

Indian Creek Embayment Wheeler Reservoir Intensive Basin Survey 2018 & 2021

WHEL-3: Indian Creek approx. 1 mi upstream of confluence with Tennessee River (Madison Co 34.58431/-86.72915)

BACKGROUND

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) began monitoring lake water quality statewide in 1985, followed by a second statewide survey in 1989. In 1990, the Reservoir Water Quality Monitoring Program [now known as the Rivers and Reservoirs Monitoring Program (RRMP)] was initiated by ADEM.

The current objectives of this program are to provide data that can be used to assess current water quality conditions, to identify trends in water quality conditions, and to develop Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) and water quality criteria. Descriptions of all RRMP monitoring activities are available in ADEM's 2017 Monitoring Strategy (ADEM 2017).

In 2018 and 2021, ADEM monitored the Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) tributary embayment as part of the intensive basin assessment of the Tennessee River under the RRMP (Figure 1). This site was selected using historical data and previous assessments. The purpose of this report is to summarize data collected in the Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) embayment (WHEL-3) during the 2018 and 2021 growing seasons (Apr-Oct). These are the fifth and sixth intensive basin assessments of the Tennessee River since ADEM began sampling on a basin rotation. Monthly and/or mean concentrations of nutrients [total nitrogen (TN); total phosphorus (TP)], algal biomass/productivity [chlorophyll *a* (chl *a*); algal growth potential testing (AGPT)], sediment [total suspended solids (TSS)], and trophic state [Carlson's trophic state index (TSI)] were compared to ADEM's historical data and established criteria.

WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed land uses are summarized in Table 1. Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) embayment is classified *Fish & Wildlife (F&W)* and located in the Eastern Highland Rim ecoregion (71g). Based on the 2021 National Land Cover Dataset, land use within the 189 mi² watershed is predominantly developed (49%) with some forest (20%) (Figure 3). As of February 13, 2024, ADEM has issued permits for a total of 285 NPDES outfalls within the watershed (Figure 2).



Figure 1. Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) at WHEL-3.

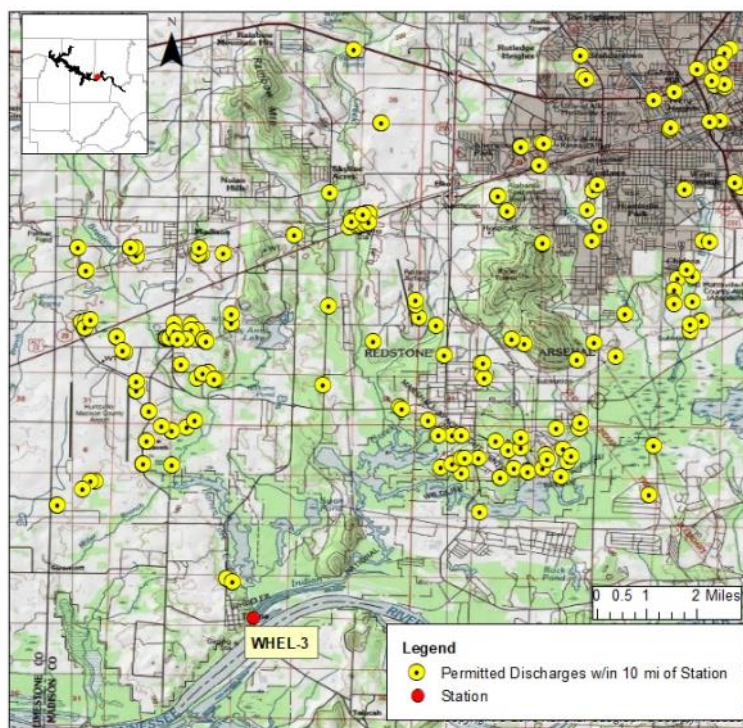


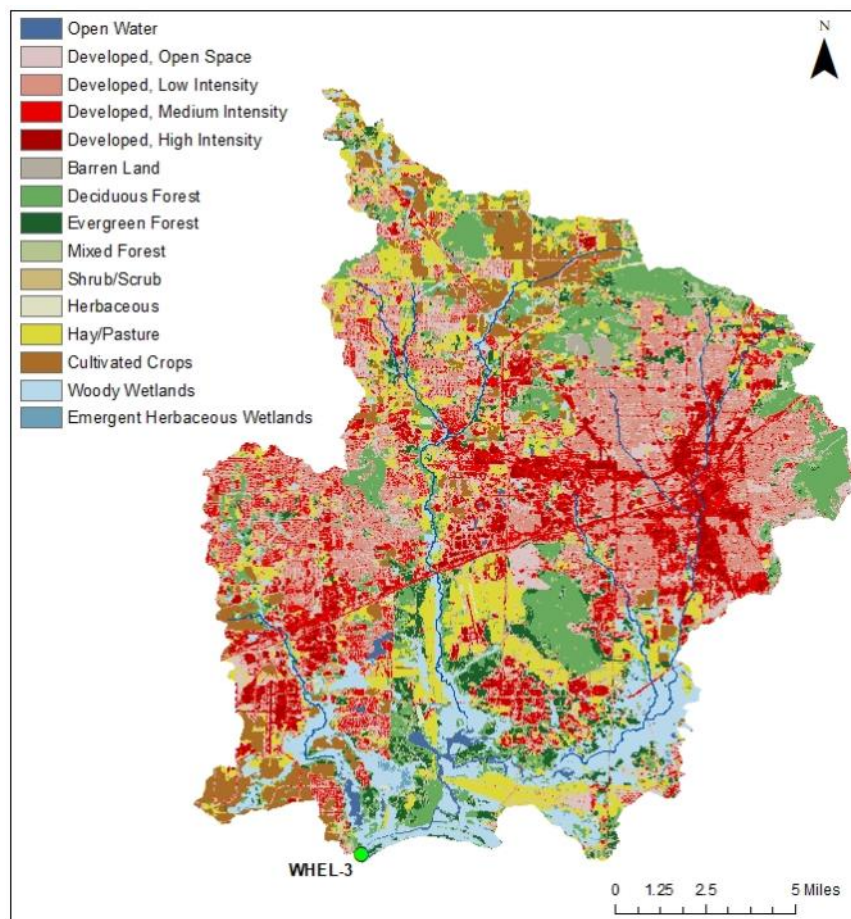
Figure 2. Map of the Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) embayment. Though additional discharges may occur in the watershed (Table 1), only permitted discharges within 10 miles of the station are displayed on the map.

Table 1. Summary of Watershed**WHEL-3**

Basin	Tennessee R	
Assessment Unit	AL06030002-0505-111	
Drainage Area (mi ²)	189	
Ecoregion ^a	71g	
% Landuse		
Open Water	1%	
Developed	Open Space	12%
	Low Intensity	20%
	Medium Intensity	12%
	High Intensity	5%
Barren Land	1%	
Forest	Deciduous Forest	12%
	Evergreen Forest	5%
	Mixed Forest	3%
Shrub/Scrub	<1%	
Herbaceous	1%	
Hay/Pasture	12%	
Cultivated Crops	6%	
Wetlands	Woody	9%
	Emergent Herb.	<1%
# NPDES outfalls ^b	TOTAL	285
Mining	13	
Industrial General	185	
Industrial Individual	69	
Municipal	7	
State Indirect Discharge	11	

a. Eastern Highland Rim

b. #NPDES outfalls downloaded from ADEM's NPDES Management System database, Feb 13, 2024.

**Figure 3.** Land use within the Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) watershed at WHEL-3.

SITE DESCRIPTION

The Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) embayment at WHEL-3 is located just south of Red Stone Arsenal near Huntsville, AL. Nearly the entire watershed is contained within the Huntsville city limits. It is a riverine embayment that flows into the Tennessee River near river mile 321. Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) had a mean bottom depth of 4.9m in 2018 and 5.0m in 2021 (Table 2) at the sampling location.

METHODS

Water quality samples were conducted at monthly intervals, April-October in 2018 and 2021. All samples were collected, preserved, stored, and transported according to procedures in the ADEM Field Operations Division Standard Operating Procedures (ADEM 2021), Surface Water Quality Assurance Project Plan (ADEM 2018a), and Quality Management Plan (ADEM 2018b).

Mean growing season TN, TP, chl *a*, and TSS were calculated to evaluate water quality conditions. Monthly concentrations of these parameters were graphed with discharge data, if available, and ADEM's previously collected data to help interpret the 2018 and 2021 results. Carlson's TSI was calculated from the corrected chl *a* concentrations (Carlson 1977).

RESULTS

The following discussion of results is limited to those parameters which directly affect trophic status or parameters which have established criteria. A summary of all water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 2. The axis ranges of the graphs in Figures 4-7 were set to maximum values reservoir-wide so that all embayment reports on the same reservoir could be compared.

Mean growing season TN values were relatively stable across all years sampled, though 2018 was the highest mean calculated overall (Figure 4). Monthly TN concentrations were highest in June in 2018 (Figure 5). In 2021, all monthly TN values were <1.0 mg/L.

Table 2. Summary of water quality data collected April-October, 2018 and 2021. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using minimum detection limits. Median (Med), Mean, and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value.

WHEL-3 2018	N	Min	Max	Med	Avg	SD
Physical						
Turbidity (NTU)	7	5.6	23.5	10.5	11.7	6.0
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	7	49.0	159.0	102.0	109.7	34.8
Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	7	5.0	23.0	9.0	10.1	6.2
Hardness (mg/L)	4	55.7	117.0	76.1	81.2	26.3
Alkalinity (mg/L)	7	53.4	135.0	91.1	91.1	27.4
Photic Zone (m)	7	1.87	4.01	2.29	2.49	0.71
Secchi (m)	7	0.59	1.33	0.82	0.94	0.29
Bottom Depth (m)	7	4.3	5.3	4.9	4.9	0.3
Chemical						
Ammonia Nitrogen (mg/L) ^J	7	< 0.007	0.122	0.024	0.038	0.042
Nitrate+Nitrite Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	0.021	0.534	0.176	0.224	0.166
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	0.226	1.920	0.597	0.729	0.558
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	1.206	5.823	0.858	0.953	0.528
Dis Reactive Phosphorus (mg/L) ^J	7	0.004	0.021	0.013	0.012	0.006
Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	7	0.033	0.048	0.043	0.041	0.005
CBOD-5 (mg/L) ^J	7	< 2.0	7.3	1.0	2.7	2.6
Chlorides (mg/L)	7	3.3	6.9	6.1	5.7	1.3
Biological						
Chlorophyll a (mg/m ³)	7	1.60	16.90	9.61	9.85	6.11
E. coli (MPN/DL) ^J	4	4	20	10	11	7
WHEL-3 2021	N	Min	Max	Med	Avg	SD
Physical						
Turbidity (NTU)	7	9.6	17.6	12.1	12.8	2.6
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L) ^J	7	106.0	186.0	139.0	141.1	24.8
Total Suspended Solids (mg/L) ^J	7	10.0	19.0	13.0	14.3	3.2
Hardness (mg/L)	4	85.8	124.0	107.0	106.0	15.6
Alkalinity (mg/L)	7	82.6	123.0	103.0	103.9	13.4
Photic Zone (m)	7	1.87	3.20	2.40	2.51	0.50
Secchi (m)	7	0.53	0.95	0.80	0.77	0.13
Bottom Depth (m)	7	4.4	5.4	5.0	5.0	0.3
Chemical						
Ammonia Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	< 0.016	0.046	0.023	0.021	0.006
Nitrate+Nitrite Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	0.054	0.764	0.305	0.333	0.243
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L) ^J	7	< 0.324	0.585	0.162	0.275	0.193
Total Nitrogen (mg/L) ^J	7	< 0.861	2.778	0.583	0.608	0.241
Dis Reactive Phosphorus (mg/L) ^J	7	< 0.004	0.008	0.005	0.005	0.002
Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	7	0.025	0.058	0.033	0.038	0.012
CBOD-5 (mg/L) ^J	7	< 2.0	3.3	1.0	1.8	1.0
Chlorides (mg/L)	7	3.6	5.7	5.0	4.8	0.8
Biological						
Chlorophyll a (mg/m ³)	7	8.01	39.40	27.20	26.30	10.21
E. coli (MPN/DL) ^J	4	6	47	16	21	19

J= one or more of the values is an estimate; N= # samples.

RESULTS (con't)

Mean growing season TP concentrations decreased 2009 to 2013 and have remained stable since then (Figure 4). In 2018, monthly TP values were <0.05 mg/L in all months sampled (Figure 5). In 2021, the highest monthly TP value was observed in June.

Mean growing season chl *a* concentrations increased 2013 to 2021, with the 2021 mean being the highest observed overall (Figure 4). In 2018, monthly chl *a* concentrations were highest in June (Figure 5). August was the highest monthly concentration recorded in 2021.

According to mean annual TSI, the productivity of the Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) embayment steadily increased from oligotrophic in 2013 to eutrophic in 2018 and 2021 (Figure 4). In 2018, monthly TSI calculations indicated eutrophic conditions in all months sampled except April and July (Figure 5). In 2021, the site was eutrophic throughout the growing season from April to October.

Mean growing season TSS concentrations decreased 2009 to 2013 and have remained stable since then, though the mean TSS for 2021 was slightly higher than the previous three sampling years (Figure 4). Monthly TSS concentrations were highest in October of 2018 and in September of 2021 (Figure 6).

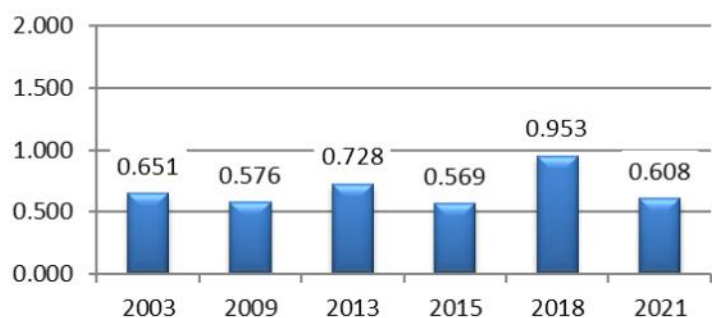
AGPT results show that Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) was phosphorus-limited in all years sampled (Table 3). The 2009 sample was below the maximum standing crop (MSC) value of 5.0 mg/L that Raschke and Schultz (1987) found protective of reservoir and lake systems. While the 2003 and 2013 samples were >5.0 mg/L, they were below 20.0 mg/L MSC, which Raschke and Schultz define as protective of flowing stream and river systems.

Dissolved oxygen (DO) concentrations at WHEL-3 were above the ADEM minimum criteria limit of 5.0 mg/L at 5.0 ft (1.5 m) in all months sampled during both 2018 and 2021 (ADEM Admin. Code R. 335-6-10-.09) (Figure 7).

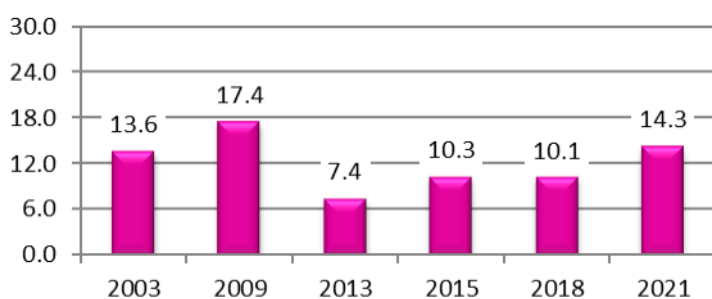
Table 3. Algal growth potential test results (expressed as mean maximum standing crop (MSC) dry weights of *Selenastrum capricornutum* in mg/L) and limiting nutrient status. MSC values below 5 mg/L are considered to be protective in reservoirs and lakes (Raschke and Schultz 1987).

Year	Mean MSC	Limiting Nutrient
2003	10.13	Phosphorus
2009	4.87	Phosphorus
2013	11.87	Phosphorus

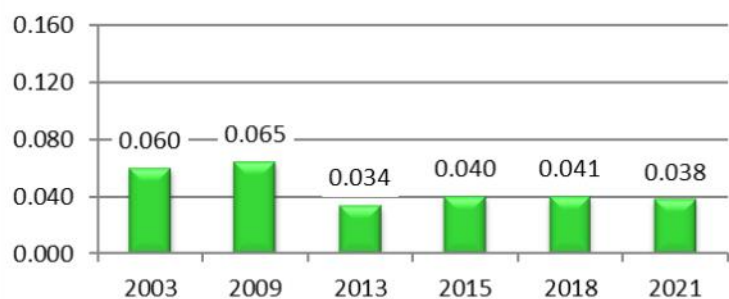
WHEL-3: Mean TN (mg/L)



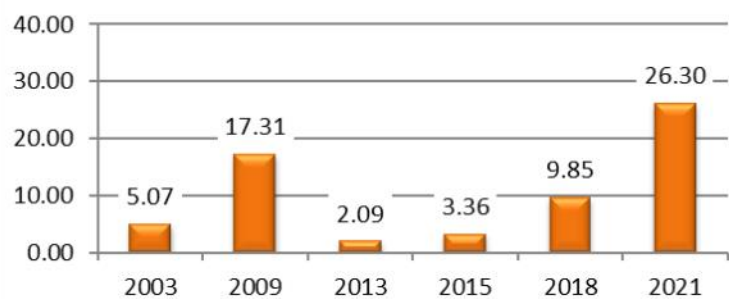
WHEL-3: Mean TSS (mg/L)



WHEL-3: Mean TP (mg/L)



WHEL-3: Mean Chl *a* (ug/L)



WHEL-3: Mean TSI

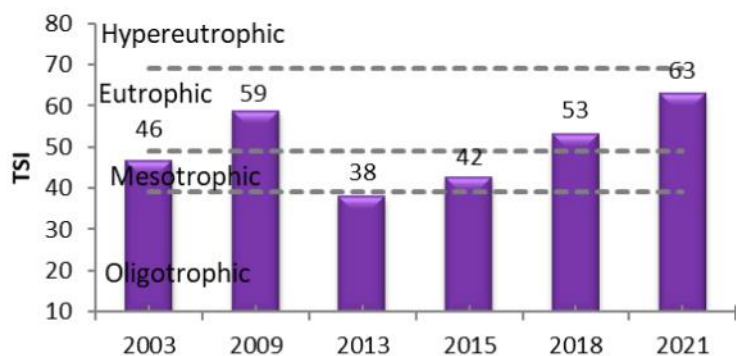


Figure 4. Mean growing season (2003-2021). TN, TP, chl *a*, and TSI measured in the Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) embayment (WHEL-3). Vertical axis ranges are set to maximum values reservoir-wide for comparability between embayment reports within the same reservoir.

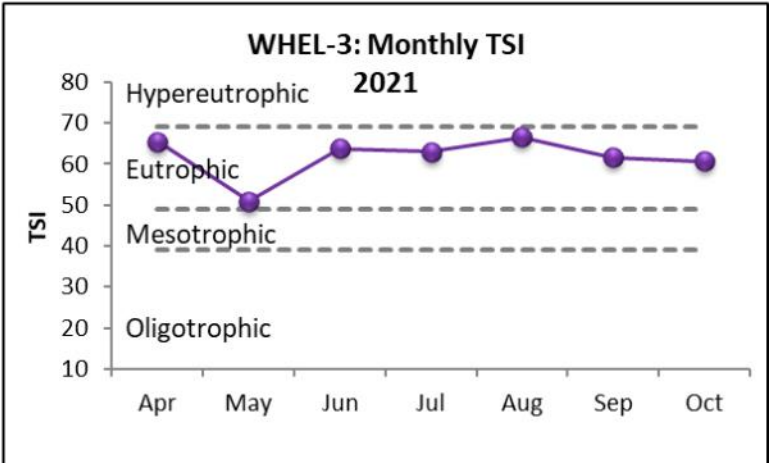
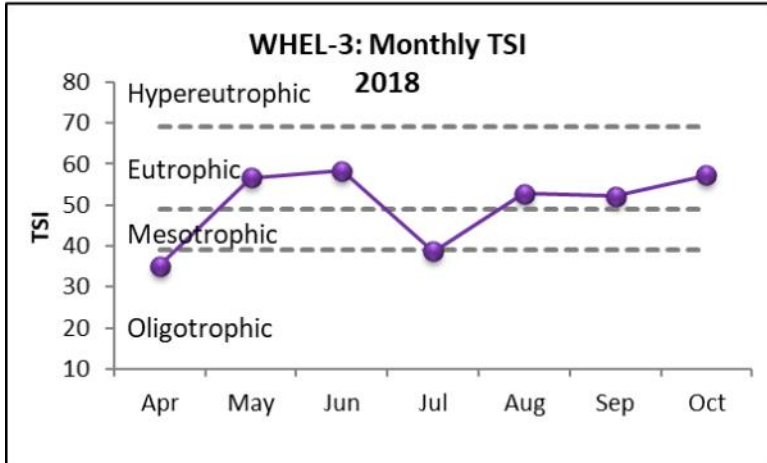
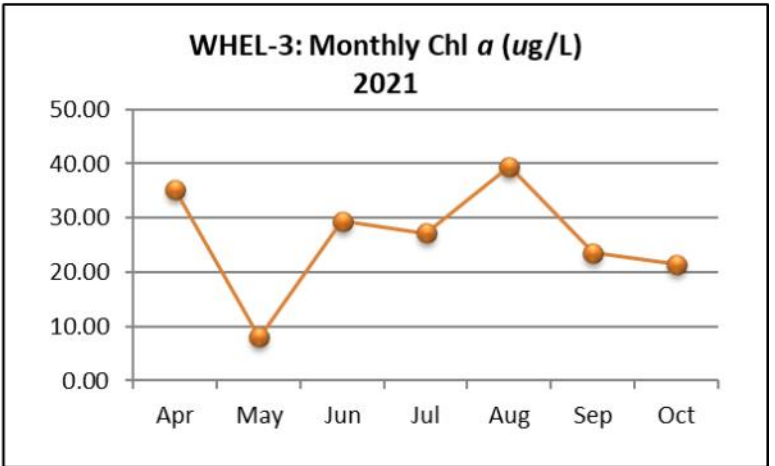
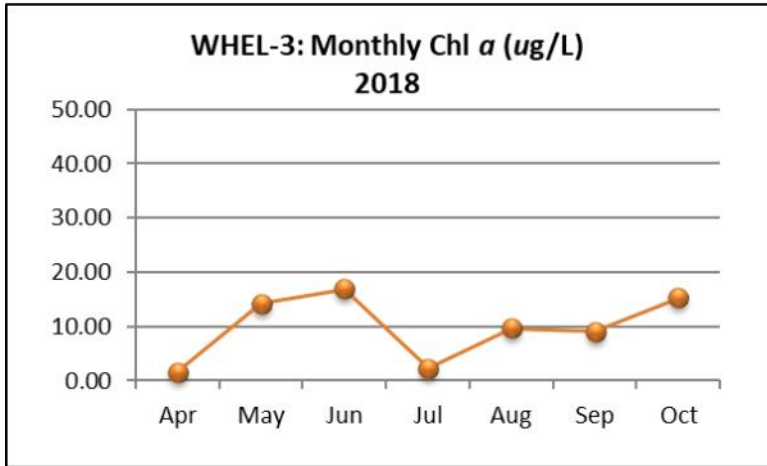
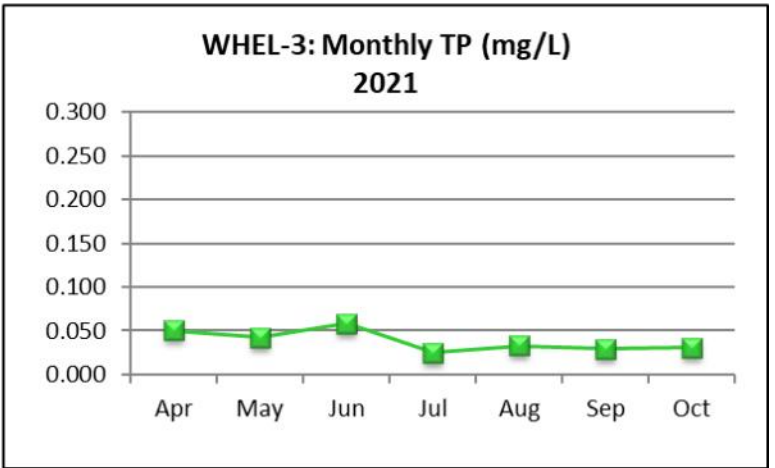
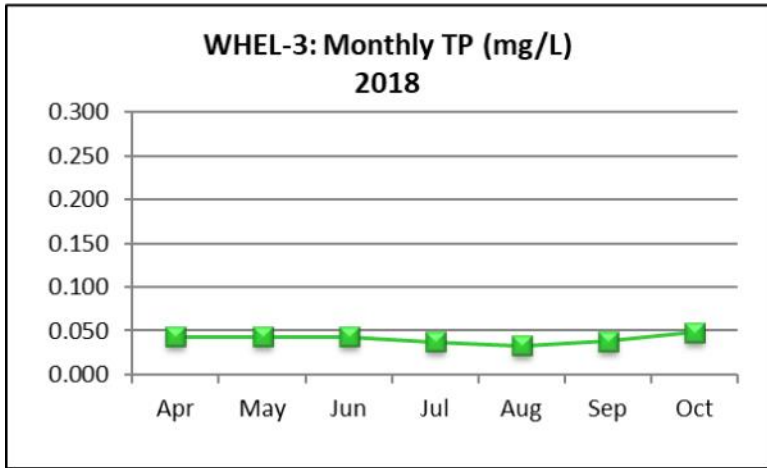
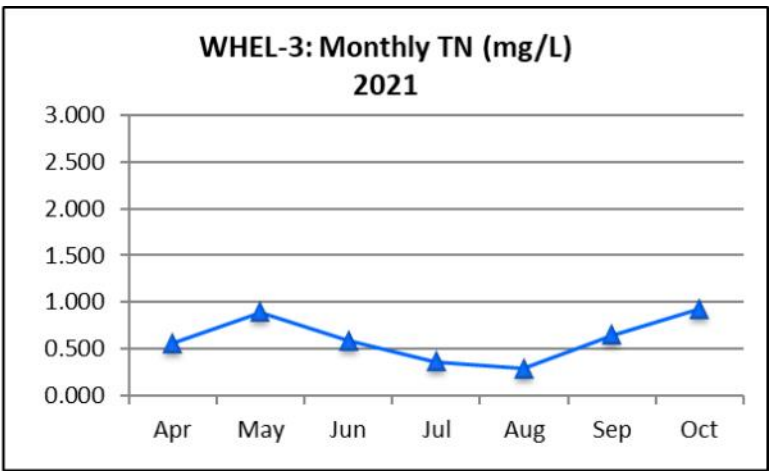
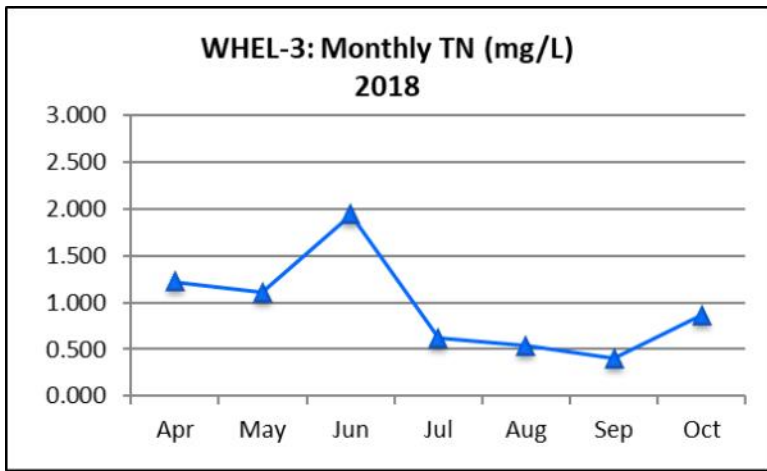


Figure 5. Monthly (April-October, 2018 & 2021) TN, TP, chl *a*, and TSI measured in the Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) embayment (WHEL-3). Vertical axis ranges are set to maximum values reservoir-wide for comparability between embayment reports within the same reservoir.

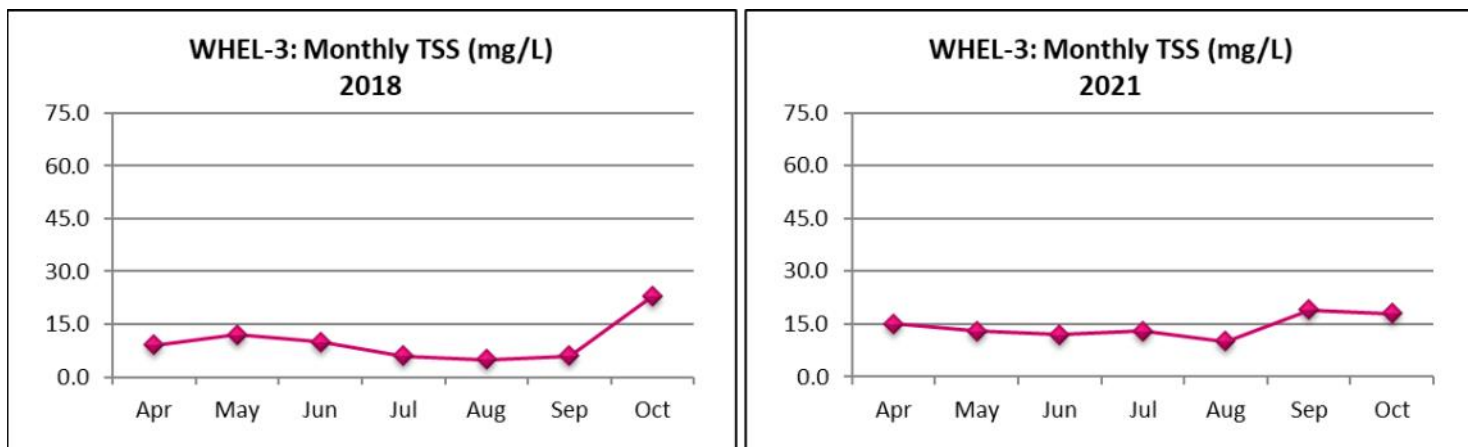


Figure 6. Monthly TSS measured in the Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) embayment (WHEL-3) in 2018 and 2021.

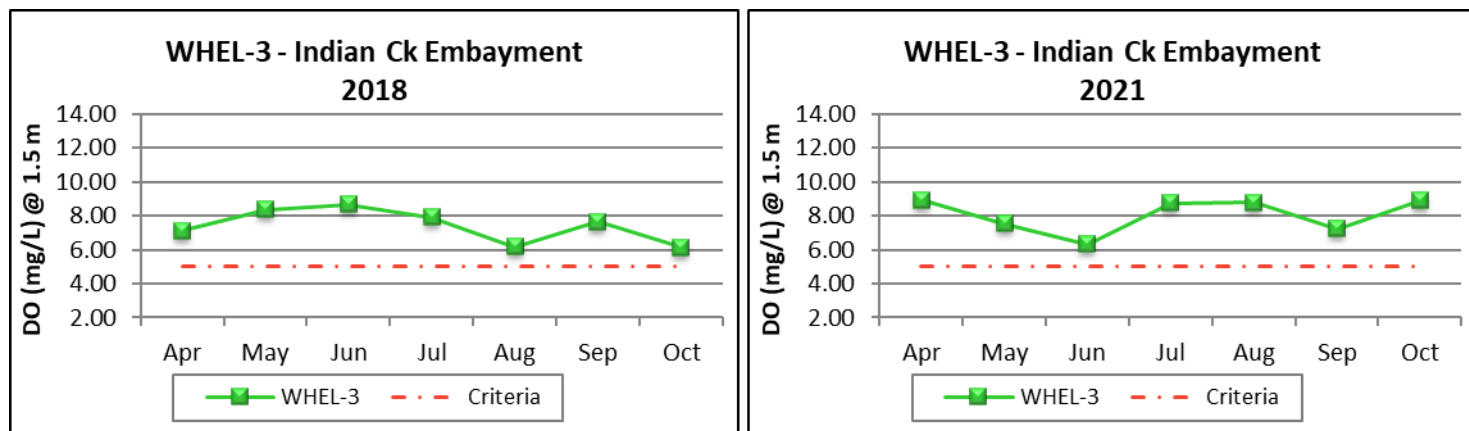


Figure 7. Monthly DO concentrations at 1.5 m (5 ft) for Indian Creek (Wheeler Lake) embayment (WHEL-3) collected April-October 2018 and 2021. ADEM Water Quality Criteria pertaining to reservoir waters require a minimum DO concentration of 5.0 mg/L at this depth.

REFERENCES

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