photo and electronic copies of the signature are not acceptable and shall not satisfy the reporting requirements of this Permit.
- h. All reports and forms required to be submitted by this Permit, the AWPCA, and the Department's rules and regulations, shall be signed by a "responsible official" of the Permittee as defined in ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.09 or a "duly authorized representative" of such official as defined in ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.09 and shall bear the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

i. All DMRs, reports, and forms required to be submitted by this Permit, the AWPCA and the Department's rules and regulations, shall be submitted through the Department's electronic reporting system, AEPACS, or, if in hardcopy, shall be addressed to:

Alabama Department of Environmental Management Water Division, Mining and Natural Resource Section Post Office Box 301463 Montgomery, Alabama 36130-1463

Certified and Registered Mail shall be addressed to:

Alabama Department of Environmental Management Water Division, Mining and Natural Resource Section 1400 Coliseum Boulevard Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2059

- j. Unless authorized in writing by the Department, approved reporting forms required by this Permit or the Department are not to be altered, and if copied or reproduced, must be consistent in format and identical in content to the ADEM approved form. Unauthorized alteration, falsification, or use of incorrectly reproduced forms constitutes noncompliance with the requirements of this Permit and may significantly delay processing of any request, result in denial of the request, result in permit termination, revocation, suspension, modification, or denial of a permit renewal application, or result in other enforcement action.
- k. If this Permit is a reissuance, then the Permittee shall continue to submit DMRs in accordance with the requirements of their previous permit until such time as DMRs are due as discussed in Part I.D.1.

#### 2. Noncompliance Notification

- a. The Permittee must notify the Department if, for any reason, the Permittee's discharge:
  - (1) Potentially threatens human health or welfare;
  - (2) Potentially threatens fish or aquatic life;
  - (3) Causes an in-stream water quality criterion to be exceeded;
  - (4) Does not comply with an applicable toxic pollutant effluent standard or prohibition established under Section 307(a) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1317(a);
  - (5) Contains a quantity of a hazardous substance which has been determined may be harmful to the public health or welfare under Section 311(b)(4) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1321(b)(4); or
  - (6) Exceeds any discharge limitation for an effluent parameter as a result of an unanticipated bypass or upset.

The Permittee shall orally or electronically report any of the above occurrences, describing the circumstances and potential effects of such discharge to the Director within 24-hours after the Permittee becomes aware of the occurrence of such discharge. In addition to the oral or electronic report, the Permittee shall submit to the Director a written report as provided in Part I.D.2.c., no later than five (5) days after becoming aware of the occurrence of such discharge.

b. If for any reason, the Permittee's discharge does not comply with any limitation of this Permit, the Permittee shall submit a written report to the Director as provided in Part I.D.2.c. This report must be submitted with the next Discharge Monitoring Report required to be submitted by Part I.D.1. of this Permit after becoming aware of the occurrence of such noncompliance.

- c. Any written report required to be submitted to the Director in accordance with Parts I.D.2.a. and b. shall be submitted using a Noncompliance Notification Form (ADEM Form 421) available on the Department's website (<u>http://adem.alabama.gov/DeptForms/Form421.pdf</u>) and include the following information:
  - (1) A description of the discharge and cause of noncompliance;
  - (2) The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, or if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue; and
  - (3) A description of the steps taken and/or being taken to reduce or eliminate the noncomplying discharge and to prevent its recurrence.

#### 3. Reduction, Suspension, or Termination of Monitoring and/or Reporting

- a. The Director may, with respect to any point source identified on Page 1 of this Permit and described more fully in the Permittee's application, authorize the Permittee to reduce, suspend, or terminate the monitoring and/or reporting required by this Permit upon the submission of a written request for such reduction, suspension, or termination by the Permittee provided:
  - All mining, processing, or disturbance in the drainage basin(s) associated with the discharge has ceased and site access is adequately restricted or controlled to preclude unpermitted and unauthorized mining, processing, transportation, or associated operations/activity;
  - (2) Permanent, perennial vegetation has been re-established on all areas mined or disturbed for at least one year since mining has ceased in the drainage basin(s) associated with the surface discharge, or all areas have been permanently graded such that all drainage is directed back into the mined pit to preclude all surface discharges;
  - (3) Unless waived in writing by the Department, the Permittee has been granted, in writing, a 100% Bond Release, if applicable, by the Alabama Department of Industrial Relations and, if applicable, by the Surface Mining Commission for all areas mined or disturbed in the drainage basin(s) associated with the discharge;
  - (4) Unless waived in writing by the Department, the Permittee has submitted inspection reports prepared and certified by a Professional Engineer (PE) registered in the State of Alabama or a qualified professional under the PE's direction which certify that the facility has been fully reclaimed or that water quality remediation has been achieved. The first inspection must be conducted approximately one year prior to and the second inspection must be conducted within thirty days of the Permittee's request for termination of monitoring and reporting requirements;
  - (5) All surface effects of the mining activity such as fuel or chemical tanks, preparation plants or equipment, old tools or equipment, junk or debris, etc., must be removed and disposed of according to applicable state and federal regulations;
  - (6) The Permittee's request for termination of monitoring and reporting requirements contained in this Permit has been supported by monitoring data covering a period

of at least six consecutive months or such longer period as is necessary to assure that the data reflect discharges occurring during varying seasonal climatological conditions;

- (7) The Permittee has stated in its request that the samples collected and reported in the monitoring data submitted in support of the Permittee's request for monitoring termination or suspension are representative of the discharge and were collected in accordance with all Permit terms and conditions respecting sampling times (e.g., rainfall events) and methods and were analyzed in accordance with all Permit terms and conditions respecting analytical methods and procedures;
- (8) The Permittee has certified that during the entire period covered by the monitoring data submitted, no chemical treatment of the discharge was provided;
- (9) The Permittee's request has included the certification required by Part I.D.1.e. of this Permit; and
- (10) The Permittee has certified to the Director in writing as part of the request, its compliance with (1) through (9) above.
- b. It remains the responsibility of the Permittee to comply with the monitoring and reporting requirements of this Permit until written authorization to reduce, suspend, or terminate such monitoring and/or reporting is received by the Permittee from the Director.

## E. OTHER REPORTING AND NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

#### 1. Anticipated Noncompliance

The Permittee shall give the Director written advance notice of any planned changes or other circumstances regarding a facility which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

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#### 2. Termination of Discharge

The Permittee shall notify the Director, in writing, when all discharges from any point source(s) identified on Page 1 of this Permit and described more fully in the Permittee's application have permanently ceased.

#### 3. Updating Information

- a. The Permittee shall inform the Director of any change in the Permittee's mailing address or telephone number or in the Permittee's designation of a facility contact or officer(s) having the authority and responsibility to prevent and abate violations of the AWPCA, the AEMA, the Department's rules and regulations, and the terms and conditions of this Permit, in writing, no later than ten (10) days after such change. Upon request of the Director, the Permittee shall furnish the Director with an update of any information provided in the permit application.
- b. If the Permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information with a written explanation for the mistake and/or omission.

#### 4. Duty to Provide Information

- a. The Permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, suspending, terminating, or revoking and reissuing this Permit, in whole or in part, or to determine compliance with this Permit. The Permittee shall also furnish to the Director upon request, copies of records required to be maintained by this Permit.
- b. The Permittee shall furnish to the Director upon request, within a reasonable time, available information (name, phone number, address, and site location) which identifies offsite sources of material or natural resources (mineral, ore, or other material such as iron, coal, coke, dirt, chert, shale, clay, sand, gravel, bauxite, rock, stone, etc.) used in its operation or stored at the facility.

#### F. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

The Permittee shall achieve compliance with the discharge limitations specified in Part I.A. of this Permit in accordance with the following schedule:

Compliance must be achieved by the effective date of this Permit.

## PART II OTHER REQUIREMENTS, RESPONSIBILITIES, AND DUTIES

## A. OPERATIONAL AND MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

#### 1. Facilities Operation and Management

The Permittee shall at all times operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the Permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this Permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of this Permit.

#### 2. Pollution Abatement and/or Prevention Plan

- a. The Pollution Abatement and/or Prevention (PAP) Plan shall be prepared and certified by a registered PE licensed to practice in the State of Alabama, and shall include, at a minimum:
  - (1) The information indicated in ADEM Admin. Code ch. 335-6-9 and its Appendices A and B;
  - (2) A description of methods which will be implemented to prevent offsite vehicle tracking onto roadways and/or into ditches at the entrances and/or exits of the Permittee's operations;
  - (3) A description of setbacks from waters of the State in units of linear feet on the horizontal plane; a description of the methods taken to visibly delineate setbacks from waters of the State; and a description of any other actions taken to prevent encroachment upon setbacks;
  - (4) A description of the methods used to delineate the boundaries of coverage under this Permit such that the boundaries are readily visible during the life of the operation;
  - (5) A description of any other Best Management Practices (BMPs) which will be implemented to provide control of all nonpoint source pollution that is or may be associated with the Permittee's operations;
- b. The PAP Plan shall become a part of this Permit and all requirements of the PAP Plan shall become requirements of this Permit pursuant to ADEM Admin Code r. 335-6-9-.05(2). The PAP Plan shall be amended if the Department determines that the existing sediment control measures, erosion control measures, or other site management practices are ineffective or do not meet the requirements of this Permit.
- c. For existing sources, the PAP Plan shall be updated to include all requirements of this section within 180 days of the effective date of this permit. New sources shall submit the PAP plan with the Notification of Intent (NOI) prior to coverage under this Permit.

#### 3. Best Management Practices (BMPs)

a. Unless otherwise authorized in writing by the Director, the Permittee shall provide a means of subsurface withdrawal for any discharge from each point source identified on Page 1 of this Permit and described more fully in the Permittee's application. Notwithstanding the above provision, a means of subsurface withdrawal need not be provided for any discharge caused by a 24-hour precipitation event greater than a 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event.

- b. Dilution water shall not be added to achieve compliance with discharge limitations except when the Director has granted prior written authorization for dilution to meet water quality requirements.
- c. The Permittee shall minimize the contact of water with overburden, including but not limited to stabilizing disturbed areas through grading, diverting runoff, achieving quick growing stands of temporary vegetation, sealing acid-forming and toxic-forming materials, and maximizing placement of waste materials in back-fill areas.
- d. The Permittee shall prepare, submit to the Department for approval, and implement a Best Management Practices (BMPs) Plan for containment of any or all process liquids or solids, in a manner such that these materials do not present a potential for discharge, if so required by the Director. When submitted and approved, the BMP Plan shall become a part of this Permit and all requirements of the BMP Plan shall become requirements of this Permit.
- e. Spill Prevention, Control, and Management

The Permittee shall prepare, implement, and maintain a Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) Plan acceptable to the Department that is prepared and certified by a Professional Engineer (PE), registered in the State of Alabama, for all onsite petroleum product or other pollutant storage tanks or containers as provided by ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.08(i)5. The Plan shall describe and the Permittee shall implement appropriate structural and/or non-structural spill prevention, control, and/or management pursuant to ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.12 (r) sufficient to prevent any spills of pollutants from entering a ground or surface water of the State or a publicly or privately owned treatment works. The Plan shall include at a minimum, the engineering requirements provided in 40 C.F.R. §§112.1. Any containment system used to implement this requirement shall be constructed of materials compatible with the substance(s) contained and shall prevent the contamination of groundwater. Such containment systems shall be capable of retaining a volume equal to 110 percent of the capacity of the largest tank for which containment is provided. The Plan shall list any materials which the Permittee may utilize to contain and to absorb fuel and chemical spills and leaks. The Permittee shall maintain sufficient amounts of such materials onsite or have sufficient amounts of such materials readily available to contain and/or absorb fuel and chemical spills and leaks. Soil contaminated by chemical spills, oil spills, etc., must be immediately cleaned up or be removed and disposed of in a manner consistent with all State and federal regulations.

- f. All surface drainage and storm water runoff which originate within or enters the Permittee's premises and which contains any pollutants or other wastes shall be discharged, if at all, from a point source identified on Page 1 of this Permit and described more fully in the Permittee's application.
- g. The Permittee shall take all reasonable precautions to prevent any surface drainage or storm water runoff which originates outside the Permittee's premises and which contains any pollutants or other wastes from entering the Permittee's premises. At no time shall the Permittee discharge any such surface drainage or storm water runoff which enters the Permittee's premises if, either alone or in combination with the Permittee's effluent, the discharge would exceed any applicable discharge limitation specified in Part I.A. of this Permit.

#### 4. Biocide Additives

a. The Permittee shall notify the Director in writing not later than sixty (60) days prior to instituting the use of any biocide corrosion inhibitor or chemical additive in any cooling or boiler system(s) regulated by this Permit. Notification is not required for additives that should not reasonably be expected to cause the cooling water or boiler water to exhibit

toxicity as determined by analysis of manufacturer's data or testing by the Permittee. Such notification shall include:

- (a) Name and general composition of biocide or chemical;
- (b) 96-hour median tolerance limit data for organisms representative of the biota of the water(s) which the discharge(s) enter(s);
- (c) Quantities to be used;
- (d) Frequencies of use;
- (e) Proposed discharge concentrations; and
- (f) EPA registration number, if applicable.
- b. The use of any biocide or chemical additive containing tributyl tin, tributyl tin oxide, zinc, chromium, or related compounds in any cooling or boiler system(s) regulated by the Permit is prohibited except as exempted below. The use of a biocide or additive containing zinc, chromium or related compounds may be used in special circumstances if (1) the permit contains limits for these substances, or (2) the applicant demonstrates during the application process that the use of zinc, chromium or related compounds as a biocide or additive will not pose a reasonable potential to violate the applicable State water quality standards for these substances. The use of any additive, not identified in this Permit or in the application for this Permit or not exempted from notification under this Permit is prohibited, prior to a determination by the Department that permit modification to control discharge of the additive is not required or prior to issuance of a permit modification controlling discharge of the additive.

#### 5. Facility Identification

The Permittee shall clearly display prior to commencement of any regulated activity and until permit coverage is properly terminated, the name of the Permittee, entire NPDES permit number, facility or site name, and other descriptive information deemed appropriate by the Permittee at an easily accessible location(s) to adequately identify the site, unless approved otherwise in writing by the Department. The Permittee shall repair or replace the sign(s) as necessary upon becoming aware that the identification is missing or is unreadable due to age, vandalism, theft, weather, or other reason.

#### 6. Removed Substances

Solids, sludges, filter backwash, or any other pollutants or other wastes removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters shall be disposed of in a manner that complies with all applicable Department rules and regulations.

#### 7. Loss or Failure of Treatment Facilities

Upon the loss or failure of any treatment facility, including but not limited to the loss or failure of the primary source of power of the treatment facility, the Permittee shall, where necessary to maintain compliance with the discharge limitations specified in Part I.A. of this Permit or any other terms or conditions of this Permit, cease, reduce, or otherwise control production and/or discharges until treatment is restored.

#### 8. Duty to Mitigate

The Permittee shall promptly take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any violation of this Permit or to mitigate and minimize any adverse impact to waters resulting from noncompliance with any discharge limitation specified in Part I.A. of this Permit, including such accelerated or additional monitoring of the discharge and/or the receiving waterbody as is necessary to determine the nature and impact of the noncomplying discharge.

#### **B. BYPASS AND UPSET**

#### 1. Bypass

- a. Any bypass is prohibited except as provided in Parts II.B.1.b. and c.
- b. A bypass is not prohibited if:
  - (1) It does not cause any applicable discharge limitation specified in Part I.A. of this Permit to be exceeded;
  - (2) The discharge resulting from such bypass enters the same receiving water as the discharge from the permitted outfall;
  - (3) It is necessary for essential maintenance of a treatment or control facility or system to assure efficient operation of such facility or system; and
  - (4) The Permittee monitors the discharge resulting from such bypass at a frequency, at least daily, sufficient to prove compliance with the discharge limitations specified in Part I.A. of this Permit.
- c. A bypass is not prohibited and need not meet the discharge limitations specified in Part I.A. of this Permit if:
  - (1) It is unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
  - (2) There are no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if the Permittee could have installed adequate backup equipment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
  - (3) The Permittee submits a written request for authorization to bypass to the Director at least ten (10) days, if possible, prior to the anticipated bypass or within 24 hours of an unanticipated bypass, the Permittee is granted such authorization, and Permittee complies with any conditions imposed by the Director to minimize any adverse impact to waters resulting from the bypass.
- d. The Permittee has the burden of establishing that each of the conditions of Parts II.B.1.b. or c. have been met to qualify for an exception to the general prohibition against bypassing contained in Part II.B.1.a. and an exemption, where applicable, from the discharge limitations specified in Part I.A. of this Permit.

#### 2. Upset

- a. The Permittee may seek to demonstrate that noncompliance with technology-based effluent limits occurred as a result of an upset if the conditions of Part II.B.2.b are met and if the Permittee complies with the conditions provided in Part II.B.2.c:
  - (1) No later than 24-hours after becoming aware of the occurrence of the upset, the Permittee orally reports the occurrence and circumstances of the upset to the Director; and
  - (2) No later than five (5) days after becoming aware of the occurrence of the upset, the Permittee furnishes the Director with evidence, including properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, design drawings, construction certification, maintenance records, weir flow measurements, dated photographs, rain gauge measurements, or other relevant evidence, demonstrating that:
    - (i) An upset occurred;
    - (ii) The Permittee can identify the specific cause(s) of the upset;
    - (iii) The Permittee's treatment facility was being properly operated at the time of the upset; and
    - (iv) The Permittee promptly took all reasonable steps to minimize any adverse impact to waters resulting from the upset.
- b. Notwithstanding the provisions of Part II.B.2.a., a discharge which is an overflow from a treatment facility or system, or an excess discharge from a point source associated with a treatment facility or system and which results from a 24-hour precipitation event larger than a 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event is not exempted from the discharge limitations specified in Part I.A. of this Permit unless:
  - (1) The treatment facility or system is designed, constructed, and maintained to contain the maximum volume of wastewater which would be generated by the facility during a 24-hour period without an increase in volume from precipitation and the maximum volume of wastewater resulting from a 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event or to treat the maximum flow associated with these volumes.

In computing the maximum volume of wastewater which would result from a 10year, 24-hour precipitation event, the volume which would result from all areas contributing runoff to the individual treatment facility must be included (i.e., all runoff that is not diverted from the mining area and runoff which is not diverted from the preparation plant area); and

- (2) The Permittee takes all reasonable steps to maintain treatment of the wastewater and minimize the amount of overflow or excess discharge.
- c. The Permittee has the burden of establishing that each of the conditions of Parts II.B.2.a. and b. have been met to qualify for an exemption from the discharge limitations specified in Part I.A. of this Permit.

## C. PERMIT CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

#### 1. Prohibition against Discharge from Facilities Not Certified

- a. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Permit, if the permitted facility has not obtained or is not required to obtain a permit from the Alabama Surface Mining Commission, any discharge(s) from any point or nonpoint source(s) from the permitted facility which was not certified to the Department on a form approved by the Department by a professional engineer, registered in the State of Alabama, as being designed, constructed, and in accordance with plans and specifications reviewed by the Department is prohibited; or
- b. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Permit, if the permitted facility has obtained or is required to obtain a permit from the Alabama Surface Mining Commission, any discharge(s) from any point or nonpoint source(s) from the permitted facility which is associated with a treatment facility which was not constructed and certified to the Alabama Surface Mining Commission pursuant to applicable provisions of said Commission's regulations, is prohibited until the Permittee submits to the Alabama Surface Mining Commission, certification by a professional engineer, registered in the State of Alabama, certifying that such facility has been constructed in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the Alabama Surface Mining Commission. This requirement shall not apply to pumped discharges from the underground works of underground coal mines where no surface structure is required by the Alabama Surface Mining Commission, provided the Department is notified in writing of the completion or installation of such facilities, and the pumped discharges will meet permit effluent limits without treatment.

#### 2. Permit Modification, Suspension, Termination, and Revocation

- a. This Permit may be modified, suspended, terminated, or revoked and reissued, in whole or in part, during its term for cause, including but not limited to, the following:
  - (1) The violation of any term or condition of this Permit;
  - (2) The obtaining of this Permit by misrepresentation or the failure to disclose fully all relevant facts;
  - (3) The submission of materially false or inaccurate statements or information in the permit application or reports required by the Permit;
  - (4) The need for a change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the permitted discharge;
  - (5) The existence of any typographical or clerical errors or of any errors in the calculation of discharge limitations;
  - (6) The existence of material and substantial alterations or additions to the facility or activity generating wastewater which occurred after permit issuance which justify the application of permit conditions that are different or absent in the existing permit;
  - (7) The threat of the Permittee's discharge on human health or welfare; or
  - (8) Any other cause allowed by ADEM Admin. Code ch. 335-6-6.

- b. The filing of a request by the Permittee for modification, suspension, termination, or revocation and reissuance of this Permit, in whole or in part, does not stay any Permit term or condition of this Permit.
- 3. Automatic Expiration of Permits for New or Increased Discharges
  - a. Except as provided by ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.02(h) and 335-6-6-.05, if this Permit was issued for a new discharger or new source, it shall expire eighteen months after the issuance date if construction has not begun during that eighteen month period.
  - b. Except as provided by ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.02(h) and 335-6-6-.05, if any portion of this Permit was issued or modified to authorize the discharge of increased quantities of pollutants to accommodate the modification of an existing facility, that portion of this Permit shall expire eighteen months after this Permit's issuance if construction of the modification has not begun within eighteen month period.
  - c. Construction has begun when the owner or operator has:
    - (1) Begun, or caused to begin as part of a continuous on-site construction program:
      - (i) Any placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment; or
      - Significant site preparation work including clearing, excavation, or removal of existing buildings, structures, or facilities which is necessary for the placement, assembly, or installation of new source facilities or equipment; or
    - (2) Entered into a binding contractual obligation for the purpose of placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment which are intended to be used in its operation within a reasonable time. Options to purchase or contracts which can be terminated or modified without substantial loss, and contracts for feasibility, engineering, and design studies do not constitute a contractual obligation under the paragraph. The entering into a lease with the State of Alabama for exploration and production of hydrocarbons shall also be considered beginning construction.
  - d. The automatic expiration of this Permit for new or increased discharges if construction has not begun within the eighteen month period after the issuance of this Permit may be tolled by administrative or judicial stay.

#### 4. Transfer of Permit

This Permit may not be transferred or the name of the Permittee changed without notice to the Director and subsequent modification or revocation and reissuance of this Permit to identify the new Permittee and to incorporate any other changes as may be required under the FWPCA or AWPCA. In the case of a change in name, ownership, or control of the Permittee's premises only, a request for permit modification in a format acceptable to the Director is required at least 30 days prior to the change. In the case of a change in name, ownership, or control of the Permittee's premises accompanied by a change or proposed change in effluent characteristics, a complete permit application is required to be submitted to the Director at least 180 days prior to the change. Whenever the Director is notified of a change in name, ownership, or control, he may decide not to modify the existing Permit and require the submission of a new permit application.

#### 5. Groundwater

Unless authorized on page 1 of this Permit, this Permit does not authorize any discharge to groundwater. Should a threat of groundwater contamination occur, the Director may require groundwater monitoring to properly assess the degree of the problem, and the Director may require that the Permittee undertake measures to abate any such discharge and/or contamination.

#### 6. **Property and Other Rights**

This Permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of other private rights, trespass, or any infringement of Federal, State, or local laws or regulations, nor does it authorize or approve the construction of any physical structures or facilities or the undertaking of any work in any waters of the State or of the United States.

#### D. **RESPONSIBILITIES**

- 1. Duty to Comply
  - a. The Permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this Permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the AWPCA, AEMA, and the FWPCA and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, suspension, modification, or denial of a permit renewal application.
  - b. The Permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the FWPCA for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions, even if this Permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the effluent standard, prohibition or requirement.
  - c. For any violation(s) of this Permit, the Permittee is subject to a civil penalty as authorized by the AWPCA, the AEMA, the FWPCA, and <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, §§22-22A-1 <u>et</u>. <u>seq</u>., as amended, and/or a criminal penalty as authorized by <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, §22-22-1 <u>et</u>. <u>seq</u>., as amended.
  - d. The necessity to halt or reduce production or other activities in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this Permit shall not be a defense for a Permittee in an enforcement action.
  - e. Nothing in this Permit shall be construed to preclude or negate the Permittee's responsibility or liability to apply for, obtain, or comply with other ADEM, federal, state, or local government permits, certifications, licenses, or other approvals.
  - f. The discharge of a pollutant from a source not specifically identified in the permit application for this Permit and not specifically included in the description of an outfall in this Permit is not authorized and shall constitute noncompliance with this Permit.
  - g. The Permittee shall take all reasonable steps, including cessation of production or other activities, to minimize or prevent any violation of this Permit or to minimize or prevent any adverse impact of any permit violation.

#### 2. Change in Discharge

a. The Permittee shall apply for a permit modification at least 180 days in advance of any facility expansion, production increase, process change, or other action that could result in the discharge of additional pollutants, increase the quantity of a discharged pollutant, or

that could result in an additional discharge point. This requirement also applies to pollutants that are not subject to discharge limitations in this Permit. No new or increased discharge may begin until the Director has authorized it by issuance of a permit modification or a reissued permit.

b. The Permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe that it has begun or expects to begin to discharge any pollutant listed as a toxic pollutant pursuant to Section 307(a) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1317(a), any substance designated as a hazardous substance pursuant to Section 311(b)(2) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1321(b)(2), any waste listed as a hazardous waste pursuant to <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, §22-30-10, or any other pollutants or other wastes which is not subject to any discharge limitations specified in Part I.A. of this Permit and was not reported in the Permittee's application, was reported in the Permittee's to begin to be discharged, or has reason to believe has begun to be discharged.

#### 3. Compliance with Toxic or Other Pollutant Effluent Standard or Prohibition

If any applicable effluent standard or prohibition (including any schedule of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is established under Sections 301(b)(2)(C),(D),(E) and (F) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1311(b)(2)(C),(D),(E), and (F); 304(b)(2) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1314(b)(2); or 307(a) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1317(a), for a toxic or other pollutant discharged by the Permittee, and such standard or prohibition is more stringent than any discharge limitation on the pollutant specified in Part I.A. of this Permit or controls a pollutant not limited in Part I.A. of this Permit, this Permit shall be modified to conform to the toxic or other pollutant effluent standard or prohibition and the Permittee shall be notified of such modification. If this Permit has not been modified to conform to the toxic or other pollutant effluent standard or prohibition before the effective date of such standard or prohibition, the authorization to discharge in this Permit shall be void to the extent that any discharge limitation on such pollutant in Part I.A. of this Permit exceeds or is inconsistent with the established toxic or other pollutant effluent standard or prohibition.

#### 4. Compliance with Water Quality Standards and Other Provisions

- a. On the basis of the Permittee's application, plans, or other available information, the Department has determined that compliance with the terms and conditions of this Permit will assure compliance with applicable water quality standards. However, this Permit does not relieve the Permittee from compliance with applicable State water quality standards established in ADEM Admin. Code ch. 335-6-10, and does not preclude the Department from taking action as appropriate to address the potential for contravention of applicable State water quality standards which could result from discharges of pollutants from the permitted facility.
- b. Compliance with Permit terms and conditions notwithstanding, if the Permittee's discharge(s) from point source(s) identified on Page 1 of this Permit cause(s) or contribute(s) to a condition in contravention of State water quality standards, the Department may require abatement action to be taken by the Permittee, modify the Permit pursuant to the Department's rules and regulations, or both.
- c. If the Department determines, on the basis of a notice provided pursuant to Part II.C.2. of this Permit or any investigation, inspection, or sampling, that a modification of this Permit is necessary to assure maintenance of water quality standards or compliance with other provisions of the AWPCA or FWPCA, the Department may require such modification and, in cases of emergency, the Director may prohibit the noticed act until the Permit has been modified.

#### 5. Compliance with Statutes and Rules

- a. This Permit has been issued under ADEM Admin. Code div. 335-6. All provisions of this division, that are applicable to this Permit, are hereby made a part of this Permit. A copy of this division may be obtained for a small charge from the Office of General Counsel, Alabama Department of Environmental Management, 1400 Coliseum Blvd., Montgomery, AL 36110-2059.
- b. This Permit does not authorize the noncompliance with or violation of any Laws of the State of Alabama or the United States of America or any regulations or rules implementing such laws. FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. Section 1319, and Code of Alabama 1975, Section 22-22-14.

#### 6. **Right of Entry and Inspection**

The Permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law to:

- a. Enter upon the Permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the Permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this Permit;
- c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this Permit; and
- d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring Permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the AWPCA, any substances or parameters at any location.

#### 7. Duty to Reapply or Notify of Intent to Cease Discharge

- a. If the Permittee intends to continue to discharge beyond the expiration date of this Permit, the Permittee shall file with the Department a complete permit application for reissuance of this Permit at least 180 days prior to its expiration.
- b. If the Permittee does not desire to continue the discharge(s) allowed by this Permit, the Permittee shall notify the Department at least 180 days prior to expiration of this Permit of the Permittee's intention not to request reissuance of this Permit. This notification must include the information required in Part I.D.4.a. and be signed by an individual meeting the signatory requirements for a permit application as set forth in ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.09.
- c. Failure of the Permittee to submit to the Department a complete application for reissuance of this Permit at least 180 days prior to the expiration date of this Permit will void the automatic continuation of this Permit provided by ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.06; and should this Permit not be reissued for any reason, any discharge after the expiration of this Permit will be an unpermitted discharge.

## PART III ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS, CONDITIONS, AND LIMITATIONS

#### A. CIVIL AND CRIMINAL LIABILITY

#### 1. Tampering

Any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained or performed under this Permit shall, upon conviction, be subject to penalties and/or imprisonment as provided by the AWPCA and/or the AEMA.

#### 2. False Statements

Any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this Permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished as provided by applicable State and Federal law.

#### 3. Permit Enforcement

This NPDES Permit is a Permit for the purpose of the AWPCA, the AEMA, and the FWPCA, and as such all terms, conditions, or limitations of this Permit are enforceable under State and Federal law.

#### 4. Relief From Liability

Except as provided in Part II.B.1. (Bypass) and Part II.B.2. (Upset), nothing in this Permit shall be construed to relieve the Permittee of civil or criminal liability under the AWPCA, AEMA, or FWPCA for noncompliance with any term or condition of this Permit.

## B. OIL AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIABILITY

Nothing in this Permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the Permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the Permittee is or may be subject to under Section 311 of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1321.

## C. AVAILABILITY OF REPORTS

Except for data determined to be confidential under <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, §22-22-9(c), all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this Permit shall be available for public inspection at the offices of the Department. Effluent data shall not be considered confidential. Knowingly making any false statement in any such report may result in the imposition of criminal penalties as provided for in Section 309 of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1319, and <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, §22-22-14.

#### **D. DEFINITIONS**

- Alabama Environmental Management Act (AEMA) means <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, §§22-22A-1 <u>et</u>. seq., as amended.
- 2. Alabama Water Pollution Control Act (AWPCA) means <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, §§22-22-1 <u>et</u>. <u>seq.</u>, as amended.
- 3. Average monthly discharge limitation means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar

month divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that month (zero discharge days shall not be included in the number of "daily discharges" measured and a less than detectable test result shall be treated as a concentration of zero if the most sensitive EPA approved method was used).

- 4. Arithmetic Mean means the summation of the individual values of any set of values divided by the number of individual values.
- 5. BOD means the five-day measure of the pollutant parameter biochemical oxygen demand
- 6. Bypass means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.
- 7. CBOD means the five-day measure of the pollutant parameter carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand.
- 8. Controlled Surface Mine Drainage means any surface mine drainage that is pumped or siphoned from the active mining area.
- 9. Crushed stone mine means an area on or beneath land which is mined, quarried, or otherwise disturbed in activity related to the extraction, removal, or recovery of stone from natural or artificial deposits, including active mining, reclamation, and mineral storage areas, for production of crushed stone.
- 10. Daily discharge means the discharge of a pollutant measured during any consecutive 24-hour period in accordance with the sample type and analytical methodology specified by the discharge permit.
- 11. Daily maximum means the highest value of any individual sample result obtained during a day.
- 12. Daily minimum means the lowest value of any individual sample result obtained during a day.
- 13. Day means any consecutive 24-hour period.
- 14. Department means the Alabama Department of Environmental Management.
- 15. Director means the Director of the Department or his authorized representative or designee.
- Discharge means "[t]he addition, introduction, leaking, spilling or emitting of any sewage, industrial waste, pollutant or other waste into waters of the state." <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, §22-22-1(b)(8).
- 17. Discharge monitoring report (DMR) means the form approved by the Director to accomplish monitoring report requirements of an NPDES Permit.
- 18. DO means dissolved oxygen.

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- 19. E. coli means the pollutant parameter Escherichia coli.
- 20. 8HC means 8-hour composite sample, including any of the following:
  - a. The mixing of at least 5 equal volume samples collected at constant time intervals of not more than 2 hours over a period of not less than 8 hours between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. If the sampling period exceeds 8 hours, sampling may be conducted beyond the 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. period.

- b. A sample continuously collected at a constant rate over period of not less than 8 hours between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. If the sampling period exceeds 8 hours, sampling may be conducted beyond the 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. period.
- 21. EPA means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- 22. Federal Water Pollution Control Act (FWPCA) means 33 U.S.C. §§1251 et. seq., as amended.
- 23. Flow means the total volume of discharge in a 24-hour period.
- 24. Geometric Mean means the Nth root of the product of the individual values of any set of values where N is equal to the number of individual values. The geometric mean is equivalent to the antilog of the arithmetic mean of the logarithms of the individual values. For purposes of calculating the geometric mean, values of zero (0) shall be considered one (1).
- 25. Grab Sample means a single influent or effluent portion which is not a composite sample. The sample(s) shall be collected at the period(s) most representative of the discharge.
- 26. Indirect Discharger means a nondomestic discharger who discharges pollutants to a publicly owned treatment works or a privately owned treatment facility operated by another person.
- 27. Industrial User means those industries identified in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, Bureau of the Budget 1967, as amended and supplemented, under the category "Division D – Manufacturing" and such other classes of significant waste producers as, by regulation, the Director deems appropriate.
- 28. mg/L means milligrams per liter of discharge.
- 29. MGD means million gallons per day.
- 30. Monthly Average means, other than for E. coli bacteria, the arithmetic mean of all the composite or grab samples taken for the daily discharges collected in one month period. The monthly average for E. coli bacteria is the geometric mean of daily discharge samples collected in a one month period. The monthly average for flow is the arithmetic mean of all flow measurements taken in a one month period. (Zero discharges shall not be included in the calculation of monthly averages.)
- 31. New Discharger means a person owning or operating any building, structure, facility or installation:
  - a. From which there is or may be a discharge of pollutants;
  - b. From which the discharge of pollutants did not commence prior to August 13, 1979, and which is not a new source; and
  - c. Which has never received a final effective NPDES Permit for dischargers at that site.
- 32. New Source means:
  - a. A new source as defined for coal mines by 40 CFR Part 434.11 (1994); and
  - b. Any building, structure, facility, or installation from which there is or may be a discharge of pollutants, the construction of which commenced:
    - (1) After promulgation of standards of performance under Section 306 of FWPCA which are applicable to such source; or

- (2) After proposal of standards of performance in accordance with Section 306 of the FWPCA which are applicable to such source, but only if the standards are promulgated in accordance with Section 206 within 120 days of their proposal.
- 33. NH3-N means the pollutant parameter ammonia, measured as nitrogen.
- 34. 1-year, 24-hour precipitation event means the maximum 24-hour precipitation event with a probable recurrence interval of once in one year as defined by the National Weather Service and Technical Paper No. 40, "Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the U.S.," May 1961, or equivalent regional or rainfall probability information developed therefrom.
- 35. Permit application means forms and additional information that are required by ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.08 and applicable permit fees.
- 36. Point Source means "any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, channel, ditch, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, or vessel or other floating craft from which pollutants are or may be discharged." Section 502(14) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1362(14).
- 37. Pollutant includes for purposes of this Permit, but is not limited to, those pollutants specified in <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, §22-22-1(b)(3) and those effluent characteristics, excluding flow, specified in Part I.A. of this Permit.
- 38. Pollutant of Concern means those pollutants for which a water body is listed as impaired or which contribute to the listed impairment.
- 39. Pollution Abatement and/or Prevention Plan (PAP Plan) mining operations plan developed to minimize impacts on water quality to avoid a contravention of the applicable water quality standards as defined in ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-9-.03
- 40. Preparation, Dry means a dry preparation facility within which the mineral/material is cleaned, separated, or otherwise processed without use of water or chemical additives before it is shipped to the customer or otherwise utilized. A dry preparation plant includes all ancillary operations and structures necessary to clean, separate, or otherwise process the mineral/material, such as storage areas and loading facilities. Dry preparation also includes minor water spray(s) used solely for dust suppression on equipment and roads to minimize dust emissions.
- 41. Preparation, Wet means a wet preparation facility within which the mineral/material is cleaned, separated, or otherwise processed using water or chemical additives before it is shipped to the customer or otherwise utilized. A wet preparation plant includes all ancillary operations and structures necessary to clean, separate, or otherwise process the mineral/material, such as storage areas and loading facilities. Wet preparation also includes mineral extraction/processing by dredging, slurry pumping, etc.
- 42. Privately Owned Treatment Works means any devices or system which is used to treat wastes from any facility whose operator is not the operator of the treatment works, and which is not a "POTW".
- 43. Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) means a wastewater collection and treatment facility owned by the State, municipality, regional entity composed of two or more municipalities, or another entity created by the State or local authority for the purpose of collecting and treating municipal wastewater.
- 44. Receiving Stream means the "waters" receiving a "discharge" from a "point source".
- 45. Severe property damage means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural

resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.

- 46. 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event means that amount of precipitation which occurs during the maximum 24-hour precipitation event with a probable recurrence interval of once in ten years as defined by the National Weather Service and Technical Paper No. 40, "Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the U.S.," May 1961, or equivalent regional or rainfall probability information developed therefrom.
- 47. TKN means the pollutant parameter Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen.
- 48. TON means the pollutant parameter Total Organic Nitrogen.
- 49. TRC means Total Residual Chlorine.
- 50. TSS means the pollutant parameter Total Suspended Solids
- 51. Treatment facility and treatment system means all structures which contain, convey, and as necessary, chemically or physically treat mine and/or associated preparation plant drainage, which remove pollutants limited by this Permit from such drainage or wastewater. This includes all pipes, channels, ponds, tanks, and all other equipment serving such structures.
- 52. 24HC means 24-hour composite sample, including any of the following:
  - a. The mixing of at least 12 equal volume samples collected at constant time intervals of not more than 2 hours over a period of 24 hours;
  - b. A sample collected over a consecutive 24-hour period using an automatic sampler composite to one sample. As a minimum, samples shall be collected hourly and each shall be no more than one twenty-fourth (1/24) of the total sample volume collected; or
  - c. A sample collected over a consecutive 24-hour period using an automatic composite sampler composited proportional to flow.
- 53. 24-hour precipitation event means that amount of precipitation which occurs within any 24-hour period.
- 54. 2-year, 24-hour precipitation event means the maximum 24-hour precipitation event with a probable recurrence interval of once in two years as defined by the National Weather Service and Technical Paper No. 40, "Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the U.S.," May 1961, or equivalent regional or rainfall probability information developed therefrom.
- 55. Upset means an exceptional incident in which there is an unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit discharge limitations because of factors beyond the control of the Permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.
- 56. Waters means "[a]ll waters of any river, stream, watercourse, pond, lake, coastal, ground or surface water, wholly or partially within the State, natural or artificial. This does not include waters which are entirely confined and retained completely upon the property of a single individual, partnership, or corporation unless such waters are used in interstate commerce." <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, §22-22-1(b)(2). "Waters" include all "navigable waters" as defined in §502(7) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. §1362(7), which are within the State of Alabama.
- 57. Week means the period beginning at twelve midnight Saturday and ending at twelve midnight the following Saturday.

58. Weekly (7-day and calendar week) Average – is the arithmetic mean of all samples collected during a consecutive 7-day period or calendar week, whichever is applicable. The calendar week is defined as beginning on Sunday and ending on Saturday. Weekly averages shall be calculated for all calendar weeks with Saturdays in the month. If a calendar week overlaps two months (i.e., the Sunday is in one month and the Saturday in the following month), the weekly average calculated for the calendar week shall be included in the data for the month that contains the Saturday.

## E. SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this Permit are severable, and if any provision of this Permit or the application of any provision of this Permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this Permit, shall not be affected thereby.

## F. PROHIBITIONS AND ACTIVIES NOT AUTHORIZED

- 1. Discharges from disposal or landfill activities as described in ADEM Admin. Code div. 335-13 are not authorized by this Permit unless specifically approved by the Department.
- 2. Relocation, diversion, or other alteration of a water of the State is not authorized by this Permit unless specifically approved by the Department.
- 3. Lime or cement manufacturing or production and discharge of process waters from such manufacturing or production is not authorized by this Permit unless specifically approved by the Department.
- 4. Concrete or asphalt manufacturing or production and discharge of process waters from such manufacturing or production is not authorized by this Permit unless specifically approved by the Department.
- 5. The discharge of wastewater, generated by any process, facility, or by any other means not under the operational control of the Permittee or not identified in the application for this Permit or not identified specifically in the description of an outfall in this Permit is not authorized by this Permit.

## G. DISCHARGES TO IMPAIRED WATERS

- 1. This Permit does not authorize new sources or new discharges of pollutants of concern to impaired waters unless consistent with an EPA-approved or EPA-established Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) and applicable State law, or unless compliance with the limitations and requirements of the Permit ensure that the discharge will not contribute to further degradation of the receiving stream. Impaired waters are those that do not meet applicable water quality standards and are identified on the State of Alabama's §303(d) list or on an EPA-approved or EPA-established TMDL. Pollutants of concern are those pollutants for which the receiving water is listed as impaired or contribute to the listed impairment.
- 2. Facilities that discharge into a receiving stream which is listed on the State of Alabama's §303(d) list of impaired waters, and with discharges that contain the pollutant(s) for which the waters are impaired, must within six (6) months of the Final §303(d) list approval, document in its BMP plan how the BMPs will control the discharge of the pollutant(s) of concern, and must ensure that there will be no increase of the pollutants of concern. A monitoring plan to assess the effectiveness of the BMPs in achieving the allocations must also be included in the BMP plan.

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3. If the facility discharges to impaired waters as described above, it must determine whether a TMDL has been developed and approved or established by EPA for the listed waters. If a TMDL is approved or established during this Permit cycle by EPA for any waters into which the facility discharges, the facility must review the applicable TMDL to see if it includes requirements for control of any water discharged by the Permittee. Within six (6) months of the date of TMDL approval or establishment, the facility must notify the Department on how it will modify its BMP plan to include best management practices specifically targeted to achieve the allocations prescribed by the TMDL, if necessary. Any revised BMP plans must be submitted to the Department for review. The facility must include in the BMP plan a monitoring component to assess the effectiveness of the BMPs in achieving the allocations.

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#### ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT WATER DIVISION

#### NPDES INDIVIDUAL PERMIT RATIONALE

Company Name:	American Colloid Company
Facility Name:	McQueen Pit
County:	Lowndes
Permit Number:	AL0059595
Prepared by:	Ange Boatwright
Date:	November 20, 2024
Receiving Waters:	Unnamed Tributaries to Pinchony Creek
Permit Coverage:	Bentonite Mine, Transportation and storage, and Associated Areas
SIC Code(s):	1459

The Department has made a tentative determination that the available information is adequate to support reissuance of this permit.

This proposed permit covers stormwater discharges from a bentonite mine, transportation and storage, and associated areas which discharge to surface waters.

This proposed permit authorizes treated discharges into unnamed tributaries to Pinchony Creek which currently have the water quality classification of Fish and Wildlife (F&W) per ADEM Admin. Code Ch. 335-6-11. If the requirements of the proposed permit are fully implemented, the facility will not discharge pollutants at levels that will cause or contribute to a violation of the F&W classification.

Full compliance with the proposed permit terms and conditions is expected to be protective of instream water quality and ensure consistency with applicable instream State water quality standards for the receiving stream.

Technology Based Effluent Limits (TBELs) for bentonite can be found in 40 CFR 436.220. The TBELs are applicable only to the processing of bentonite and do not allow for any discharges of process wastewater. Information provided in the Permittee's application shows that the facility will not process the mined material onsite and will not produce any type of wastewater. Therefore, the proposed permit will cover stormwater discharges only.

The pollutants expected to be discharged from the facility, and therefore limited in the proposed permit, are pH and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (40CFR401.16).

Effluent limitations for TSS are established by Best Professional Judgement (BPJ) with consideration given to those proposed by the EPA for shale and/or common clay mine drainage in the *Development Document for Effluent Limitations Guidelines and New Source Performance Standards for the Mineral Mining and Processing Point Source Category* (July 1979). The TSS limit proposed in this document is a daily maximum of 35 mg/l.

The discharge limitations for pH of 6.0 - 8.5 s.u. are based on the instream water quality standards for pH in streams classified F&W per ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-10-.09. However, under no circumstances may the discharge from any outfall cause the in-stream pH to deviate more than 1.0 s.u. from the normal or natural pH, nor be less than 6.0 s.u. nor greater than 8.5 s.u.

The applicant has requested, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 122.21 and their NPDES permit application, a waiver from testing for the Part A, B, and C pollutants listed in the EPA Form 2C and 2D that are not addressed in their application. They have also certified that due to the processes involved in their mining activity these pollutants are believed to be not present in the waste stream.

The Pollution Abatement/Prevention (PAP) plan for this facility has been prepared by a professional engineer (PE) registered in the State of Alabama and is designed to ensure reduction of pollutants in the waste stream to a level that, if operated properly, the discharge will not contribute to or cause a violation of applicable State water quality standards. The proposed permit terms and conditions are predicated on the basis of ensuring a reduction of pollutants in the discharge to a level that reduces the potential of contributing to or causing a violation of applicable State water quality standards.

In accordance with ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-3-07 the design professional engineer, as evidenced by their seal and/or signature on the application, has accepted full responsibility for the effectiveness of the waste treatment facility to treat the permittee's effluent to meet NPDES permit limitations and requirements, and to fully comply with Alabama's water quality standards, when such treatment facilities are properly operated.

If there is a reasonable potential that a pollutant present in the treated discharges from a facility could cause or contribute to a contravention of applicable State water quality standards above numeric or narrative criteria, 40 CFR Part 122 requires the Department to establish effluent limits using calculated water quality criterion, establish effluent limits on a case-by-case basis using criteria established by EPA, or establish effluent limits based on an indicator parameter. Based on available information, potential pollutants discharged from this facility, if discharged within the concentrations allowed by this permit, would not have a reasonable potential to cause or contribute to a contravention of applicable State water quality standards.

Pursuant to ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.12(r) this permit requires the permittee to design and implement a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) plan for all stored chemicals, fuels and/or stored pollutants that have the potential to discharge to a water of the State. This plan must meet the minimum engineering requirements as defined in 40 CFR Part 112 and must provide for secondary containment adequate to control a potential spill.

The applicant is not proposing the discharges into a water of the State with approved Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL).

The applicant is not proposing discharges into a stream segment or other State water that is included on Alabama's current CWA §303(d) list.

The applicant is not proposing any new discharges of pollutant(s) to an ADEM identified Tier I water.

The proposed permit does not authorize new or increased discharges of pollutants to a Tier II water. Therefore, the Antidegradation Policy (ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-10-.04) does not apply to this permit.

# NPDES Individual Permit -Modification/Reissuance - Mining (Form 315)

Digitally signed by: AEPACS Date: 2023.05.31 09:10:08 -05:00 Reason: Submission Data Location: State of Alabama

version 4.6

(Submission #: HPS-1F2G-Y3C7N, version 1)

## **Details**

Submission ID HPS-1F2G-Y3C7N

## **Form Input**

#### **General Instructions**

NPDES Individual Application - Mining and Coalbed Methane Operations - Mod/Reissuance (Form 315/549)

PLEASE CONTACT YOUR ASSIGNED PERMIT CONTACT TO DISCUSS THE TYPE OF MODIFICATION YOU SHOULD APPLY FOR BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM.

This form should be used to submit the following permit requests for individually permitted Mining and Coalbed Methane Operations:

Modifications/Reissuances that include Permit Transfers and/or Permittee/Facility Name Changes Minor Modifications Major Modifications Reissuances Reissuance of a permit on or after the current permit@s expiration date Revocation and Reissuance before the current permit@s expiration date

Please complete all questions and attach all necessary documentation as prompted throughout the application process. Incomplete or incorrect information will delay processing.

Applicable Fees: **Minor Modifications** \$3,400 (Mineral/Resource Extraction Mining, Storage Transloading, Dry Processing) \$3.940 (Wet Preparation, Processing, Beneficiation) \$3,940 (Coalbed Methane Operations) Major Modifications \$5,820 (Mineral/Resource Extraction Mining, Storage Transloading, Dry Processing) \$6,860 (Wet Preparation, Processing, Beneficiation) \$6,860 (Coalbed Methane Operations) Reissuances \$5,820 (Mineral/Resource Extraction Mining, Storage Transloading, Dry Processing) \$6,860 (Wet Preparation, Processing, Beneficiation) \$6,860 (Coalbed Methane Operations) Potential Add-on Fees for Major Modifications and Reissuances \$1,015 (Biomonitoring & Toxicity Limits) \$2,705 (Review of Model Performed by Others) \$4.855 (Modeling � desktop) For assistance, please click here to determine the permit staff responsible for the site or call (334) 394-4372.

## **Processing Information**

**Purpose of Application** Reissuance of Permit Due to Approaching Expiration Please indicate if the Permittee is applying for a permit transfer and/or name change in addition to permit modification or reissuance: None

Action Type Reissuance

Briefly describe any planned changes at the facility that are included in this reissuance application: No significant changes planned

Is this a coalbed methane operation? No

#### **Permit Information**

Permit Number AL0059595

Current Permittee Name American Colloid Company

#### Permittee

Permittee Name American Colloid Company

Mailing Address

Post Office Box 39 Letohatchee, AL 36047

**Responsible Official** 

Prefix Mr. First Name Last Name Ben Grimes Title Plant Manager **Organization Name** American Colloid Company Phone Type Number Extension 3342274413 Business Email ben.grimes@mineralstech.com Mailing Address Post Office Box 39

Letohatchee, AL 36047

#### **Existing Permit Contacts**

Affiliation Type	Contact Information	Remove?
Permittee	American Colloid Company	NONE PROVIDED
Notification Recipient, Responsible Official	Ben Grimes, American Colloid Company	NONE PROVIDED
DMR Contact	Rogers Till, American Colloid Company	NONE PROVIDED

## **Facility/Operations Information**

Facility/Operations Name McQueen Pit

5/31/2023 9:10:08 AM

#### Permittee Organization Type

Corporation

Parent Corporation and Subsidiary Corporations of Applicant, if any: NONE PROVIDED

#### Landowner(s) Name, Address and Phone Number:

THOMAS E HARRISON & THOMAS G HARRISON 1117 HILLBROOK ROAD DOTHAN, AL 36303

JANICE BOWMAN & JUDY FULLER 10790 MONTGOMERY HWY LUVERNE, AL 36049

AMERICAN COLLOID CO 2870 FORBS AVENUE SCHAUMBURG, IL 60192

Sub-contractor(s)/Operator(s), if known: NONE PROVIDED

## Is the & Company/Permittee properly registered and in good standing with the Alabama Secretary of State s office?

Yes

Facility/Operations Address or Location Description

4430 Highway 31 Letohatchee, AL 36047

#### Facility/Operations County (Front Gate)

Lowndes

Do the operations span multiple counties?

#### **Detailed Directions to the Facility/Operations**

Take I-65 S from Montgomery. Take exit 151 then turn left onto AL97. In 4.2 miles turn right onto 31. Entrance is 0.8 miles ahead on the left.

#### Please refer to the link below for Lat/Long map instruction help:

Map Instruction Help

Facility/Operations Front Gate Latitude and Longitude 32.0495280000000,-86.4359170000000

4430 Highway 31, Letohatchee, AL

Township(s), Range(s), Section(s) (Note: If you are submitting multiple TRSs, please separate each TRS by a semicolon. Example: T19S,R1E,S15; T20S,R2E,S16) T12N,R16E,S3; T12N,R16E,S10

SIC Code(s) [Please select your primary SIC code first]:

1459-Clay Ceramic and Refractory Minerals

## NAICS Code(s) [Please select your primary NAICS code first]:

212325-Clay and Ceramic and Refractory Minerals Mining
#### **Facility/Operations Contact**

Prefix Mr. First Name Last Name Ben Grimes Title Plant Manager **Organization Name** American Colloid Company Phone Type Number Extension 3342274413 **Business** Email ben.grimes@mineralstech.com

# **Member Information**

Identify the name, title/position, and unless waived in writing by the Department, the resident address of every officer (a PO Box is not acceptable), general partner, LLP partner, LLC member, investor, director, or person performing a function similar to a director, of the applicant, and each person who is the record or beneficial owner of 10 percent or more of any class of voting stock of the applicant, or any other responsible official(s) of the applicant with legal or decision making responsibility or authority for the facility/operations (if this does not apply, then enter N/A after selecting "Manually Enter in Table"):

#### List of Names/Titles/Addresses will be entered by:

Manually Entering in Table

Name	Title/Position	Physical Address of Residence
Doug Dietrich	Chief Executive Officer	622 Third Avenue, New York, NY 10017
Brett Argirakis	Group President	35 Highland Avenue, Bethlehem, PA 18017
Don Eisenhour	Vice President	2870 Forbs Avenue, Hoffman Estates, IL 60192

Other than the Company/Permittee", identify the name of each corporation, partnership, association, and single proprietorship for which any individual identified above is or was an officer, general partner, LLP partner, LLC member, investor, director, or individual performing a function similar to a director, or principal (10% or more) stockholder, that had an Alabama NPDES permit at any time during the five year (60 month) period immediately preceding the date on which this form is signed (if this does not apply, then enter N/A after selecting "Manually Enter in Table"):

#### List of Corporations/Partnerships/etc, Names and Titles will be entered by:

Manually Entering in Table

Name of Corporation, Partnership,	Name of	Title/Position in Corporation, Partnership,
Association, or Single Proprietorship	Individual	Association, or Single Proprietorship
N/A	N/A	N/A

# Additional Contacts (1 of 1)

#### ADDITIONAL CONTACTS: Environmental Contact

Contact Type Environmental Contact

#### Contact

First Name	Last Name	
Rogers	Till	
Title		
Mine Supervis	sor	
Organization American Coll	Name oid Company	
Phone Type	Number	Extension
Business	3344371744	
Email		
rogers.till@mir	neralstech.com	
Address		
4430 Highway	31	
Letohatchee, A	L 36047	

# **Compliance History**

#### Has the applicant ever had any of the following:

Event	Apply?
An Alabama NPDES, SID, or UIC permit suspended or terminated	No
An Alabama or federal environmental permit suspended/terminated	No
An Alabama State Oil Gas Board permit or other approval suspended or terminated	No
An Alabama or federal performance/environmental bond, or similar security deposited in lieu of a bond, or portion thereof, forfeited	

Has the applicant, parent corporation, subsidiary, general partner, LLP partner, or LLC Member had any Warning Letters, Notice of Violations (NOVs), Administrative Actions, or litigation filed by ADEM or EPA during the three year (36 month) period preceding the date on which this form is signed? No

For this facility, list any other NPDES or other environmental permits (including permit numbers), authorizations, or certifications that have been applied for or issued within the State by ADEM, EPA, Alabama Department of Labor (ADOL), US Army Corp of Engineers (USACE), or other agency, to the applicant, parent corporation, subsidiary, or LLC member whether presently effective, expired, suspended, revoked, or terminated: ADOL - 15925 ADIR - 12696, 10867

For other facilities, list any other NPDES or other ADEM permits (including permit numbers), authorizations, or certifications that have been applied for or issued within the State by ADEM, EPA, ASMC, ADOL, or USACE, to the applicant, parent corporation, subsidiary, or LLC member whether presently effective, expired, suspended, revoked, or terminated:

ADIR- 11763, 10081, 09717, 14932 ADOL- 16117, 15964 ADEM- ALG230004, AL0059595, ALG230005, AL0058173, AL0074594, ADIR-10615, ADIR-10649, ADEM-2070002X

# **Anti-Degradation Evaluation**

Pursuant to ADEM Admin. Code ch. 335-6-10-.12(9), responses to the following questions must be provided by the applicant requesting NPDES permit coverage for new or expanded discharges of pollutant(s) to Tier 2 waters (except discharges eligible for coverage under general permits). As part of the permit application review process, the Department is required to consider, based on the applicant s demonstration, whether the proposed new or increased discharge to Tier 2 waters is necessary for important economic or social development in the area in which the waters are located. Does this modification/reissuance include new or expanded discharges to Tier II water(s)? No

# **Activity Description & Information**

#### Narrative description of activity(s):

Bentonite clay is mined from the area. The mined clay is stockpiled and/or hauled via truck to the processing plant across US Hwy 31 for various uses.

# **Total Facility/Operations Area (acres)**

120.00

#### **Total Disturbed Area (acres)** 86.60

**Anticipated Commencement Date** 

12/01/1989

#### **Anticipated Completion Date**

12/31/2050

#### Please identify which of the following apply to this operation:

Activity/Condition	Appy?
An existing facility/operation which currently results in discharges to State waters?	Yes
A proposed facility/operation which will result in a discharge to State waters?	No
Be located within any 100-year flood plain?	No
Discharge to Municipal Separate Storm Sewer?	No
Discharge to waters of or be located in the Coastal Zone?	No
Need/have ADEM UIC permit coverage?	No
Be located on Indian/historically significant lands?	No
Need/have ADEM SID permit coverage?	No
Need/have ASMC permit coverage?	No
Need/have State Oil & Gas Board permit coverage?	No
Need/have ADOL permit coverage?	Yes
Generate, treat, store, or dispose of hazardous or toxic waste?	No
Be located in or discharge to a Public Water Supply (PWS) watershed or be located within � mile of any PWS well?	No
Incised pit	No

# Does your facility/operation use cooling water?

No

# Material to be Removed, Processed, or Transloaded

#### Material To Be Removed, Processed, Or Transloaded (Note: Sum must equal 100.)

Mineral(s)/Mineral product(s)	%
Bentonite	100
	Sum: 100

# Proposed Activity To Be Conducted

Type(s) of activity presently conducted at applicant's existing facility or proposed to be conducted at facility (Select Yes or No)):

Activity	Apply?
Adjacent/associated asphalt/concrete plant(s)	No
Alternative fuels operation	No

Activity	Apply?
Auger mining	No
Cement production	No
Chemical processing or leaching	No
Chemicals used in process or wastewater treatment (coagulant, biocide, etc.)	No
Construction related temporary borrow pits/areas	Yes
Creek/stream crossings	No
Excavation	Yes
Grading, clearing, grubbing, etc.	Yes
Hydraulic mining	No
Hydraulic mining, dredging, instream or between stream-bank mining	No
Lime production	No
Low volume sewage treatment package plant	No
Mineral dry processing (crushing & screening)	No
Mineral loading	Yes
Mineral storing	Yes
Mineral transportation	Yes
Mineral wet preparation	No
Onsite construction debris or equipment storage/disposal	Yes
Onsite mining debris or equipment storage/disposal	Yes
Other beneficiation & manufacturing operations	No
Pre-construction ponded water removal	No
Pre-mining logging or land clearing	Yes
Preparation plant waste recovery	No
Quarrying	No
Reclamation of disturbed areas	Yes
Solution mining	No
Surface mining	Yes
Synthetic fuel production	No
Underground mining	No
Waterbody relocation or other alteration	No
Within-bank mining	No

# If the operation will include activities other than those listed above, please describe them below: NONE PROVIDED

# If the type of activity presently conducted or proposed is Mineral Transportation, please indicate which of the following apply:

Barge	Apply?
Barge	No
Rail	No
Truck	Yes

# Fuel - Chemical Handling, Storage, & Spill Prevention Control & Countermeasures (SPCC) Plan

Will fuels, chemicals, compounds, or liquid waste be used or stored onsite?  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{No}}$ 

# **ASMC Regulated Entities**

Is this a coal mining operation regulated by ASMC? No

# **Topographic Map Submittal**

#### **Topographic Map**

Attach to this application a 7.5 minute series U.S.G.S. topographic map(s) or equivalent map(s) no larger than, or folded to a size of 8.5 by 11 inches (several pages may be necessary), of the area extending to at least one mile beyond property boundaries. The topographic or equivalent map(s) must include a caption indicating the name of the topographic map, name of the applicant, facility name, county, and township, range, & section(s) where the facility are located. Unless approved in advance by the Department, the topographic or equivalent map(s), at a minimum, must show: a) An accurate outline of the area to be covered by the permit (b) An outline of the facility (c) All existing and proposed disturbed areas (d) Location of intake and discharge areas (e) Proposed and existing discharge points (f) Perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams (g) Lakes, springs, water wells, wetlands (h) All known facility dirt/improved access/haul roads (i) All surrounding unimproved/improved roads (j) High-tension power lines and railroad tracks (k) Contour lines, township-range-section lines (l) Drainage patterns, swales, washes (m) All drainage conveyance/treatment structures (ditches, berms, etc.) (n) Any other pertinent or significant feature.

#### **Topographic Map**

McQueen NOI map.pdf - 05/12/2023 09:14 AM Comment NONE PROVIDED

#### **Detailed Facility Map Submittal**

#### Detailed Facility Map

2023DWGS\_recover-PAP 2017.pdf - 05/12/2023 09:16 AM Comment NONE PROVIDED

# Outfalls (1 of 3)

**Outfall Identifier: 002** 

Feature Type Outfall (External)

Outfall Identifier 002

Outfall Status Existing

Delease be aware that you should only mark an outfall status as existing if (1) the Department has been previously notified that it was constructed as proposed or (2) it began discharge prior to this application. A proposed outfall is one that is being newly added to the permit OR one that has never discharged or has never been authorized by the Department to discharge. Should you have any questions about which status to select, please contact the Department's permit engineer for this site.

#### **Permit Action**

Reissue

Receiving Water Pinchony Creek

Check below if the discharge enters the receiving water via an unnamed tributary.

Unnamed Tributary

Location of Outfall 32.0443060000000, -86.4350280000000

Are the location coordinates above still correct for this outfall? Yes

Distance to Receiving Water (ft) 50

**Disturbed Area (acres)** 12

**Drainage Area (acres)** 63

303(d) Segment? No

TMDL Segment? No

Please do not add a new outfall unless you are requesting a modification that includes a new outfall. All of the currently permitted outfalls are already included in this form. If you add an outfall in error, please choose Delete under Permit Action for the outfall. If you have any questions, please contact your permit engineer BEFORE proceeding.

# Outfalls (2 of 3)

**Outfall Identifier: 003** 

Feature Type Outfall (External)

Outfall Identifier 003

Outfall Status Existing

• Please be aware that you should only mark an outfall status as existing if (1) the Department has been previously notified that it was constructed as proposed or (2) it began discharge prior to this application. A proposed outfall is one that is being newly added to the permit OR one that has never discharged or has never been authorized by the Department to discharge. Should you have any questions about which status to select, please contact the Department's permit engineer for this site.

#### **Permit Action**

Reissue

#### **Receiving Water**

Pinchony Creek

Check below if the discharge enters the receiving water via an unnamed tributary.

Unnamed Tributary

Location of Outfall 32.03911100000000, -86.43352800000000

Are the location coordinates above still correct for this outfall? Yes

**Distance to Receiving Water (ft)** 50

**Disturbed Area (acres)** 59.6

Drainage Area (acres) 197

303(d) Segment? No

TMDL Segment? No

Please do not add a new outfall unless you are requesting a modification that includes a new outfall. All of the currently permitted outfalls are already included in this form. If you add an outfall in error, please choose �Delete� under �Permit Action� for the outfall. If you have any questions, please contact your permit engineer BEFORE proceeding.

### Outfalls (3 of 3)

**Outfall Identifier: 004** 

Feature Type Outfall (External)

Outfall Identifier 004

### **Outfall Status**

Proposed

• Please be aware that you should only mark an outfall status as existing if (1) the Department has been previously notified that it was constructed as proposed or (2) it began discharge prior to this application. A proposed outfall is one that is being newly added to the permit OR one that has never discharged or has never been authorized by the Department to discharge. Should you have any questions about which status to select, please contact the Department's permit engineer for this site.

# Permit Action

Reissue

Receiving Water Pinchony Creek

Check below if the discharge enters the receiving water via an unnamed tributary. Unnamed Tributary

Location of Outfall 32.0363890000000, -86.4322220000000

#### Are the location coordinates above still correct for this outfall?

Yes

**Distance to Receiving Water (ft)** 150

**Disturbed Area (acres)** 15

**Drainage Area (acres)** 30

303(d) Segment? No Please do not add a new outfall unless you are requesting a modification that includes a new outfall. All of the currently permitted outfalls are already included in this form. If you add an outfall in error, please choose **O**Delete**O** under **O**Permit Action**O** for the outfall. If you have any questions, please contact your permit engineer BEFORE proceeding.

# **Discharge Characterization**

#### EPA Form 2C, EPA Form 2D, and/or ADEM Form 567 Submittal

Yes, pursuant to 40 CFR 122.21, the applicant requests a waiver for completion of EPA Form 2C, EPA Form 2D, and ADEM Form 567 and certifies that the operating facility will discharge treated stormwater only; that chemical/compound additives are not used (unless waived in writing by the Department on a programmatic, categorical, or individual compound/chemical basis); that there are no process, manufacturing, or other industrial operations or wastewaters, including but not limited to lime or cement production and synfuel operations; and that coal and coal products are not mined nor stored onsite.

Please download the following Excel file to enter your information. Once complete, please attach to the below control. <u>Download spreadsheet here.</u>

#### **Required attachment:**

Form315TableB (2).xlsx - 03/14/2023 10:51 AM Comment NONE PROVIDED

Please download the following Excel file to enter your information. Once complete, please attach to the below control. <u>Download spreadsheet here.</u>

#### **Required attachment:**

Form315TableC.xlsx - 03/14/2023 10:51 AM Comment NONE PROVIDED

# **Discharge Structure Description & Pollutant Source**

Please download the following Excel file to enter your information. Once complete, please attach to the below control. <u>Download spreadsheet here.</u>

#### **Required attachment:**

Form315DischargeStructure (1).xlsx - 03/14/2023 10:59 AM Comment NONE PROVIDED

# Variance Request

Do you intend to request or renew one or more of the CWA technology variances authorized at 40 CFR 122.21(m)? No

# Pollution Abatement & Prevention (PAP) Plan Summary (1 of 1)

#### Outfall(s):

002, 003, 004

Outfall Questions:	Please select one:
Runoff from all areas of disturbance is controlled	Yes
Drainage from pit area, stockpiles, and spoil areas directed to a sedimentation pond	Yes
Sedimentation basin at least 0.25 acre/feet for every acre of disturbed drainage	Yes

Outfall Questions:	Please select one:
Sedimentation basin cleaned out when sediment accumulation is 60% of design capacity	Yes
Trees, boulders, and other obstructions removed from pond during initial construction	Yes
Width of top of dam greater than 12'	Yes
Side slopes of dam no steeper than 3:1	Yes
Cutoff trench at least 8' wide	Yes
Side slopes of cutoff trench no less than 1:1	Yes
Cutoff trench located along the centerline of the dam	Yes
Cutoff trench extends at least 2' into bedrock or impervious soil	Yes
Cutoff trench filled with impervious material	Yes
Embankments and cutoff trench 95% compaction standard proctor ASTM	Yes
Embankment free of roots, tree debris, stones >6" diameter, etc.	Yes
Embankment constructed in lifts no greater than 12"	Yes
Spillpipe sized to carry peak flow from a one year storm event	Yes
Spillpipe will not chemically react with effluent	Yes
Subsurface withdrawal	Yes
Anti-seep collars extend radially at least 2' from each joint in spillpipe	Yes
Splashpad at the end of the spillpipe	Yes
Emergency Spillway sized for peak flow from 25-yr 24-hr event if discharge not into PWS classified stream	Yes
Emergency spillway sized for peak flow from 50-yr 24-hr event if discharge is into PWS classified stream	N/A
Emergency overflow at least 20' long	Yes
Side slopes of emergency spillway no steeper than 2:1	Yes
Emergency spillway lined with riprap or concrete	Yes
Minimum of 1.5' of freeboard between normal overflow and emergency overflow	Yes
Minimum of 1.5' of freeboard between max. design flow of emergency spillway and top of dam	Yes
All emergency overflows are sized to handle entire drainage area for ponds in series	Yes
Dam stabilized with permanent vegetation	Yes
Sustained grade of haul road <10%	Yes
Maximum grade of haul road <15% for no more than 300'	Yes
Outer slopes of haul road no steeper than 2:1	Yes
Outer slopes of haul road vegetated or otherwise stabilized	Yes
Detail drawings supplied for all stream crossings	Yes
Short-Term Stabilization/Grading And Temporary Vegetative Cover Plans	Yes
Long-Term Stabilization/Grading And Permanent Reclamation or Water Quality Remediation Plans	Yes

Identify and provide detailed explanation for any ONO or ON/AO response(s): Not a PWS

# Pollution Abatement & Prevention (PAP) Plan Review Checklist

General Information:	Please select one:
PE Seal with License #	Yes
Name and Address of Operator	Yes
Legal Description of Facility	Yes
Name of Company	Yes

General Information:	Please select one:			
Number of Employees	Yes			
Products to be Mined	Yes			
Hours of Operation	Yes			
Water Supply and Disposition	Yes			

Maps:	Please select one:
Topographic Map including Information from Part XIII (a) $\clubsuit$ (o) of this Application	Yes
1	Yes

Detailed Design Diagrams:	Please select one:
Plan Views	Yes
Cross-section Views	No
Method of Diverting Runoff to Treatment Basins	Yes
Line Drawing of Water Flow through Facility with Water Balance or Pictorial Description of Water Flow	Yes

# Identify and provide detailed explanation for any ONO or ON/AO response(s):

Basins are preexisting, no cross sections available

Narrative of Operations:	Please select one:			
Raw Materials Defined	Yes			
Processes Defined	Yes			
Products Defined	Yes			

Schematic Diagram:	Please select one:
Points of Waste Origin	Yes
Collection System	Yes
Disposal System	Yes

Post Treatment Quantity and Quality of Effluent:	Please select one:			
Flow	Yes			
Suspended Solids	Yes			
Iron Concentration	Yes			
рН	Yes			

Description of Waste Treatment Facility:	Please select one:
Pre-Treatment Measures	Yes
Recovery System	Yes
Expected Life of Treatment Basin	Yes
Measures for Ensuring Access to All Treatment Structures and Related Appurtenances including Outfall Locations	Yes
Schedule of Cleaning and/or Abandonment	Yes

Other:	Please select one:
Precipitation/Volume Calculations/Diagram Attached	Yes
BMP Plan for Haul Roads	Yes
Measures for Minimizing Impacts to Adjacent Stream (e.g., Buffer Strips, Berms)	Yes
Measures for Ensuring Appropriate Setbacks are Maintained at All Times	Yes

Other:	Please select one:		
Methods for Minimizing Nonpoint Source Discharges	Yes		
If Chemical Treatment Used, Methods for Ensuring Appropriate Dosage	N/A		
Facility Closure Plans	Yes		
PE Rationale(s) For Alternate Standards, Designs or Plans	N/A		

#### Identify and provide detailed explanation for any ONO or ON/AO response(s):

No chemical treatment planned

No alternative standards proposed

# Pollution Abatement & Prevention (PAP) Plan

Is this a coal mining operation regulated by ASMC? No

#### PAP Plan (non-coal mining facilities)

McQueen PAP 2023.pdf - 05/12/2023 10:37 AM Comment NONE PROVIDED

# **Professional Engineer (PE)**

# Registration License Number 20897

#### **Professional Engineer**

Prefix Mr. First Name Last Name Steven Speaks Title President **Organization Name** Larry E. Speaks & Associates, Inc. Phone Type Number Extension 3342621091 Business Email sspeaks@lespeaks.com Address

#### 535 Herron St Montgomery, AL 36104

# Information for the Applicant

#### Please read the following information and acknowledge below:

Contact the Department prior to submittal with any questions or to request acceptable alternate content/format.

Be advised that you are not authorized to commence regulated activity until this application can be processed, publicly noticed, and approval to proceed is received in writing from the Department.

EPA Form(s) 1 and 2F need not be submitted unless specifically required by the Department. EPA Form(s) 2C and/or 2D are required to be submitted unless the

applicant is eligible for a waiver and the Department grants a waiver, or unless the relevant information required by EPA Form(s) 2C and/or 2D are submitted to the Department in an alternative format acceptable to the Department.

Planned/proposed mining sites that are greater than 5 acres, that mine/process coal or metallic mineral/ore, or that have wet or chemical processing, must apply for and obtain coverage under an Individual or General NPDES Permit prior to commencement of any land disturbance. Such Individual NPDES Permit coverage may be requested via this ADEM Form 315.

The applicant is advised to contact:

(1) The Alabama Surface Mining Commission (ASMC) if coal, coal fines, coal refuse, or other coal related materials are mined, transloaded, processed, etc.;

(2) The Alabama Department of Labor (ADOL) if conducting non-coal mining operations;

(3) The Alabama Historical Commission for requirements related to any potential historic or culturally significant sites;

(4) The Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (ADCNR) for requirements related to potential presence of threatened/endangered species;

(5) The US Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile or Nashville Districts, if this project could cause fill to be placed in federal waters or could interfere with navigation.

The Department must be in receipt of a completed version of this form, including any supporting documentation, and the appropriate processing fee [including Greenfield Fee and Biomonitoring & Toxicity Limits fee(s), if applicable], prior to development of a draft NPDES permit.

#### Acknowledgement

I acknowledge I have read and understand the information above.

#### Additional Attachments

#### Additional Attachments

American Colloid Company Delegation of Authority.pdf - 05/12/2023 09:22 AM Comment NONE PROVIDED

### **Application Preparer**

#### Application Preparer

Prefix NONE PROVIDED		
<b>First Name</b> NONE PROVIDED	Last Name	/IDED
Title NONE PROVIDED		
Organization Name		
Phone Type	Number	Extension
NONE PROVIDED		
<b>Email</b> NONE PROVIDED		
Address		
[NO STREET ADDRESS	SPECIFIED]	
[NO CITY SPECIFIED], AL		E SPECIFIED]

#### **Fees Assessed**

The following itemized fees have been assessed in accordance with Fee Schedule D and 335-1-6-.04(a) of ADEM Admin. Code Division 1 regulations based on the information provided in this application.

If the correct fees are not displayed, please contact your permit engineer PRIOR to submitting the form. Do NOT answer questions erroneously in order to have the correct fee assessed.

**Mineral/Resource Extraction Mining, Storage Transloading, Dry Processing:** 5820

# Fee

**Fee** 5820

#### SUBMISSION AGREEMENTS

- I am the owner of the account used to perform the electronic submission and signature.
- I have the authority to submit the data on behalf of the facility I am representing.
- I agree that providing the account credentials to sign the submission document constitutes an electronic signature equivalent to my written signature.
- I have reviewed the electronic form being submitted in its entirety, and agree to the validity and accuracy of the information contained within it to the best of my knowledge.

#### Professional Engineer (PE)

A detailed, comprehensive Pollution Abatement & Prevention (PAP) Plan must be prepared, signed, and certified by a professional engineer (PE), registered in the State of Alabama, and the PE must certify as follows: I certify under penalty of lawthat the technical information and data contained in this application, and a comprehensive Pollution Abatement & Prevention (PAP) Plan, including any attached SPCC plan, maps, engineering designs, etc. acceptable to ADEM, for the prevention and minimization of all sources of pollution in stormwater and authorized related process wastewater runoff has been prepared under my supervision for this facility utilizing effective, good engineering and pollution control practices and in accordance with the provisions of this Permit, and ADEM Admin. Code Division 335-6, including Chapter 335-6-9 and Appendices A & B. If the PAP Plan is properly implemented and maintained by the Permittee, discharges of pollutants can reasonably be expected to be effectively minimized to the maximum extent practicable and according to permit discharge limitations and other permit requirements. The applicant has been advised that appropriate pollution abatement/prevention facilities and structural & nonstructural management practices or Department approved equivalent management practices as detailed in the PAP Plan must be fully implemented and regularly maintained as needed at the facility in accordance with good sediment, erosion, and other pollution control practices, permit requirements, and other ADEM requirements to ensure protection of groundwater and surface water quality.

Signed By Steven Speaks on 05/13/2023 at 8:43 AM

#### **Responsible Official**

This application must be signed and initialed by a Responsible Official of the applicant pursuant to ADEM Admin. Code Rule 335-6-6-.09 who has overall responsibility for the operation of the facility. I certify under penalty of lawthat this document, including technical information and data, the PAP Plan, including any SPCC plan, maps, engineering designs, and all other attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the PE and other person or persons under my supervision who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true. accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine or imprisonment for knowing violations. A comprehensive PAP Plan to prevent and minimize discharges of pollution to the maximum extent practicable has been prepared at my direction by a PE for this facility utilizing effective, good engineering and pollution control practices and in accordance with the provisions of ADEM Admin. Code Division 335-6, including Chapter 335-6-9 and Appendices A & B, and information contained in this application, including any attachments. I understand that regular inspections must be performed by, or under the direct supervision of, a PE and all appropriate pollution abatement/prevention facilities and structural & nonstructural management practices or Department approved equivalent management practices identified by the PE must be fully implemented prior to and concurrent with commencement of regulated activities and regularly maintained as needed at the facility in accordance with good sediment, erosion, and other pollution control practices and ADEM requirements. I understand that the PAP Plan must be fully implemented and regularly maintained so that discharges of pollutants can reasonably be expected to be effectively minimized to the maximum extent practicable and according to permit discharge limitations and other requirements to ensure protection of groundwater and surface water quality. I understand that failure to fully implement and regularly maintain required management practices for the protection of groundwater and surface water quality may subject the Permittee to appropriate enforcement action. Permitty that this form has not been altered, and if copied or reproduced, is consistent in format and identical in content to the ADEM approved form. Solution of the discharges described in this application have been tested or evaluated for the presence of non-stormwater discharges and any nonmining associated beneficiation/process pollutants and wastewaters have been fully identified. Solution and wastewaters have been fully identified. understanding that I may be required to obtain a permit from the ADOL. acknowledge my understanding that if the proposed activities will be conducted in or potentially impact waters of the state or waters of the US (including wetlands), that I may be required to obtain a permit from the USACE.

Signed By Ben Grimes on 05/31/2023 at 9:07 AM

The applicant is required to supply outfall number(s) as it appears on the map(s) required by this application [if this application is for a modification to an existing permit do not change the numbering sequence of the permitted outfalls], describe each, (e.g., pipe, spillway, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, or container), and identify the origin of pollutants. The response must be precise for each outfall. If the discharge of pollutants from any outfall is the result of commingling of waste streams from different origins, each origin must be completely described.

Description of Origin of Pollutants – typical examples: (1) Discharge of drainage from the underground workings of an underground coal mine, (2) Discharge of drainage from a coal surface mine, (3) Discharge of drainage from a coal preparation plant and associated areas, (4) Discharge of process wastewater from a gravel-washing plant, (5) Discharge of wastewater from an existing source coal preparation plant, (6) Discharge of drainage from a sand and gravel pit, (7) Pumped discharge from a limestone quarry, (8) Controlled surface mine drainage (pumped or siphoned), (9) Discharge of drainage from mine reclamation, (10) Other (please describe):

Outfall	Discharge structure Description	Description of Origin of pollutants	Surface Discharge	Groundwater Discharge	Wet Prep -Other Production Plant	Pumped or Controlled Discharge	Low Volume STP
002E	Pipe/Spillway	8, 9, 10	х	х	N/A	N/A	N/A
003E	Pipe/Spillway	8, 9, 10	х	х	N/A	N/A	N/A
004P	Pipe/Spillway	8, 9, 10	Х	х	N/A	N/A	N/A
		10: Bentonite mining					

The applicant is required to supply the following information separately for every proposed (P) or existing (E) outfall. List expected average daily discharge flow rate in cfs and gpd; frequency of discharge in hours per day and days per month; average summer and winter temperature of discharge(s) in degrees centigrade; average pH in standard units; and average daily discharges in pounds per day of BOD5, Total Suspended Solids, Total Iron, Total Manganese, and Total Aluminum (if bauxite or bauxitic clay or if otherwise believed present):

Outfall E/P	Information Source -	Flow	Flow	Frequency	Frequency	Sum/Win	pH (s.u.)	BOD5	TSS	Tot Fe	Tot Mn	Tot Al
	# of Samples	(cfs)	(gpd)	(hours/day)	(days/month)	Temp, (°C)		(lbs/day)	(lbs/day)	(lbs/day)	(lbs/day)	(lbs/day)
002E	DSP-1	0.07	45242	Precip driven 24/7	Precip driven 30/12	28/10	7.4	1.8	1.94	0.07	0.007	0.11
				Precip driven	Precip driven							
003E	DSP-1	0.22	142189	24/7	30/12	28/10	7.4	5.6	2.35	0.09	0.008	0.13
				Precip driven	Precip driven							
004P	DSP-1	0.03	19389	24/7	30/12	28/10	7.4	0.85	0.36	0.01	0.001	0.02

The applicant is required to supply the following information separately for every proposed or existing outfall. Identify and list expected average daily discharge of any other pollutant(s) listed in EPA Form 2C Tables A, B, C, D, and E that are not referenced in Part XVI.B. or otherwise submitted elsewhere, that you know is present or have reason to believe could be present in the discharge(s) at levels of concern:

Outfall E/P	Reason Believed Present	Information Source - # of Samples								
			lbs/day	mg/L	lbs/day	mg/L	lbs/day	mg/L	lbs/day	mg/L
002E	None expected									
003E	None expected									
004P	None expected									



PERMIT/APPROXIMATE PROPERTY BOUNDARY

LARRY E. SPEAKS ASSOCIATES. INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS LAND SURVEYORS LAND

DATE: 03/14/2023



#### Delegation of Authority

I hereby designate the person or specifically described position below to be a duly authorized representative for the purpose of overseeing compliance with environmental requirements, including ADEM Admin. Code chap. 335-6-12, at the American Colloid Company, Sandy Ridge mine sites including the Sellers, Payne, Gafford/Trotter and McQueen mining areas. The designee is authorized to sign any reports, stormwater pollution prevention plans and all other documents required by any permit.

Ben Grimes (designee)-Plant Manager American Colloid Company/Minerals Technologies Inc. 4430 US Highway 31 Letohatchee AL 36047 334-227-4413

By signing this authorization, I confirm that I meet the requirements to make such a designation as set forth in ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.09.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Name: Don Eisenhour

Company: Minerals Technologies Inc.

Title:

Vice President, Performance Materials, Mining and Exploration rasent

Signature:

Date:





#### POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN for

McQueen Pit 4430 Highway 31 Lowndes County, AL 36047

**Prepared for:** 



# AMERICAN COLLOID COMPANY

PO Box 39 Letohatchee, AL 36047

**Permittee Contact: Ben** Grimes Plant Manager ben.grimes@mineralstech.com (334) 227-4413

Prepared by: Larry E. Speaks & Associates, Inc. 535 Herron Street Montgomery, AL 36104

**Certified by:** Steven E. Speaks Professional Engineer and Professional Land Surveyor

No. 20897 S-11-2023

**REISSUANCE: APRIL 2023 REISSUANCE: FEBRUARY 2017 REISSUANCE: JANUARY 2012 REISSUANCE: JULY 2006 MODIFICATION: MARCH 2004 INITIAL ISSUANCE: JANUARY 2002** 

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# I. INTRODUCTION

This document is being submitted as a part of the Pollution Abatement Plan (PAP) associated with NPDES Permit AL0059595 for the American Colloid Company (ACC) – McQueen Pit, which is located in Sections 3 and 10, Township12-North, Range 16-East, Lowndes County, Alabama. This application has been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Alabama Department of Environmental Management. A thorough field review has been accomplished preceding the approval and submittal of this application. Field checks were made of the entire sedimentation basin system to determine compliance with ADEM rules and regulations.

The PAP is presented in two parts which includes a brief narrative presented herein and the Pollution Abatement plans which are attached hereto. The narrative is intended to address the format as outlined by the ADEM Field Operations Division – Mining and Nonpoint Source Program, Rules and Regulations, as well as present the basis for the designs as further detailed in the "Pollution Abatement Plan". Drawings as presented in the "Pollution Abatement Plan" were derived from rules and regulations of the ADEM as well as from other generally accepted design data sources primarily from the U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service. Generally, the narrative will follow the outline of Admin. Chapter 335-6-9-.03, Surface Mining Rules and Regulations from the ADEM Rules and Regulations.

# II. OPERATOR

The operator of this pit is the American Colloid Company which has its business addresses as follows:

Home Office PO Box 2010 Belle Fourche, SD 57717

Local Business office 4430 US Hwy 31 Letohatchee, AL 36047 1500 W Shore Dr Arlington Heights, IL 60004

Local Mailing Address PO Box 39 Letohatchee, AL 36047

The pit will lie within the property boundary as follows:

# LEGAL DESCRIPTION FOR AMERICAN COLLOID COMPANY McQueen Pit

STATE OF ALABAMA LOWNDES COUNY The South  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the Northeast  $\frac{1}{4}$  and all of the Southeast  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Section 3, Township 12 North, Range 16 East; the East  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the Northeast  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Section 10, Township 12 North, Range 16 East.

Permit boundaries are shown on the attached maps.

ADEM requires the permitted boundaries to be delineated and readily visible during the life of the operation. Boundaries will be clearly demarcated by surveying marks, fence lines, perennial waterways, and other readily visible, semi-permanent features. The permittee and on-site personnel must be knowledgeable of the location of the permitted boundaries and ensure the boundaries are maintained so they remain readily visible at all times.

# III. GENERAL INFORMATION

The facility employs approximately 40 individuals from the surrounding area. American Colloid Company is a Delaware corporation. American Colloid Company – McQueen Pit will mine bentonite clay (montmorillonite clay). This material will be hauled from the site to the company's plant one mile away where it will be used in a processing operation to make various products. The hours of operation are generally six to seven days a week from 5:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. All surface water from the stockpile area, haul roads, and pit area is directed through ditches or berms to the sedimentation ponds shown on the plan. This allows all solids to settle before discharging into unnamed tributaries to Pinchony Creek. No asphalt or concrete operations are or will be operating on this site.

# IV. FACILITY MAP

Design plans submitted with this document provide a contour map. The "Pollution Abatement" layout shows the planned general layout of the mined area, stockpile area, sedimentation pond and the runoff locations.

# V. METHOD OF DIVERTING SURFACE WATER RUNOFF

The "Pollution Abatement Plan" shows the contour of the land. All disturbed areas drain to sedimentation ponds which will be constructed using natural topography to minimize the construction of diversionary structures. Spoil piles are situated so any silt carried by drainage will be treated in the sedimentation ponds. Pit drainage and spoil runoff should be diverted through the sedimentation basin by means of diversion ditches or normal drainage patterns. In cases where it is not practical to use this system, then natural vegetation, vegetation windrows, hay berms, earthen berms or other equally effective systems may be utilized.

# VI. NARRATIVE OF OPERATIONS

Bentonite clay (montmorillonite clay) is the only raw material mined at this facility. The

material is hauled directly from the site to the plant facility. A flow schematic has been provided in Appendix C of this plan. The main waste product that results from mining is overburden from the mining operation. The overburden is to be used to construct the sedimentation pond dams, fill the old pit, and/or stockpiled as shown on the plans. All water which must be removed from any of the pit areas will be pumped to a sediment pond. There will be no process water discharge generated by the mining area. Therefore, only stormwater from the mine area must be treated.

# VII. REQUIRED ROUTINE INSPECTIONS

The permittee is required to inspect each permitted outfall and treatment system(s) / structure(s) at least twice per month. The permittee is required to keep a written log of these inspections documenting the date and time of the inspection, whether or not there was discharge at each permitted outfall at the time of the inspection, whether or not a sample of the discharge was collected at the time of the inspection, and whether the treatment system(s) / structure(s) are working as effectively and efficiently as possible. Any problems or deficiencies must be described in the log. Action must be taken to resolve the problem or deficiency. The log must contain the name and signature of the person performing the inspection.

# VIII. QUALITY AND QUANTITY CHARACTERISTICS OF THE WASTE

The only waste product which is a by-product of this operation is the overburden. Clays and sands will settle into the sediment ponds. The ponds will be cleaned out as needed to provide adequate sediment area for incoming materials. Regarding pH, the waste effluent is neutral in nature and should be in the range of 6 minimum to 8.5 maximum. Total Suspended Solids (TSS) should not exceed 35mg/ml (daily). Iron (Fe) should average 3 mg/l and should not exceed 6 mg/l maximum. Aluminum (AL) should average 1.0 mg/l and should not exceed 2.0 mg/l maximum. The calculated flow varies and depends upon weather conditions, amount of rain, etc. and must be reported in millions of gallons per day (MGD) when sampling (Bi-Monthly). Flow must be measured using an EPA approved method via a fixed measurement structure such as calibrated weir or via a metering device such as a flow meter to measure volumetric flow rate. The temperatures should average between 82° F (28° C) in the summer and 50° F (10° C) in the winter. All discharges are required to be within the permit limits as defined by ADEM.

# IX. WASTE TREATMENT FACILITIES

As previously discussed, the treatment process for water quality control is to be the constructed sedimentation pond. Details are presented in the "Pollution Abatement Plans". Pollution abatement facilities are required to be constructed so as to control both spoil runoff and pit drainage. The sediment basin should have a minimum capacity to store 0.25-acre feet per acre of disturbed area in the drainage area. Removal of solids should be accomplished where the sediment accumulation reaches 60% of the design capacity. Basin cleanout is required to be scheduled by the permittee and recorded as directed (if required) by the permit

issued by ADEM. Solids removed from the sediment basin should be stockpiled on site for later use or spread for ground cover in dormant portions of the site. The fines must be handled and stabilized to minimize reintroduction into runoff. Any sediment basin constructed on site must have outlet protection to reduce flow velocities and potential erosion down gradient of the basin outlet.

The expected life of the treatment basin is for the life of the permit.

Pipe Cal	culations	Rational M	ethod Q=CIA		
Q=cfs	C= Runoff Coeff	icient I=R	ainfall Intensity	in/per/hr (2yr)	A=Area (Acres)
002E	0.25 x 1.2	x 63 =	18.9	24" Pipe	20' X 1' Spillway
003E	0.25 x 1.05	x 197 =	51.7 cfs	36" Pipe	10' X 1' Spillway
004P	0.25 x 3.4	x 30 =	25.5 cfs	30" Pipe	10' X 1' Spillway

# X. SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR HAUL ROADS

Haul roads are designed and should be built using the following as minimum criteria:

- a) The grade is designed not to exceed 10 percent.
- b) The maximum grade is designed not to exceed 15 percent for 300 feet.
- c) The roads are designed not to be more than 300 feet of 15 percent maximum grade for each 1,000 feet of road constructed.
- d) The haul roads are required to be located so that runoff from the road enters a sediment basin or pit area constructed for the mining operation.
- e) Outer slopes for haul roads out of the permitted area are designed not to be steeper than 2:1 and should be seeded with annual and perennial grasses with at least 80 percent cover to avoid erosion. Where this is not possible, basins, check dams or diversion ditches should be cut, built or placed to intercept runoff. Details outlining control measures must be included with the abatement plan. Contact Larry E. Speaks & Associates, Inc. for plan amendments.
- f) There are existing permitted temporary stream crossings on site. No additional stream crossings are planned for this site at this time. Should plans change the Engineer must be contacted immediately prior to any crossing construction so detailed drawings can be developed, and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers can be contacted for permitting requirements. See appendices for additional crossing information.
- g) Roads are to be treated or otherwise maintained to control dust in order to minimize fine particles in the air and water on site. The typical method of control is operating a water truck or sprinkler system to lightly wet the roads and suppress the production of dust during dry conditions.

Haul roads will be ditched and stabilized so that runoff will be collected in mined/mining areas, sediment basins, abandoned pits, or other similar site feature(s) and treated by the final sedimentation basin in any series combination. In any instance where the haul roads or other minor disturbed areas do not drain to a basin, then temporary best management practices

(BMPs) are required to prevent sediment loss from the site. The Engineer must be contacted for BMP recommendations, placement instructions, and PAP plan updates for any of these instances.

The permittee is to prevent offsite vehicle-tracking onto roadways and/or into ditches at the entrances and exits of the facility.

- Restrict vehicle use to designated entrances and exits.
- Use appropriate stabilization techniques at all entrances and exits onto paved roads.
- Unpaved entrances and exits and transitions from dirt to pavement are to be covered with a minimum of 1 to 3-inch diameter aggregate, 6-inches thick. The aggregate should extend the full width of the access road and be a minimum of 50-feet in length from the edge of pavement. A geotextile filter fabric is recommended between the aggregate fill and the soil surface to reduce the migration of the underlying soil into the stone and vice versa.
- Topdressing with clean stone will be required to maintain the effectiveness of a stone entrance/exit.
- Use of commercially available rumble grates, plates, and pads is acceptable. The devices must be adequately sized to accommodate the largest vehicle entering and exiting the site. The devices must be maintained per the manufacturer's recommendations to remain effective.
- If the majority of mud is not removed from vehicle tires by stone or other rumble devices, then tires are to be washed prior to the vehicle entering the roadway. Washing is to be strictly limited to tires only. The use of solvents, detergents and/or petroleum products is strictly prohibited. All wash water must be captured on site and directed to catch basins or other control BMPs such as filtration devices, filter bags, or other similar effective controls to remove sediment prior to discharging through a permitted outfall.
- Concrete and asphalt aprons at roadways are to be swept, shoveled, or vacuumed regularly to prevent tracking onto roadways. The removed sediment is to be taken back onto facility property for disposal as clean fill dirt.
- The State prohibits removal by hosing or sweeping tracked out sediment to any stormwater conveyance, storm drain inlet, or water of the State.
- The ditches of the haul road and all surrounding earthen areas near the entrances and exits are to be permanently stabilized with perennial vegetation. Temporary BMPs such as silt fence, check dams, grassed berms etc. are to be used to prevent sediment from entering the roadway until permanent stabilization is achieved.

# XI. DAM FOR THE SEDIMENT BASIN

The dam for the sediment basin should be designed and built using the following as minimum criteria:

- a) The dam for the sediment basin is designed for the top width to be no less than 12 feet wide.
- b) The slope on either side of the dam is designed for no steeper than 3:1.

- c) The dam is designed to be constructed with a cutoff trench at least 8 feet wide. The side slopes is designed to be no less than 1:1. The cutoff trench shall be located on the dam centerline and be of sufficient depth (not less than 2 feet) to extend into a relatively impervious material from which the core of the dam shall be constructed.
- d) Trees, boulders and other obstructions are to be removed from the pond during initial construction.
- e) The entire embankment and cutoff trench shall be compacted to 95% density.
- f) The material placed in the embankment should be free of sod, roots, stones over 6 inches in diameter and other objectionable materials.
- g) The fill material should be placed and spread over the entire fill area, starting at the lowest point of the foundation, in layers not to exceed 12 inches in thickness.
- h) The spill pipe is designed to be sized to adequately carry the expected peak flow from a two-year frequency storm.
- i) The spill pipes are designed to be made of a material capable of withstanding chemical reactions caused by the quality of water being discharged.
- j) The spill pipe is designed to be equipped with a device, or constructed, such to ensure that subsurface with drawl is accomplished in order to help prevent floating solids from discharging.
- k) The spill pipes are designed to be equipped with anti-seep collars at each joint which radiate at least 2 feet from the pipe in all directions. The collars and their connections to the pipe should be watertight.
- 1) A splash pad or rip-rap is designed to be placed under the discharge of the spill pipe, or the location of the discharge set, so as to ensure that the discharge does not erode the dam or pipe can be constructed to be level with the natural ground.
- m) The emergency spillway is designed to safely carry the expected peak flow from a 25year, 24-hour storm or shorter duration. The slope of the entrance and to the exit to the emergency overflow is designed to be constructed with a control section at least 20 feet long. The side slopes of the emergency overflow should not be steeper than 2:1. The emergency overflow should be rip-rapped or concreted in order to prevent erosion.
- n) The spillway is designed to have a minimum of 1 ½ feet of freeboard between the normal overflow and the emergency overflow. There should be at least 1 ½ feet of freeboard between the maximum design flow elevation in the emergency overflow and the top of the dam.
- o) If basins are built in a series, then the emergency overflow for each is designed to accommodate the entire drainage area.
- p) The dam shall be sowed with both perennial and annual grasses in order to ensure erosion is minimized. The necessary erosion control measures are to be placed at the toe of the dam during construction activity and until the dam is vegetated.
- q) Areas in which surface mined minerals are stockpiled, and areas in which refuse resulting from any type of mining operation is or has been deposited, should be provided with diversion ditches or other appropriate methods of intercepting surface water in such a way as to minimize the possibility of sediment laden, acidic or toxic waters from such areas, being deposited into a stream.

# XII. LOCATION OF ALL STREAMS ADJACENT TO MINING AREA AND MEASURES TO MINIMIZE IMPACTS TO ADJACENT STREAMS

Included with the NPDES application preceding this pollution abatement plan is a drawing which has been reproduced from the USGS quadrangle sheet at a 1" = 3000' scale showing the adjacent streams. Also included with the application is a 1" = 200' scale aerial map presenting the same information as required with the application. The mining operation is required to provide a minimum 50-foot undisturbed vegetated buffer area around streams and wetlands that may be identified in the project area unless the area is USACE permitted to be disturbed. Buffer zones need to be surveyed and clearly identified with bright flagging or paint so areas to avoid are clearly visible. Equipment operators are to be educated as to the reason for the buffers, the location of the buffers, and the identification technique used to demarcate the buffers. The buffers should be in use and maintained at all times. Should the buffer become damaged for any reason it must immediately be repaired / re-established.

# XIII. NON-POINT SOURCE POLLUTION

All disturbed areas are to be graded and maintained such that the drainage will carry yard dust to the excavated / mined ponds. Non-point sources of pollution may result from the temporary stream crossings. The crossings are to be constructed to the included specifications to minimize erosion. If other non-point sources arise due to changes in the mining plan or other reasons not known at the time of the plan, then drainage from these areas must be treated by BMPs (typically check dams and silt fencing).

# XIV. WATER SUPPLY AND DISPOSITION

This facility will not discharge to a stream segment classified as a Public Water Supply. The eventual receiving waters will be unnamed tributaries to Pinchony Creek, classified as fish and wildlife. All discharges through certified and permitted outfalls will meet effluent limitations due to settling time required in the sedimentation ponds.

# XV. RECLAMATION PROCEDURE

As mining is completed in an area, the area shall be graded to eliminate any piles of dirt, or low areas which will hold water, with terraces to keep erosion to a minimum, and grassed. Stable vegetation is defined as 100% coverage with at least 85% density. A sump shall be maintained at the low end of all reclamation work until a satisfactory stand of grass is obtained. Disturbed areas without construction activity for more than 21 days should be temporarily seeded and fertilized.

# XVI. TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS

Stream crossings shall consist of a pipe of a specified size (see sizes below). Slopes for the haul road are generally 2:1. The pipe shall be installed so that it does not cause water to pool on the upstream side of the pipe. The crossing shall have outlet protection if inspections show

that scouring is occurring.

Mine Safety (MSHA) regulations require the discharge of water from the crossing and safety berms. There will be water let down pipes or ditches on either side of the road to prevent ponding on the travel surface. These structures will discharge to the receiving water (non-point source). In order to minimize water quality impacts the road must be graded and packed to prevent erosion and rutting from mining equipment. The frequency of grading and packing will be determined by on-site supervisors. If inspections should reveal the road is not being maintained, then the engineer or other regulatory authorities can dictate the maintenance schedule.

The fill is permitted from the USACE via a nationwide permit (NWP) as a temporary crossing. The fill and pipe will be removed upon completion of the project and restored to preconstruction conditions.

# XVII. DESIGN DATA FOR PONDS

### <u>002E:</u>

DRAINAGE AREA = 63.0 AC.	
THEREFORE REQ'D:	1 - 24" PIPE
_	1 - 10' x 1' SPILLWAY
DISTURBED AREA = 12 AC.	
THEREFORE 1/4 AC/FT x	12 AC. = 3.0 AC. /FT POND REQ'D

# <u>003E:</u>

DRAINAGE AREA = 197 AC.	
THEREFORE REQ'D:	1 - 36" PIPE
	1 - 10' x 1' SPILLWAY
DISTURBED AREA = 59.6AC.	
THEREFORE 1/4 AC/FT x 5	9.6 AC. = 14.9 AC. /FT POND REQ'D

# <u>004P:</u>

DRAINAGE AREA = 30.0 AC. THEREFORE REQ'D:

1 - 30" PIPE 1 - 10' x 1' SPILLWAY

DISTURBED AREA = 15 AC. THEREFORE 1/4 AC/FT x 15 AC. = 3.75 AC. /FT POND REQ'D

# XVIII. DESIGN DATA FOR STREAM CROSSINGS (SC1-5)

 $cfs=270(A^*)^{0.569}$  \*A=area in square miles

<u>SC1</u>

 $270(0.19)^{0.569} = 105$  therefore required pipe size = 48" or 2-36"

<u>SC2</u>  $270(0.052)^{0.569}$ =50.2 therefore required pipe size = 36"

**<u>SC3</u>**  $270(0.069)^{0.569}$ =59 therefore required pipe size = 36" or 2-30"

<u>SC4</u>  $270(0.045)^{0.569}$ =46.24 therefore required pipe size = 36"

<u>SC5</u>  $270(0.078)^{0.569}$ =63.0 therefore required pipe size = 42"

American Colloid Company McQueen Pit Pollution Abatement Plan (PAP)

# Appendix A



PERMIT/APPROXIMATE PROPERTY BOUNDARY

LARRY E. SPEAKS ASSOCIATES. INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS LAND SURVEYORS LAND

DATE: 03/14/2023

American Colloid Company McQueen Pit Pollution Abatement Plan (PAP)

# Appendix **B**



American Colloid Company McQueen Pit Pollution Abatement Plan (PAP)

# Appendix C




American Colloid Company McQueen Pit Pollution Abatement Plan (PAP)

# Appendix D





- All embankments are to be constructed in lifts no greater then 12-inches and compacted to 95 percent density.
- 4. Spill pipe is to be equipped with anti-seep collars at each joint to radiate at least 2 feet from the pipe in all directions. All connections are to be water tight.
- 5. Spill pipe is to be laid as shown in detail to prevent any floating solids from being discharged.
- 6. Final elevation of all dams, pipes, and emergency spillways is to be determined in the field, depending upon the size of the pond.
- 7. Topsoil and grass dam immediately upon completion of construction.
- 8. Splash pad minimum length should be 4.5 times the diameter of the pipe. The minimum width should be 4 times the diameter of the pipe.







#### NOTES FOR BERM / DITCH CONSTRUCTION:

- 1. Use soil free of roots, large rocks, vegetation, organic matter, and other non-soil materials for construction. Berms must be substantial enough to maintain structural integrity.
- 2. Stabilize berm and ditch with grass or erosion control blanket immediately upon completing construction to prevent erosion of structures from becoming a source of sediment runoff.
- Soils with sand content exceeding 70 percent may not be effective for berms experiencing high velocity flows.
- 4. Install energy dissipation at the outlet of the ditch if scour or erosion may occur.
- 5. Structures must be inspected and maintained after rain events.
- 6. Clean out accumulated sediment and debris once the depth reaches one-half the height of the structure.

#### **RECLAMATION PROCEDURE:**

- 1. Areas not being used for daily mining or haul roads must be grassed with both perennial and annual grasses to ensure erosion is kept to a minimum. Grassed areas are to be limed and fertilized as necessary to establish and maintain an adequate stand of grass.
- 2. Disturbed and bare areas without grading/mining activity for more than 21 days are to be temporarily seeded and fertilized until activity resumes.
- 3. As mining is completed in an area, the area is to be dressed to eliminate any piles of dirt, or low areas which will hold water, with terraces to keep erosion to a minimum, and grassed as detailed in paragraph 1 above. A sump shall be maintained at the low end of all reclamation work until a satisfactory stand of grass is obtained. Established vegetation is considered satisfactory when 100 percent of the soil surface is uniformly covered in perennial vegetation with a density of 85 percent or greater.
- 4. During mining and reclamation, all erosion controls necessary to minimize erosion on site are required to be used. This may include silt fences, wattles, hay bales, rip-rap, cleared trees, erosion control blanket, and other acceptable methods.









# **Temporary Stream Crossing (TSC)**



Photo courtesy of Steve Taylor, Auburn University Biosystems Engineering

# **Practice Description**

A temporary stream crossing is a short term road crossing constructed over a stream for use by construction traffic to prevent turbidity and streambed disturbance caused by traffic. A temporary stream crossing can be a low water crossing, a culvert crossing, or a bridge with or without embankment approaches. Temporary stream crossings are applicable on construction sites where traffic must cross streams during construction.

# **Typical Components of the Practice**

- Scheduling
- Site Preparation
- Installation and Removal Low Water Crossing
- Culvert Crossing
- Bridge
- Erosion Control
- Safety
- Construction Verification
- Maintenance

## Construction

Prior to start of construction, a temporary stream crossing should be designed by a qualified design professional. Plans and specifications should be referred to by field personnel throughout the construction process.

#### Scheduling

Attempt to construct temporary stream crossings during dry periods and relatively low flows to minimize stream disturbance. Use local weather forecasts to avoid installation during rain events that can potentially create turbidity.

#### Site Preparation

Ensure that all necessary materials are on the site before any work begins. If planned, construct a bypass channel, and dewater the construction site before undertaking other work. Refer to plans.

#### Installation and Removal Low Water Crossing

Excavate the foundation for the temporary crossing according to the design plan and in such a manner that the final finished surface is level with the stream bed.

Excavate roadways through the abutment approaches (bank) to the crossing according to the design plan.

Place the specified type of geotextile over the width and length of the crossing subgrade and anchor it in place as specified in the plans. Next, place riprap of the specified gradation to the required thickness across the channel. Finally, place a wearing course of gravel or crushed rock of the specified gradation to the required thickness over the riprap.

Remove gravel and excess rock riprap as soon as it is no longer needed. Restore original contours to the channel, leaving rock riprap level with the streambed.

#### **Culvert Crossing**

After diverting the stream flow (if planned), excavate the foundation for the culvert. Situate the culvert on a firm, even foundation and keep the culvert parallel to the direction of flow. See Figure TSC-1.



Figure TSC-1 Typical Temporary Culvert Stream Crossing

Place a 4" layer of moist, clayey, workable soil (not pervious material such as sand, gravel or silt) around the culvert. Compact by hand to at least the density of the embankment soil. (Do not raise the culvert from the foundation when compacting under the culvert haunches.) Continue with backfill of the pipe in 4" to 6" uncompacted layers scarifying the surface between each compacted layer. All backfill material within 2 foot of the pipe (beside the pipe and above the pipe) should be compacted with hand tampers only.

Extend the end of the culvert 2 feet beyond the toe of the fill slope. The outlet end of the culvert should be placed on a stable natural streambed. If this is not possible, install a riprap apron at least 5 feet wide and 10 feet long to a stable grade.

All backfill material within 2 foot of a culvert (beside the pipe and above the pipe) should be compacted with hand tampers only. Heavy equipment should not be allowed on top of the culvert until a minimum of 2 feet of hand compacted material is placed.

If an embankment is required, use fill from predetermined borrow areas. It should be clean, stable mineral soil free of roots, woody vegetation, rocks, and other debris. It must be wet enough when placed to form a ball without crumbling yet not so wet that water can be squeezed out. Compact the fill material in 6" to 8" continuous layers over the length of the embankment. One way is by routing construction equipment over the embankment so that each layer is traversed by at least one wheel of the equipment. Construct and compact the culvert-crossing embankment to 10% above the design height to allow for settling.

Remove culvert as soon as it is no longer needed and restore streambed to original contour.

#### Bridge

#### Excavation

If excavation is required, excavate roadways through the abutment approaches (bank) according to the design plan.

Construct the bridge or install a prefabricated structure according to the design plan. A cable should be tied to one corner of the bridge frame with the other end fastened to a secure object to prevent flood flows from carrying the bridge downstream.

#### Embankment

Use fill from predetermined borrow areas. It should be clean, stable mineral soil free of roots, woody vegetation, rocks, and other debris and must be wet enough to form a ball without crumbling yet not so wet that water can be squeezed out.

Compact the fill material in 6" to 8" continuous layers over the length of the embankment. One way is by routing construction equipment over the embankment so that each layer is traversed by at least one wheel of the equipment.

Construct and compact the temporary stream crossing embankment to 10% above the design height to allow for settling.

#### Erosion Control (all kinds of temporary stream crossings)

Minimize the size of all disturbed areas and vegetate as soon as each phase of construction is complete. Install riprap or establish vegetation on the slopes of the embankment of the temporary stream crossing. Rip-rap should be placed on the entrance slope of culvert systems according to the design plan.

Direct all overland flow at low velocity to the ditches along the approach roads.

#### Safety

Store all construction materials well away from the stream. Consider weather forecasts when determining risks of damage by flooding.

Equipment used to construct stream crossings should be free of leaks of fuel and hydraulic fluids to prevent contamination of surface waters. Operation of equipment in the stream should be minimized. At the completion of each workday, move all construction equipment away from the stream to prevent damage to equipment by flooding. Consider weather forecasts when determining risks of flooding.

#### The following precautions should be taken:

- Exercise caution on steep slopes.
- Fence area and post warning signs if trespassing is likely.
- All equipment used for practice installation should be free of leaks of gas, oil, and hydraulic fluid. Measures should be in place to prevent accidental spills from entering the stream.
- Equipment should not be operated within flowing water in the stream.

#### **Construction Verification**

Check finished grade and size of culvert. Check to see if culvert is free of obstructions.

### **Common Problems**

Consult with qualified design professional if any of the following occur:

- Variations in topography on site indicate crossing will not function as intended; changes in plan may be needed.
- Design specifications for fill or conduit cannot be met; substitution may be required. Unapproved substitutions could result in the crossing being washed out.

## Maintenance

Inspect the temporary stream crossing for damage to the structure or the vegetation after each storm event.

Repair any damages found during inspections.

Remove debris, trash and other materials that restrict flow from the culvert or bridge.









