

Alabama Department of Environmental Management adem.alabama.gov

MARCH 30, 2021 Montgomery, Alabama 36130-1463

MARCH 30, 2021 FAX (334) 271-7700 FAX (334) 271-7950

MR DONALD WEAVER GENERAL MANAGER SHELL CHEMICAL LP (MOBILE SITE) 400 INDUSTRIAL PARKWAY EXTENSION SARALAND AL 36571

RE: REVISED DRAFT PERMIT NPDES PERMIT NUMBER AL0055859

Dear Mr. Weaver:

Transmitted herein is a revised draft of the referenced permit.

We would appreciate your comments on the permit within 30 days of the date of this letter. Please direct any comments of a technical or administrative nature to the undersigned.

By copy of this letter and the draft permit, we are also requesting comments within the same time frame from EPA.

Our records indicate that you are currently utilizing the Department's web-based electronic environmental (E2) reporting system for submittal of discharge monitoring reports (DMRs). Your E2 DMRs will automatically update on the effective date of this permit, if issued.

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management encourages you to voluntarily consider pollution prevention practices and alternatives at your facility. Pollution Prevention may assist you in complying with effluent limitations, and possibly reduce or eliminate monitoring requirements.

If you have questions regarding this permit or monitoring requirements, please contact Scott Ramsey by e-mail at sramsey@adem.alabama.gov or by phone at (334) 271-7838.

Scott Ramsey, Chief Industrial Section Industrial/Municipal Branch

Water Division

Sincere

Enclosure: Draft Permit

pc via website: Montgomery Field Office

EPA Region IV

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service AL Historical Commission

Advisory Council on Historic Preservation

Department of Conservation and Natural Resources





NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM PERMIT

PERMITTEE:	SHELL CHEMICAL LP (MOBILE SITE)
FACILITY LOCATION:	400 INDUSTRIAL PARKWAY EXTENSION SARALAND, AL 36571
PERMIT NUMBER:	AL0055859
RECEIVING WATERS:	DSN001 – DSN021: CHICKASAW CREEK
Pollution Control Act, as amended, Code o	visions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. §§1251-1388 (the "FWPCA"), the Alabama Water f Alabama 1975, §§ 22-22-1 to 22-22-14 (the "AWPCA"), the Alabama Environmental Management Act, as amended, Code of g, and rules and regulations adopted thereunder, and subject further to the terms and conditions set forth in this permit, the into the above-named receiving waters.
ISSUANCE DATE:	
EFFECTIVE DATE:	
EXPIRATION DATE:	

INDUSTRIAL SECTION NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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PART I DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS, CONDITIONS, AND REQUIREMENTS

A. DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting through the expiration date of this permit, the permittee is authorized to discharge from the following point source(s) outfall(s), described more fully in the permittee's application:

DSN0011: Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

<u></u>	DISCHARGE		MONITORING R					
EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC Oxygen, Dissolved (DO)	Monthly Average	<u>Daily</u> <u>Maximum</u> -	<u>Daily</u> <u>Minimum</u> 6.0 mg/l	Monthly Average	<u>Daily</u> <u>Maximum</u> -	Measurement Frequency 2/ Monthly	Sample Type Grab	<u>Seasonal</u> -
BOD, 5-Day (20 Deg. C)	143 lbs/day	241 lbs/day	-	30 mg/l	45 mg/l	Weekly	Composite	-
pH 3/	-	-	REPORT S.U.	-	REPORT S.U.	Continuous	Recorder	-
Solids, Total Suspended	224.5 lbs/day	350.9 lbs/day	-	-	-	Weekly	Composite	-
Oil & Grease	79.9 lbs/day	153.8 lbs/day	-	-	-	Weekly	Grab	-
Nitrogen, Ammonia Total (As N)	26.3 lbs/day	58.0 lbs/day	-	12 mg/l	18 mg/l	Weekly	Composite	-
Nitrogen, Kjeldahl Total (As N)	-	-	-	-	REPORT mg/l	Monthly	Composite	April - October
Nitrite Plus Nitrate Total 1 Det. (As N)	-	-	-	-	REPORT mg/l	Monthly	Composite	April - October

- 1/ Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.
- 3/ pH measurements other than from continuous monitoring, shall comply with a daily minimum of 6.0 and a daily max of 9.0 standard units. Where the pH of wastewater is measured continuously, the total time during which the pH values are outside the required range of 6.0 to 9.0 standard units shall not exceed 7 hours and 26 minutes in any calendar month and no individual excursion from the range of pH values shall exceed 30 minutes in duration.

DSN0011 (continued): Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

<u> </u>	DISCHARGE	<u>LIMITATIONS</u>				MONITORING R	EQUIREMENTS 1	<u>{</u>
EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC Phosphorus, Total (As P)	Monthly Average	<u>Daily</u> <u>Maximum</u> -	<u>Daily</u> <u>Minimum</u> -	Monthly Average -	<u>Daily</u> <u>Maximum</u> REPORT mg/l	Measurement Frequency 2/ Monthly	Sample Type Composite	<u>Seasonal</u> April - October
Flow, In Conduit or Thru Treatment Plant	REPORT MGD	REPORT MGD	-	-	-	Daily	Totalizer	-
pH range excursions, >30 minutes 4/	-	0 Occurrence/Mo nth	-	-	-	Continuous	Calculated	-
Phenolic Compounds, Total 3/	0.348 lbs/day	1.21 lbs/day	-	-	-	Monthly	Grab	-
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	1339.5 lbs/day	2607.6 lbs/day	-	-	-	Monthly	Composite	-
pH Range Excursions, Monthly Total Accum 4/	-	446 min	-	-	-	Continuous	Calculated	-

- 1/ Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.
- 3/ To be measured using 4AAP defined as 4-Aminoantipyrine.
- 4/ pH measurements other than from continuous monitoring, shall comply with a daily minimum of 6.0 and a daily max of 9.0 standard units. Where the pH of wastewater is measured continuously, the total time during which the pH values are outside the required range of 6.0 to 9.0 standard units shall not exceed 7 hours and 26 minutes in any calendar month and no individual excursion from the range of pH values shall exceed 30 minutes in duration.

DSN001Q: Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	DISCHARGE LI	<u>IMITATIONS</u>				MONITORING F	REQUIREMENTS 1/	
EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC Sulfide, Total (As S)	Monthly Average 1.37 lbs/day	Daily Maximum 1 3.02 lbs/day	<u>Daily</u> Minimum -	<u>Monthly</u> <u>Average</u> -	<u>Daily</u> <u>Maximum</u> -	Measurement Frequency 2/ Quarterly	Sample Type Grab	Seasonal -
Chromium, Hexavalent (As Cr)	0.048 lbs/day	0.096 lbs/day	-	-	-	Quarterly	Grab	-
Chromium, Total (As Cr)	0.44 lbs/day	1.24 lbs/day	-	-	-	Quarterly	Composite	-
Mercury, Total Recoverable 3/4/	0.00167 lbs/day	0.0361 lbs/day	<i>-</i>	_	-	Quarterly	Grab	-

- 1/ Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.
- 3/ Total Recoverable Mercury shall be analyzed using EPA method 1631E.
- 4/ For the purpose of determining compliance with this limitation, "Total" and "Total Recoverable" will be considered equivalent.

NPDES PERMIT NUMBER AL0055859 PART I Page 4 of 35

During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting through the expiration date of this permit, the permittee is authorized to discharge from the following point source(s) outfall(s), described more fully in the permittee's application:

DSN001S: Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	DISCHARGE		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS 1/					
	Monthly	<u>Daily</u>	<u>Daily</u>	Monthly	<u>Daily</u>	Measurement		
EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC	<u>Average</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	Frequency 2/	Sample Type	<u>Seasonal</u>
Toluene	-	-	-	-	REPORT ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-
Benzene	-	-	-	-	REPORT ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-
Ethylbenzene	-	-	-	-	REPORT ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-
Xylene	-	-	-	-	REPORT ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-

- 1/ Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.

DSN001T: Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws. 3/

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	DISCHARGE	LIMITATIONS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS 1/					
	<u>Monthly</u>	<u>Daily</u>	<u>Daily</u>	<u>Monthly</u>	<u>Daily</u>	Measurement		
EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC	Average	Maximum	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Average</u>	Maximum	Frequency 2/	Sample Type	Seasonal
P/F Statre 7 Day Chr Mysid. Bahia	-	-	-	-	0	Semi-Annually	24-Hr Composite	-
					pass(0)/fail(1)			
P/F Statre 7 Day Chr Cyprinodon	-	-	-	-	0	Semi-Annually	24-Hr Composite	-
,					pass(0)/fail(1)	•	•	

- 1/ Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.
- 3/ See Part IV.F. Effluent Toxicity Limitations and Biomonitoring Requirements.

DSN001Y: Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

_	DISCHARGE	LIMITATIONS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS 1/					
	Monthly	<u>Daily</u>	Daily	Monthly	<u>Daily</u>	Measurement		
EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC	Average	<u>Maximum</u>	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	Frequency 2/	Sample Type	<u>Seasonal</u>
Chloride (As Cl)	-	-	-	•	REPORT mg/l	Annually	Composite	-
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-P- Dioxin 3/	-	0.00000000354 lbs/day	-	-	REPORT ppq	Annually	Composite	-
Solids, Total Dissolved	-	-	-	-	REPORT mg/l	Annually	Composite	-

- 1/ Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.
- 3/ See Part IV.D. Dioxin Monitoring Requirements. Monitoring is to be conducted during a period when the catalytic reforming process is in use.

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During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting through the expiration date of this permit, the permittee is authorized to discharge from the following point source(s) outfall(s), described more fully in the permittee's application:

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

DSN0021: Fire pump non-contact cooling water.

EFFLUENT		DISC	<u>CHARGE LIN</u>	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS 1/				
CHARACTERISTIC	<u>Daily</u> Maximum	<u>Monthly</u> Average	<u>Daily</u> Minimum	<u>Daily</u> Maximum	<u>Monthly</u> Average	Measurement Frequency 2/	Sample Type	Seasonal

NO MONITORING REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED.

- 11 Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.

DSN005Q, 006Q, 007Q, 010Q, 012Q, 013Q, 015Q, 016Q: Storm water runoff associated with petroleum refining operations, including uncontaminated storm water from secondary containment areas and uncontaminated hydrostatic test waters. 3/5/6/7/8/

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	DISCHARGE Monthly	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS 1/						
EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC pH	Average	<u>Daily</u> <u>Maximum</u> -	<u>Daily</u> <u>Minimum</u> REPORT S.U.	Monthly Average	<u>Daily</u> <u>Maximum</u> REPORT S.U.	Measurement Frequency 2/ Quarterly	Sample Type Grab	Seasonal -
Oil & Grease		-	-		15 mg/l	Quarterly	Grab	
Carbon, Tot Organic (TOC)		-	-		110 mg/l	Quarterly	Grab	-
Flow, In Conduit or Thru Treatment Plant	-	REPORT MGD			121	Quarterly	Estimate 4/	-

- 1/ Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.
- 3/ The permittee shall not discharge chemical or non- chemical tank cleaning wastewaters, tank bottoms, water draws, or tank bottom sludge to dike areas or other permeable impoundments.
- 4/ See Part IV.B. Stormwater Flow Measurement and Sampling Requirements for storm water flow measurement requirements.
- 5/ During the first quarter inch of rainfall, storm water from process areas shall be collected and routed to DSN001 for treatment. Storm water from process areas received in excess of a quarter-inch rain may be discharged under the requirements listed above.
- 6/ Monitoring requirements apply to DSN015.
- 7/ See Part IV.I. Requirements for Management of Bulk Petroleum Secondary Containment Areas and Associated Drainage of Uncontaminated Stormwater for additional requirements.
- 8/ See Part IV.A. Best Management Practices Plan Requirements.

DSN005S, 006S, 007S, 010S, 012S, 013S, 016S: Storm water runoff associated with petroleum refining operations, including uncontaminated storm water from secondary containment areas and uncontaminated hydrostatic test waters. 3/4/5/6/7/

Į	DISCHARGE Monthly	<u>Daily</u>	MONITORING J Measurement	NG REQUIREMENTS 1/				
EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC Toluene	Average	<u>Daily</u> <u>Maximum</u> -	<u>Daily</u> <u>Minimum</u> -	Monthly Average	Maximum 8723 ug/l	Frequency 2/ Semi-Annually	<u>Sample Type</u> Grab	<u>Seasonal</u> -
Benzene	-	•	-	•	15.5 ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-
Ethylbenzene	-	-	-	-	1244 ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-
Semiannual Certification Statement 8/9/	-	-	-	-	REPORT Yes=0; No=1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	-
Xylene	-	-	-	-	REPORT ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-

- 1/ Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.
- 3/ The permittee shall not discharge chemical or non- chemical tank cleaning wastewaters, tank bottoms, water draws, or tank bottom sludge to dike areas or other permeable impoundments.
- 4/ During the first quarter inch of rainfall, storm water from process areas shall be collected and routed to DSN001 for treatment. Storm water from process areas received in excess of a quarter-inch rain may be discharged under the requirements listed above.
- 5/ See Part IV.A. Best Management Practices Plan Requirements.
- 6/ Monitoring requirements apply to DSN015.
- 7/ See Part IV.I. Requirements for Management of Bulk Petroleum Secondary Containment Areas and Associated Drainage of Uncontaminated Stormwater for additional requirements.
- 8/ The Permittee shall submit Semiannual Certification by July 28th and January 28th that all discharges during the preceding six month period from bulk petroleum secondary containment areas were in accordance with the conditions of the permit. The semiannual certification eDMR is now required to be submitted electronically instead of a separate statement.
- 9/ Reporting "0" for the semiannual certification statement certifies that all discharges associated with outfalls DSN005, DSN006, DSN007, DSN010, DSN013, DSN013 and DSN016 met all permit requirements.

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

DSN003S, 004S, 008S, 009S, 011S, 014S, 017S, 018S; Uncontaminated storm water from secondary containment areas and uncontaminated hydrostatic test waters, 3/5/6/7/

EFFLUENT			CHARGE LIN	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS 1/				
CHARACTERISTIC	<u>Daily</u> Maximum	Monthly Average	<u>Daily</u> Minimum	<u>Daily</u> Maximum	Monthly Average	Measurement Frequency 2/	Sample Type	Seasonal
pН	•	-	REPORT S.U.	REPORT S.U.	-	Semi-annual	Grab	-
Oil & Grease	-	-	-	15 mg/l	-	Semi-annual	Grab	-
Carbon, Total Organic (TOC)	-	-	-	110 mg/l	-	Semi-annual	Grab	-
Flow, In Conduit or Thru Treatment Plant	REPORT MGD		-	-	-	Semi-annual	Estimate 4/	-
Toluene	-	-	-	-	8723 ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-
Benzene	-	-	-	-	15.5 ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-
Ethylbenzene	-	-	-	-	1244 ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-
Xylene	-	-	-	•	REPORT ug/l	Semi-Annually	Grab	-

- 1/ Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.
- 3/ The permittee shall not discharge chemical or non- chemical tank cleaning wastewaters, tank bottoms, water draws, or tank bottom sludge to dike areas or other permeable impoundments.
- 4/ See Part IV.B. Stormwater Flow Measurement and Sampling Requirements.
- 5/ See Part IV.A. Best Management Practices Plan Requirements.
- 6/ Monitoring requirements apply to DSN004 only.
- 7/ See Part IV.I. Requirements for Management of Bulk Petroleum Secondary Containment Areas and Associated Drainage of Uncontaminated Stormwater for additional requirements.

DSN003S (coutinued): DSN003S, 004S, 008S, 009S, 011S, 014S, 017S, 018S: Uncontaminated storm water from secondary containment areas and uncontaminated hydrostatic test waters. 3/4/5

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	<u>DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS</u>				MONITORING REQUIREMENTS 1/				
	Monthly	<u>Daily</u>	Daily	<u>Monthly</u>	<u>Daily</u>	Measurement			
EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC	<u>Average</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	Frequency 2/	Sample Type	<u>Seasonal</u>	
Semiannual Certification Statement 6/7/	/ -	•	-	-	REPORT	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	-	
					Yes=0: No=1				

- 1/ Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.
- 2/ If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.
- 3/ See Part IV.A for Best Management Practices (BMP) Plan Requirements.
- 4/ See Part IV.B for Stormwater Measurement and Sampling Requirements.
- 5/ See Part IV.I. Requirements for Management of Bulk Petroleum Secondary Containment Areas and Associated Drainage of Uncontaminated Stormwater for additional requirements.
- 6/ The Permittee shall submit Semiannual Certification by July 28th and January 28th that all discharges during the preceding six month period from bulk petroleum secondary containment areas were in accordance with the conditions of the permit. The semiannual certification eDMR is now required to be submitted electronically instead of a separate statement.
- 7/ Reporting "0" for the semiannual certification statement certifies that all discharges associated with outfalls DSN003, DSN004, DSN009, DSN0011, DSN014, DSN017 and DSN018 met all permit requirements.

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During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting through the expiration date of this permit, the permittee is authorized to discharge from the following point source(s) outfall(s), described more fully in the permittee's application:

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

DSN019S, 020S, 021S: Storm water runoff from non-process areas including employee parking lots, administrative buildings, warehouse and access roads.

EFFLUENT		<u>DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS</u>					MONITORING REQUIREMENTS 1/		
CHARACTERISTIC	<u>Daily</u>	Monthly	<u>Daily</u>	Daily	Monthly	Measurement	Sample Type	Seasonal	
CHARACTERISTIC	Maximum	Average	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Frequency 2/	Sumple 145c	Seasonar	

No Monitoring Requirements Imposed.

^{1/} Samples collected to comply with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be collected at the following location: At the nearest accessible location just prior to discharge and after final treatment. Unless otherwise specified, composite samples shall be time composite samples collected using automatic sampling equipment or a minimum of eight (8) equal volume grab samples collected over equal time intervals. All composite samples shall be collected for the total period of discharge not to exceed 24 hours.

^{2/} If only one sampling event occurs during a month, the sample result shall be reported on the discharge monitoring report as both the monthly average and daily maximum value for all parameters with a monthly average limitation.

B. DISCHARGE MONITORING AND RECORD KEEPING REQUIREMENTS

1. Representative Sampling

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge and shall be in accordance with the provisions of this permit.

2. Test Procedures

For the purpose of reporting and compliance, permittees shall use one of the following procedures:

- a. For parameters with an EPA established Minimum Level (ML), report the measured value if the analytical result is at or above the ML and report "0" for values below the ML. Test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall conform to 40 CFR Part 136 and guidelines published pursuant to Section 304(h) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. Section 1314(h). If more than one method for analysis of a substance is approved for use, a method having a minimum level lower than the permit limit shall be used. If the minimum level of all methods is higher than the permit limit, the method having the lowest minimum level shall be used and a report of less than the minimum level shall be reported as zero and will constitute compliance; however, should EPA approve a method with a lower minimum level during the term of this permit the permittee shall use the newly approved method.
- b. For pollutants parameters without an established ML, an interim ML may be utilized. The interim ML shall be calculated as 3.18 times the Method Detection Level (MDL) calculated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 136, Appendix B.

Permittees may develop an effluent matrix-specific ML, where an effluent matrix prevents attainment of the established ML. However, a matrix specific ML shall be based upon proper laboratory method and technique. Matrix-specific MLs must be approved by the Department, and may be developed by the permittee during permit issuance, reissuance, modification, or during compliance schedule.

In either case the measured value should be reported if the analytical result is at or above the ML and "0" reported for values below the ML.

c. For parameters without an EPA established ML, interim ML, or matrix-specific ML, a report of less than the detection limit shall constitute compliance if the detection limit of all analytical methods is higher than the permit limit using the most sensitive EPA approved method. For the purpose of calculating a monthly average, "0" shall be used for values reported less than the detection limit.

The Minimum Level utilized for procedures A and B above shall be reported on the permittee's DMR. When an EPA approved test procedure for analysis of a pollutant does not exist, the Director shall approve the procedure to be used.

3. Recording of Results

For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the permittee shall record the following information:

- a. The facility name and location, point source number, date, time and exact place of sampling;
- b. The name(s) of person(s) who obtained the samples or measurements;
- c. The dates and times the analyses were performed;
- d. The name(s) of the person(s) who performed the analyses;
- e. The analytical techniques or methods used, including source of method and method number; and
- f. The results of all required analyses.

4. Records Retention and Production

The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the above reports or the application for this permit, for a period of at least three years from the date of the sample measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Director at any time. If litigation or other enforcement action, under the AWPCA and/or the FWPCA, is ongoing which involves any of the above records, the records shall be kept until the litigation is resolved. Upon the written request of the Director or his designee, the permittee shall provide the Director with a copy of any record required to be retained by this paragraph. Copies of these records shall not be submitted unless requested.

All records required to be kept for a period of three years shall be kept at the permitted facility or an alternate location approved by the Department in writing and shall be available for inspection.

5. Monitoring Equipment and Instrumentation

All equipment and instrumentation used to determine compliance with the requirements of this permit shall be installed, maintained, and calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions or, in the absence of manufacturer's instructions, in accordance with accepted practices. The permittee shall develop and maintain quality assurance procedures to ensure proper operation and maintenance of all equipment and instrumentation. The quality assurance procedures shall include the proper use, maintenance, and installation, when appropriate, of monitoring equipment at the plant site.

C. DISCHARGE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Reporting of Monitoring Requirements
 - a. The permittee shall conduct the required monitoring in accordance with the following schedule:

MONITORING REQUIRED MORE FREQUENTLY THAN MONTHLY AND MONTHLY shall be conducted during the first full month following the effective date of coverage under this permit and every month thereafter.

QUARTERLY MONITORING shall be conducted at least once during each calendar quarter. Calendar quarters are the periods of January through March, April through June, July through September, and October through December. The permittee shall conduct the quarterly monitoring during the first complete calendar quarter following the effective date of this permit and is then required to monitor once during each quarter thereafter. Quarterly monitoring may be done anytime during the quarter, unless restricted elsewhere in this permit, but it should be submitted with the last DMR due for the quarter, i.e., (March, June, September and December DMR's).

SEMIANNUAL MONITORING shall be conducted at least once during the period of January through June and at least once during the period of July through December. The permittee shall conduct the semiannual monitoring during the first complete calendar semiannual period following the effective date of this permit and is then required to monitor once during each semiannual period thereafter. Semiannual monitoring may be done anytime during the semiannual period, unless restricted elsewhere in this permit, but it should be submitted with the last DMR for the month of the semiannual period, i.e. (June and December DMR's).

ANNUAL MONITORING shall be conducted at least once during the period of January through December. The permittee shall conduct the annual monitoring during the first complete calendar annual period following the effective date of this permit and is then required to monitor once during each annual period thereafter. Annual monitoring may be done anytime during the year, unless restricted elsewhere in this permit, but it should be submitted with the December DMR.

b. The permittee shall submit discharge monitoring reports (DMRs) on the forms provided by the Department and in accordance with the following schedule:

REPORTS OF MORE FREQUENTLY THAN MONTHLY AND MONTHLY TESTING shall be submitted on a monthly basis. The first report is due on the 28th day of (MONTH, YEAR). The reports shall be submitted so that they are received by the Department no later than the 28th day of the month following the reporting period.

REPORTS OF QUARTERLY TESTING shall be submitted on a quarterly basis. The first report is due on the 28th day of [Month, Year]. The reports shall be submitted so that they are received by the Department no later than the 28th day of the month following the reporting period.

REPORTS OF SEMIANNUAL TESTING shall be submitted on a semiannual basis. The reports are due on the 28th day of JANUARY and the 28th day of JULY. The reports shall be submitted so that they are received by the Department no later than the 28th day of the month following the reporting period.

REPORTS OF ANNUAL TESTING shall be submitted on an annual basis. The first report is due on the 28th day of JANUARY. The reports shall be submitted so that they are received by the Department no later than the 28th day of the month following the reporting period.

- c. Except as allowed by Provision I.C.1.c.(1) or (2), the permittee shall submit all Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) required by Provision I.C.1.b by utilizing the Department's web-based Electronic Environmental (E2) Reporting System.
 - (1) If the permittee is unable to complete the electronic submittal of DMR data due to technical problems originating with the Department's E2 Reporting system (this could include entry/submittal issues with an entire set of DMRs or individual parameters), the permittee is not relieved of their obligation to submit DMR data to the Department by the date specified in Provision I.C.1.b, unless otherwise directed by the Department.

If the E2 Reporting System is down on the 28th day of the month in which the DMR is due or is down for an extended period of time, as determined by the Department, when a DMR is required to be submitted, the permittee may submit the data in an alternate manner and format acceptable to the Department. Preapproved alternate acceptable methods include faxing, e-mailing, mailing, or hand-delivery of data such that they are received by the required reporting date. Within 5 calendar days of the E2 Reporting System resuming operation, the permittee shall enter the data into the E2 Reporting System, unless an alternate timeframe is approved by the Department. An attachment should be included with the E2 DMR submittal verifying the original submittal date (date of the fax, copy of the dated e-mail, or hand-delivery stamped date), if applicable.

- (2) The permittee may submit a request to the Department for a temporary electronic reporting waiver for DMR submittals. The waiver request should include the permit number; permittee name; facility/site name; facility address; name, address, and contact information for the responsible official or duly authorized representative; a detailed statement regarding the basis for requesting such a waiver; and the duration for which the waiver is requested. Approved electronic reporting waivers are not transferrable.
 - Permittees with an approved electronic reporting waiver for DMRs may submit hard copy DMRs for the period that the approved electronic reporting waiver request is effective. The permittee shall submit the Department-approved DMR forms to the address listed in Provision I.C.1.e.
- (3) If a permittee is allowed to submit a hard copy DMR, the DMR must be legible and bear an original signature. Photo and electronic copies of the signature are not acceptable and shall not satisfy the reporting requirements of this permit.
- (4) If the permittee, using approved analytical methods as specified in Provision I.B.2, monitors any discharge from a point source for a limited substance identified in Provision I.A. of this permit more frequently than required by this permit, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of values on the DMR and the increased frequency shall be indicated on the DMR.
- (5) In the event no discharge from a point source identified in Provision I.A. of this permit and described more fully in the permittee's application occurs during a monitoring period, the permittee shall report "No Discharge" for such period on the appropriate DMR.
- d. All reports and forms required to be submitted by this permit, the AWPCA and the Department's Rules, shall be electronically signed (or, if allowed by the Department, traditionally signed) by a "responsible official" of the permittee as defined in ADEM Administrative Code Rule 335-6-5-.14 or a "duly authorized representative" of such official as defined in ADEM Administrative Code Rule 335-6-5-.14 and shall bear the following certification:
 - "I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."
- e. Discharge Monitoring Reports required by this permit, the AWPCA, and the Department's Rules that are being submitted in hard copy shall be addressed to:

Alabama Department of Environmental Management
Permits and Services Division
Environmental Data Section
Post Office Box 301463
Montgomery, Alabama 36130-1463

Certified and Registered Mail containing Discharge Monitoring Reports shall be addressed to:

Alabama Department of Environmental Management
Permits and Services Division
Environmental Data Section
1400 Coliseum Boulevard
Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2400

f. All other correspondence and reports required to be submitted by this permit, the AWPCA, and the Department's Rules shall be addressed to:

Water Division Post Office Box 301463 Montgomery, Alabama 36130-1463

Certified and Registered Mail shall be addressed to:

Alabama Department of Environmental Management Water Division 1400 Coliseum Boulevard Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2400

g. If this permit is a re-issuance, then the permittee shall continue to submit DMRs in accordance with the requirements of their previous permit until such time as DMRs are due as discussed in Part I.C.1.b above.

2. Noncompliance Notification

a. 24-Hour Noncompliance Reporting

The permittee shall report to the Director, within 24-hours of becoming aware of the noncompliance, any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. This shall include but is not limited to the following circumstances:

- (1) does not comply with any daily minimum or maximum discharge limitation for an effluent characteristic specified in Provision I. A. of this permit which is denoted by an "(X)";
- (2) threatens human health or welfare, fish or aquatic life, or water quality standards;
- (3) does not comply with an applicable toxic pollutant effluent standard or prohibition established under Section 307(a) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. Section 1317(a);
- (4) contains a quantity of a hazardous substance which has been determined may be harmful to public health or welfare under Section 311(b)(4) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. Section 1321(b)(4);
- (5) exceeds any discharge limitation for an effluent characteristic as a result of an unanticipated bypass or upset; and
- (6) is an unpermitted direct or indirect discharge of a pollutant to a water of the state (unpermitted discharges properly reported to the Department under any other requirement are not required to be reported under this provision).

The permittee shall orally report the occurrence and circumstances of such discharge to the Director within 24-hours after the permittee becomes aware of the occurrence of such discharge. In addition to the oral report, the permittee shall submit to the Director or Designee a written report as provided in Part I.C.2.c no later than five (5) days after becoming aware of the occurrence of such discharge.

- b. If for any reason, the permittee's discharge does not comply with any limitation of this permit, the permittee shall submit to the Director or Designee a written report as provided in Part I.C.2.c below, such report shall be submitted with the next Discharge Monitoring Report required to be submitted by Part I.C.1 of this permit after becoming aware of the occurrence of such noncompliance.
- c. Any written report required to be submitted to the Director or Designee by Part I.C.2 a. or b. shall be submitted using a Noncompliance Notification Form (ADEM Form 421) available on the Department's website (http://adem.alabama.gov/DeptForms/Form421.pdf) and include the following information:
 - (1) A description of the discharge and cause of noncompliance;
 - (2) The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue; and
 - (3) A description of the steps taken and/or being taken to reduce or eliminate the noncomplying discharge and to prevent its recurrence.

D. OTHER REPORTING AND NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

1. Anticipated Noncompliance

The permittee shall give the Director written advance notice of any planned changes or other circumstances regarding a facility which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

Termination of Discharge

The permittee shall notify the Director, in writing, when all discharges from any point source(s) identified in Provision I. A. of this permit have permanently ceased. This notification shall serve as sufficient cause for instituting procedures for modification or termination of the permit.

3. Updating Information

- a. The permittee shall inform the Director of any change in the permittee's mailing address, telephone number or in the permittee's designation of a facility contact or office having the authority and responsibility to prevent and abate violations of the AWPCA, the Department's Rules, and the terms and conditions of this permit, in writing, no later than ten (10) days after such change. Upon request of the Director or his designee, the permittee shall furnish the Director with an update of any information provided in the permit application.
- b. If the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information with a written explanation for the mistake and/or omission.

4. Duty to Provide Information

The permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information which the Director or his designee may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and re-issuing, suspending, or terminating this permit, in whole or in part, or to determine compliance with this permit.

Cooling Water and Boiler Water Additives

- a. The permittee shall notify the Director in writing not later than thirty (30) days prior to instituting the use of any biocide corrosion inhibitor or chemical additive in a cooling or boiler system, not identified in the application for this permit, from which discharge is allowed by this permit. Notification is not required for additives that do not contain a heavy metal(s) as an active ingredient and that pass through a wastewater treatment system prior to discharge nor is notification required for additives that should not reasonably be expected to cause the cooling water or boiler water to exhibit toxicity as determined by analysis of manufacturer's data or testing by the permittee. Such notification shall include:
 - name and general composition of biocide or chemical;
 - 96-hour median tolerance limit data for organisms representative of the biota of the waterway into which the discharge will ultimately reach;
 - (2) quantities to be used;
 - (3) frequencies of use;
 - (4) proposed discharge concentrations; and
 - (6) EPA registration number, if applicable.
- b. The use of a biocide or additive containing tributyl tin, tributyl tin oxide, zinc, chromium or related compounds in cooling or boiler system(s), from which a discharge regulated by this permit occurs, is prohibited except as exempted below. The use of a biocide or additive containing zinc, chromium or related compounds may be used in special circumstances if (1) the permit contains limits for these substances, or (2) the applicant demonstrates during the application process that the use of zinc, chromium or related compounds as a biocide or additive will not pose a reasonable potential to violate the applicable State water quality standards for these substances. The use of any additive, not identified in this permit or in the application for this permit or not exempted from notification under this permit is prohibited, prior to a determination by the Department that permit modification to control discharge of the additive is not required or prior to issuance of a permit modification controlling discharge of the additive.

Permit Issued Based On Estimated Characteristics

- a. If this permit was issued based on estimates of the characteristics of a process discharge reported on an EPA NPDES Application Form 2D (EPA Form 3510-2D), the permittee shall complete and submit an EPA NPDES Application Form 2C (EPA Form 3510-2C) no later than two years after the date that discharge begins. Sampling required for completion of the Form 2C shall occur when a discharge(s) from the process(s) causing the new or increased discharge is occurring. If this permit was issued based on estimates concerning the composition of a stormwater discharge(s), the permittee shall perform the sampling required by EPA NPDES Application Form 2F (EPA Form 3510-2F) no later than one year after the industrial activity generating the stormwater discharge has been fully initiated.
- b. This permit shall be reopened if required to address any new information resulting from the completion and submittal of the Form 2C and or 2F.

E. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

1. The permittee shall achieve compliance with the discharge limitations specified in Provision I. A. in accordance with the following schedule:

COMPLIANCE SHALL BE ATTAINED ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PERMIT

No later than 14 calendar days following a date identified in the above schedule of compliance, the permittee shall submit either a report of progress or, in the case of specific actions being required by identified dates, a written notice of compliance or noncompliance. In the latter case, the notice shall include the cause of noncompliance, any remedial actions taken, and the probability of meeting the next scheduled requirement.

PART II OTHER REQUIREMENTS, RESPONSIBILITIES, AND DUTIES

A. OPERATIONAL AND MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

1. Facilities Operation and Maintenance

The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

2. Best Management Practices

- a. Dilution water shall not be added to achieve compliance with discharge limitations except when the Director or his designee has granted prior written authorization for dilution to meet water quality requirements.
- b. The permittee shall prepare, implement, and maintain a Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) Plan in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Section 112 if required thereby.
- c. The permittee shall prepare, submit for approval and implement a Best Management Practices (BMP) Plan for containment of any or all process liquids or solids, in a manner such that these materials do not present a significant potential for discharge, if so required by the Director or his designee. When submitted and approved, the BMP Plan shall become a part of this permit and all requirements of the BMP Plan shall become requirements of this permit.

3. Spill Prevention, Control, and Management

The permittee shall provide spill prevention, control, and/or management sufficient to prevent any spills of pollutants from entering a water of the state or a publicly or privately owned treatment works. Any containment system used to implement this requirement shall be constructed of materials compatible with the substance(s) contained and which shall prevent the contamination of groundwater and such containment system shall be capable of retaining a volume equal to 110 percent of the capacity of the largest tank for which containment is provided.

B. OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

Duty to Mitigate Adverse Impacts

The permittee shall promptly take all reasonable steps to mitigate and minimize or prevent any adverse impact on human health or the environment resulting from noncompliance with any discharge limitation specified in Provision I. A. of this permit, including such accelerated or additional monitoring of the discharge and/or the receiving waterbody as necessary to determine the nature and impact of the noncomplying discharge.

2. Right of Entry and Inspection

The permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of proper credentials and other documents as may be required by law to:

- enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity or point source is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
- have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
- inspect any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
- d. sample or monitor, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the AWPCA, any substances or parameters at any location.

C. BYPASS AND UPSET

Bypass

- a. Any bypass is prohibited except as provided in b. and c. below:
- b. A bypass is not prohibited if:
 - (1) It does not cause any discharge limitation specified in Provision I. A. of this permit to be exceeded;

- (2) It enters the same receiving stream as the permitted outfall; and
- (3) It is necessary for essential maintenance of a treatment or control facility or system to assure efficient operation of such facility or system.
- c. A bypass is not prohibited and need not meet the discharge limitations specified in Provision I. A. of this permit if:
 - It is unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
 - (2) There are no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime (this condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance); and
 - (3) The permittee submits a written request for authorization to bypass to the Director at least ten (10) days prior to the anticipated bypass (if possible), the permittee is granted such authorization, and the permittee complies with any conditions imposed by the Director to minimize any adverse impact on human health or the environment resulting from the bypass.
- d. The permittee has the burden of establishing that each of the conditions of Provision II.C.1.b. or c. have been met to qualify for an exception to the general prohibition against bypassing contained in a. and an exemption, where applicable, from the discharge limitations specified in Provision I. A. of this permit.

2. Upset

- a. A discharge which results from an upset need not meet the discharge limitations specified in Provision I. A. of this permit if:
 - (1) No later than 24-hours after becoming aware of the occurrence of the upset, the permittee orally reports the occurrence and circumstances of the upset to the Director or his designee; and
 - (2) No later than five (5) days after becoming aware of the occurrence of the upset, the permittee furnishes the Director with evidence, including properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence, demonstrating that (i) an upset occurred; (ii) the permittee can identify the specific cause(s) of the upset; (iii) the permittee's facility was being properly operated at the time of the upset; and (iv) the permittee promptly took all reasonable steps to minimize any adverse impact on human health or the environment resulting from the upset.
- b. The permittee has the burden of establishing that each of the conditions of Provision II. C.2.a. of this permit have been met to qualify for an exemption from the discharge limitations specified in Provision I.A. of this permit.

D. DUTY TO COMPLY WITH PERMIT, RULES, AND STATUTES

- Duty to Comply
 - a. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the AWPCA and the FWPCA and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, suspension, modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.
 - b. The necessity to halt or reduce production or other activities in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action.
 - c. The discharge of a pollutant from a source not specifically identified in the permit application for this permit and not specifically included in the description of an outfall in this permit is not authorized and shall constitute noncompliance with this permit.
 - d. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps, including cessation of production or other activities, to minimize or prevent any violation of this permit or to minimize or prevent any adverse impact of any permit violation.
 - e. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude and negate the permittee's responsibility or liability to apply for, obtain, or comply with other ADEM, Federal, State, or Local Government permits, certifications, licenses, or other approvals.

Removed Substances

Solids, sludges, filter backwash, or any other pollutant or other waste removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters shall be disposed of in a manner that complies with all applicable Department Rules.

Loss or Failure of Treatment Facilities

Upon the loss or failure of any treatment facilities, including but not limited to the loss or failure of the primary source of power of the treatment facility, the permittee shall, where necessary to maintain compliance with the discharge limitations specified in Provision I. A. of this permit, or any other terms or conditions of this permit, cease, reduce, or otherwise control production and/or all discharges until treatment is restored. If control of discharge during loss or failure of the primary source of power is to be accomplished by means of alternate power sources, standby generators, or retention of inadequately treated effluent, the permittee must furnish to the Director within six months a certification that such control mechanisms have been installed.

Compliance with Statutes and Rules

- a. This permit has been issued under ADEM Administrative Code, Chapter 335-6-6. All provisions of this chapter, that are applicable to this permit, are hereby made a part of this permit. A copy of this chapter may be obtained for a small charge from the Office of General Counsel, Alabama Department of Environmental Management, 1400 Coliseum Blvd., Montgomery, AL 36130.
- b. This permit does not authorize the noncompliance with or violation of any Laws of the State of Alabama or the United States of America or any regulations or rules implementing such laws. FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. Section 1319, and Code of Alabama 1975, Section 22-22-14.

E. PERMIT TRANSFER, MODIFICATION, SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, AND REISSUANCE

- Duty to Reapply or Notify of Intent to Cease Discharge
 - a. If the permittee intends to continue to discharge beyond the expiration date of this permit, the permittee shall file a complete permit application for reissuance of this permit at least 180 days prior to its expiration. If the permittee does not intend to continue discharge beyond the expiration of this permit, the permittee shall submit written notification of this intent which shall be signed by an individual meeting the signatory requirements for a permit application as set forth in ADEM Administrative Code Rule 335-6-6-.09.
 - b. Failure of the permittee to apply for reissuance at least 180 days prior to permit expiration will void the automatic continuation of the expiring permit provided by ADEM Administrative Code Rule 335-6-6-.06 and should the permit not be reissued for any reason any discharge after expiration of this permit will be an unpermitted discharge.

Change in Discharge

- a. The permittee shall apply for a permit modification at least 180 days in advance of any facility expansion, production increase, process change, or other action that could result in the discharge of additional pollutants or increase the quantity of a discharged pollutant such that existing permit limitations would be exceeded or that could result in an additional discharge point. This requirement applies to pollutants that are or that are not subject to discharge limitations in this permit. No new or increased discharge may begin until the Director has authorized it by issuance of a permit modification or a reissued permit.
- b. The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it is known or there is reason to believe:
 - (1) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in this permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following notification levels:
 - (a) one hundred micrograms per liter;
 - (b) two hundred micrograms per liter for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dini-trophenol; and one milligram per liter for antimony;
 - (c) five times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
 - (2) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following notification levels:
 - (a) five hundred micrograms per liter;
 - (b) one milligram per liter for antimony;
 - (c) ten times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application.

Transfer of Permit

This permit may not be transferred or the name of the permittee changed without notice to the Director and subsequent modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to identify the new permittee and to incorporate any other changes as may be required under the FWPCA or AWPCA. In the case of a change in name, ownership or control of the permittee's premises only, a request for permit modification in a format acceptable to the Director is required at least 30 days prior to the change. In the case of a change in name, ownership or control of the permittee's premises accompanied by a change or proposed change in effluent characteristics, a complete permit application is required to be submitted to the Director at least 180 days prior to the change. Whenever the Director is notified of a change in name, ownership or control, he may decide not to modify the existing permit and require the submission of a new permit application.

4. Permit Modification and Revocation

- a. This permit may be modified or revoked and reissued, in whole or in part, during its term for cause, including but not limited to, the following:
 - If cause for termination under Provision II. E. 5. of this permit exists, the Director may choose to revoke and reissue this permit instead of terminating the permit;
 - (2) If a request to transfer this permit has been received, the Director may decide to revoke and reissue or to modify the permit; or
 - (3) If modification or revocation and reissuance is requested by the permittee and cause exists, the Director may grant the request.
- b. This permit may be modified during its term for cause, including but not limited to, the following:
 - If cause for termination under Provision II. E. 5. of this permit exists, the Director may choose to modify this
 permit instead of terminating this permit;
 - (2) There are material and substantial alterations or additions to the facility or activity generating wastewater which occurred after permit issuance which justify the application of permit conditions that are different or absent in the existing permit;
 - (3) The Director has received new information that was not available at the time of permit issuance and that would have justified the application of different permit conditions at the time of issuance;
 - (4) A new or revised requirement(s) of any applicable standard or limitation is promulgated under Sections 301(b)(2)(C), (D), (E), and (F), and 307(a)(2) of the FWPCA;
 - (5) Errors in calculation of discharge limitations or typographical or clerical errors were made;
 - (6) To the extent allowed by ADEM Administrative Code, Rule 335-6-6-.17, when the standards or regulations on which the permit was based have been changed by promulgation of amended standards or regulations or by judicial decision after the permit was issued;
 - (7) To the extent allowed by ADEM Administrative Code, Rule 335-6-6-.17, permits may be modified to change compliance schedules;
 - (8) To agree with a granted variance under 30l(c), 30l(g), 30l(h), 30l(k), or 316(a) of the FWPCA or for fundamentally different factors;
 - To incorporate an applicable 307(a) FWPCA toxic effluent standard or prohibition;
 - (10) When required by the reopener conditions in this permit;
 - (11) When required under 40 CFR 403.8(e) (compliance schedule for development of pretreatment program);
 - (12) Upon failure of the state to notify, as required by Section 402(b)(3) of the FWPCA, another state whose waters may be affected by a discharge permitted by this permit;
 - (13) When required to correct technical mistakes, such as errors in calculation, or mistaken interpretations of law made in determining permit conditions; or
 - (14) When requested by the permittee and the Director determines that the modification has cause and will not result in a violation of federal or state law, regulations or rules.

5. Permit Termination

This permit may be terminated during its term for cause, including but not limited to, the following:

- a. Violation of any term or condition of this permit;
- b. The permittee's misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts in the permit application or during the permit issuance process or the permittee's misrepresentation of any relevant facts at any time;
- Materially false or inaccurate statements or information in the permit application or the permit;
- A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the permitted discharge;
- e. The permittee's discharge threatens human life or welfare or the maintenance of water quality standards;
- Permanent closure of the facility generating the wastewater permitted to be discharged by this permit or permanent cessation of wastewater discharge;
- g. New or revised requirements of any applicable standard or limitation that is promulgated under Sections 301(b)(2)(C), (D), (E), and (F), and 307(a)(2) of the FWPCA that the Director determines cannot be complied with by the permittee;
- h. Any other cause allowed by the ADEM Administrative Code, Chapter 335-6-6.

Permit Suspension

This permit may be suspended during its term for noncompliance until the permittee has taken action(s) necessary to achieve compliance.

7. Request for Permit Action Does Not Stay Any Permit Requirement

The filing of a request by the permittee for modification, suspension or revocation of this permit, in whole or in part, does not stay any permit term or condition.

F. COMPLIANCE WITH TOXIC POLLUTANT STANDARD OR PROHIBITION

If any applicable effluent standard or prohibition (including any schedule of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is established under Section 307(a) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. Section 1317(a), for a toxic pollutant discharged by the permittee and such standard or prohibition is more stringent than any discharge limitation on the pollutant specified in Provision I. A. of this permit, or controls a pollutant not limited in Provision I. A. of this permit, this permit shall be modified to conform to the toxic pollutant effluent standard or prohibition and the permittee shall be notified of such modification. If this permit has not been modified to conform to the toxic pollutant effluent standard or prohibition before the effective date of such standard or prohibition, the permittee shall attain compliance with the requirements of the standard or prohibition within the time period required by the standard or prohibition and shall continue to comply with the standard or prohibition until this permit is modified or reissued.

G. DISCHARGE OF WASTEWATER GENERATED BY OTHERS

The discharge of wastewater, generated by any process, facility, or by any other means not under the operational control of the permittee or not identified in the application for this permit or not identified specifically in the description of an outfall in this permit is not authorized by this permit.

PART III OTHER PERMIT CONDITIONS

A. CIVIL AND CRIMINAL LIABILITY

1. Tampering

Any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained or performed under the permit shall, upon conviction, be subject to penalties as provided by the AWPCA.

False Statements

Any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be subject to penalties as provided by the AWPCA.

3. Permit Enforcement

- a. Any NPDES permit issued or reissued by the Department is a permit for the purpose of the AWPCA and the FWPCA and as such any terms, conditions, or limitations of the permit are enforceable under state and federal law.
- b. Any person required to have a NPDES permit pursuant to ADEM Administrative Code Chapter 335-6-6 and who discharges pollutants without said permit, who violates the conditions of said permit, who discharges pollutants in a manner not authorized by the permit, or who violates applicable orders of the Department or any applicable rule or standard of the Department, is subject to any one or combination of the following enforcement actions under applicable state statutes.
 - (1) An administrative order requiring abatement, compliance, mitigation, cessation, clean-up, and/or penalties;
 - An action for damages;
 - (3) An action for injunctive relief; or
 - (4) An action for penalties.
- c. If the permittee is not in compliance with the conditions of an expiring or expired permit the Director may choose to do any or all of the following provided the permittee has made a timely and complete application for reissuance of the permit:
 - initiate enforcement action based upon the permit which has been continued;
 - (2) issue a notice of intent to deny the permit reissuance. If the permit is denied, the owner or operator would then be required to cease the activities authorized by the continued permit or be subject to enforcement action for operating without a permit;
 - (3) reissue the new permit with appropriate conditions; or
 - (4) take other actions authorized by these rules and AWPCA.

Relief from Liability

Except as provided in Provision II.C.1 (Bypass) and Provision II.C.2 (Upset), nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee of civil or criminal liability under the AWPCA or FWPCA for noncompliance with any term or condition of this permit.

B. OIL AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIABILITY

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject under Section 311 of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. Section 1321.

C. PROPERTY AND OTHER RIGHTS

This permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of other private rights, trespass, or any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations, nor does it authorize or approve the construction of any physical structures or facilities or the undertaking of any work in any waters of the state or of the United States.

D. AVAILABILITY OF REPORTS

Except for data determined to be confidential under <u>Code of Alabama</u> 1975, Section 22-22-9(c), all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the offices of the Department. Effluent data shall not be considered confidential.

E. EXPIRATION OF PERMITS FOR NEW OR INCREASED DISCHARGES

- 1. If this permit was issued for a new discharger or new source, this permit shall expire eighteen months after the issuance date if construction of the facility has not begun during the eighteen-month period.
- 2. If this permit was issued or modified to allow the discharge of increased quantities of pollutants to accommodate the modification of an existing facility and if construction of this modification has not begun during the eighteen month period after issuance of this permit or permit modification, this permit shall be modified to reduce the quantities of pollutants allowed to be discharged to those levels that would have been allowed if the modification of the facility had not been planned.
- 3. Construction has begun when the owner or operator has:
 - begun, or caused to begin as part of a continuous on-site construction program;
 - (1) any placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment; or
 - (2) significant site preparation work including clearing, excavation, or removal of existing buildings, structures, or facilities which is necessary for the placement, assembly, or installation of new source facilities or equipment; or
 - b. entered into a binding contractual obligation for the purpose of placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment which are intended to be used in its operation within a reasonable time. Options to purchase or contracts which can be terminated or modified without substantial loss, and contracts for feasibility, engineering, and design studies do not constitute a contractual obligation under the paragraph. The entering into a lease with the State of Alabama for exploration and production of hydrocarbons shall also be considered beginning construction.

F. COMPLIANCE WITH WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

- 1. On the basis of the permittee's application, plans, or other available information, the Department has determined that compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit should assure compliance with the applicable water quality standards.
- 2. Compliance with permit terms and conditions notwithstanding, if the permittee's discharge(s) from point sources identified in Provision I. A. of this permit cause or contribute to a condition in contravention of state water quality standards, the Department may require abatement action to be taken by the permittee in emergency situations or modify the permit pursuant to the Department's Rules, or both.
- 3. If the Department determines, on the basis of a notice provided pursuant to this permit or any investigation, inspection or sampling, that a modification of this permit is necessary to assure maintenance of water quality standards or compliance with other provisions of the AWPCA or FWPCA, the Department may require such modification and, in cases of emergency, the Director may prohibit the discharge until the permit has been modified.

G. GROUNDWATER

Unless specifically authorized under this permit, this permit does not authorize the discharge of pollutants to groundwater. Should a threat of groundwater contamination occur, the Director may require groundwater monitoring to properly assess the degree of the problem and the Director may require that the Permittee undertake measures to abate any such discharge and/or contamination.

H. DEFINITIONS

- Average monthly discharge limitation means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar month,
 calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar month divided by the number of "daily discharges"
 measured during that month (zero discharge days shall not be included in the number of "daily discharges" measured and a less
 than detectable test result shall be treated as a concentration of zero if the most sensitive EPA approved method was used).
- 2. Average weekly discharge limitation means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar week divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that week (zero discharge days shall not be included in the number of "daily discharges" measured and a less than detectable test result shall be treated as a concentration of zero if the most sensitive EPA approved method was used).
- 3. Arithmetic Mean means the summation of the individual values of any set of values divided by the number of individual values.

- AWPCA means the Alabama Water Pollution Control Act.
- 5. BOD means the five-day measure of the pollutant parameter biochemical oxygen demand.
- Bypass means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.
- 7. CBOD means the five-day measure of the pollutant parameter carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand.
- 8. Daily discharge means the discharge of a pollutant measured during any consecutive 24-hour period in accordance with the sample type and analytical methodology specified by the discharge permit.
- 9. Daily maximum means the highest value of any individual sample result obtained during a day.
- 10. Daily minimum means the lowest value of any individual sample result obtained during a day.
- 11. Day means any consecutive 24-hour period.
- Department means the Alabama Department of Environmental Management.
- Director means the Director of the Department.
- 14. Discharge means "[t]he addition, introduction, leaking, spilling or emitting of any sewage, industrial waste, pollutant or other wastes into waters of the state". Code of Alabama 1975, Section 22-22-1(b)(8).
- Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) means the form approved by the Director to accomplish reporting requirements of an NPDES permit.
- DO means dissolved oxygen.
- 17. 8HC means 8-hour composite sample, including any of the following:
 - a. The mixing of at least 5 equal volume samples collected at constant time intervals of not more than 2 hours over a period of not less than 8 hours between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. If the sampling period exceeds 8 hours, sampling may be conducted beyond the 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. period.
 - b. A sample continuously collected at a constant rate over period of not less than 8 hours between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. If the sampling period exceeds 8 hours, sampling may be conducted beyond the 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. period.
- 18. EPA means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- 19. FC means the pollutant parameter fecal coliform.
- 20. Flow means the total volume of discharge in a 24-hour period.
- FWPCA means the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.
- 22. Geometric Mean means the Nth root of the product of the individual values of any set of values where N is equal to the number of individual values. The geometric mean is equivalent to the antilog of the arithmetic mean of the logarithms of the individual values. For purposes of calculating the geometric mean, values of zero (0) shall be considered one (1).
- 23. Grab Sample means a single influent or effluent portion which is not a composite sample. The sample(s) shall be collected at the period(s) most representative of the discharge.
- 24. Indirect Discharger means a nondomestic discharger who discharges pollutants to a publicly owned treatment works or a privately owned treatment facility operated by another person.
- 25. Industrial User means those industries identified in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, Bureau of the Budget 1967, as amended and supplemented, under the category "Division D Manufacturing" and such other classes of significant waste producers as, by regulation, the Director deems appropriate.
- 26. MGD means million gallons per day.
- 27. Monthly Average means, other than for fecal coliform bacteria, the arithmetic mean of the entire composite or grab samples taken for the daily discharges collected in one month period. The monthly average for fecal coliform bacteria is the geometric mean of daily discharge samples collected in a one month period. The monthly average for flow is the arithmetic mean of all flow measurements taken in a one month period.

- 28. New Discharger means a person, owning or operating any building, structure, facility or installation:
 - a. from which there is or may be a discharge of pollutants;
 - b. that did not commence the discharge of pollutants prior to August 13, 1979, and which is not a new source; and
 - c. which has never received a final effective NPDES permit for dischargers at that site.
- 29. NH3-N means the pollutant parameter ammonia, measured as nitrogen.
- 30. Permit application means forms and additional information that is required by ADEM Administrative Code Rule 335-6-6-.08 and applicable permit fees.
- Point source means "any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, channel, ditch, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, or vessel or other floating craft, . . . from which pollutants are or may be discharged." Section 502(14) of the FWPCA, 33 U.S.C. Section 1362(14).
- 32. Pollutant includes for purposes of this permit, but is not limited to, those pollutants specified in Code of Alabama 1975, Section 22-22-1(b)(3) and those effluent characteristics specified in Provision I. A. of this permit.
- Privately Owned Treatment Works means any devices or system which is used to treat wastes from any facility whose operator is not the operator of the treatment works, and which is not a "POTW".
- Publicly Owned Treatment Works means a wastewater collection and treatment facility owned by the State, municipality, regional entity composed of two or more municipalities, or another entity created by the State or local authority for the purpose of collecting and treating municipal wastewater.
- 35. Receiving Stream means the "waters" receiving a "discharge" from a "point source".
- 36. Severe property damage means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
- 37. Significant Source means a source which discharges 0.025 MGD or more to a POTW or greater than five percent of the treatment work's capacity, or a source which is a primary industry as defined by the U.S. EPA or which discharges a priority or toxic pollutant.
- 38. Solvent means any virgin, used or spent organic solvent(s) identified in the F-Listed wastes (F001 through F005) specified in 40 CFR 261.31 that is used for the purpose of solubilizing other materials.
- 39. TKN means the pollutant parameter Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen.
- 40. TON means the pollutant parameter Total Organic Nitrogen.
- 41. TRC means Total Residual Chlorine.
- 42. TSS means the pollutant parameter Total Suspended Solids.
- 43. 24HC means 24-hour composite sample, including any of the following:
 - a. the mixing of at least 12 equal volume samples collected at constant time intervals of not more than 2 hours over a period of 24 hours;
 - b. a sample collected over a consecutive 24-hour period using an automatic sampler composite to one sample. As a minimum, samples shall be collected hourly and each shall be no more than one twenty-fourth (1/24) of the total sample volume collected; or
 - a sample collected over a consecutive 24-hour period using an automatic composite sampler composited proportional to flow.
- 44. Upset means an exceptional incident in which there is an unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit discharge limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

- Waters means "[a]ll waters of any river, stream, watercourse, pond, lake, coastal, ground or surface water, wholly or partially within the state, natural or artificial. This does not include waters which are entirely confined and retained completely upon the property of a single individual, partnership or corporation unless such waters are used in interstate commerce." Code of Alabama 1975, Section 22-22-1(b)(2). Waters "include all navigable waters" as defined in Section 502(7) of the FWPCA, 22 U.S.C. Section 1362(7), which are within the State of Alabama.
- 46. Week means the period beginning at twelve midnight Saturday and ending at twelve midnight the following Saturday.
- 47. Weekly (7-day and calendar week) Average is the arithmetic mean of all samples collected during a consecutive 7-day period or calendar week, whichever is applicable. The calendar week is defined as beginning on Sunday and ending on Saturday. Weekly averages shall be calculated for all calendar weeks with Saturdays in the month. If a calendar week overlaps two months (i.e., the Sunday is in one month and the Saturday in the following month), the weekly average calculated for the calendar week shall be included in the data for the month that contains the Saturday.

I. SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

PART IV ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS, CONDITIONS, AND LIMITATIONS

A. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP) PLAN REQUIREMENTS

BMP Plan

The permittee shall develop and implement a Best Management Practices (BMP) Plan which prevents, or minimizes the potential for, the release of pollutants from ancillary activities, including material storage areas; plant site runoff; in-plant transfer, process and material handling areas; loading and unloading operations, and sludge and waste disposal areas, to the waters of the State through plant site runoff; spillage or leaks; sludge or waste disposal; or drainage from raw material storage.

Plan Content

The permittee shall prepare and implement a best management practices (BMP) plan, which shall:

- a. Establish specific objectives for the control of pollutants:
 - (1) Each facility component or system shall be examined for its potential for causing a release of significant amounts of pollutants to waters of the State due to equipment failure, improper operation, natural phenomena such as rain or snowfall, etc.
 - (2) Where experience indicates a reasonable potential for equipment failure (e.g., a tank overflow or leakage), natural condition (e.g. precipitation), or circumstances to result in significant amounts of pollutants reaching surface waters, the plan should include a prediction of the direction, rate of flow, and total quantity of pollutants which could be discharged from the facility as a result of each condition or circumstance.
- Establish specific best management practices to meet the objectives identified under paragraph a. of
 this section, addressing each component or system capable of causing a release of significant amounts
 of pollutants to the waters of the State, and identifying specific preventative or remedial measures to
 be implemented;
- c. Establish a program to identify and repair leaking equipment items and damaged containment structures, which may contribute to contaminated stormwater runoff. This program must include regular visual inspections of equipment, containment structures and of the facility in general to ensure that the BMP is continually implemented and effective;
- d. Prevent the spillage or loss of fluids, oil, grease, gasoline, etc. from vehicle and equipment maintenance activities and thereby prevent the contamination of stormwater from these substances;
- e. Prevent or minimize stormwater contact with material stored on site;
- Designate by position or name the person or persons responsible for the day to day implementation of the BMP;
- g. Provide for routine inspections, on days during which the facility is manned, of any structures that function to prevent stormwater pollution or to remove pollutants from stormwater and of the facility in general to ensure that the BMP is continually implemented and effective;
- Provide for the use and disposal of any material used to absorb spilled fluids that could contaminate stormwater;
- Develop a solvent management plan, if solvents are used on site. The solvent management plan shall
 include as a minimum lists of the solvents on site; the disposal method of solvents used instead of
 dumping, such as reclamation, contract hauling; and the procedures for assuring that solvents do not
 routinely spill or leak into the stormwater;
- Provide for the disposal of all used oils, hydraulic fluids, solvent degreasing material, etc. in accordance with good management practices and any applicable state or federal regulations;
- k. Include a diagram of the facility showing the locations where stormwater exits the facility, the locations of any structure or other mechanisms intended to prevent pollution of stormwater or to remove pollutants from stormwater, the locations of any collection and handling systems;

- Provide control sufficient to prevent or control pollution of stormwater by soil particles to the degree required to maintain compliance with the water quality standard for turbidity applicable to the waterbody(s) receiving discharge(s) under this permit;
- m. Provide spill prevention, control, and/or management sufficient to prevent or minimize contaminated stormwater runoff. Any containment system used to implement this requirement shall be constructed of materials compatible with the substance(s) contained and shall prevent the contamination of groundwater. The containment system shall also be capable of retaining a volume equal to 110 percent of the capacity of the largest tank for which containment is provided;
- n. Provide and maintain curbing, diking or other means of isolating process areas to the extent necessary to allow segregation and collection for treatment of contaminated stormwater from process areas;
- o. Be reviewed by plant engineering staff and the plant manager; and
- Bear the signature of the plant manager.

Compliance Schedule

The permittee shall have reviewed (and revised if necessary) and fully implemented the BMP plan as soon as practicable but no later than six months after the effective date of this permit.

4. Department Review

- When requested by the Director or his designee, the permittee shall make the BMP available for Department review.
- b. The Director or his designee may notify the permittee at any time that the BMP is deficient and require correction of the deficiency.
- c. The permittee shall correct any BMP deficiency identified by the Director or his designee within 30 days of receipt of notification and shall certify to the Department that the correction has been made and implemented.

5. Administrative Procedures

- A copy of the BMP shall be maintained at the facility and shall be available for inspection by representatives of the Department.
- b. A log of the routine inspection required above shall be maintained at the facility and shall be available for inspection by representatives of the Department. The log shall contain records of all inspections performed for the last three years and each entry shall be signed by the person performing the inspection.
- c. The permittee shall provide training for any personnel required to implement the BMP and shall retain documentation of such training at the facility. This documentation shall be available for inspection by representatives of the Department. Training shall be performed prior to the date that implementation of the BMP is required.
- d. BMP Plan Modification. The permittee shall amend the BMP plan whenever there is a change in the facility or change in operation of the facility which materially increases the potential for the ancillary activities to result in a discharge of significant amounts of pollutants.
- e. BMP Plan Review. The permittee shall complete a review and evaluation of the BMP plan at least once every three years from the date of preparation of the BMP plan. Documentation of the BMP Plan review and evaluation shall be signed and dated by the Plant Manager.

B. STORMWATER FLOW MEASUREMENT AND SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS

Stormwater Flow Measurement

 All stormwater samples shall be collected from the discharge resulting from a storm event that is greater than 0.1 inches.

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- b. The total volume of stormwater discharged for the event must be monitored, including the date and duration (in hours) and rainfall (in inches) for storm event(s) sampled. The duration between the storm event sampled and the end of the previous measurable (greater than 0.1 inch rainfall) storm event must be a minimum of 72 hours. This information must be recorded as part of the sampling procedure and records retained according to Part I.B. of this permit.
- c. The volume may be measured using flow measuring devices, or estimated based on a modification of the Rational Method using total depth of rainfall, the size of the drainage area serving a stormwater outfall, and an estimate of the runoff coefficient of the drainage area. This information must be recorded as part of the sampling procedure and records retained according to Part I.B. of this permit.

2. Stormwater Sampling

- a. A grab sample, if required by this permit, shall be taken during the first thirty minutes of the discharge (or as soon thereafter as practicable); and a flow-weighted composite sample, if required by this permit, shall be taken for the entire event or for the first three hours of the event.
- b. All test procedures will be in accordance with part I.B. of this permit.

C. DISCHARGE INFORMATION ZONE (DIZ) REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The permittee shall, upon request for a permit renewal, perform a sediment and benthic community characterization utilizing the same sampling locations approved in the original DIZ study plan, unless a modified study plan is approved by the Department. The DIZ monitoring shall be repeated if the permittee fails accelerated testing and is required to initiate a Toxicity Reduction Evaluation (TRE) pursuant to Part IV.D. of this permit.
- Monitoring shall be conducted during the same season as the original characterization and shall conform to the DIZ study plan, unless otherwise approved by the Department. Monitoring results shall be submitted to the Department along with the application for permit renewal or with the discharge monitoring report form in the event that repeated monitoring is required.
- 3. The permittee shall not allow biological damage or adverse water quality impacts to occur at the perimeter or outside the boundaries of the original characterization. If the biological monitoring shows evidence of biological damage or adverse water quality impacts at the perimeter, or outside the boundaries of the original characterization, the permittee will be in violation of this permit, unless the permittee can demonstrate that the cause of adverse impacts are due to a source other than the permittee's discharge, and will be required within 30 days after becoming aware of the violation to submit a plan to correct and eliminate the biological damage and adverse water quality impacts caused by the discharge.
- 4. The Department may suspend or otherwise modify the DIZ monitoring requirements if:
 - The Department determines, through review of discharger information and/or its own monitoring efforts, that the discharge is having no significant impact to coastal resources beyond 400 feet of the discharge point; or
 - b. The Department determines, through review of the discharge information and/or its own monitoring efforts, that the discharge monitoring is inadequate to detect significant impacts to coastal resources beyond 400 feet of the discharge point; or
 - c. The Department determines, based on available biological and chemical data that, due to the nature of the discharge, no significant impacts to coastal resources will occur beyond 400 feet of the discharge point; or deemed necessary by the Department to ensure protection of coastal resources.

D. DIOXIN MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- Collection of samples shall be done during a period when the catalytic reforming process is in use.
- 2. The method of analysis for each sample shall be EPA Method 1613 or another equivalent protocol approved by the State and EPA. If dioxin is not detected, the report of less than detectable shall be made. A report of less than detectable shall include the numeric value of the detection limit for the specific test format "<10" (if ten were the detection limit). Less than detectable results shall be considered zero for all purposes of compliance with this permit and applicable Department rules and for calculating averages.

 Discharge monitoring reports shall be submitted no later than 28 days after the end of the quarter during which the samples were collected or no later than 28 days after receipt by the permittee of the results of the analysis, whichever is later.

E. DIOXIN REOPENER CLAUSE

Effluent limitations for 2,3,7,8-TCDD (dioxin) are based on a waste load allocation (WLA) to ensure compliance
with the water quality standard for 2,3,7,8-TCDD (dioxin) adopted by the Department. Should the Department or
EPA modify the water quality standard for 2,3,7,8-TCDD, the Department shall revise the WLA upon which this
permit is based, and this permit shall be modified or revoked and reissued to adjust the effluent limitations to be
consistent with the modified WLA.

F. EFFLUENT TOXICITY LIMITATIONS AND BIOMONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- The permittee shall perform short term chronic toxicity tests on the wastewater discharges required to be tested for chronic toxicity by Part I of this permit.
 - a. Test Requirements
 - (1) The samples shall be diluted, using an appropriate control water, to the Instream Waste Concentration (IWC) which is 4% effluent. The IWC is the actual concentration of effluent, after mixing, in the receiving stream during a 7-day, 2-year flow period.
 - b. Any test result that shows a statistically significant reduction in survival, growth, or reproduction between the control and the test at the 95% confidence level indicate chronic toxicity and constitute noncompliance with this permit
 - c. General Test Requirements:
 - A minimum of three (3) 24-hour composite samples shall be obtained for use in the above biomonitoring tests and collected every other day so that the laboratory receives water samples on the first, third, and fifth day of the seven-day test period. The holding time for each composite sample shall not exceed 36 hours. The control water shall be a water prepared in the laboratory in accordance with the EPA procedure described in EPA 821-R-02-013 or the most current edition or another control water selected by the permittee and approved by the Department.
 - (2) Effluent toxicity tests in which the control survival is less than 80%, or in which the other requirements of the EPA Test Procedure are not met shall be unacceptable and the permittee shall rerun the tests as soon as practical within the monitoring period.
 - (3) In the event of an invalid test, upon subsequent completion of a valid test, the results of all tests, valid and invalid, are reported with an explanation of the tests performed and results.

d. Reporting Requirements:

- (1) The permittee shall notify the Department in writing within 48 hours after toxicity has been demonstrated by the scheduled test(s).
- (2) Biomonitoring test results obtained during each monitoring period shall be summarized and reported using the appropriate Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) form approved by the Department. In accordance with Section 2. of this part, an effluent toxicity report containing the information in Section 2. shall be included with the DMR. Two copies of the test results must be submitted to the Department no later than 28 days after the month in which the tests were performed.

e. Additional Testing Requirements:

(1) If chronic toxicity is indicated (noncompliance with permit limit), the permittee shall perform four additional valid chronic toxicity tests in accordance with these procedures to determine the extent and duration of the toxic condition. The toxicity tests shall be performed once per week and shall be performed during the first four calendar weeks following the date on which the permittee became aware of the permit noncompliance and

the results of these tests shall be submitted no later than 28 days following the month in which the tests were performed.

After evaluation of the results of the follow-up tests, the Department will determine if additional action is appropriate and may require additional testing and/or toxicity reduction measures. The permittee may be required to perform a Toxicity Identification Evaluation (TIE) and/or a Toxicity Reduction Evaluation (TRE). The TIE/TRE shall be performed in accordance with the most recent protocols/guidance outlined by EPA (e.g., EPA/600/2-88/062, EPA/600/R-92/080, EPA/600R-92/081, EPA/833/B-99/022 and/or EPA/600/6-91/005F, etc.).

f. Test Methods:

(1) The tests shall be performed in accordance with the latest edition of the "EPA Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Water to Marine and Estuarine Organisms" and shall be performed using the sheepshead minnow (Cyprinidon variegatus) and the mysid shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia).

2. Effluent toxicity testing reports

The following information shall be submitted with each discharge monitoring report unless otherwise directed by the Department. The Department may at any time suspend or reinstate this requirement or may increase or decrease the frequency of submittals.

- Introduction
 - (1) Facility Name, location and county
 - (2) Permit number
 - (3) Toxicity testing requirements of permit
 - (4) Name of receiving water body
 - (5) Contract laboratory information (if tests are performed under contract)
 - (a) Name of firm
 - (b) Telephone number
 - (c) Address
 - (6) Objective of test
- Plant Operations
 - (1) Discharge operating schedule (if other than continuous)
 - (2) Volume of discharge during sample collection to include Mean daily discharge on sample collection date (MGD, CFS, GPM)
 - (3) Design flow of treatment facility at time of sampling
- c. Source of Effluent and Dilution Water
 - (1) Effluent samples
 - (a) Sampling point
 - Sample collection dates and times (to include composite sample start and finish times)
 - (c) Sample collection method
 - (d) Physical and chemical data of undiluted effluent samples (water temperature, pH, alkalinity, hardness, specific conductance, total residual chlorine (if applicable), etc.)

- (e) Sample temperature when received at the laboratory
- (f) Lapsed time from sample collection to delivery
- (g) Lapsed time from sample collection to test intiation
- (2) Dilution Water Samples
 - (a) Source
 - (b) Collection date(s) and time(s) (where applicable)
 - (c) Pretreatment
 - (d) Physical and chemical characteristics (pH, hardness, water temperature, alkalinity, specific conductance, etc.)
- d. Test Conditions
 - (1) Toxicity test method utilized
 - (2) End point(s) of test
 - (3) Deviations from referenced method, if any, and reason(s)
 - (4) Date and time test started
 - (5) Date and time test terminated
 - (6) Type and volume of test chambers
 - (7) Volume of solution per chamber
 - (8) Number of organisms per test chamber
 - (9) Number of replicate test chambers per treatment
 - (10) Test temperature, pH and dissolved oxygen as recommended by the method (to include ranges)
 - (11) Feeding frequency, and amount and type of food
 - (12) Light intensity (mean)
- e. Test Organisms
 - (1) Scientific name
 - (2) Life stage and age
 - (3) Source
 - (4) Disease treatment (if applicable)
- f. Quality Assurance
 - (1) Reference toxicant utilized and source
 - (2) Date and time of most recent acute reference toxicant test(s), raw data, and current cusum chart(s)
 - (3) Dilution water utilized in reference toxicant test
 - (4) Results of reference toxicant test(s) (LC50, etc.), report concentration-response relationship and evaluate test sensitivity. The most recent reference toxicant test shall be conducted within 30-days of the routine.

- (5) Physical and chemical methods utilized
- g. Results
 - Provide raw toxicity data in tabular form, including daily records of affected organisms in each concentration (including controls) and replicate
 - (2) Provide table of endpoints: LC50, NOAEC, Pass/Fail (as required in the applicable NPDES permit)
 - (3) Indicate statistical methods used to calculate endpoints
 - (4) Provide all physical and chemical data required by method
 - (5) Results of test(s) (LC50, NOAEC, Pass/Fail, etc.), report concentration-response relationship (definitive test only), report percent minimum significant difference (PMSD).
- Conclusions and Recommendations
 - (1) Relationship between test endpoints and permit limits
 - (2) Action to be taken

1/ Adapted from "Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Marine and Estuarine Organisms", Fourth Edition, October 2002 (EPA 821-R-02-014).

G. REQUIREMENTS FOR MANAGEMENT OF BULK PETROLEUM SECONDARY CONTAINMENT AREAS AND ASSOCIATED DRAINAGE OF UNCONTAMINATED STORM WATER

- The facility shall have a valid SPCC Plan pursuant to 40 CFR 112.
- Best Management Practices (BMPs) are to be used in draining dike areas. BMP is defined as use of a portable oil skimmer or similar device or the use of absorbent material to remove oil and grease (as indicated by a sheen) immediately after draining.
 - a. Twice per week inspections of the area and removal of any leaked petroleum product;
 - b. Immediate cleanup of spilled or leaked petroleum product during handling operations, including fueling;
 - All cleanup activities shall be conducted using dry sweep or other approaches that do not result in the creation of polluted wastewater or storm water runoff.
- Monitoring records shall be maintained in the form of a log and shall contain the following information, as a minimum:
 - Date and time of inspections;
 - b. Any cleanup accomplished as a result of the inspection;
 - Time cleanup was initiated and the time it was completed;
 - d. Initials of the person making visual inspection and performing any cleanup; and
 - e. Description of any spillage occurring during petroleum handling, which shall include the date and time of the spill, estimated volume of spill, name of the person observing the spill, date and time the spill was cleaned up and the name of the person cleaning up the spill.
- 4. Monitoring records for diked drainage shall be maintained in the form of a log and shall contain the following information, at a minimum:
 - Date and time of discharge,
 - b. Estimated volume of discharge,
 - Initials of person making visual inspection and authorizing discharge.
- The discharge shall have no sheen and there shall be no discharge of visible oil, floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts.
- Semi-annual certification shall be submitted by July 28th and January 28th that all discharges were made in accordance with these requirements.

Alabama Department of Environmental Management adem.alabama.gov

1400 Coliseum Blvd. 36110-2400 Post Office Box 301463

Montgomery, Alabama 36130-1463

(334) 271-7700 FAX (334) 271-7950

FACT SHEET

APPLICATION FOR NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM PERMIT TO DISCHARGE POLLUTANTS TO WATERS OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA

Date: January 22, 2021

Prepared By: Ed Hughes

NPDES Permit No. AL0055859

1. Name and Address of Applicant:

Shell Chemical LP 400 Industrial Parkway Extension Saraland, AL 36571

2. Name and Address of Facility:

Shell Chemical LP 400 Industrial Parkway Extension Saraland, Alabama 36571

3. Description of Applicant's Type of Facility and/or Activity Generating the Discharge:

Individual Permit - Standard

4. Applicant's Receiving Waters

Receiving Waters

Classification

Chickasaw Creek

Tier 1, LWF

For the Outfall latitude and longitude see the permit application.

5. Permit Conditions:

See attached Rationale and Draft Permit.

6. PROCEDURES FOR THE FORMULATION OF FINAL DETERMINATIONS

a. Comment Period

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management proposes to issue this NPDES permit subject to the limitations and special conditions outlined above. This determination is tentative.

Interested persons are invited to submit written comments on the draft permit to the following address:

Russell A. Kelly, Chief

Birmingham Branch 110 Vulcan Road Birmingham, AL 35209-4702 (205) 942-6168 (205) 941-1603 (FAX)

Decatur Branch 2715 Sandlin Road, S.W. Decatur, AL 35603-1333 (256) 353-1713 (256) 340-9359 (FAX)



Mobile Branch 2204 Perimeter Road Mobile, AL 36615-1131 (251) 450-3400 (251) 479-2593 (FAX) Mobile-Coastal 3664 Dauphin Street, Suite B Mobile, AL 36608 (251) 304-1176 (251) 304-1189 (FAX) Permits and Services Division Alabama Department of Environmental Management 1400 Coliseum Blvd (Mailing Address: Post Office Box 301463; Zip 36130-1463) Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2059 (334) 271-7714

All comments received prior to the closure of the public notice period (see public notice for date) will be considered in the formulation of the final determination with regard to this permit.

b. Public Hearing

A written request for a public hearing may be filed within the public notice period and must state the nature of the issues proposed to be raised in the hearing. A request for a hearing should be filed with the Department at the following address:

Russell A. Kelly, Chief Permits and Services Division Alabama Department of Environmental Management 1400 Coliseum Blvd (Mailing Address: Post Office Box 301463; Zip 36130-1463) Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2059 (334) 271-7714

The Director shall hold a public hearing whenever it is found, on the basis of hearing requests, that there exists a significant degree of public interest in a permit application or draft permit. The Director may hold a public hearing whenever such a hearing might clarify one or more issues involved in the permit decision. Public notice of such a hearing will be made in accordance with ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-21.

c. Issuance of the Permit

All comments received during the public comment period shall be considered in making the final permit decision. At the time that any final permit decision is issued, the Department shall prepare a response to comments in accordance with ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-6-.21. The permit record, including the response to comments, will be available to the public via the eFile System (http://app.adem.alabama.gov/eFile/) or an appointment to review the record may be made by writing the Permits and Services Division at the above address.

Unless a request for a stay of a permit or permit provision is granted by the Environmental Management Commission, the proposed permit contained in the Director's determination shall be issued and effective, and such issuance will be the final administrative action of the Alabama Department of Environmental Management.

d. Appeal Procedures

As allowed under ADEM Admin. Code chap. 335-2-1, any person aggrieved by the Department's final administrative action may file a request for hearing to contest such action. Such requests should be received by the Environmental Management Commission within thirty days of issuance of the permit. Requests should be filed with the Commission at the following address:

Alabama Environmental Management Commission 1400 Coliseum Blvd (Mailing Address: Post Office Box 301463; Zip 36130-1463) Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2059

All requests must be in writing and shall contain the information provided in ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-2-1-.04.

ADEM PERMIT RATIONALE

PREPARED DATE: October 15, 2020

PREPARED BY: Ed Hughes REVISED: March 24, 2021

Permittee Name: Shell Chemical LP
Facility Name: Shell Chemical LP

Permit Number: AL0055859

PERMIT IS REISSUANCE DUE TO EXPIRATION

DISCHARGE SERIAL NUMBERS & DESCRIPTIONS:

DSN001: Process wastewater discharge and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash and tank bottoms or water draws.

DSN002: Fire pump non-contact cooling water.

DSN005Q, 006Q, 007Q, 010Q, 012Q, 013Q, 015Q, 016Q: Storm water runoff associated with petroleum refining operations, including uncontaminated storm water from secondary containment areas and uncontaminated hydrostatic test waters.

DSN003S, 004S, 008S, 009S, 011S, 014S, 017S, 018S: Uncontaminated storm water from secondary containment areas and uncontaminated hydrostatic test waters.

DSN019S, 020S, 021S: Storm water runoff from non-process areas including employee parking lots, administrative buildings, warehouse and access roads.

INDUSTRIAL CATEGORY: 40 CFR Part 419 Petroleum Refining, Subpart A – Topping Subcategory

MAJOR: Y

STREAM INFORMATION:

Receiving Stream: Chickasaw Creek

Classification: LWF
River Basin: Mobile
7Q10: 0.0 cfs
7Q2: 0.0 cfs
1Q10: 0.0 cfs
Annual Average Flow: 0.0 cfs
303(d) List: YES

Impairment: Mercury (Hg)

TMDL: No

The latest Water Quality Modeling for Shell Chemical LP's discharge to Chickasaw Creek states that there are no low-flow estimates for this location due to "tidal influence, meteorological data, and many other variables." Based on Best Professional judgement (BPJ), there is some dilution available because of the large volume of water at the

point of discharge. The Water Quality Section released a CORMIX Model that allows for a 16% dilution ratio for acute and 3.51% for chronic. Based on the design flow of the facility in 2017 (0.28 MGD), and the IWCs determined by the Cormix model, the 1Q10 and 7Q2 were calculated for the facility's discharge point. Calculations are shown below:

<u>1010</u>

$$IWC = \underbrace{(Avg. Discharge from facility)}_{(1Q10) + (Avg. Discharge from facility)} X 100\%$$

IWC = 16% for acute toxicity

Avg. Discharge = 0.28 MGD

1Q10 is applicable flow based on ADEM's General Guidance for Writing Water Quality Based Toxicity Permits

$$1Q10 = 1.47 \text{ MGD} = 2.28 \text{ cfs}$$

<u>702</u>

IWC = 3.51% for chronic toxicity

Avg. Discharge = 0.28 MGD

7Q2 is applicable flow based on ADEM's General Guidance for Writing Water Quality Based Toxicity Permits for LWF streams

$$7Q2 = 7.70 \text{ MGD} = 11.92 \text{ cfs}$$

The previous permit utilized an Annual Average Flow of 24.12 cfs. Based on Best Professional Judgement (BPJ), the same value will be used in this permit.

The revised flow summary is as follows:

Receiving Stream: Chickasaw Creek

Classification: LWF
River Basin: Mobile
7Q2: 11.92 cfs
1Q10: 2.28 cfs

Annual Average Flow: 24.12 cfs

DISCUSSION:

Shell Chemical LP is a petroleum refinery that processes crude oils. The crude oils are sold or blended to produce unleaded gasoline, diesel, naptha, jet fuel, kerosene, liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) and olefin fuels.

The receiving stream for all of the discharges discussed below is Chickasaw Creek. Chickasaw Creek has a use classification of Limited Warm Water Fishery and is currently listed on the Alabama 303(d) list for Mercury. This segment of Chickasaw Creek is considered a Tier I waterbody.

ADEM Administrative Rule 335-6-10-.12 requires applicants to new or expanded discharges to Tier II waters demonstrate that the proposed discharge is necessary for important economic or social development in the area in which the waters are located. The application submitted by the facility is not for a new or expanded discharge nor is

the receiving stream a Tier II waterbody. Therefore, the applicant is not required to demonstrate that the discharge is necessary for economic and social development.

0011: Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.

Parameter	Monthly Avg Loading	Daily Max Loading	Daily Min Concentration	Monthly Avg Concentration	<u>Daily Max</u> Concentration	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Basis*
Oxygen, Dissolved (DO)	-		6.0 mg/l		-	Monthly	Grab	WQBEL
BOD, 5-Day (20 Deg. C)	143 lbs/day	241 Ibs/day	- 	30 mg/l	45 mg/l	Weekly	Composite	WQBEL
pH	-	· -	REPORT S.U.	-	REPORT S.U.	Continuous	Recorder	ВРЈ
Solids, Total Suspended	224.5 lbs/day	350.9 lbs/day	_	-	-	Weekly	Composite	EGL
Oil & Grease	79.9 lbs/day	153.8 lbs/day				Weekly	Grab	EGL
Nitrogen, Ammonia Total (As N)	26.3 lbs/day	58.0 lbs/day	-	12 mg/l	18 mg/I	Weekly	Composite	WQBEL
Nitrogen, Kjeldahl Total (As N)			I	-	REPORT mg/l	Monthly	Composite	ВРЈ
Nitrite Plus Nitrate Total 1 Det. (As N)	-		, —— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	REPORT mg/I	Monthly	Composite	ВРЈ
Phosphorus, Total (As P)	- -	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	REPORT mg/l	Monthly	Composite	ВРЈ
Flow, In Conduit or Thru Treatment Plant	REPORT MGD	REPORT MGD	-	-	-	Daily	Totalizer	ВРЈ
pH range excursions, >30 minutes	<u>-</u>	0 Occurrence/Mon th	-	-	-	Continuous	Calculated	EGL
Phenolic Compounds, Total	0.348 lbs/day	1.21 lbs/day		-		Monthly	Grab	EGL
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	1339.5 lbs/day	2607.6 lbs/day	-		-	Monthly	Composite	EGL
pH Range Excursions, Monthly Total Accum	-	446 min	<u> </u>	-	-	Continuous	Calculated	EGL

001Q: Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.

Parameter	Monthly Avg Loading	<u>Daily Max</u> Loading	Daily Min Concentration	Monthly Avg Concentration	Daily Max Concentration	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Basis*
Sulfide, Total (As S)	1.37 lbs/day	3.02 lbs/day		sales of these	-	Quarterly	Grab	EGL
Chromium, Hexavalent (As Cr)	0.048 lbs/day	0.096 lbs/day			<u> </u>	Quarterly	Grab	EGL
Chromium, Total (As Cr)	0.44 lbs/day	1.24 lbs/day		-	-	Quarterly	Composite	EGL
Mercury Total Recoverable	0.00167 lbs/day	0.0361 lbs/day			-	Quarterly	Grab	WQBEL

001S: Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.

Parameter	Monthly Avg Loading	Daily Max Loading	Daily Min Concentration	Monthly Avg Concentration	Daily Max Concentration	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Basis*
Toluene	- 1	-	-		REPORT ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	BPJ
Benzene	-	-	1		REPORT ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	BPJ
Ethylbenzene	-	-			REPORT ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	BPJ
Xylene	•	-	-	 	REPORT ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	BPJ

001Y: Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.

 Parameter	Monthly Avg Loading	Daily Max Loading	<u>Daily Min</u> Concentration	Monthly Avg Concentration	<u>Daily Max</u> Concentration	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Rocie*
Chloride (As Cl)	Loading -		- Concentration	-	REPORT mg/l	Annually	Composite	Basis* BPJ
2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-P- Dioxin		0.00000000354 lbs/day	- -	<u> </u>	REPORT ppq	Annually	Composite	WQBEL
Solids, Total Dissolved		-		3	REPORT mg/l	Annually	Composite	ВРЈ

001T: Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.

Parameter	Monthly Avg Loading	Daily Max Loading	Daily Min Concentration	Monthly Avg Concentration	Daily Max Concentration	<u>Sample</u> Frequency	Sample Type	Basis*
P/F Statre 7 Day Chr Cyprinodon	-	-		***	0 pass(0)/fail(1)	Semi- Annually	24-Hr Composite	WQBEL
P/F Statre 7 Day Chr Mysid Bahia	-	-		-	0 pass(0)/fail(1)	Semi- Annually	24-Hr Composite	WQBEL

DSN005Q, 006Q, 007Q, 010Q, 012Q, 013Q, 016Q: Storm water runoff associated with petroleum refining operations, including uncontaminated storm water from secondary containment areas and uncontaminated hydrostatic test waters.

	Monthly Avg	Daily Max	Daily Min	Monthly Avg	Daily Max	Sample	Sample Type	_
Parameter	Loading	Loading	Concentration	Concentration	Concentration	Frequency		Basis*
pН		-	REPORT S.U.	•	REPORT S.U.	Quarterly	Grab	BPJ
Oil & Grease	-	-		-	15 mg/i	Quarterly	Grab	BPJ
Carbon, Tot Organic (TOC)		-	-	. <u>-</u>	110 mg/l	Quarterly	Grab	EGL
Flow, In Conduit or Thru Treatment Plant	-	REPORT MGD	_	-	-	Quarterly	Estimate	BPJ

DSN005S, 006S, 007S, 010S, 012S, 013S, 015S, 016S: Storm water runoff associated with petroleum refining operations, including uncontaminated storm water from secondary containment areas and uncontaminated hydrostatic test waters.

Parameter	Monthly Avg Loading	Daily Max Loading	<u>Daily Min</u> <u>Concentration</u>	Monthly Avg Concentration	Daily Max Concentration	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Basis*
Toluene	-	-	- !-	-	8723 ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	WQBEL
Benzene	•	<u> </u>	i	-	15.5 ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	WQBEL
Ethylbenzene	-	-	-	-	1244 ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	WQBEL
Semiannual Certification Statement	-	- -	-	-	REPORT Yes=0; No=1	Semi- Annually	Not Applicable	BPJ
Xylene			-		REPORT ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	ВРЈ

DSN003S, 004S, 008S, 009S, 011S, 014S, 017S, 018S: Uncontaminated storm water from secondary containment areas and uncontaminated hydrostatic test waters.

Parameter	Monthly Avg Loading	<u>Daily Max</u> <u>Loading</u>	Daily Min Concentration	Monthly Avg Concentration	Daily Max Concentration	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Basis*
pH	-	-	REPORT S.U.	-	REPORT S.U.	Semi- Annually	Grab	ВРЈ
Oil & Grease	•	-	•	**	15 mg/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	ВРЈ
Carbon, Tot Organic (TOC)	-	-	- -	- !	110 mg/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	ВРЈ
Toluene	-	-	- ,	-	8723 ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	WQBEL
Benzene	-	-	•	•	15.5 ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	WQBEL
Ethylbenzene	-	-		-	1244 ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	WQBEL
Flow, In Conduit or Thru Treatment Plant	-	REPORT MGD	-	-	-	Semi- Annually	Estimate	ВРЈ
Semiannual Certification Statement	-	•	•	•	REPORT Yes=0; No=1	Semi- Annually	Not Applicable	ВРЈ
Xylene			:		REPORT ug/l	Semi- Annually	Grab	BPJ

*Basis for Permit Limitation

- BPJ Best Professional Judgment
- WQBEL Water Quality Based Effluent Limits
- EGL Federal Effluent Guideline Limitations
- 303(d) 303(d) List of Impaired Waters
- TMDL Total Maximum Daily Load Requirements

Discussion

<u>DSN001</u>: <u>Process wastewater discharge, boiler and cooling tower blowdown, sanitary wastewater, storm water, well water filter backwash, and tank bottoms or water draws.</u>

The process wastewater discharges associated with this refining facility are regulated by 40 CFR Part 419 Petroleum Refining, Subpart A – Topping Subcategory (BPT/BCT/BAT). Limitations for the permit issuance prior to 1998 were based on production associated with a capacity and throughput of 50,000 barrels/day (bpd) of crude. In 1996 the production was increased to approximately 70,000 bpd. The permittee requested higher limits in 1998 to account for an increased production capacity from 50,000 to 85,000; however, the Department did not allow all of this increase due to backsliding concerns. As result, the 1998 permit was based on 50,000 bpd plus the difference between 85,000 bpd 70,000 bpd. In the 2005 permit, the limits were calculated in a similar manner but based on a reported production of 83,000 bpd. Production was reported to be the same in 2011, so limits for the 2011 permit remained consistent with the previous permit. The permittee has indicated that current production has not increased and remains at 83,000 bpd.

Calculations for the regulated pollutants using productions 70,000 and 83,000 bpd and the most stringent of 40CFR 419 BPT/BCT/BAT requirements are attached. Using the permitting approach utilized in prior issuances, the allocation associated with a production of 50,000 bpd (1993 permit limits) was added to the difference between calculated allocations for 83,000 and 70,000.

Calculated EGL limits are shown below.

Parameter	Daily Maximum Monthl	y average
ppd	ppd	
TSS	350.9	224.5
COD	2607.6	1339.5
O&G	153.8	79.9
Phenolic compounds	1.21	0.348
Sulfide	3.02	1.37
Total Chromium	1.24	0.44
Hexavalent Chromium	.096	0.048
pН	Range of 6 to 9	s.u.

Chromium, Hexavalent Chromium

Monitoring for both parameters is proposed to be continued at once per quarter based on BPJ and the company's history of compliance. Calculations of water quality based limits for Hex Chromium shown below confirm that EGL limits are more stringent.

Hex Chromium

Monthly average mass limit = marine chronic criterion x (7Q2 + process flow) x 8.34

- $= .05 \text{ mg/l x} (7.7 \text{ MGD} + .33 \text{ MGD}) \times 8.34$
- = 3.34 ppd

Daily max mass limit = marine acute criterion x (1Q10 + process flow) x 8.34

- = 1.1 mg/l x (1.473 MGD + .33 MGD) x 8.34
- = 16.5 ppd

ADEM water quality standards do not list marine WQ standards for Total Chromium.

COD, Oil & Grease, Phenolic compounds, Sulfides, TSS

The monitoring frequency for COD will remain at once per month. Phenolic compounds and sulfides monitoring will be continued at once per month and once per quarter, respectively. The facility requested to reduce the monitoring frequency for TSS and Oil and Grease to monthly. In order to remain consistent with other facilities in the area, TSS and Oil and Grease will continue to be monitored weekly.

BOD5, NH3-N (Water Quality Based Limits)

Limits for BOD5 and NH3 will be based on levels contained in previous permit issuances and consistent with the 2017 Waste load allocation Model. The daily BOD max limit will be 214.5 ppd and the monthly average will be 143 ppd. The daily maximum NH3 limit will be 58.0 ppd and the monthly average will be 26.3 ppd. The proposed limits for BOD and NH3 are more stringent than limits calculated using federal effluent guidelines. The facility requested to reduce the monitoring frequency for these parameters to monthly. In order to remain consistent with other facilities in the area, BOD5 and NH3-N will continue to be monitored weekly.

Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5-day

In addition to the mass limitations, the existing BOD5 concentration limits of 45 mg/l as a daily max and 30 mg/l as a monthly average are being continued in this permit. These limits were based on BPJ using the Department's secondary treatment regulations ADEM 335-6-10-.08 as a guideline. The monitoring frequency is being continued at weekly.

Ammonia as Nitrogen

In addition to the mass based limits discussed above, the existing NH3-N concentration limits of 18 mg/l as a daily max and 12 mg/l as a monthly average are being continued. These limits were based on BPJ using municipal and refinery wastewater characterizations. The monitoring frequency is being continued at weekly.

Flow

Flow will continue to be monitored daily utilizing a flow totalizer.

<u>pH</u>

Based on the effluent guidelines, the permit limits pH between 6.0 - 9.0 s.u. Because pH monitoring is continuous, 99% compliance is required on a monthly basis with no single excursion outside the 6 - 9 s.u. range to exceed 30 minutes in duration. This pH range has shown to be protective of the receiving stream water quality.

Dissolved Oxygen

The existing dissolved oxygen minimum limit of 6.0 mg/l is continued in this permit. This limitation is based on Best Professional Judgment (BPJ) and has shown to be sufficient to ensure the in-stream dissolved oxygen standard is not violated. Based on the facility's request, monitoring will be reduced from once per 2 weeks to monthly.

Benzene, Ethylbenzene, Toluene, and Xylene

In order to be consistent with Departmental permitting policies, BETX will be monitored as four separate parameters. Monitoring shall be continued at semi-annual.

Tank water bottoms or draws have been shown to contain significant levels of volatile organics, specifically BETX. Therefore, the permit prohibits the discharge of these waters to diked areas or other permeable impoundments.

Total Dissolved Solids, Total Chlorides, Total Phosphorus, Nitrates + Nitrites and TKN

Monitoring for phosphorus and nitrate + nitrites will be once per month. Monthly monitoring will be added for TKN. To be consistent with current Department permitting strategy, monitoring will only be required during the growing season (April – October). The Department is in the process of developing standards for nutrients and the data collected may be needed to determine limitations in the future if necessary to protect water quality. Sampling for TDS and chlorides will be continued on an annually basis.

2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro-dibenzo-p-dioxin

This limit is based on the in-stream human health water quality criterion. In 2008 the Department developed a more stringent dioxin human health water quality criterion of 0.00000000000267 mg/l for fish consumption. Calculations

were performed using this standard and the assumed annual average flow. A limit of 0.00000000354 ppd as a daily maximum was determined. This limit will be included in the permit with a continuation of the annual monitoring requirement. This monitoring shall be performed when the catalytic reforming process is in use.

Daily Max mass Limit = Human health criterion x (annual avg flow + process flow) x 8.34

= 0.00000000354 ppd

Total Recoverable Mercury

Shell's NPDES outfall DSN001 discharges into Chickasaw Creek, which is on the Alabama 303(d) list as an impaired waterbody due to the presence of mercury. Therefore, monitoring for mercury on a once per quarter basis utilizing Method 1631E will be continued. Because the standard is listed as Total Recoverable Mercury, this parameter will be changed to total recoverable.

An updated allocation was calculated based on a process flow of 0.33 MGD and revised critical stream flows. An allocation of 0.00167 lbs/day (monthly average) and 0.0361 lbs/day (daily max) were determined (see calculations below). Shell's existing total mercury limitations are 0.0059 lbs/day (monthly average) and 0.2866 lbs/day (daily max). The revised calculated limits will be used in this draft because they are more stringent.

Monthly average mass limit = marine chronic criterion x (7Q2 + process flow) x 8.34

 $= .000025 \text{ mg/l x} (7.7 \text{ MGD} + .33 \text{ MGD}) \times 8.34$

= 0.00167 ppd

Daily max mass limit = marine acute criterion x $(1Q10 + process flow) \times 8.34$

= .0021 mg/l x (1.473 MGD + .33 MGD) x 8.34

= 0.0316 ppd

Discharge Information Zone (DIZ)

DIZ monitoring requirements apply at permit renewal and shall be conducted within the same season as the original characterization utilizing the same sampling locations approved in the original DIZ study plan. If the biological monitoring shows evidence of biological damage or adverse water quality impacts at the perimeter, or outside the boundaries of the original characterization, the permittee is in violation of the permit, unless the permittee can demonstrate that the cause of the adverse impacts are due to a source other than the permittee's discharge, and will be required, within 30 days after becoming aware of the violation to submit a plan to correct and eliminate the biological damage and adverse water quality impacts caused by the discharge. The results of the DIZ submitted with this permit application conclude that the discharge is not adversely impacting the environment in the study area.

Biomonitoring Requirements.

Whole effluent toxicity testing will continue to be required to test for the potential synergistic effects of the discharge. Based on the stream classification of Limited Warmwater Fishery and a dilution less than 100:1, chronic toxicity monitoring will be required. Testing is being required for salt water species because the receiving stream is tidally influenced. A CORMIX mixing zone analysis performed by the Department in 2017 determined the chronic IWC to be 3.51% based on an average process flow of 0.28 MGD. The application for reissuance indicates that the average process flow is currently 0.33 MGD. Based on this ADEM permitting procedure, the IWC will be rounded up to 4%. This will more than account for the slightly higher IWC as result of the flow increase from 0.28 to 0.33 MGD. The existing monitoring frequency of semi-annual is being continued.

Reasonable Potential

Since this facility is classified as a major industrial facility, the Department completed a Reasonable Potential Analysis (RPA) of the discharge based on lab data provided in the Permittee's application. The RPA identifies pollutants in the treated effluent that have the potential to contribute to excursions of Alabama's in-stream water quality standards. No pollutants were identified in this analysis.

DSN002: Fire pump non-contact cooling water

Because this discharge is intermittent, no chlorine is added, and the lengthy travel time to the receiving stream, there continues to be no monitoring requirements imposed on this outfall.

316(B) Requirements

This facility does not use surface water as a source of cooling water; therefore, 316(b) requirements do not apply.

DSN005, 006, 007, 010, 012, 013, 015, 016: Storm water runoff associated with petroleum refining operations, including uncontaminated storm water from secondary containment areas and uncontaminated hydrostatic test waters

It is believed that the most effective way to control the pollutants in storm water runoff is through the implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs). For this reason, the facility is required to maintain a BMP Plan. The requirements for the plan calls for minimization of storm water contact with waste materials, products and by-products, and for prevention of spills or loss of fluids from equipment maintenance activities.

As a measure of the effectiveness of the BMP the permit requires monitoring for the following pollutants of concern: Flow, pH, total organic carbon (TOC), Benzene, Ethylbenzene, Toluene, Xylene, and Oil and Grease. Benzene, Ethylbenzene, Toluene, Xylene will be monitored semiannually. Water quality based limits are being added to the permit for Benzene, Ethylbenzene and Toluene. Flow, pH, total organic carbon (TOC) will be monitored quarterly. Oil and Grease will be limited to 15 mg/l as a daily max. TOC will be limited to 110 mg/l as a daily max based on the petroleum refining effluent guidelines for storm water, which is not co-mingled with or treated with process wastewater. Monitoring will be required at outfall DSN015. This outfall has been determined to be representative of the other storm water outfalls.

DSN003, 004, 008, 009, 011, 014, 017, 018: Uncontaminated hydrostatic test water and storm water from bulk petroleum secondary containment areas.

BMPs are imposed for discharges from petroleum storage areas. Only uncontaminated storm water and uncontaminated hydrostatic test water is authorized for discharge. A requirement for no oil sheen is imposed. This requirement coupled with the use of absorbents has been found through BPJ to be sufficient to ensure adequate removal of petroleum products.

As a measure of the effectiveness of the BMP the permit requires semi-annual monitoring for the following pollutants of concern: Flow, pH, total organic carbon (TOC), Benzene, Ethylbenzene, Toluene, Xylene and Oil and Grease. Water quality based limits are being added to the permit for Benzene, Ethylbenzene and Toluene. Oil and Grease will be limited to 15 mg/l as a daily max. TOC will be limited to 110 mg/l as a daily max based on the petroleum refining effluent guidelines for storm water which is not co-mingled with or treated with process wastewater. Monitoring will be required at outfall DSN004. This outfall has been determined to be representative of the other storm water outfalls.

DSN019: Storm water ruuoff from employee parking lot, access roads, and administrative

DSN020: Storm water runoff from warehouse and lay-down yard DSN021: Storm water runoff from access roads north of Unit 2 area

It is believed that the most effective way to control the pollutants in storm water runoff is through the implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs). For this reason, the facility is required to maintain a BMP Plan. The requirements for the plan calls for minimization of storm water contact with waste materials, products and by-products, and for prevention of spills or loss of fluids from equipment maintenance activities.

No monitoring requirements are imposed for these drainage areas.

Revision (March 24, 2021):

In this revision, Mercury monitoring is being changed from "Total" to "Total Recoverable" to be consistent with the form of Mercury listed in ADEM Water Quality Standards. Also effluent guideline calculations were revised to gain consistency with the approach used in previous permit issuances. Last, water quality based limits were added for Benzene, Ethylbenzene and Toluene at outfalls DSN004 and DSN015 to be consistent with Department requirements for discharges from bulk petroleum secondary containment areas. Monitor only is being required for the BETX components at outfall DSN001.

Production-Based Effluent Limits

		DAILY MA	XIMUM (ppd)		-	MONTHLY AVE	RAGE (ppd)	
	1993 permit	70,000 bbls	83,000 bbls	2021 calculated	1993 permit	70,000 bbls	83,000 bbls	2021 calculated
Parameter	50k bbls basis	basis	basis	Limitations (1)	50k bbls basis	basis	basis	Limitations ⁽¹⁾
BOD				241 ⁽²⁾				143 ⁽²⁾
TSS	269.75	306.06	387.24	350.93	172.34	196.75	248.94	224.52
COD	2010.42	2332.77	2929.99	2607.64	1030.72	1201 .63	1510.38	1339.48
Oil and Grease	117.51	137.07	173. 3 1	153.75	61.05	71.22	90.07	79.89
Phenolic Compounds	1.02	0.90	1.09	1.21	0.30	0.27	0.32	0.34
Ammonia as Nitrogen				58 ⁽²⁾				26.3 ⁽²⁾
Sulfide	2.25	2.67	3.44	3.02	1.02	1.21	1.56	1.37
Total Chromium	1.08	0.98	1.14	1.24	0.39	0.36	0.41	0.45
Hexavalent Chromium	0.09	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.04
pH	6 to 9	6 to 9	6 to 9	6 to 9	6 to 9	6 to 9	6 to 9	6 to 9

⁽¹⁾ Proposed limitations are equal to allocation in the 1993 permit calculated using 50,000 bbls plus the difference of the allocation for 83,000 bbls and 70,000 bbls.

⁽²⁾ Not calculated since allocations are based on water quality limitations.

	DAIL	Y MAXIMUM (ppd)	MON	THLY AVERAGE	 (ppd)
I	2021 calculated	2011	2021 Proposed	2021 calculated	2011	2021 Proposed
Parameter	Limitations	Limitations	Limitations	Limitations	Limitations	Limitations
BOD	241.00	241	241	143.0	143	143
TSS	350.90	350.9	350.9	224.5	224.5	224.5
COD	2607.60	2607.6	2607.6	1339.5	1339.5	1339.5
Oil and Grease	153.80	153.8	153.8	79.9	79.9	79.9
Phenolic Compounds	1.21	1.21	1.21	0.35	0.348	0.348
Ammonia as Nitrogen	58	58	58	26.3	26.3	26.3
Sulfide	3.02	3.02	3.02	1.37	1.37	1.37
Total Chromium	1.24	1.24	1.24	0.45	0.44	0.44
Hexavalent Chromium	0.10	0.096	0.096	0.05	0.048	0.048
pН	6 to 9	6 to 9	6 to 9	6 to 9	6 to 9	6 to 9

Effluent Limits Calculated from 40 CFR Part 419 Petroleum Refining Category - Subpart A Topping Subcategory 50 (1000 bbls)

1993 Permit Limits*

	Daily Maximum	Monthly Average
	PPD	PPD
BOD**	241	143
TSS	269.75	172.34
сор	2010.42	1030.72
Oil and Grease	117.51	61.05
Phenolic Compounds	1.019	0.298
Ammonia as Nitrogen**	58	26.30
Sulfide	2.25	1.02
Total Chromium	1.081	0.391
Hexavalent Chromium	0.0864	0.038
рН	within 6.0 to 9.0 S.U.	

^{*} Limits calculated in 1993 were based on 50,000 barrels of production

^{**} Limits were water quality based.

Effluent Limits Calculated from 40 CFR Part 419 Petroleum Refining Category - Subpart A Topping Subcategory 70 (1000 bbls)

Daily Feedstock1 (Throughput) Contaminated Runoff Flow Capacity - maximum

Size Factor for 50.0 to 74.9 thousand bbls per day (70)

 $70 (x 1.000 bbls)^2$ 86.2 (x 1,000 gallons) 70 (x 1,000 bbls) 1.16

Crude Process	Process Capacity	Capacity/ Throughput	Weighting Factor	Process Configuration
Atmospheric Crude Distillation Vacuum Crude Distillation Crude Desalting	70 17.5 70	1.00 0.25 1.00		
Total		2.25	1	2.25

Process Configuration

Process Factor (Process Configuration <2.49)

2.25 0.62

Process Allotment³

	Max 1 da	ıy T	30 day average			
	per 1,000 bbl of fs		per 1,000 bbl of fs			
Parameter	ppd	ppd	ppd	ppd		
BOD	8	402.75	4.25	213.96		
TSS	5.6	281.93	3.6	181.24		
COD	41.2	2074.17	21.3	1072.33		
Oil and Grease	2.5	125.86	1.3	65.45		
Phenolic Compounds	0.013	0.654	0.003	0.151		
Ammonia as Nitrogen	0.99	49.84	0,45	22.65		
Sulfide	0.053	2.67	0.024	1.21		
Fotal Chromium	0.011	0.554	0.004	0.201		
Hexavalent Chromium	0.0007	0.035	0.0003	0.015		
pH_	6 to 9		6 to 9	*****		

	Max 1 da	ıy	30 day average			
	per 1,000 gallons		per 1,000 gallons	ppd		
Parameter	ppd	ppd	ppd			
BOD	0.40	34.48	0.22	18.96		
rss	0.28	24.14	0.18	15.52		
COD	3.0	258.6	1.5	129.3		
Oil and Grease	0.13	11.206	0.067	5.78		
Phenolic Compounds	0.0029	0.250	0.0014	0.121		
Ammonia as Nitrogen	0	0	0	0		
Sulfide	0	0	0	i o		
Fotal Chromium	0.005	0.431	0.0018	0.155		
Iexavalent Chromium	0.00052	0.0448	0.00023	0.0198		
ρΗ	6 to 9		6 to 9			

Total Allotment

	Max 1 day	30 day average
Parameter	ppd	ppd
BOD	437.23	232.93
rss	306.06	196.75
COD	2332.77	1201.63
Oil and Grease	137.07	71.22
henolic Compounds	0.90	0.27
Ammonia as Nitrogen	49.84	22,65
Sulfide	2.67	1.21
Total Chrominm	0.98	0.36
Iexavalent Chromium	0.08	0.03
ρΗ	6 to 9	6 to 9

^{*} Feedstock is defined as the crude oil and natural gas liquids ted to topping units

Average feedstock and vacuum crude distillation was determined using maximum monthly data from 1997

Allotment calculated by multiplying effluent guideline limit by daily amt of feedstock (1,000 bbl) multiplied by the process factor, multiplied by the size factor.

^{*}Contaminated runoff allotment calculated by multiplying effluent guideline limit by average storm water flow.

Effluent Limits Calculated from 40 CFR Part 419 Petroleum Refining Category - Subpart A Topping Subcategory 83 (1000 bbls)

Daily Feedstock' (Throughput)
Contaminated Runoff Flow
Capacity - maximum

83 (x 1,000 bbls)² 86.2 (x 1,000 gallons) 85 (x 1,000 bbls)

1.26

Capacity - maximum	
Size Factor for 75 to 99.9	thousand bbls per day (83)

Crude Process	Process Capacity	Capacity/ Throughput	Weighting Factor	Process Configuration
Atmospheric Crude Distillation Vacuum Crude Distillation Crude Desalting	85 30 85	1.02 0.36 1.02		
Total		2.40	1	2,4

Process Configuration
Process Factor (Process Configuration <2.49)

2.40 0.62

Process Allotment'

	Max 1 c	lay	30 day average		
	per 1,000 bbl of fs		per 1,000 bbl of fs		
Parameter	ppd	ppd	ppd	ppd	
BOD	8	518.72	4.25	275.57	
TSS	5.6	363.10	3.6	233.42	
COD	41.2	2671.39	21.3	1381.08	
Oil and Grease	2.5	162.10	1.3	84.29	
Phenolic Compounds	0.013	0.843	0.003	0.195	
Ammonia as Nitrogen	0.99	64.19	0.45	29.18	
Sulfide	0.053	3.44	0,024	1,56	
Total Chromium	0.011	0.713	0.004	0.259	
Hexavalent Chromium	0.0007	0.045	0.0003	0.019	
pH	6 to 9		6 to 9		

Contaminated Runoff Allotment

	Max 1	day	30 day average		
	per 1,000 gallons		per 1,000 gallons		
Parameter Parameter	ppd	ppd	ppd	ppd	
BOD	0.40	34.48	0.22	18.96	
TSS	0.28	24.14	0.18	15.52	
COD	3.0	258.6	1.5	129.3	
Oil and Grease	0.13	11.206	0.067	5.78	
Phenolic Compounds	0.0029	0.250	0.0014	0.121	
Ammonia as Nitrogen	0	0	0	0	
Sulfide	0	0	I 0 I	0	
Total Chromium	0.005	0.431	0.0018	0.155	
Hexavalent Chromium	0.00052	0.0448	0.00023	0.0198	
pH	6 to 9		6 to 9		

Total Allotment

	Max / day	30 day average	
Parameter	ppd	ppd	
BOD	553.20	294.53	
TSS	387.24	248.94	
COD	2929.99	1510.38	
Oil and Grease	173.31	90.07	
Phenolic Compounds	1.09	0.32	
Ammonia as Nitrogen	64.19	29.18	
Sulfide	3.44	1.56	
Total Chromium	1.14	0.41	
Hexavalent Chromium	0.09	0.04	
pH	6 to 9	6 to 9	

¹ Feedstock is defined as the crude oil and natural gas liquids fed to topping units

Average feedstock and vacuum crude distillation was determined using maximum monthly data from 1997

Allotment calculated by multiplying EGL by daily amt of feedstock (1,000 bbl) multiplied by the process factor, multiplied by the size factor.

[&]quot;Contaminated runoff allotment calculated by multiplying effluent guideline limit by average storm water flow.

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tr P	, Do oth	er discharges exi	st that ma	y impact the r	nodel?	☑ Yes	□ No	
If yes, Impacting dischargers names	Stanley Brook Kimberly-Cla	oks WWTP, Chickasaw I ark	agoon,	Impacting dischargers prompted in the control of th		AL0055204, AL0	020885, AL00028	301
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Comments and/or Notations

		Mixing Zo	ne A	nalysis	s Su	mm	ary •		Page 17 V
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From:	(Responsible Engine	er) Latoya	a Hali	ln B	Branch/S	Section		strial	
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٠.٠		Discharge Design I		0.28	MGD				modeling.
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Mixing Zone Analysis Summary Process

WET Parameters

	Su	mmer	
/Acute	a Propri called the	Chron	<u>c</u> -3
* Ambient Streamflow) 0	cfs	Ambient Streamflow	0 cfs
ZID Length 2.25	Meters	Mixing Zone Length	121.9 Meters
ZID IWC 16	%	Mixing Zone IWC)	3.51 %
	<u>; W</u>	inter:	
Acute		<u>Chroni</u>	<u>c</u>
Ambient Streamflow	ੌਂ ਼ cfs	Ambient Streamflow	cfs
ZID Length 2.25	Meters	Mixing Zone Length	121.9 Meters
ZID IWC	%	Mixing Zone IWC	%
	Thermal F	arameters	
Summer }	See to be sufficient to the su	Wint	ier.
Ambient Streamflow	cfs	Ambient Streamflow	cfs
Mixing Zone Length	Meters	Mixing Zone Length	Meters
Max. Effluent Temp	**C	Max. Effluent Temp	°C
,			
	Pathogen Pa	arameters	
(<u>Summe</u>	5.7 • A	<u>Winter</u>	
Ambient Streamflow	cfs	Ambient Streamflow	cfs
ZID Length	Meters	ZID Length	Meters
Max. Effluent Fecal Conc	Cols/100 mls	Max. Effluent Fecal Conc	Cols/100 mis
Max. Effluent E. coli Conc	Cols/100 mls	Max. Effluent E. coli Conc	Cols/100 mls
Monthly Average Effluent E. coli Conc	Cols/100 mis	Monthly Average Effluent E. coli Conc	Cols/100 mls
Max. Effluent Enterococci Conc (for coastal waters)	Cols/100 mls	Max. Effluent Enterococci Conc (for coastal waters)	Cols/100 mls
Comments and/or			

Notations

NPDES No.: AL0055859

	Q ₄ *C ₄ + Q ₆₂ *	C ₁₀ + 0	Σ*C	= Q,*C	Background	Background	10 10 108704-28	Enter Hex Duly	Enter Avg	Partition
A	な悪く。1公Polutare ちょうけい	Cathagen	Тура	from opetream course (C/s)	from wosteam source (C _{d2})	Instrum (C ₁) Daly	Background Instream (C.)	Applicant	reported by Ropicant	(Stream /
7. a.		77.9	100	Daily Mes	Monthly Ava	F prof	Monthly Ave	¥(C ₂) Hai 3	(C _d) Ava.	13.00
_1	Artimony Artimony	TIES	Metals Metals	0	0	200	1707	11	0 -	0.574
	Berytum Cadhium		Metals Metals	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0.236
5	Oromkin / Overstan III** Oromkin / Overstan VI**		Metals Metals	"o'	0				1	0.210
-3	Copperat		Metab Metab		iĝ.	100 PM	1,750	4.6	. 0	0.388 0.467
- e 01	Mercury**		Metala Metala	7 0	0	1.00		0.12	0.03	0.505
īi	Selenkari		Metals Metals	0	D		I Tion	. 0	0	
13	The Burn	ن منت نمر ۱۱۸۰ محد	Metals Metals	0	9.	12.0			0	0.330
15	Cyanide Total Phenolic Compounds		Metals Metals				0		0	
	Hardness (As CaCO3) Acrolein	ومناهو عور	Metals VOC	. 0	. O.	1210	1000	, Q	0	
19	Acrylonitrile* Aldrin	YES	VOC	0 .	a .	0			. 0	
21 22	Benzene* Bromeform*	YES	VOC			2m 3			0 .	
23 24	Carlon Tetrachloride ^a Chlordana	YES	VOC	. 0			12 1 2 - 5	, o	٥	
25 25	Condenzane Chlorodibrome-Methane*	Ŷŝ	VOC	0	,0		- 0		.0	
27	Chiprochung 2-Chipro-Ethylyand Ether		VOC	0	0	0	0.7	0	0	
29 30	ChloroForm*	YES YES	VOC	0	, D		770	0	, o	
31 32	4,4'-DDE 4,4'-DDT	. 755 . 765	VOC		0				0-	
33 34	Dichlorobromo-Hethane* 1. 1-Dichloroethane	YES	VOC	0	.0		0	,,0	0	
35 36	1, 2-Dichloroethane* Trans-1, 2-Dichloro-Ethylene	YES 1	VOC	0	0	0	5.0.5		0	
37 38	1, 1-Dichlorocthylene ^a 1, 2-Dichlorocropana	YES	VOC	.0	i a ,	20.T	±t. ≃	0	0	
39 40	1,3-Dichloro-Prooplene Dieldrin	YES	VOC VOC	0	. 0	1	200 Ti	0	0 4	
41 42	Ethybertane Hethyl Bromids		VOC	0	0 ,	F 10 13	7.0	`o ``,	0 _	
4	Methyl Chloride Methylama Chloride	YES	VOC VOC	10	0		60 - C	0	0.	
	1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachlors-Ethane* Tetrachlors-Ethylene*		VOC	, 'a'	, a	5.00	1020	8	- 0	
47 48	Toxephene	YES	VOC.	0	0	1-0	B	0	8	
499 500	Tributyttine (TBT) 1, 1, 1-Trichlorochane	YES	70C	0	0	0	10.	0	,0 .	
51 52	1, 1, 2-Trichlomethane* Trichlorethylena*	YS.	VOC	0	g, ,	0.00		0	0	
.53 54	P-Chloro-M-Cresol	YES	VOC Adds	. 0		\$ L 0	0 1	D	0	
55 56	2 Chicrophenol 2, 4 Dichlorophenol		Acids Acids	- 0	0		. o	0	0_	
57 58	2, 4 Direth/phenol 4, 6-Dintro-O-Cresol	با م چندمو. باعضیست	Acids Acids	10	0	والنب و ليو	The street	. 0	0	
59 60	2, 4 Dintro-2-methylophenol		Accs Accs	5	9 .	==0	s, D	0		
61 62	Diesin (2,3,7,8-TCDO) 2-Kroohend	YES	Acids Acids	. 0	0	1-02		0	0	
8	4 NBrophenol Pentacklorophenol*	YES.	Acids Acids	. 0	. 0	£ 0	6	0	.0,	
65 66	2, 4, 5-Trichlorephenol	YE	Acids Acids		0	Z 0 Z		0. 0		
67 68	Acenzohitheles Acenzohitheless	ئىسىپىد ئىلمىلىسىپىد	Bases Bases	. 0 .	0	The Date of		0.	_ 0	
70	Anthracene Senzicine Benzo(A)Anthracene®	YES	Bases Bases Bases	.0	.0	0.0		, a	0	
71 72 73	Benzo(A)Pyrens* 3. 4 Benzo-Fluoranthers	YES	Bases Bases	` ø ,	0	0 1			" 1	
74	Benzo(G/II) Payleng Benzo(K) Puprarthers		Bases	, į		0		- 8	- 0	
.76 77	Ess (2-Chioroethory) Methane	YES	Bases		0	J	0.2		8	<u> </u>
78	Ris (2-Chlorobo-Proovi) Ether Ris (2-Sthelberry), Philhalaby		Bases	·	ř		April 1	1 -] }	-
80	4 Bromophenyl Phonyl Ether Subyl Benzyl Phthelate	, its	Bees	. 0	0.	70	***	1 - 8		1
	2-Chloronaphthalete 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether		Bases Bases		10	0 40	15 m	- 6	Š	
85	DI-N-Busy Phthalate	YES	Bases	,' <u></u>	ě ,	- 0 -	0			
	DBenzo(AH)Anthracene"	YES	Bases		-0	- 0 78	6			-3
59	1, 3-Dichlorobenzone		Bases Bases		- 10 5	0	100	01	l	
90	3. 3-Dichlorobenzene*	YES	Beses Beses	. 0	:0			0	0	
92	Diethyl Phthalata		Bases Bases	0 ,		0		. 0		
95	2, 4-Dinitrotoluene	YES	Bases Bases		0	0.00		0	8	<u></u> -
96	1,2-Dichengingtrazine Endesultan (aloha)	Yes "	Sases Sases		9 .			-8-	- :	=
98 99	Endomilian (beta) Endomilian sulfate Endris	YES	Bases Bases		0	0.75	Contract of the second	- 8		
101	Endrin Alderthide	YES	Bases Bases	1 6	.0	8.3	0	0-		
103	Fluorenthene Fluorene		Sases Sases		. 0			0		
104 105	Heptachior Heptachior Epoxida	YES	Bases Bases		0 :	0		· 0 ·	I ~~ 8 ~~ .	
106	Hexachiorobutadiene*	YES YES	Bases Bases	. 0	0 -	200	0.50			
109		YES	Bases Bases	. 0		0	0 11	0		
111	HexachlorocycloPertacleme	Y55,	Bases Bases		8			0	8	:
112 113	Hexachtoroethane Indexo(1, 2, 3-CK)Pyrene®	YES	Bases Bases	[0]	8	3	0.7.7			
115	Isophorone Naphthalene		Sases Gases				3	8	- 0	:
116 117	Nitroperane N-Nitropedi-N-Propylamine*	115	රිකස Bases	8	8		0	- 0		
118 119	N-10 resodi N-Methylamine* N-Nitrosodi N-Phenylamine*	115 115	Baca Baca		0	0-3	- 8-	.0 -	0.	:
120	PCS-1016 PCS-1221	155 165	Bases Bases			0,0		. 0		1:.
122 123	PC3-1232 PC3-1242	TES YES	Bases Bases	0	0		0		0 .	
	PCB-1248	YES	Bases Bases	. 0	0		0.7	0	- 0	· :
125	PCB-1260	YES	Bases Bases			200	0 7		0	:
178			Bases Bases	0	0	- 0	9 0			<u> </u>

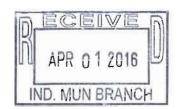
1, 070	Enter Q _e = washewater discharge flow from facility (MQD)
0.510585\$7	O _e = westerocial discharge flow (cfs) (this value is calactated from the MGD)
0	Enter flow from upstream discharge Od2 w background stream flow in MGD above point of discharge
. 0	QdQ = background stream flow from upstream source (cfs)
259	Enter 7Q10, Q, = background stream flow in cts above point of decharge
225	Enter or estimated, 1010, Q _e = background stream flow in cfs shove point of discharge (1010 estimated at 75% of 7010)
24.12	Enter Mean Annual Flow, Q = background stream flow in cfs above point of discharge
	Enter 702, Q, a background stream flow in cfs above point of dacharge (For LWP class streams)
	Enter G_0 = background in-stream polarization concentration in $\mu g N$ (assuming this is zero "0" unless there is data)
o* +045+6*	Q, = resultant in-stream Sow, after discharge
Calculated on other	C, a testuitard in-stream poliutant concentration in pigil in the stream (after complete mixing occurs)
50 T	Enter, Background Hardness above point of discharge (assumed 50 South of Birmingham and 100 North of Birmingham)
7.00 tu	Enter, Background pH above point of discharge
YES	Enter, is discharge to a stream? "YES" Other option would be to a Lake. (This changes the partition coefficients for the metals)

*** Using Partition Coefficients

October 28, 3720

Facility Name: Shell Chemicals										_									
Marine LWF classification.								Asrima Amute (Lygii) 1	Cold for LVVP				Marine Chronic G	enti itoz ter LW		Ca	Cancopin C.	Annual Averag	iy (ug/i)
-	E CHI CAMP COME			Backgr	Ound	Max Cally Discharge us reported by	Waar				ومسرطيفا	Any Cody Discharge as reported by	*****		_	T T		es C. • 7C310	
٥	Problems	RP7	Carcinopen	from upo	(Cata)	Application of the last of the	Criteria (Cu	(Commy (Party)	20% of Orali Permit Limit	RD-7	from upstream source (Cd2) Monthly Ave	(CT) Videral	Crimin (C.)	20% of Draft Parm# Lizze	RD77	Charle (Ca)	Draf Permi Umil (Camp)	20% of Draft Permit Limit	F077
	Arteriory Arterio		YES					6),172	68,2344795	No.	9	0	36 970.447	179.269357	No	3.73E+02 8.25E-01	3,731-02 2.550+01	7.47E+01 5.09E+00	No No
1.7	Cadmium Chromium Chromium III		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			- 0	40		49.9910026	No .			8.8 214243	42.8465094	No		******		
	Chromium Chromium VI Copper			0		4.5	1100	6973.763 29.995	1374.75257 1 5.99892011 262.457744	No No		0	50 1217,287 3.1 75,472 8.1 197,201	243.45744 15.0943613 39.4401053	No No	335E+03	3786-00	€,70E+02	No
-	Mercey Natural				_	0.12	210 21 74	1312.254 13.123 482.417	2.02452784	No		0.02	0.025 } 0.609	0.12172872	No No	1.40E-01 1.57E+03	1.40E-01 1.97E+03	2.61E-02_	No
_ t	Selenium Silver Thadism					0	290	1812.174 11.473	307.434789 237.457242	No No			71 1728,546	345,709585	No	2.43E+03	2.435+03 2.746-01	4.85E+02 5.47E-02	
13	Zing Cyanide			0			0.13	562 199 0.812	112.479756 0.16247076	No No			81 1972,005 0.001 0.024	394.401053	No _	4.515+04 9.33E+03	4,516+04	9.03E+03	No No
. 57				0								0							
112	Acrolein Acryloniirile Aldrin		YES			0				=	- 0					1.44E-01 2.94E-05	8.052-00 1.027-03	1.39E+00 2.64E-04	No
2	Bergere Bronsfers Carbon Tetrachloride		YES YES	- 0		0			_=====					- :	-:-	1.55E+01 7.83E+01 9.57E-01	7.45E+02 3.80E+03 4.82E+01	1.49E+02 7.60E+02 9.24E+00	No
24	Christee		YES	;	Ξ				1		- 5					4.73E-04 9.06E+02	2.28E-02 0.06E-02	4.56E-03	No No
Z	Chiorodibrono Materiae Chioromitana	=	YES	a											<u> </u>	7.41E+00	3.576-02	7.152-01	No
2	4.F - DDG		YES YES								- 8-	0				1.02E+02 1.81E-04	4.92E+03 8.75E-03	9.84E+02 1.75E-03	No.
3	4.F - DOT		YES YES			- 0	0.13	0.412	0.18247078	, No_	0	D	_00010024	0.00486915	Pio	1,28E-04 1,28E-04 1,00E+01	6.18E-03 6.18E-03 4.64E-02	1,24E-03 1,24E-03 9,58E+01	No
1.3	1.2-Dichlorpetune	=	AE2	:	=		===		1							2,14E+01	1.00E-03	2.062+02	No
3	Trace-1, 2-Dichloro-Ethylene 1, 1-Dichlorosthylene	=	YES											<u> </u>]	===	5.01E+03 4.17E+03 8.49E+00	5.91E-03 2.01E-05 8.49E-00	1.18E+03 4.02E+04 1.70E+00	No.
- 3	1, 3 Dichton Prop/ere Dickrin		YES		=		0.71	4.437	0.6873403	No			0.0019 0.048	0.00925135	No	1.23E+01 3.12E-05	1.23E-01 1.51E 03	2.46E+00 3.01E-04	No No
1	Ethylberzene Methyl Bromide Methyl Chloride			0					<u></u>		0	0			41-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-1	1.24E+03 8.71E+02	1,74E-02	2.49E+02 1.74E+02	No
4	Metrylene Chloride 5 1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrachloro-Ethene	panta 	YES YES	0		0					0				===	3 46E+02 2.33E+00	1.875-04 1.136-02	3.342+03 2.25E+01	No.
	Tetrachioro-Ethylens Toksene		YES	0	_		021	1312	0.25245270	No			00002 0.005	0.00097383	No .	1.57E+00 8.77E+03 1.67E-04	8.25E-01	1,452+01 1,74E+03 1,56E-03	No No
	Tributytin (TBT)		YE3				042	2.525	(0.52430553	No_			0.0074 0.163	0.0360317			:		
5	1, 1, 2-Trichlarouthane	=	YES			-0-	÷					0			_ : -	1.75E+00 1.42E+00	4.39E+02 8.43E+02 6.87E+01	8.78E+01 1.69E+02 1.37E+01	No No
. 5 5	Vicyt Chloride P Chlory M Cresol 2-Chlorophenol	+	YES			0	13	61,235	18.2470754	No		0	7,9 192,331	38,4852755	No.	8.71E+01	8.712-01	1.74E+01	No.
5	2, 4-Dichlorophenol 7 2, 4-DimeOylphenol						:									1,72E+02 4,98E+02	4.962-02	3.44E+01 9.85E+01	No _
. 5 8	4, 5-Dintro-O-Cresol 2, 4-Dintrophenol 4,5-Dintro-2-matrytohenol		YES			0			+	<u> </u>	0					3.11E-03 1.65E+02	3.11E-03 7.04E-03	8.225 +GZ 1.60E+03	No_
8	Diction (Z.3.7.1-TCDC)		AER						 		_:	0		-:-		2.6TE-08	1,296,00	25TE-01	No
	Pentachkropherol		YES			-0	- (1	81.213	16.2470758	No.			7.9 192.331	36.4667755	No	1,77E+00 5,00E+05	8.532+01 5.00E+05	1.71E+01 1.00E+05	No_
_6	5 2, 4, 6-Trichlorsphenol 7 Acenzohithers		YES			0		11 Plant 11	1	-	0	0				1.41E+00 5.79E+02	8.82E+01 5.79E+02	1.36E+01 1.16E+02	No No
6	Accesphiliplers Anthrecens Baszidins				l l							8	p			2.33E-04 1.15E-04	2.33E+04 1.16E-04	4.57E+03 2.32E-05	No.
1.7	1 Senzo(A)Arthrecare 2 Bertzo(A)Pyrene		YES				-		1	:						1.07E-02 1.07E-02	6,14E-01 5.14E-01 1.07E-02	1.03E-01 1.03E-01 2.13E-03	No No
-7	Serzo/OF horastiene								1	E	-					107E-02	1.07E-02	2.13E-03	No
1.7	6 Gra (2-Chloroetrony) Methane 7 Bis (2-Chloroethy) Ether		A£2							-:-	0					3.07E-01	1.45E+01 1.78E+04	2.97E+00 7.56E+03	No.
1.7	Bis (2-Ethythery) Phthelate 0 4-Bromophenyi Phenyi Ether		YES							ļ	0	C				1.28E+00	6.185+01	1.24E+01	No.
	1 Butyl Benzyl Phihalate			-							0	0				1.13E+03 9.24E+02	1.13E+03 9.24E+02	1,85E+02	No No
1.7	Chrysone S CLN Buryl Phthelate	=	YES		3				ļ <u>-</u>	-:-					:	1.07E-02 2.62E+03	5,14E-01 2,62E-03	1,03E-01 5,24E+02	No.
	6 Di-N-Ootyl Physics 7 Diserte (A-M-Arthracene	-	YES	=		0		-	==	<u> </u>		0			- :	1.07E-02	\$.14E-01 7.55E+02	1.03E-01	, No
	3 1, 3-Dichloroberzane 0 1, 4-Dichloroberzane				=		=======================================									5 875+02 1.125+03	5.62E+02	1,12E+07 2,25E+01	No No
			YES		<u></u>	0			1-:-			G				1,868-02 2,586+04 6,43E+05	8.02E-01 2.56E+04 8.48E+05	1,60E-01 5,11E+03 1,30E+05	No No
	4 2, 4-Dinitrolokene 5 2, 8-Dinitrolokene	1	ÝES			0				1.						1.98E+00	9.56E+01	1.81E+01	No
1 :	6 1.2-Diphenythydrazine 7 Endosullas (alpha) B Endosullas (beta)		YES	1	5	:-	0.034	0212 0212	0.0424923				0.0007 0.212 0.0007 0.212	0.04236150 0.04238159	No No	1.17E-01 5.19E+01 5.19E+01	1.17E-01 2.50E-03 2.50E-03	\$100E+02	No
13	9 Endosulfan sulfate Di Partin		TES -				947	0231_	0.002416	1-5-			0.0023 0.056	0.01112904	No	5.19E+01 3.53E-02	2.50E+03 1.70E+00	1.00E+0Z	No.
10	Eadrin Aldeyhda Z Facounthum S Fluorena		YES_		_				1-:-	7 :					- <u>:</u>	1.76E+00 8.12E+01 3.11E+03	8.51E+01 8.12E+01 3.11E+03	1.70E+01 1.625+01 8.22E+02	No No
10	Heptochlor 5 Heptochlor Epoids		YES YES		}	-0	0.053	0.331	0.06623804 0.06623804	, No	0		0.0036 0.088 0.0036 0.088		Ho_	4.63E-05	2.232-63 1.106-63	4.47E-04 2.21E-04	No
1.0	8 Hecachlorobercane 17 Hecachlorobutadiese 18 Hecachlorocyclohecan (slpha)		YES YES			00				ļ	0					1.685-04 1.085+01 2.85E-03	5.10E+02 1.37E-01	1.04E+02 2.75E-02	No No
	9 Heachlorocycloheran (bats) (0 (gamma)	,	YES		3		0.16	i.mo	6.1299640			0	<u> </u>			9.976-03 1.025+00	4.81E-01 5.20E+01	1.04E+01	No.
1:	1 HerachiorocycloPertaclene 2 Herachiorocyclope 3 Indeno(1, 2, 3-CXOPyrene	-	TEJ	-		0			÷÷	ļ.:-	0	0				6.45E+02 1.92E+00 1.07E-02	6.45E-02 1.92E-00 5.14E-01	1.29E+02 3.84E-01 1.03E-01	Ho_
11	A Boptorone 5 Naphhalene	-		-	3			1		1:	D	0				5.61E+02	5.01E+02	1.12£+02	. Ab
7	8 Narobenzana 17 N-Nitrosodi-N-Propytamina	-	YES			-:-			1		- 🖫	- 8	The state of the s	:-:		2.958-01 1.768+00	4.04E+02 1.42E+01 8.49E+01	2.65E+00 1.70E+01	No No
13	18 N-Nitrosodi N-Phenylamina 18 N-Nitrosodi N-Phenylamina 10 PCB-1016		YES YES YES			0 -		1		<u> </u>		0		0.14607446	No_	3,50E+00	1.09E+02	3 352+01 3.51E-04	No No
,	21 PCB-1221 22 PCB-1232		YES			0		4	_:-				0.03 0.730 0.03 0.730	0.14607448	No.	174E-05	1,000-03	1.61E-04	No.
1	23 PCB-1248 24 PCB-1248 25 PCB-1254		YES YES		- 	, 0 0							0.03 0.730 0.03 0.730 0.01 0.730	0.14507448 0.14507448 0.14607446	No No	3.74E-05 3.74E-05 3.74E-05	1.00E-63 1.00E-63 1.00E-63	3.61E-04	No No
1	25 PC8-1250 27 Photostrone		YES					Ţ <u>-</u>		;			0m0,730	0.14507445	No In "	3.745-05	1,602-60	3,818-04	No
-16	78 Pyreme 79 1, 2, 4-Trichtorobenzens	1			3	. 0 -	<u> - : - </u>	• •	·- ;-		8	<u>0</u> . ".	- ark action			4.09E+01	2.33E+03 4.09E+01	8.19E+00	No





NPDES Permit Renewal Application AL0055859

Shell Chemical LP Saraland, Alabama



March 2016



CH2M

4121 Carmichael Road Suite 400 Montgomery, AL 36106 O +1 334 271 4444

www.ch2m.com

IND. MUN BRANCH

March 31, 2016

Latoya Hall
Alabama Department of Environmental Management
Industrial Section, Water Division
1400 Coliseum Blvd.
Montgomery, AL 36130-1463

Subject: Shell Chemical LP Mobile Site

Application to Renew NPDES Permit AL0055859

Dear Ms. Hall:

On behalf of Shell Chemical LP (Shell), we are submitting two copies (and one CD with electronic files) of an application package to renew the Shell Mobile Site's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. The Shell Mobile Site is currently permitted to discharge wastewater and stormwater through 21 outfalls to Chickasaw Creek under NPDES permit AL0055859. The existing permit expires on September 30, 2016.

With this application for renewal, Shell is providing the required Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) forms. The application package specifically includes the following required information:

- ADEM Form 187 (Attachment 1)
- EPA Forms 1, 2C, 2E, and 2F (Attachments 2 through 5)
- December 2015 Discharge Information Zone (DIZ) Study Report conducted by Payne Environmental Services (Attachment 6)

Shell completed the required sampling of the process and non-process wastewater outfalls (DSN001 and DSN002) on February 11, 2016. As approved by ADEM on November 17, 2015, Shell sampled stormwater outfalls DSN004 and DSN015 as representative of the remaining stormwater outfalls during a storm event on February 2, 2016. This 2016 application data, along with a compilation of Discharge Monitoring Report compliance data, as appropriate, are provided on EPA Forms 2C, 2E, and 2F.

With submittal of this application, Shell is requesting the following:

The production basis for the effluent guideline limits remains at 83,000 barrels per day (bpd); this
value continues to be the most reasonable production rate, and is supported by the production
information provided in ADEM Form 187 and EPA Form 2C. We understand that at this production
basis, existing effluent guideline limits for DSN001 will be continued from the current permit.

- Based on the Shell Mobile facility's historical compliance record, and the 5-year data trends shown in Attachment 7, Shell requests the following reduction in monitoring frequencies for DSN001:
 - Dissolved oxygen (DO) from once every 2 weeks to monthly
 - Total suspended solids (TSS), biological oxygen demand (BOD), Ammonia-N, and oil and grease (O&G) – from weekly to monthly
 - Chromium (hexavalent and total), Sulfide, and Mercury from quarterly to annual
 - Benzene, toluene, ethybenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) and Toxicity from semi-annual to annual
- As approved by ADEM for application sampling, Shell requests that stormwater outfalls DSN004 and DSN015 be designated as the representative outfalls for compliance monitoring with permit reissuance. In addition, Shell requests that the monitoring frequency for the stormwater outfalls be changed from quarterly and semi-annually to annually for all parameters.

Please note that Shell paid the required \$17,990 application fee through ADEM's online payment system on March 22, 2016. A copy of the fee receipt is provided in Attachment 8.

If you have any questions or need additional information as you begin to process the permit, please call me at (334) 215-9038 or Michael Hamner at (251) 679-7124.

Sincerely,

CH2M HILL Engineers, Inc.

Kelly C. Moody, P.E.

CH2M Senior Project Manager

c: Michael Hamner/Shell Chemical LP J.P. Martin/CH2M

Application for NPDES Permit Renewal AL0055859

Prepared for

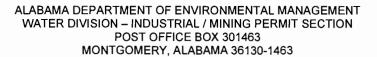
Shell Chemical LP

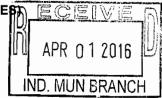
March 2016



4121 Carmichael Road Suite 400 Montgomery AL 36106

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDEST) PERMIT APPLICATION SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION





INSTRUCTIONS: APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE TYPED OR PRINTED IN INK AND SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT IN DUPLICATE. IF INSUFFICIENT SPACE IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS ANY ITEM, PLEASE CONTINUE ON AN ATTACHED SHEET OF PAPER. PLEASE MARK N/A IN THE APPROPRIATE BOX WHEN AN ITEM IS NON-APPLICABLE TO THE APPLICANT.

	PURPOSE OF THIS APPLICATION								
Γ_	INITIAL PERMIT APPLICATION FOR NEW FACILITY INITIAL PERMIT APPLICATION FOR EXISTING FACILITY								
	MODIFICATION OF EXISTING PERMIT REISSUANCE OF EXISTING PERMIT								
[_	_ REVOCATION & REISSUANCE OF EXISTING PERMIT								
	Facility Name: Shell Chemical LP (Mobile Site)								
	a. Operator Name: Shell Chemical LP (Mobile Site)								
	b. Is the operator identified in 1.a., the owner of the facility? Yes No No If no, provide the name and address of the operator and submit information indicating the operator's scope of responsibility for the facility.								
2.	NPDES Permit Number AL <u>0</u> <u>0</u> <u>5</u> <u>5</u> <u>8</u> <u>5</u> <u>9</u>								
3.	SID Permit Number (if applicable):								
4.	NPDES General Permit Number (if applicable) ALG								
5.	Facility Physical Location: (Attach a map with location marked; street, route no. or other specific identifier)								
	Street: 400 Industrial Parkway Extension								
	City: Saraland County: Mobile State: Alabama Zip: 36571								
	Facility (Front Gate) Latitude: 30 48' 00" N Longitude: 88 5' 59" W								
6.	Facility Mailing Address (Street or Post Office Box): 400 Industrial Parkway Extension								
	City: Saraland State: Alabama Zip: 36571								

7.	Responsible Official (as described on page 13 of this application):
	Name and Title: Tammy Little, General Manager
	Address: 400 Industrial Parkway Extension
	City: Saraland State: Alabama Zip: 36571
	Phone Number: 251-679-7120
	EMAIL Address: Tammy.Little@shell.com
8.	Designated Facility Contact:
	Name and Title: Robert Pinckard, HSS&E Manager
	Phone Number: 251-679-7176
	EMAIL Address: Robert.Pinckard@shell.com
9.	Designated Discharge Monitoring Report Contact:
	Name and Title: Michael Hamner, Environmental Specialist
	Phone Number: 251-679-7124
	EMAIL Address: Michael.Hamner@shell.com
10.	Type of Business Entity:
	Corporation ☐ General Partnership ✓ Limited Partnership
	Sole Proprietorship Other (Please Specify)
4.4	Complete this postion if the Applicant's business outity is a Comparation
11.	Complete this section if the Applicant's business entity is a Corporation
	a) Location of Incorporation:
	Address:
	City: State: Zip:
	b) Parent Corporation of Applicant:
	Name:
	Address:
	City: Zip: State: Zip:

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	c) Subsidiary Corporation(s) of Applicant:			
	Name:			
	Address:			
	City:	State:	_ Zip:	
	d) Corporate Officers:			
	Name:			
	Address:			
	City:			
	Name:			
	Address:			
	City:		_ Zip:	
	e) Agent designated by the corporation for pur Name:			
	Address:			
	City:	State:	Zip:	
12.	If the Applicant's business entity is a Partnershi	p, please list the general partners.		
	Name: Shell Oil Company			
	Address: 910 Louisiana Street			
	City: Houston	State: Texas	Zip:	77002
	Name: SCOGO, LP			
	Address: 910 Louisiana Street			
	City: Houston	State: Texas	Zip:	77002

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13	. If the Applicant's business entit	y is a Proprietorship, plea	se enter the proprietor's i	nformation.
	Name:			
	Address:			
	City:	State:		Zip:
14	Permit numbers for Applicant's Environmental Permits present State of Alabama:	previously issued NPDE by held by the Applicant,	S Permits and identificat its parent corporation, or	ion of any other State of Alabama subsidiary corporations within the
	Permit Name	Permi	t Number	Held By
5	See Attachment 187-2			
_				_
_				
15		ny, against the Applicant,	its parent corporation or	ministrative Orders, or Litigation subsidiary corporations within the
	Facility Name	Permit Number	Type of Action	<u>Date of Action</u>
SE	CTION B - BUSINESS ACTIVIT	ГҮ		
1.	Indicate applicable Standard Ind (If more than one applies, I			
	a. 2911			
	b			
	c			
	d			
	e			

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2. If your facility conducts or will be conducting any of the processes listed below (regardless of whether they generate wastewater, waste sludge, or hazardous waste), place a check beside the category of business activity (check all that apply):

Industrial Categories

ſ	1	Aluminum Forming	1	1	Metal Molding and Casting
i	i	Asbestos Manufacturing	Ī	i	Metal Products
ř	i	Battery Manufacturing	ī	i	Nonferrous Metals Forming
i	i	Can Making	i	i	Nonferrous Metals Manufacturing
i	i	Canned and Preserved Fruit and Vegetables	i	i	Oil and Gas Extraction
i	i	Canned and Preserved Seafood	i	i	Organic Chemicals Manufacturing
i	i	Cement Manufacturing	i	i	Paint and Ink Formulating
i	i	Centralized Waste Treatment	i	i	Paving and Roofing Manufacturing
i	i	Carbon Black	i	i	Pesticides Manufacturing
ř	i	Coal Mining	√i	i	Petroleum Refining
i	i	Coil Coating	i	i	Phosphate Manufacturing
i	i	Copper Forming	Ī	i	Photographic
i	i	Electric and Electronic Components Manufacturing	Ī	i	Pharmaceutical
i	i	Electroplating	Ī	į	Plastic & Synthetic Materials
Ī	i	Explosives Manufacturing	Ī	i	Plastics Processing Manufacturing
i	i	Feedlots	Ī	j	Porcelain Enamel
Ī	į	Ferroalloy Manufacturing	Ī	j	Pulp, Paper, and Fiberboard Manufacturing
Ī	i	Fertilizer Manufacturing	Ī	j	Rubber
Ī	j	Foundries (Metal Molding and Casting)	Ī	j	Soap and Detergent Manufacturing
Ī	į	Glass Manufacturing	Ī	j	Steam and Electric
Ī	j	Grain Mills	[j	Sugar Processing
Ī	į	Gum and Wood Chemicals Manufacturing	Ī	j	Textile Mills
Ī	j	Inorganic Chemicals	Ī	j	Timber Products
Ī	i	Iron and Steel	Ī	j	Transportation Equipment Cleaning
Ī	j	Leather Tanning and Finishing	[j	Waste Combustion
Ī	j	Metal Finishing	Ī	j	Other (specify)
Ī	j	Meat Products	-	-	

A facility with processes inclusive in these business areas may be covered by Environmental Protection (EPA) categorical standards. These facilities are termed "categorical users" and should skip to question 2 of Section C.

3.	Give a brief description of all operations at this facility including primary products or services (attach additional sheets if necessary):				
	Shell Chemical LP (Mobile Site) is a petroleum refinery which processes crude oils. The crude oils are processed to produce unleaded gasoline,				
diesel, naphtha, jet fuel, kerosene, liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), and olefin feeds. Crude oil is received by pipeline, barge, ar					
	final products are shipped by barge, truck, pipeline, or vessel.				

SEC	TIOI	N C – WASTEWATER	R DISCHARGE	EINFORMATIO	N						
		that checked activitie on 2 of this section.	es in question 2	of Section B a	nd are considere	ed Categorical Ir	ndustrial Users should skip				
ι	For Non-Categorical Users Only: Provide wastewater flows for each of the processes or proposed processes. Using the process flow schematic (Figure 1, pg 14), enter the description that corresponds to each process. [New facilities should provide estimates for each discharge.]										
	Process Description		(gal	2 Months s/day) nth Avg. Flow	Highest Flow Y (gals/o Monthly A	day)	Discharge Type (batch, continuous, intermittent)				
_											
If bat	ch c	lischarge occurs or wi	ill occur, indica	te: [New faciliti	es may estimate	.]					
á	a. N	Number of batch disch	narges:	r	oer day						
t). <i>F</i>	Average discharge pe	r batch: ——		- (GPD)						
C). T	Time of batch dischar	ges (days c	of week) at (hours of day)							
c	d. F	Flow rate:		gallons/	minute						
6	e. F	Percent of total discha	irge:								
		Non-Process Disch		(gals	s/day)		v Year of Last 5 ls/day) v Avg. Flow				

2. Complete this Section only if you are subject to Categorical Standards and plan to directly discharge the associated wastewater to a water of the State. If Categorical wastewater is discharged exclusively via an indirect discharge to a public or privately-owned treatment works, check "Yes" in the appropriate space below and proceed directly to part 2.c.

[] Yes

For Categorical Users: Provide the wastewater discharge flows or production (whichever is applicable by the effluent guidelines) for each of your processes or proposed processes. Using the process flow schematic (Figure 1, pg 14), enter the description that corresponds to each process. [New facilities should provide estimates for each discharge.]

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	Regulated Process	Applicable Category	Applicable Subpart		oe of Discharge Flow continuous, intermittent)
	Petroleum Refining	40 CFR 419	Subpart A - Topping	Continuo	
١.					
	Process Description	Last 12 Months (gals/day) Highest Month Average	Highest Flow Year (gals/day) * Monthly Avera		Discharge Type (batch, continuous, intermittent)
	Throughput	85,123 bpd	78,198 bpd		Continuous
* F	Reported values shou	ld be expressed in units	of the applicable Feder	al product	tion-based standard.
		GD), production (pounds p			
ba	-	or will occur, indicate: [New			
a.	Number of batch dis	charges:	per day		
b.	Average discharge p	er batch:	(GPD)		
C.	Time of batch discha	arges	at		<u></u>
		(days of week)	(hours of d	lay)	
d.	Flow rate:	gall	ons/minute		
rce	nt of total discharge:				
_	Non categorical Process Description	Last 12 Months (gals/day) Highest Month Avg. Flow	Highest Flow Year (gals/day) Monthly Avg. F		Discharge Type (batch, continuous intermittent)
-			-		
ba	tch discharge occurs o	or will occur, indicate: [New	facilities may estimate.]		
	Number of batch dis	charges:	per day		
a.	Average discharge r	er batch:	(GPD)		
a. b.	Average discharge p				
		arges	at(hours of d	lav)	_
b.	Time of batch discha	arges(days of week)		lay)	_

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2 d .			
	Non-Process Discharges (e.g. non-contact cooling water)	Last 12 Months (gals/day) Highest Month Avg. Flow	Highest Flow Year of Last 5 (gals/day) Monthly Avg. Flow
	_DSN002	<u>N/A</u>	N/A
A	II Applicants must complete Question	ns 3 – 5.	
3.			ous wastewater flow metering equipment at
	Flow Metering Sampling Equipment	Yes <u>✓</u> No Yes <u>✓</u> No	N/A N/A
	If so, please indicate the present or futu equipment below: DSN001 is equipped with an automatic sampler,		
	characteristics? Yes Briefly describe these changes and thei		,
5.	List the trade name and chemical comp	osition of all biocides and corrosi	ion inhibitors used:
	Trade Name		Chemical Composition
	See attachment 187-3		
	For each biocide and/or corrosion inhibito		
	waterway in	nto which the discharge will ultimate	sms representative of the biota of the ely reach,
	(2) quantities to (3) frequencies	of use,	
	(4) proposed di	ischarge concentrations, and ation number, if applicable	

SECTION D – WATER SUPPLY Water Sources (check as many as are applicable): [✓] Private Well [] Surface Water [✓] Municipal Water Utility (Specify City): [] Other (Specify): See Attachment 187-4
IF MORE THAN ONE WELL OR SURFACE INTAKE, PROVIDE DATA FOR EACH ON AN ATTACHMENT
City: 0.01 *MGD Well: 0.4 *MGD Well Depth: Ft. Latitude: See Att 187-4 Longitude: See Att 187-4
Surface Intake Volume:*MGD Intake Elevation in Relation to BottomFt.
Intake Elevation: Ft. Latitude: Longitude:
Name of Surface Water Source:
* MGD - Million Gallons per Day
Cooling Water Intake Structure Information
Complete questions 1 and 2 if your water supply is provided by an outside source and not by an onsite water intake structure? (e.g., another industry, municipality, etc)
 Does the provider of your source water operate a surface water intake? Yes No (If yes, continue, if no, go to Section E.)
a) Name of Provider b)Location of Provider
c) Latitude: Longitude:
 Is the provider a public water system (defined as a system which provides water to the public for human consumption or which provides only <u>treated</u> water, not raw water)? Yes [No [No [] (If yes, go to Section E, if no, continue.)
Only to be completed if you have a cooling water intake structure or the provider of your water supply uses an intake structure and does not treat the raw water.
3. Is any water withdrawn from the source water used for cooling? Yes No
4. Using the average monthly measurements over any 12-month period, approximately what percentage of water withdrawn is used exclusively for cooling purposes? ——————————————————————————————————
5. Does the cooling water consist of treated effluent that would otherwise be discharged? Yes [No [] No [] (If yes, go to Section E, if no, complete questions 6 – 17.)
6. Is the cooling water used in a once-through or closed cycle cooling system? Yes No
 When was the intake installed? (Please provide dates for all major construction/installation of intake components including screens)
What is the maximum intake volume? (maximum pumping capacity in gallons per day)
9. What is the average intake volume? (average intake pump rate in gallons per day average in any 30-day period)

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10. How is the intake operated? (e.g., continuously, intermittently, batch)
11. What is the mesh size of the screen on your intake?
12. What is the intake screen flow-through area?
13. What is the through screen design intake flow velocity?ft/sec
14. What is the mechanism for cleaning the screen? (e.g., does it rotate for cleaning)
15. Do you have any additional fish detraction technology on your intake? Yes [] No []
16. Have there been any studies to determine the impact of the intake on aquatic organisms? Yes [] No [] (If yes please provide.)
17. Attach a site map showing the location of the water intake in relation to the facility, shoreline, water depth, etc.
SECTION E – WASTE STORAGE AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION
Provide a description of the location of all sites involved in the storage of solids or liquids that could be accidentally discharged to a water of the state, either directly or indirectly via such avenues as storm water drainage, municipal wastewater systems, etc., which are located at the facility for which the NPDES application is being made. Where possible, the location should be noted on a map and included with this application:
Description of Waste Description of Storage Location
See attachment 187-5
Provide a description of the location of the ultimate disposal sites of solid or liquid waste by-products (such as sludges) from any wastewater treatment system located at the facility.
Description of Waste Quantity (lbs/day) Disposal Method*
See attachment 187-5
*Indicate which wastes identified above are disposed of at an off-site treatment facility and which are disposed of on-site. If any wastes are sent to an off-site centralized waste treatment facility, identify the waste and the facility.

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SECTION F – COASTAL ZONE INFORMATION						
Is the discharge(s) located within 10-foot elevation of Mobile or Baldwin County?						
Ye	es [] No [] If yes, then complete items A through M below:	YES	NO			
Α.	Does the project require new construction?	***************************************	<u></u>			
В.	Will the project be a source of new air emissions?	problem 7s is second according				
C.	Does the project involve dredging and/or filling?		I			
	Has the Corps of Engineers (COE) permit been received?		<u></u>			
	Corps Project Number					
D.	Does the project involve wetlands and/or submersed grassbeds?		✓			
E.	Are oyster reefs located near the project site? (Include a map showing project and discharge location with respect to oyster reefs)	***************************************				
F.	Does the project involve the siting, construction and operation of an energy facility as defined in ADEM Admin. Code R. 335-8-102(bb)?	10 years				
G.	Does the project involve shoreline erosion mitigation?	<u> </u>				
Н.	Does the project involve construction on beaches and dunes?		<u> </u>			
I.	Will the project interfere with public access to coastal waters?	-	<u> </u>			
J.	Does the project lie within the 100-year floodplain?	planting alphabation are	Communication and American			
K.	Does the project involve the registration, sale, use, or application of pesticides?		1			
L.	Does the project propose to construct a new well or alter an existing well to pump more than 50 GPD?	principal designation of the second of the s				
M.	Has the applicable permit been obtained?	To construct the same				
SECT	ON G – ANTI-DEGRADATION EVALUATION					
n accordance with 40 CFR 131.12 and the Alabama Department of Environmental Management Administrative Code, Section 335-6-1004 for antidegradation, the following information must be provided, if applicable. It is the applicant's responsibility to demonstrate the social and economic importance of the proposed activity. If further information is required to make this demonstration, attach additional sheets to the application.						
	his a new or increased discharge that began after April 3, 1991? Yes [No [es, complete question 2 below. If no, go to Section H.	on Services				
	2. Has an Anti-Degradation Analysis been previously conducted and submitted to the Department for the new or increased discharge referenced in question 1? Yes [] No []					
If y	If yes, do not complete this section.					

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If no, and the discharge is to a Tier II waterbody as defined in ADEM Admin. Code r. 335-6-10-.12(4), complete questions A through F below and ADEM forms 311 and 313 (attached). Form 313 must be provided for each alternative considered technically viable.

Information required for new or increased discharges to high quality waters:

- A. What environmental or public health problem will the discharger be correcting?
- B. How much will the discharger be increasing employment (at its existing facility or as the result of locating a new facility)?
- C. How much reduction in employment will the discharger be avoiding?
- D. How much additional state or local taxes will the discharger be paying?
- E. What public service to the community will the discharger be providing?
- F. What economic or social benefit will the discharger be providing to the community?

SECTION H – EPA Application Forms

All Applicants must submit EPA permit application forms. More than one application form may be required from a facility depending on the number and types of discharges or outfalls found there. The EPA application forms are found on the Department's website at http://www.adem.state.al.us/. The EPA application forms must be submitted in duplicate as follows:

- 1. All applicants must submit Form 1.
- 2. Applicants for existing industrial facilities (including manufacturing facilities, commercial facilities, mining activities, and silvicultural activities) which discharge process wastewater must submit Form 2C.
- 3. Applicants for new industrial facilities which propose to discharge process wastewater must submit Form 2D.
- 4. Applicants for new and existing industrial facilities which discharge only non-process wastewater (i.e., non-contact cooling water and/or sanitary wastewater) must submit Form 2E.
- 5. Applicants for new and existing facilities whose discharge is composed entirely of storm water associated with industrial activity must submit Form 2F, unless exempted by § 122.26(c)(1)(ii). If the discharge is composed of storm water and non-storm water, the applicant must also submit Forms 2C, 2D, and/or 2E, as appropriate (in addition to Form 2F).

SECTION I – ENGINEERING REPORT/BMP PLAN REQUIREMENTS See ADEM 335-6-6-.08(i) & (j)

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SECTION J - RECEIVING WATERS

Receiving Water(s)	303(d) Segment? (Y / N)	Included in TMDL?* (Y / N)
Chickasaw Creek	Y	N

*If a TMDL Compliance Schedule is requested, the following should be attached as supporting documentation:

- (1) Justification for the requested Compliance Schedule (e.g. time for design and installation of control equipment, etc.);
- (2) Monitoring results for the pollutant(s) of concern which have not previously been submitted to the Department (sample collection dates, analytical results (mass and concentration), methods utilized, MDL/ML, etc. should be submitted as available);
- (3) Requested interim limitations, if applicable,
- (4) Date of final compliance with the TMDL limitations; and,
- (5) Any other additional information available to support requested compliance schedule.

SECTION K - APPLICATION CERTIFICATION

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS FORM MUST BE CERTIFIED BY A RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL AS DEFINED IN ADEM ADMINISTRATIVE RULE 335-6-6-.09 "SIGNATORIES TO PERMIT APPLICATIONS AND REPORTS" (SEE BELOW).

"I CERTIFY UNDER PENALTY OF LAW THAT THIS DOCUMENT AND ALL ATTACHMENTS WERE PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECTION OR SUPERVISION IN ACCORDANCE WITH A SYSTEM DESIGNED TO ASSURE THAT QUALIFIED PERSONNEL PROPERLY GATHER AND EVALUATE THE INFORMATION SUBMITTED. BASED ON MY INQUIRY OF THE PERSON OR PERSONS WHO MANAGE THE SYSTEM, OR THOSE PERSONS DIRECTLY RESPONSIBLE FOR GATHERING THE INFORMATION, THE INFORMATION SUBMITTED IS, TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, TRUE, ACCURATE, AND COMPLETE. I AM AWARE THAT THERE ARE SIGNIFICANT PENALTIES FOR SUBMITTING FALSE INFORMATION INCLUDING THE POSSIBILITY OF FINE AND IMPRISONMENT FOR KNOWING VIOLATIONS."

"I FURTHER CERTIFY UNDER PENALTY OF LAW THAT ALL ANALYSES REPORTED AS LESS THAN DETECTABLE IN THIS APPLICATION OR ATTACHMENTS THERETO WERE PERFORMED USING THE EPA APPROVED TEST METHOD HAVING THE LOWEST DETECTION LIMIT FOR THE SUBSTANCE TESTED."

SIGNATURE OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL:	Jamme Settle	DATE 2	3-30-16
(TYPE OR PRINT) NAME OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL:	Tammy Little		
TITLE OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL:	General Manager		
MAILING ADDRESS: 400 Industrial Park	sway Extension		
CITY, STATE, ZIP: Saraland, AL 36571		PHONE: 251-679-7	120

335-6-6-.09 SIGNATORIES TO PERMIT APPLICATIONS AND REPORTS.

- (1) The application for an NPDES permit shall be signed by a responsible official, as indicated below:
- (a) In the case of a corporation, by a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice president, or a manager assigned or delegated in accordance with corporate procedures, with such delegation submitted in writing if required by the Department, who is responsible for manufacturing, production, or operating facilities and is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility;
- (b) In the case of a partnership, by a general partner;
- (c) In the case of a sole proprietorship, by the proprietor; or
- (d) In the case of a municipal, state, federal, or other public entity, by either a principal executive officer, or ranking elected official.

Attachment 187-1 Section A, Item 5 Facility Location Map



Shell Chemical LP Highway 158 East, 400 Industrial Parkway Extension Saraland, Alabama 36571

Attachment 187-2

Permit Summary

Permit Name	Permit Number	Held By
Air	The state of the s	
Title V	503-4003	Shell Chemical LP
Water	A service of the serv	A Company of the Comp
NPDES – Individual	AL0055859	Shell Chemical LP
NPDES – General	ALG340265	Shell Blakely Island Terminal
Solid Waste		
RCRA Generator	ALD020852422*	Shell Chemical LP
RCRA Generator	ALD9883174137*	Shell Blakely Island Terminal

^{*}EPA ID Number

Attachment 187-3 Section C, Item V Biocides and Corrosion Inhibitors

Additive Name	Product Name	96 Hour Median Tolerance Limit	Quantities to be Used	Frequency of Use	Proposed Discharge Concentration	EPA Registration Number
Nitrilotris (Methylenephosphoric acid) Phosphonic Acid	SURE- COOL ® 1392	>330 mg/L Bluegill Sunfish >330 mg/L Rainbow Trout 1,212 mg/L Channel Catfish 8,132 mg/L Sheepshead Minnow 4,575 mg/L Grass Shrimp 20 mg/L Green Algae	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
No hazardous ingredients	NexGuard ® 22310	7,070 mg/L Rainbow Trout 1,086 mg/L Fathead Minnow >5,000 mg/L Inland Silverside >5,000 mg/L Mysid Shrimp	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
Oxyalkylated Fatty Acid Fatty amine Oxyalkylated alcohol	EnterFast ® EC9009G	0.91 mg/L Fathead Minnow	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
Aliphatic hydrocarbon Isopropanol Oxyalkylated alcohol Oxyalkylate Limonene Organic sulfonic acid	EnterFast ® 9008B	10.10 mg/L Rainbow Trout	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
Methoxypropylamine	EC1008A	None	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
Fatty acid amine condensate Amine Substituted Resin Heavy Aromatic Naphtha 1,2,4 – Trimethylbenzene Naphthalene	NALCO ® 303MC	1.09 mg/L Bluegill Sunfish 1.17 mg/L Rainbow Trout	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
Sodium Bisulfate Potassium Bisulfate	NALCO 1720	382 mg/L Fathead Minnow >5,000 mg/L Rainbow Trout >5,000 mg/L Mysid Shrimp	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha Naphthalene 1,2,4 – Trimethylbenzene Xylene Ethylbenzene	NALCO ® EC1010A	39.8 mg/L Fathead Minnow	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
No hazardous ingredients	3D TRASAR ® 3DT196	1,588 mg/L Fathead Minnow 2,813 mg/L Rainbow Trout	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
Phosphoric Acid	3D TRASAR ® 3DT177	>5,000 mg/L Inland Silverside 7,201 mg/L Fathead Minnow >10,000 mg/L Rainbow Trout 3,707 mg/L Mysid Shrimp	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
Glutaraldehyde	H-550	22.4 mg/L Bluegill Sunfish 10.8 mg/L Fathead Minnow 12 mg/L Rainbow Trout 7.1 mg/L Mysid Shrimp	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A
Cyclohexylamine Monoethanolamine Methoxypropulamine	TRI-ACT ® 1800	194 mg/L Fathead Minnow 200 mg/L Rainbow Trout 1,454.3 mg/L Inland Silverside 614 mg/L Mysid Shrimp	As needed	As needed	See **Note	N/A

^{**}Note: There are too many unknown variables to accurately calculate the concentration $N\!/\!A$ = Not available

Attachment 187-4 Section D Water Supply

Water Supply – Groundwater Sources**	Latitude	Longitude	Flow Capacity (MGD)
North No. 1	30° 46' 00"	88° 03' 00"	0.2
South No. 2	30° 46' 00"	88° 03' 00"	0.2
Southeast No.3*	30° 46' 00"	88° 03' 00"	0.25
Southwest No.4*	30° 46' 00"	88° 03' 00"	0.25

^{*}Not currently in use

^{**}Certificate OWR-0136.1

Attachment 187-5 Section E Waste Storage and Disposal Information

Attachment 1-2 to EPA Form 1, includes the location of major material loading and tank farm areas. Significant materials stored throughout the site include crude oil, gasoline, diesel, naphtha, commercial butane, isobutane, normal butane, olefin feeds, wastewater, isopentane, propane, resid, jet fuel, ethanol, slop oil, caustic, and distillates. The capacities of the storage tanks are listed in the table below.

Crude oil is unloaded from barges at the Shell Mobile Site dock typically once or twice per day. Unloading of barges and tankers at the Blakely Terminal normally occurs 2 to 3 times per week. Barges typically supply 25,000-barrel (bbl) capacity. Tank trucks are loaded with finished product at the truck loading area. Truck capacities can range up to 10,000 gallons.

Tank No.	Substance Stored	Capacity (bbls)
501	Crude	55,000
502	Crude	55,000
503	Crude	55,000
504	Crude	55,000
505	Gasoline	55,000
506	Gasoline	55,000
507	Gasoline	55,000
508	Gasoline	55,000
801	Gasoline	80,000
802	Gasoline	80,000
803	Crude	80,000
804	Crude	80,000
805	Crude	80,000
806	Light Olefin Feed	80,000
807	Heavy Olefin Feed	80,000
808	Resid	80,000
V44	Isobutane	5,000
V43	Isobutane	5,000
V42	Commercial Butane	2,100
V41	Commercial Butane	2,100
V31	Normal Butane	2,100
V21	Wastewater	5,000
V22	Wastewater	2,500
V23	Wastewater	2,500
V24	Wastewater	2,500
V25	Wastewater	2,500
V26	Wastewater	2,500
V11	Propane	600

Tank No.	Substance Stored	Capacity (bbls)
V12	Propane	600
V13	Propane	600
V14	Propane	600
V15	Propane	600
V16	Propane	600
101	Gasoline	5,000
102	Gasoline	5,000
103	Wastewater	5,000
104	Caustic	5,000
105	Wastewater	5,000
106	Wastewater	5,000
107	Wastewater	5,000
108	Wastewater	5,000
109	Sour Water	5,000
110	Salt Water	5,000
111	Salt Water	5,000
113	Out of Service	700
114	Out of Service	700
115	Out of Service	700
116	Out of Service	700
201	Naphtha	25,000
202	Naphtha	25,000
203	Naphtha	25,000
204	Diesel	25,000
205	Diesel	25,000
206	Diesel	25,000
207	Diesel	25,000
208	Jet Fuel	25,000
209	Diesel	25,000
210	Jet Fuel	25,000
211	Ethanol	25,000
212	Jet Fuel A	25,000
1201	Jet Fuel	125,000
1202	Diesel	125,000
1203	Heavy Olefin Feed	125,000
1204	Heavy Olefin Feed	125,000

•

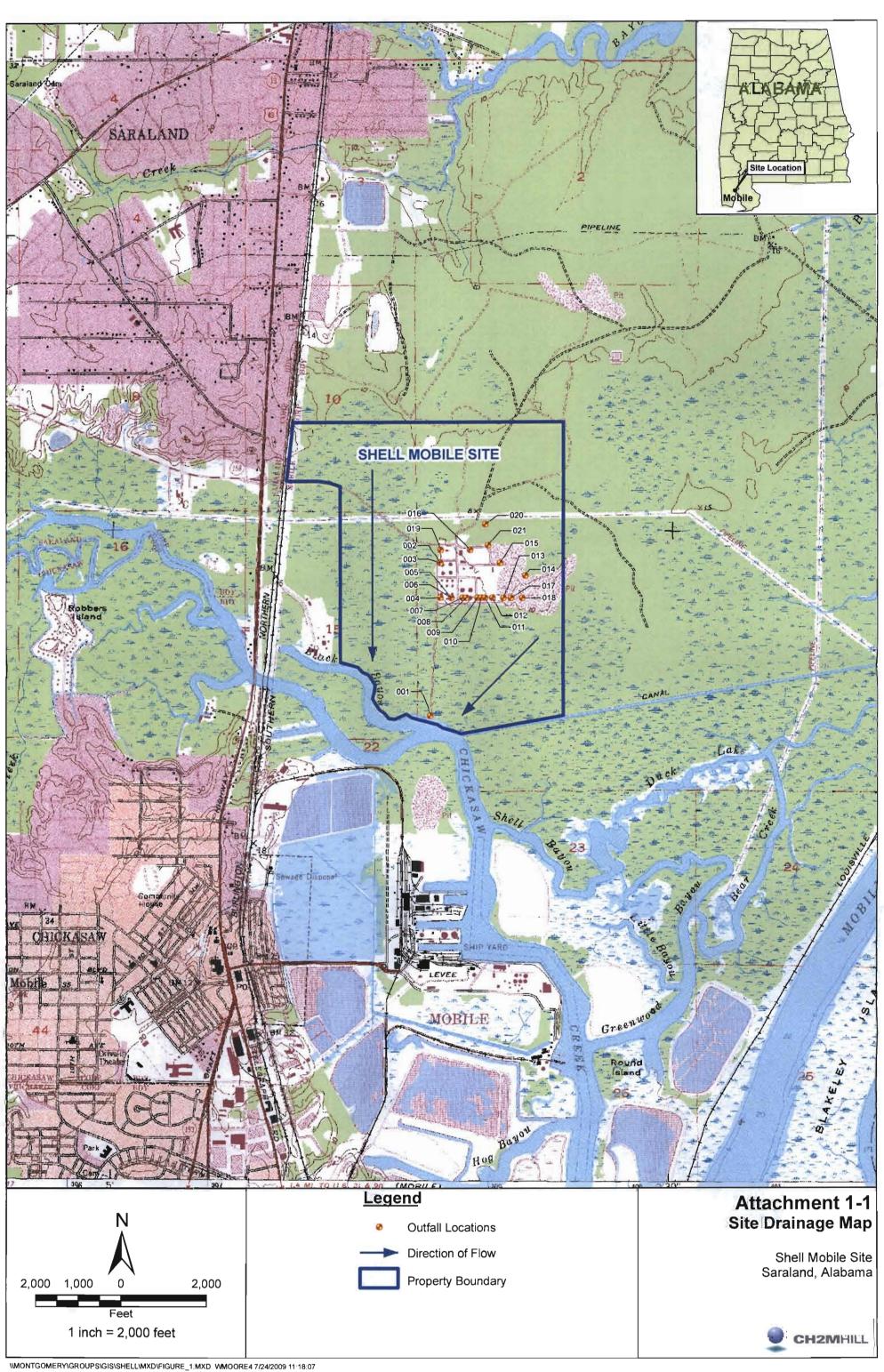
Attachment 187-5 Continued Section E Ultimate Disposal Sites

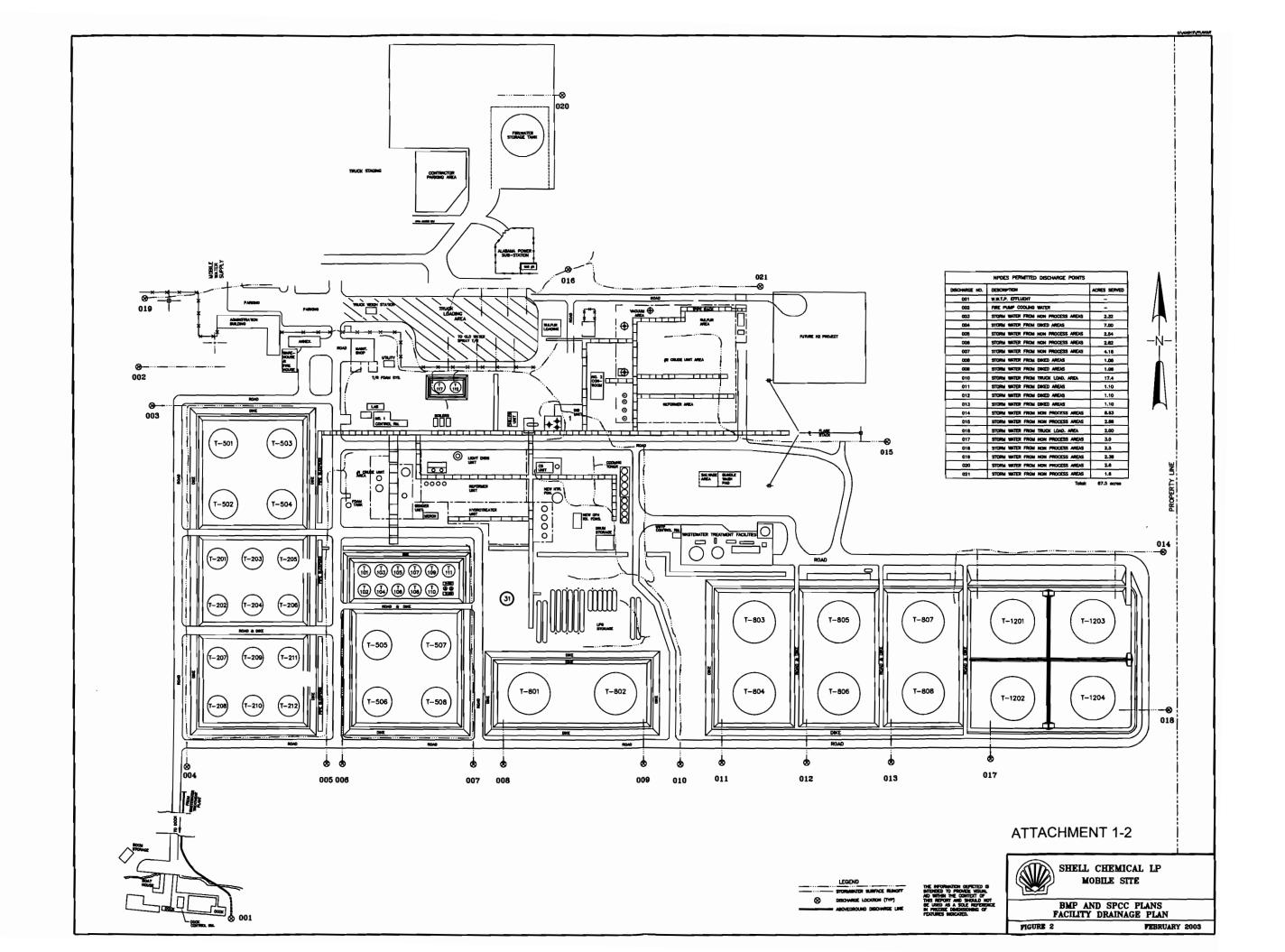
Description of Waste	Quantity*	Disposal Method
Digester Non-hazardous	4.4 Million lbs	Offsite:
Biosolids		Waste Management Chastang
		17045 Highway 43
		Mount Vernon, AL 36560
		Offsite:
		Macland Disposal Center
		11300 Highway 63
		Moss Point, MS
DAF Material	3.85 Million lbs	Recycled Offsite:
		PSC Norco
		(Motiva Enterprises, LLC)
		15536 River Road
		Norco, LA 70079

^{*}Total for 2015

IND. MUN BRANCH

CONTINUED FROM THE FRONT		
VII. SIC CODES (4-digit, in order of priority) A. FIRST	B. SECOND	
7 2911 (specify) Petroleum Refining	c (specify)	·- <u>-</u>
15 18 - 19	15 16 - NO	
C. THIRD	D. FOURTH [c (specify)	
7 15 16 - 19	15 16 - 19	
VIII. OPERATOR INFORMATION A. NAME		B. Is the name listed in Item
8 Shell Chemical LP (Mobile Site)		
C. STATUS OF OPERATOR (Enter the appropriate letter into the	onswer box: if "Other," specify)	D. PHONE (area code & no.)
F = FEDERAL S = STATE P = PRIVATE M = PUBLIC (other than federal or state) D (5) S = STATE O = OTHER (specify)	ресту) Д 11	(251) 675-7040
E.STREET OR P.O. BOX 400 Industrial Parkway Extension		
F. CITY OR TOWN	IG. STATE H. ZIP CODE IX. IN	DIAN LAND
B Saraland		facility located on Indian lands?
X. EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS		
	issions from Proposed Sources)	
15 16 17 16 17 16 30 15 16 17 18 B. U C (Underground Injection of Fluids)	E. OTHER (specify)	<u> </u>
9 0 9 503-400	(specify) hir (Title V)
15 16 17 16 30 15 16 17 14	30	
C. RCRA (Hazardous Wastes)	E. OTHER (specify)	
9 R ALD020852422 8		
15 16 17 16 20 15 16 17 16 XI. MAP	30	
Attach to this application a topographic map of the area extending to at least one location of each of its existing and proposed intake and discharge structures, each of injects fluids underground, include all springs, rivers, and other surface water bodies in	f its hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal i	acilities, and each well where it
XII. NATURE OF BUSINESS (provide a brief description)	in the map area. See plantacions for precise requireme	, iiia,
The facility is a petroleum refinery which processes cru		
unleaded gasoline, diesel, naphtha, jet fuel, kerosene,	liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), and	olefin feeds.
•		
		ļ
XIII. CERTIFICATION (see instructions)		
I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with In inquiry of those persons immediately responsible for obtaining the information contain am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including	ned in the application, I believe that the information is	
A. NAME & OFFICIAL TITLE (type or print) Tammy, Little General Manager B. SIGNATURE	/.	C. DATE SIGNED
Tammy Little, General Manager	myOstel	3-30-16
COMMENTS FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY C		
15 10	35	





ALD020852422

Form Approved. OMB No. 2040-0086. Approval expires 3-31-98

Please print or type in the unshaded areas only **FORM** 2C

NPDES



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER EXISTING MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL, MINING AND SILVICULTURE OPERATIONS Consolidated Permits Program

	CHITE		LOCA"	LION
ι.	OUIT	MLL.	LUCA	II ON

For each outfall, list the latitude and longitude of its location to the nearest 15 seconds and the name of the receiving water.

A. OUTFALL NUMBER		8. LATITUDE		С	. LONGITUD	E	
(list)	1. DEG.	2. MIN.	3. SEC.	1. DEG.	2. MIN.	3. SEC.	D. RECEIVING WATER (name)
DSN001	30.00	47.00	38.00	88.00	3.00	30.00	Chickasaw Creek

II. FLOWS, SOURCES OF POLLUTION, AND TREATMENT TECHNOLOGIES

- Attach a line drawing showing the water flow through the facility. Indicate sources of intake water, operations contributing wastewater to the effluent, and treatment units labeled to correspond to the more detailed descriptions in Item B. Construct a water balance on the line drawing by showing average flows between intakes, operations, treatment units, and outfalls. If a water balance cannot be determined (e.g., for certain mining activities), provide a pictorial description of the nature and amount of any sources of water and any collection or treatment measures.
- B. For each outfall, provide a description of: (1) All operations contributing wastewater to the effluent, including process wastewater, sanitary wastewater, cooling water, and storm water runoff; (2) The average flow contributed by each operation; and (3) The treatment received by the wastewater. Continue on additional sheets if necessary.

2. OPERATION(S) CONT	TRIBUTING FLOW	3. TREATMENT		
a. OPERATION (list)	b. AVERAGE FLOW (include units)	a. DESCRIPTION		DES FROM E 2C-1
Petroleum Refinery	0.227 MGD	Equalization, Neutralization, Oil/Water	3	A
Blakely Island Terminal Tank Oily		Separator, Activated Sludge, Aerobic Digestion,	2	к
Contact Water (water entrained in crude)		Discharge to surface Water	4	A
Stormwater (intermittent)		-	5	A
Cooling Tower Blowdown	0.059 MGD	Cascade Aeration	×	×
Well Water Filter Backwash	0.030 MGD	Cascade Aeration	×	×
Sanitary Wastewater	0.014 MGD	Activated Sludge (separate system)	×	x
Total:	0.330 MGD			
	a. OPERATION (Isst) Petroleum Refinery Blakely Island Terminal Tank Oily Contact Water (water entrained in crude) Stormwater (intermittent) Cooling Tower Blowdown Well Water Filter Backwash Sanitary Wastewater Total:	a. OPERATION (Ist) (include units) Petroleum Refinery 0.227 MGD Blakely Island Terminal Tank Oily Contact Water (water entrained in crude) Stormwater (intermittent) Cooling Tower Blowdown 0.059 MGD Well Water Filter Backwash 0.030 MGD Sanitary Wastewater 0.014 MGD	a. OPERATION (Inst) b. AVERAGE FLOW (include units) c. 227 MGD Separator, Neutralization, Oil/Mater Separator, Activated Sludge, Aerobic Digestion, Contact Rater (water entrained in crude) Stormwater (intermittent) Cooling Tower Blowdown 0.059 MGD Cascade Aeration Cascade Aeration Sanitary Wastewater 0.014 MGD Activated Sludge (separate system) Total: 0.330 MGD Cooling Tower Blowdown 0.330 MGD	B. AVERAGE FLOW (mclude units) a. OPERATION (iss) b. AVERAGE FLOW (mclude units) c. 27 MgD d. 227 MgD d. 227 MgD d. 227 MgD d. 24 MgD d. 250 MgD c. 26 MgD c. 26 MgD c. 26 MgD c. 27 MgD c. 27 MgD d. 28 MgD d. 28 MgD c. 28 MgD

OFFICIAL USE ONLY (effluent guidelines sub-categorie

EPA Form 3510-2C (8-90)

APR 01 2016 IND. MUN BRANCH PAGE 1 of 4

CONTINUE ON REVERSE

C. Except for storm ru	complete the follow		ale discharges d	_	NO (go to See					
				3. FRE	EQUENCY			4. FLOW	1	
	2.00	DEBATION(a)		a. DAYS PER	b MONTHS	a. FLOW RA	TE (in med)		OTAL VOLUME	
1. OUTFALL NUMBER (<i>list</i>)		PERATION(s) IBUTING FLOV (list)	<i>'</i>	WEEK (specify average)	PER YEAR (specify average)	1. LONG TERM AVERAGE	2. MAXIMUM DAILY	1. LONG T AVERAC	ERM 2. MAXIM	
III. PRODUCTION										
A. Does an effluent gu	ideline limitation		by EPA under Se	ction 304 of t	the Clean Water		ur facility?			
B. Are the limitations i		effluent guide	line expressed in	terms of proof	10	measure of ope	eration)?			
C. If you answered "y	es" to Item III-B,	list the quan		ents an actua			production, ex	pressed in	the terms and	units used in the
applicable effluent	guideline, and in		ected outfalls. ERAGE DAILY PI	RODUCTION	N		_			
a. QUANTITY PER D	DAY b. UNITS	OF MEASU			ION, PRODUCT (specify)	, MATERIAL, ET	rc.	2.	(list outfall ni	
83,000	bbls of	feedstock	Petroleu	ım Refinin	g, Topping S	ubcategory		DSN001		
IV. IMPROVEMENTS										
Are you now requ treatment equipme permit conditions, if	ent or practices o	r any other er enforcement	vironmental progr	rams which n ent complian	may affect the di	scharges descril ers, stipulations,	bed in this app	lication? Th	nis includes, bu	t is not limited to,
1. IDENTIFICATION (2. AFF	ECTED OUTFAL	LS	3. BRIEF	DESCRIPTION	OF PROJECT	r	4. FINAL COM	PLIANCE DATE
AGREEMEN	T, ETC.	a. NO.	b. SOURCE OF DIS	SCHARGE					a. REQUIRED	b. PROJECTED
B. OPTIONAL: You in discharges) you not construction.	ow have underwa	ay or which yo		whether each	program is now	underway or pl				

EPA I.D. NUMBER (copy from Item 1 of Form 1)

ALD020852422

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2

V. INTAKE AND EFFLUENT CHARACTER			
NOTE: Tables V-A, V-B, and \	eding – Complete one set of tables for each of /-C are included on separate sheets number	ed V-1 through V-9.	
D. Use the space below to list any of the from any outfall. For every pollutant yo	pollutants listed in Table 2c-3 of the instructure ulist, briefly describe the reasons you believe	tions, which you know or have reason to be re it to be present and report any analytical o	elieve is discharged or may be discharged data in your possession.
1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE	1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE
See Attachment 2C-2			
VI. POTENTIAL DISCHARGES NOT COV			
	nce or a component of a substance which yo		nediate or final product or byproduct?
YES (list all such pollutants	below)	NO (go to Item VI-B)	
Benzene Cyclohexane			
Ethylbenzene			
Naphthalene Styrene			
Toluene Phenol			
Filelioi			

EPA Form 3510-2C (8-90) PAGE 3 of 4 CONTINUE ON REVERSE

CONTINUED FROM THE FRONT			
VII. BIOLOGICAL TOXICITY TESTING DAT	ГА		
relation to your discharge within the last 3 years	ears?		fischarges or on a receiving water in
DSN001 Species: P. Promelas (Father Type Test: 48 Hour acute fre IWC of % Effluent 1.0% Permitted Mortality Rate: <1 Test Frequency: Once per 6 m	d Minnow) and Ceriodaphnia shwater screening O% Mortality onths	MO (go to Section VIII)	
		?	
DOUBLE of the Street of the State of the Sta			
A. NAME	B. ADDRESS		
TestAmerica Pensacola		850-471-6234	Mercury, Dioxin
Micro Methods Laboratory, Inc		228-875-6420	
Ramboll Environ		615-277-7570	Acute Toxicity Testing
X. CERTIFICATION	-1 -1		
I certify under penalty of faw that this docum qualified personnel property gather and eve directly responsible for gethering the informa	luale the Information submitted. Based on my inquition, the Information submitted is, to the best of my !	iry of the person or persons who na knowledge and belief, true, accurate	nanage the system or those persons
A. NAME & OFFICIAL TITLE (type or print)			
Cammy Little, General Manager		(251) 679~7120	
C. SIGNATURE		D. DATE SIGNED	

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE IN THE UNSHADED AREAS ONLY. You may report some or all of this information on separate sheets (*use the same format*) instead of completing these pages.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS.

EPA I.D. NUMBER (copy from Item 1 of Form 1)
ALD020852422

V. INTAKE AND EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS (continued from page 3 of Form 2-C)

OUTFALL NO.
DSN001

PART A -You must provide the results of at least one analysis for every pollutant in this table. Complete one table for each outfall. See instructions for additional details.

				2. EFFLUI	ENT			3. UN (specify if			4. INTAKE (optional)	
	a. MAXIMUM DA	ILY VALUE	b. MAXIMUM 30 (ıf avaıla		c. LONG TERM AVR (ıf available		4 110 05	- 001051		a. LONG 1 AVERAGE		L NO 05
1. POLLUTANT	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	d. NO. OF ANALYSES	a. CONCEN- TRATION	b. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	b. NO. OF ANALYSES
a. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	41	93	15	73	7.2	16	155	mg/L	ppd			
b. Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	257	566	257	566	125	259	40	mg/L	ppd			
c. Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	20	35	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
d. Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	208	239	133	161	36	74	157	mg/L	ppd			
e. Ammonia (as N)	13.2	37	5.4	12.9	1.4	2.6	157	mg/L	ppd			
f. Flow	VALUE 0.471	MGD	VALUE 0.438	MGD	VALUE 0.257 M	GD	158	N/A	N/A	VALUE		
g. Temperature (winter)	VALUE N/A		VALUE N/A	1	VALUE N/A		N/A	°C		VALUE		
h. Temperature (summer)	VALUE 24		VALUE N/A	1	VALUE N/A		1	°C		VALUE		
i. pH	MINIMUM 6.75	MAXIMUM 8.69	MINIMUM 6.99	MAXIMUM 8.16	JM 158 STANDARD UNITS							

PART B — Mark "X" in column 2-a for each pollutant you know or have reason to believe is present. Mark "X" in column 2-b for each pollutant you believe to be absent. If you mark column 2a for any pollutant which is limited either directly, or indirectly but expressly, in an effluent limitations guideline, you must provide the results of at least one analysis for that pollutant. For other pollutants for which you mark column 2a, you must provide quantitative data or an explanation of their presence in your discharge. Complete one table for each outfall. See the instructions for additional details and requirements.

qua	ntitative dat	a or an expl	anation of their pres	sence in your o	lischarge. Complete	one table for e	each outfall. See the	instructions fo	r additional det	ails and requirem	ients.			
	2. M A	RK "X"			3.	EFFLUENT				4. UNITS		5. INT/	AKE (optiona	ıl)
1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NO.	a.	b.	a. MAXIMUM DA	AILY VALUE	b. MAXIMUM 30 (if availa		c. LONG TERM A (if availa		d. NO. OF	- 001051		a. LONG TERM AVERAGE VALUE		. NO 05
(ıf available)	PRESENT	BELIEVED ABSENT	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSES	a. CONCEN- TRATION	b. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	b. NO. OF ANALYSES
a. Bromide (24959-67-9)	X		<3.7	<6.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
b. Chlorine, Total Residual		X	0.02	0.035	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
c. Color	X		39	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	Pt-Co Units	.N/A			
d. Fecal Coliform	X		15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	CFU/100mL	N/A			
e. Fluoride (16984-48-8)	X		<4.1	<7.25	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
f. Nitrate-Nitrite (as N)	X		0.15	0.265	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			

ITEM V-B CONTINUED FROM FRONT

TIEM V-B CONT														
1. POLLUTANT	2. MA	RK "X"				EFFLUENT				4. UNI1	rs		AKE (optiona	al)
AND CAS NO.	a.	b.	a. MAXIMUM DA	AILY VALUE	b. MAXIMUM 30 (1f availa		c. LONG TERM A'		d. NO. OF	a. CONCEN-		a. LONG TE AVERAGE V	ALUE	b. NO. OF
(if available)	BELIEVED PRESENT	BELIEVED ABSENT	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSES	TRATION	b. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSES
g. Nitrogen, Total Organic (as N)	X		2.8	4.95	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
h. Oil and Grease	X		1.6	2.8	1.6	2.8	0.043	0.076	157	mg/L	ppd			
i. Phosphorus (as P), Total (7723-14-0)	X		12.5	26	12.5	26	2.5	5.9	36	mg/L	ppd			
j. Radioactivity														
(1) Alpha, Total		X												
(2) Beta, Total		X												
(3) Radium, Total		X												
(4) Radium 226, Total		X												
k. Sulfate (as SO ₄) (14808-79-8)	X		69	122	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
I. Sulfide (as S)	X		<0.036	<0.064	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
m. Sulfite (as SO ₃) (14265-45-3)	X		2.5	4.42	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
n. Surfactants		$ \times $												
o. Aluminum, Total (7429-90-5)	X		0.054	0.096	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
p. Barium, Total (7440-39-3)	X		0.450	0.796	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
q. Boron, Total (7440-42-8)	X		0.740	1.31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
r. Cobalt, Total (7440-48-4)		X												
s. Iron, Total (7439-89-6)	X		0.610	1.08	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
t. Magnesium, Total (7439-95-4)		X												
u. Molybdenum, Total (7439-98-7)	×		<0.0002	<0.0004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
v. Manganese, Total (7439-96-5)	X		0.340	0.601	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
w. Tin, Total (7440-31-5)		X					_							
x. Titanium, Total (7440-32-6)	×		<0.00043	<0.0008	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			

EPA I.D. NUMBER (copy from Item 1 of Form 1) OUTFALL NUMBER ALD020852422 DSN001

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 3 OF FORM 2-C

PART C - If you are a primary industry and this outfall contains process wastewater, refer to Table 2c-2 in the instructions to determine which of the GC/MS fractions you must test for. Mark "X" in column 2-a for all such GC/MS fractions that apply to your industries, nonprocess wastewater outfalls, and nonrequired GC/MS fractions), mark "X" in column 2-b for each pollutant you know or have reason to believe is present. Mark "X" in column 2-c for each pollutant you believe is absent. If you mark column 2a for any pollutant, you must provide the results of at least one analysis for that pollutant. If you mark column 2b for any pollutant, you must provide the results of at least one analysis for that pollutant if you know or have reason to believe it will be discharged in concentrations of 10 ppb or greater. If you mark column 2b for acrolein, acrylonitrile, 2,4 dinitrophenol, or 2-methyl-4, 6 dinitrophenol, you must provide the results of at least one analysis for each of these pollutants which you know or have reason to believe that you discharge in concentrations of 100 ppb or greater. Otherwise, for pollutants for which you mark column 2b, you must either submit at least one analysis or

	2	. MARK "X"	,	1		3. E	FFLUENT				4. UN	ITS	5. INTA	KE (optiona	ıl)
1. POLLUTANT AND	a.	b.	C.	a. MAXIMUM DA	ILY VALUE	b. MAXIMUM 30 I		c. LONG TERM VALUE (if ava			20112511		a. LONG TI AVERAGE V		b. NO. OF
CAS NUMBER (if available)	TESTING REQUIRED	BELIEVED PRESENT	BELIEVED ABSENT	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	d. NO. OF ANALYSES	a. CONCEN- TRATION	b. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	ANALYSES
METALS, CYANIDE	, and tot	AL PHENO	LS												
1M. Antimony, Total (7440-36-0)	X		X	<0.00085	<0.0015	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
2M. Arsenic, Total (7440-38-2)	X	X		0.011	0.0195	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
3M. Beryllium, Total (7440-41-7)	X		X	<0.00006	<0.0001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
4M. Cadmium, Total (7440-43-9)	X		X	<0.00009	<0.0002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
5M. Chromium, Total (7440-47-3)	X	X		0.004	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.001	0.002	16	mg/L	ppd			
6M. Copper, Total (7440-50-8)	X	X		0.0046	0.0081	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
7M. Lead, Total (7439-92-1)	X	X		0.002	0.0035	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
BM. Mercury, Total (7439-97-6)	X	X		0.00012	0.0002	0.00012	0.0002	0.00002	0.00005	13	mg/L	ppd			
9M. Nickel, Total (7440-02-0)	X		X	<0.0007	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
10M. Selenium, Total (7782-49-2)	X	X		0.0056	0.0099	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
11M. Silver, Total (7440-22-4)	X		X	<0.00011	<0.0002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
12M. Thallium, Total (7440-28-0)	X		X	<0.000026	<0.00005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
13M. Zinc, Total (7440-66-6)	X		X	<0.0064	<0.011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
14M. Cyanide, Total (57-12-5)	X		X	<0.0025	<0.004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
15M. Phenols, Total	X		X	<0.0026	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	mg/L	ppd			
DIOXIN															

CONTINUED FROM THE FRONT

	2	2. MARK "X	**				FFLUENT				4. UN	ITS	5. INTA	KE (optiona	d)
1. POLLUTANT AND	a.	b.	C.	a. MAXIMUM DA	ILY VALUE	b. MAXIMUM 30 [(ıf avaılal		c. LONG TERM VALUE (if ava					a. LONG TI AVERAGE V		
CAS NUMBER (if available)	TESTING REQUIRED	BELIEVED PRESENT	BELIEVED ABSENT	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	d. NO. OF ANALYSES	a. CONCEN- TRATION	b. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	b. NO. OF ANALYSES
GC/MS FRACTION	~ VOLATIL	E COMPO	UNDS							•					•
1V. Accrolein (107-02-8)	\times		X	<10	<0.018	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
2V. Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	X		X	<2.8	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
3V. Benzene (71-43-2)	X		X	<0.38	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
4V. Bis (<i>Chloro-methyl</i>) Ether (1) (542-88-1)	\times		\times	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)		,	
5V. Bromoform (75-25-2)	X		X	<0.71	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
6V. Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	\times		X	<0.5	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
7V. Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	\times		X	<0.5	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
8V. Chlorodi- bromomethane (124-48-1)	X		X	<0.5	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
9V. Chloroethane (75-00-3)	X		X	<0.76	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
10V. 2-Chloro- ethylvinyl Ether (110-75-8)	X		X	<2.0	<0.004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
11V. Chloroform (67-66-3)	X		X	<0.60	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
12V. Dichloro- bromomethane (75-27-4)	×		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
13V. Dichloro- difluoromethane (75-71-8)	X		X	<0.85	<0.0015	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
14V. 1,1-Dichloro- ethane (75-34-3)	\times		\times	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
15V. 1,2-Dichloro- ethane (107-06-2)	X		\times	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
16V. 1,1-Dichloro- ethylene (75-35-4)	X		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L ´	ppd			
17V. 1,2-Dichloro- propane (78-87-5)	X		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
18V. 1,3-Dichloro- propylene (542-75-6)	X		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
19V. Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	X		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
20V. Methyl Bromide (74-83-9)	X		X	<0.98	<0.002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
21V. Methyl Chloride (74-87-3)	X		X	<0.83	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			

EPA Form 3510-2C (8-90)

CONTINUED FROM PAGE V-4

	2	2. MARK "X	19			3. E	FFLUENT				4. UN	ITS	5. INTA	KE (optiona	d)
1. POLLUTANT AND	a.	b.	C.	a. MAXIMUM DA		b. MAXIMUM 30 [(If availal		c. LONG TERM VALUE (if ava					a. LONG T AVERAGE V		
CAS NUMBER (if available)	TESTING REQUIRED	BELIEVED PRESENT	BELIEVED ABSENT	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	d. NO. OF ANALYSES	a. CONCEN- TRATION	b. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	b. NO. OF ANALYSES
GC/MS FRACTION	– VOLATIL	E COMPO	JNDS (con	tinued)						•					
22V. Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	X		X	<3.0	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
23V. 1,1,2,2- Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	X		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
24V. Tetrachloro- ethylene (127-18-4)	\times		X	<0.58	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
25V. Toluene (108-88-3)	X		X	<0.70	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
26V. 1,2-Trans- Dichloroethylene (156-60-5)	X		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
27V. 1,1,1-Trichloro- ethane (71-55-6)	X		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
28V. 1,1,2-Trichloro- ethane (79-00-5)	X		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
29V Trichloro- ethylene (79-01-6)	\overline{X}		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
30V. Trichloro- fluoromethane (75-69-4)	X		X	<0.52	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
31V. Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	X		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
GC/MS FRACTION	- ACID CC	MPOUNDS	;							•					
1A. 2-Chlorophenol (95-57-8)	X		X	<2.2	<0.004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
2A. 2,4-Dichloro- phenol (120-83-2)	X		X	<3.0	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
3A. 2,4-Dimethyl- phenol (105-67-9)	X		X	<3.5	<0.006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
4A. 4,6-Dinitro-O- Cresol (534-52-1)	X		X	<1.6	<0.003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
5A. 2,4-Dinitro- phenol (51-28-5)	X		X	<3.4	<0.006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
6A. 2-Nitropheпol (88-75-5)	X		X	<5.2	<0.009	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
7A. 4-Nitrophenol (100-02-7)	X		X	<2.1	<0.004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
8A. P-Chloro-M- Cresol (59-50-7)	X		X	<3.8	<0.007	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
9A. Pentachloro- phenol (87-86-5)	X		X	<1.4	<0.002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
10A. Phenol (108-95-2)	X		X	<2.6	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
11A. 2,4,6-Trichloro- phenol (88-05-2)	X		X	<3.5	<0.006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			

CONTINUED FROM THE FRONT

CONTINUED FROI		2. MARK "X"	103			3. E	FFLUENT				4. UN	ITS	5. INTA	KE (optiona	1/)
1. POLLUTANT AND				a. MAXIMUM DA		b. MAXIMUM 30 [DAY VALUE	c. LONG TERM VALUE (if ava					a. LONG T AVERAGE V		
CAS NUMBER	a. TESTING REQUIRED	b. BELIEVED PRESENT	c. BELIEVED ABSENT	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	d. NO. OF ANALYSES	a. CONCEN- TRATION	b. MASS	(1)	(2) MASS	b. NO. OF ANALYSES
GC/MS FRACTION	- BASE/NE	UTRAL CO	MPOUND												
1B. Acenaphthene (83-32-9)	X		X	<0.16	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
2B. Acenaphtylene (208-96-8)	X		X	<0.17	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
3B. Anthracene (120-12-7)	X		X	<0.18	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
4B. Benzidine (92-87-5)	X		X	<20	<0.035	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
5B. Benzo (a) Anthracene (56-55-3)	×		X	<0.18	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
6B. Benzo (a) Pyrene (50-32-8)	X		X	<0.12	<0.0002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
7B. 3,4-Benzo- fluoranthene (205-99-2)	×		X	<0.15	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
8B. Benzo (<i>ghi</i>) Perylene (191-24-2)	X		X	<0.23	<0.0004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
9B. Benzo (k) Fluoranthene (207-08-9)	×		X	<0.16	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
10B. Bis (2-Chloro- ethoxy) Methane (111-91-1)	X		X	<0.16	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
11B. Bis (2-Chloro- ethyl) Ether (111-44-4)	×		X	<2.7	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
12B. Bis (2- Chloroisopropyl) Ether (102-80-1)	X		X	<0.16	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
13B. Bis (2-Ethyl- hexyl) Phthalate (117-81-7)	X		X	<2.0	<0.004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
14B. 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether (101-55-3)	×		X	<0.20	<0.0004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
15B. Butyl Benzyl Phthalate (85-68-7)	X		X	<0.19	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
16B. 2-Chloro- naphthalene (91-58-7)	X		X	<0.14	<0.0002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
17B. 4-Chloro- phenyl Phenyl Ether (7005-72-3)	×		X	<2.0	<0.004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
18B. Chrysene (218-01-9)	X		X	<0.19	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
19B. Dibenzo (<i>a,h</i>) Anthracene (53-70-3)	X		X	<0.24	<0.0004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
20B. 1,2-Dichloro- benzene (95-50-1)	X		X	<0.50	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
21B. 1,3-Di-chloro- benzene (541-73-1)	X		\times	<0.54	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			

CONTINUED FROM PAGE V-6

	VI PAGE V-C	2. MARK "X'	,			3. E	FFLUENT				4. UN	ITS	5. INTA	KE (optiona	1)
1. POLLUTANT AND	a.	b.	C.	a. MAXIMUM DA	ILY VALUE	b. MAXIMUM 30 [c. LONG TERM VALUE (if ava					a. LONG T AVERAGE V		
CAS NUMBER (if available)	TESTING REQUIRED	BELIEVED	BELIEVED ABSENT	(1) CONCENTRATION		(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	_ <i>`</i>	d. NO. OF ANALYSES	a. CONCEN- TRATION	b. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	b. NO. OF ANALYSES
GC/MS FRACTION	I – BASE/N	EUTRAL CO			(2)		(=)		(=)					.,	
22B. 1,4-Dichloro- benzene (106-46-7)	X		X	<0.64	<0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
23B. 3,3-Dichloro- benzidine (91-94-1)	X		X	<2.6	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
24B. Diethyl Phthalate (84-66-2)	X		X	<0.24	<0.0004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
25B. Dimethyl Phthalate (131 -11-3)	X		X	<0.17	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
26B. Di-N-Butyl Phthalate (84-74-2)	X		X	<2.7	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
27B. 2,4-Dinitro- toluene (121-14-2)	X		X	<1.9	<0.003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
28B. 2,6-Dinitro- toluene (606-20-2)	X		X	<1.9	<0.003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
29B. Di-N-Octyl Phthalate (117-84-0)	X		X	<0.17	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
30B. 1,2-Diphenyl- hydrazine (as Azo- benzene) (122-66-7)	X		X	<1.0	<0.0018	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
31B. Fluoranthene (206-44-0)	X		X	<0.18	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
32B. Fluorene (86-73-7)	X		X	<0.18	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
33B. Hexachloro- benzene (118-74-1)	X		X	<0.17	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
34B. Hexachloro- butadiene (87-68-3)	X		X	<3.6	<0.006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
35B. Hexachloro- cyclopentadiene (77-47-4)	X		X	<2.6	<0.005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
36B Hexachloro- ethane (67-72-1)	X		X	<4.2	<0.007	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
37B. Indeno (1,2,3-cd) Pyrene (193-39-5)	X		X	<0.22	<0.0004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
38B. Isophorone (78-59-1)	X		X	<0.14	<0.0002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
39B. Naphthalene (91-20-3)	X		X	<0.17	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
40B. Nitrobenzene (98-95-3)	X		X	<0.13	<0.0002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
41B. N-Nitro- sodimethylamine (62-75-9)	X		X	<3.5	<0.006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
42B. N-Nitrosodi- N-Propylamine (621-64-7)	X		X	<3.3	<0.006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			

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		2. M ARK "X'				3. E	FFLUENT				4. UN	ITS	5. INTA	KE (option	ıl)
1. POLLUTANT AND	a	b.	C.	a. MAXIMUM DA	ILY VALUE	b. MAXIMUM 30 (if availab		c. LONG TERM VALUE (if ava					a. LONG T AVERAGE V		
CAS NUMBER (if available)	TESTING REQUIRED	BÉLIEVED PRESENT	BELIEVED	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	d. NO. OF ANALYSES	a. CONCEN- TRATION	b. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	b. NO. OF ANALYSES
GC/MS FRACTION	- BASE/NI	EUTRAL CO													
43B. N-Nitro- sodiphenylamine (86-30-6)	X		X	<0.18	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
44B . Phenanthrene (85-01-8)	X		X	<0.18	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
45B. Pyrene (129-00-0)	X		X	<0.21	<0.0004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
46B. 1,2,4-Tri- chlorobenzene (120-82-1)	X		X	<0.18	<0.0003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
GC/MS FRACTION	N - PESTIC	IDES													
1P. Aldrin (309-00-2)	X		X	<0.001	<0.000002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
2P. α-BHC (319-84-6)	X		X	<0.001	<0.000002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
3P. β-BHC (319-85-7)	X		X	<0.001	<0.000002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
4P. γ-BHC (58-89-9)	X		X	<0.01	<0.00002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
5P. δ-BHC (319-86-8)	X		X	<0.0008	<0.000001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
6P. Chlordane (57-74-9)	X		X	<0.052	0.0001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
7P. 4,4'-DDT (50-29-3)	X		X	<0.002	<0.000003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
8P. 4,4'-DDE (72-55-9)	X		X	<0.0009	<0.000002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
9P. 4,4'-DDD (72-54-8)	X		X	<0.001	<0.000002	N/A	N/A·	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
10P. Dieldrin (60-57-1)	\times		X	<0.0012	<0.000002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
11P. α-Enosulfan (115-29-7)	X		X	<0.0012	<0.000002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
12P. β-Endosulfan (115-29-7)	X		X	<0.003	<0.000001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
13P. Endosulfan Sulfate (1031-07-8)	X		X	<0.0008	<0.000001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
14P. Endrin (72-20-8)	X		X	<0.0012	<0.000002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
15P. Endrin Aldehyde (7421-93-4)	X		X	<0.0011	<0.000002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
16P. Heptachlor (76-44-8)	X		X	<0.001	<0.000002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			

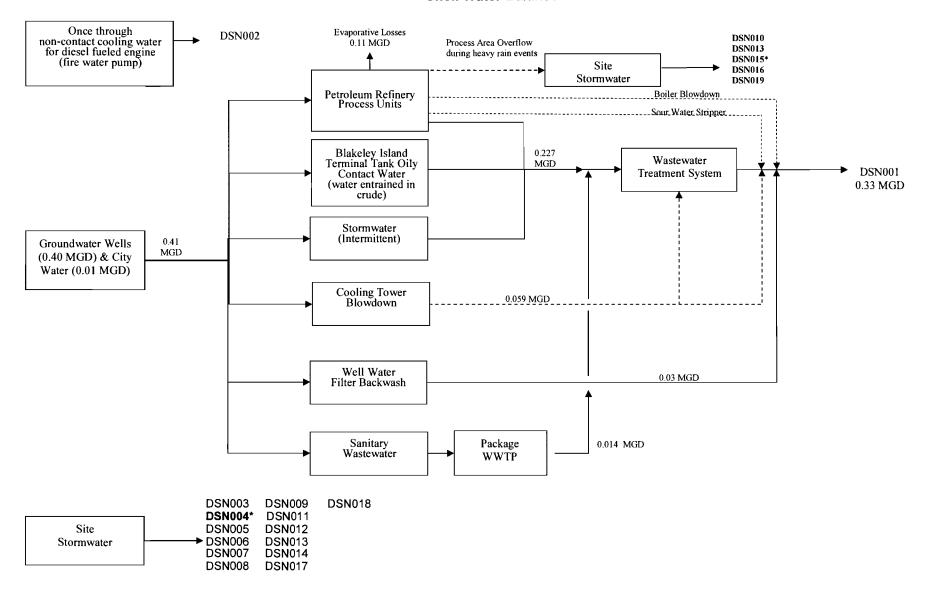
		EPA I.D. NUMBER (copy from Item 1 of Form 1)	OUTFALL NUMBER
CONTINUED FROM	M PAGE V-8	ALD020852422	DSN001
	2. MARK "X"	3. EFFLUENT	
4 DOLLUTANT			

] :	2. M ARK "X'	1	-		3. E	FFLUENT	•			4. UN	ITS	5. INTA	KE (optiona	·I)
1. POLLUTANT AND	a.	b.	C.	a. MAXIMUM DAI	LY VALUE	b. MAXIMUM 30 [(ıf avaılal		c. LONG TERM VALUE (<i>if ava</i>		1 110 05	- CONCEN		a. LONG T AVERAGE V		h NO 05
CAS NUMBER (if available)	TESTING REQUIRED		BELIEVED ABSENT	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	d. NO. OF ANALYSES	a. CONCEN- TRATION	b. MASS	(1) CONCENTRATION	(2) MASS	b. NO. OF ANALYSES
GC/MS FRACTION	I – PESTICI	DES (contin	ued)												
17P. Heptachlor Epoxide (1024-57-3)	X		X	<0.001	<0.00000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
18P. PCB-1242 (53469-21-9)	X		X	<0.014	<0.00002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
19P. PCB-1254 (11097-69-1)	X		X	<0.023	<0.00004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
20P. PCB-1221 (1110 4 -28-2)	X		X	<0.088	0.0002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
21P. PCB-1232 (11141-16-5)	X		X	<0.04	<0.0001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
22P. PCB-1248 (12672-29-6)	X		X	<0.008	<0.00001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
23P. PCB-1260 (11096-82-5)	X		X	<0.061	<0.0001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
24P. PCB-1016 (12674-11-2)	X		X	<0.11	<0.0002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			
25P. Toxaphene (8001-35-2)	X		X	<0.12	<0.0002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ug/L	ppd			

EPA Form 3510-2C (8-90)

PAGE V-9

Attachment 2C-1 Item 2.B. Shell Water Balance



^{*} stormwater outfalls requested as representative for compliance monitoring

Attachment 2C-2

List of Pollutants in Table 2C-3

*Pollutants listed in Table 2C-3 of the instructions which you know or have reason to believe is discharged or may be discharged from any outfalls is listed in the table below:

Pollutant	Source
Ammonium Chloride	Standard Solution
Benzene	Crude Oil Component
Cyclohexane	Crude Oil Component
Ethylbenzene	Crude Oil Component
Ferric Chloride	Standard Solution
Formaldehyde	Flocculent
Hydrochloric Acid	Flocculent
Hydrogen Sulfide	Feed Stock
Lead Nitrate	Standard Solution
Mercuric Sulfate	Digestion Solution
Naphthalene	Crude Oil Component
Nitric Acid	Standard Solution
Phosphoric Acid	Corrosion Inhibitor
Potassium Hydroxide	Standard Solution
Potassium Dichromate	Standard Solution
Sodium Hydroxide	Caustic Solution
Sulfuric Acid	Amine-sulfuric Acid
Styrene	Crude Oil Component
Toluene	Crude Oil Component
Xylene	Crude Oil Component
Zinc Sulfate	Corrosion Inhibitor

Please print or type in the unshaded areas only.

EPA ID Number (copy from Item 1 of Form 1) ALD020852422

Form Approved. OMB No. 2040-0086. Approval expires 5-31-92.

FORM

~-	₽E	PA	Fa	ciliti	es V	Vhic	h Do	Not Discharge Process Wastewater
I. RECEIVING	14/ A T					_		
I. RECEIVING	WAII							
		Fo	or this	outfall,	list the	e latitu	de and	d longitude, and name of the receiving water(s).
Outfall	.		Latitude		L	ongitud	е	Receiving Water (name)
Number (list		Deg	Min	Sec	Deg	Min	Sec	
DSN002	3	30.00	47.00	23.00	88.00	3.00	32.00	Chickasaw Creek
II. DISCHARGI	E DAT	E (If a	new dis	charger,	the date	e you ex	pect to	begin discharging)
III.TYPE OF W	ASTE							
A. Check the b	ox(es)	indicat	ting the	general	type(s)	of waste	s discha	arged.
☐ Sanitary	Vastes	s	Re	staurant	or Cafe	teria Wa	astes	☑ Noncontact Cooling Water ☐ Other Nonprocess Wastewater (Identify)
B. If any coolin	g wate	er addit	ives are	used, li	st them	here. Br	iefly des	scribe their composition if this information is available.
IV. EFFLUENT	CHAP	RACTE	RISTIC	S				

- A. Existing Sources Provide measurements for the parameters listed in the left-hand column below, unless waived by the permitting authority (see instructions).
- **B. New Dischargers** Provide estimates for the parameters listed in the left-hand column below, unless waived by the permitting authority. Instead of the number of measurements taken, provide the source of estimated values (see instructions).

	Maxi	t) mum		2) ge Daily	(3)	(or)	,	(4)
Pollutant or Parameter		Value e <i>units)</i>		ast year) le units)	Number of Measurement	ents		e of Estimate
	Mass	Concentration	Mass	Concentration	Taken (last yea		(If nev	discharger)
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	<0.00025 lbs	<2.0 mg/L			1.00			
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	<0.00063 lbs	<3.2 mg/L			1.00			
Fecal Coliform (if believed present or if sanitary waste is discharged)	N/A	N/A			N/A			
Total Residual Chlorine (if chlorine is used)	0.000003 lbs	0.02 mg/L			1.00			
Oil and Grease	<0.00060 lbs	<1.7 mg/L			1.00			
*Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	<0.00125 lbs	<6.4 mg/L			1.00			
*Total organic carbon (TOC)	0.00044 lbs	3.5 mg/L			1.00			
Ammonia (as N)	<0.00001 lbs	<0.022 mg/L			1.00			
Discharge Flow	Value 15 gal/ disc	charge event			1.00			
pH (give range)	Value 7.	85			1.00			
Temperature (Winter)		N/A °C		N/A °C	N/A			
Temperature (Summer)		20.00 _{°C}		N/A ℃	1.00			
*If noncontact cooling water is disch-	orgad	<u> </u>	ECEIVE					

*If noncontact cooling water is discharged

APR 0 1 2016 IND. MUN BRANCH

V. Except for leaks or spills, will the discharge described in this form be intermittent or seasonal?	п
If yes, briefly describe the frequency of flow and duration.	□ No
DSN002 discharges once through non-contact cooling water used for a diesel-fuel used to run the fire water pump. The pump would only be used in the event of an fire) or to test the pump itself. The testing of the pump occurs no more freque week.	n emergency (i.e.
VI. TREATMENT SYSTEM (Describe briefly any treatment system(s) used or to be used)	
N/A	
VII. OTHER INFORMATION (Optional)	
Use the space below to expand upon any of the above questions or to bring to the attention of the reviewer any other is should be considered in establishing permit limitations. Attach additional sheets, if necessary.	nformation you feel
I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervisystem designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on a persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.	my inquiry of the person or submitted is to the best of
A. Name & Official Title	B. Phone No. (area code
Tammy Little, General Manager	& no.) (251) 679-7120
C. Signature	D. Date Signed

Form Approved. OMB No. 2040-0086
Approval expires 5-31-92

D. Receiving Water

(name)

2F SEPA

Outfall Location

(list)

See Attachment

2F-1

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC 20460

Application for Permit to Discharge Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

Public reporting burden for this application is estimated to average 28.6 hours per application, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate, any other aspect of this collection of information, or suggestions for improving this form, including suggestions which may increase or reduce this burden to: Chief, Information Policy Branch, PM-223, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460, or Director, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503.

C. Longitude

For each outfall, list the latitude and longitude of its location to the nearest 15 seconds and the name of the receiving water.

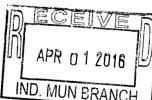
II. Improvements										
treatment equipme	ent or practic	es or any othe	er environme	ntal programs	s which may a	iffect the disch	chedule for the construction harges described in this app ters, stipulations, court order	lication? This in	cludes, but is	not limited
1. Identification of	Conditions,		2. Affec	ted Outfalls					4. F Compliar	
Agreements.	Etc.	number	s	ource of disch	narge		3. Brief Description of Proje	ct	a. req.	b. proj.
N/A										
		1	7 -							

III. Site Drainage Map

Attach a site map showing topography (or indicating the outline of drainage areas served by the outfalls(s) covered in the application if a topographic map is unavailable) depicting the facility including: each of its intake and discharge structures; the drainage area of each storm water outfall; paved areas and buildings within the drainage area of each storm water outfall, each known past or present areas used for outdoor storage of disposal of significant materials, each existing structural control measure to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff, materials loading and access areas, areas where pesticides, herbicides, soil conditioners and fertilizers are applied; each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal units (including each area not required to have a RCRA permit which is used for accumulating hazardous waste under 40 CFR 262.34); each well where fluids from the facility are injected underground; springs, and other surface water bodies which received storm water discharges from the facility.

B: You may attach additional sheets describing any additional water pollution (or other environmental projects which may affect your discharges) you now have under way or which you plan. Indicate whether each program is now under way or planned, and indicate your actual or planned schedules for construction.

EPA Form 3510-2F (1-92)



	tive Description of Pollu	tant Sources			
A. For ea	ch outfall, provide an estimate of the ac		es (Including pav	od areas and building roofs) drained to the outfall, and	on estimate of the total surface area
	d by the outlail.		0.51		Talak as Dahad
Outfall Number	Area of Impervious Surface (provide units)	Total Area Dramed (provide units)	Outfail Number	Area of Impervious Surface (provide units)	Total Area Drained (provide units)
	See Attachment 2F-3				
		1	()		[
		1	1 1		1
to stor	m water; method of treatment, st water runoff; materials loading an	orage, or disposal; past and pre-	sent materials	ree years have been treated, stored or dispose management practices employed to minimize frequency in which pesticides, herbicides, soi	contact by these materials with
ee Attac	hment 2F-4				
				•	
descri		valer receives, including the sche		structural control measures to reduce pollutar of maintenance for control and treatment mea	
Outfail	John of Mary Wastes office than by	y distriction			List Codes from
Number		Tr	eatment		Table 2F-1
	See Attachment 2F-5				i
					j
. Nonsto	ormwater Discharges				
				sted or evaluated for the presence of nonstore Form 2C or From 2E application for the outfal	
vame and (Official Title (type or print)	Signature			Date Signed
ichael Ha nvironmen	ammer, ntal Specialist		1 0		2/00/4
		Michael	MM	mer	2/24/16
B, Provide	e a description of the method used	d, the date of any testing, and the		e points that were directly observed during a to	est.
dry weat		conducted monthly at all		as part of the facility's Best Mana	
l. Signifi	cant Leaks or Spills				
	xisting information regarding the ste date and location of the spill or			or hazardous pollutants at the facility in the last.	ast three years, including the
e Attach	ment 2F-6				
					•

Continued from Page 2	AL002085422						
VII. Discharge Information							
A, B, C, & D: See instructions before proceeding. Complete one set of tables for each outfall. Annotate the outfall number in the space provided. Table VII-A, VII-B, VII-C are included on separate sheets numbers VII-1 and VII-2.							
E. Potential discharges not covered by analysis – is any toxic pollutant listed in table 2F-2, 2F-3, or 2F-4, a substance or a component of a substance which you currently use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct?							
Yes (list all such poliutants	below)	No (go to Section Ⅸ)					
Benzene Rthylbenzene Naphthalene Xylene		,					
VIII. Biological Toxicity Testing	Data believe that any biological test for acute or chronic	ovirity has been made on any of yo	ur discharges or on a receiving water in				
relation to your discharge within the last 3	years?		u discharges of the a receiving water in				
Yes (fist all such poflutants IDSN001 Species: P. Promelas (Fathead Mir Type Test: 48 hour acute freshwal IWC of % Effluent: 1.0% Permitted Mortality Rate: < 10% N Test Frequency: Once per 6 months Results for the past 5 years: 0%	nnow) and Ceriodaphnia er screening fortality	□ No (go to Section IX)					
X. Contract Analysis Informatio	n						
	VII performed by a contract laboratory or consulting	firm?					
✓ Yes (fist the name, address,	and telephone number of, and pollutants laboratory or firm below)	No (go to Section X)					
A. Name	B. Address	C. Area Code & Phone No.	D. Pollutants Analyzed				
TestAmerica Pensacola	3356 McLemore Drive, Pensacola, FL 32514	850-471-6234	Mercury, Dioxin				
Micro Methods Laboratory, Inc	6500 Sumplex Drive, Ocean Springs, MS 39564	228-875-6420	All except Mercury and Dioxin				
K. Certification							
that qualified personnel properly gather an directly responsible for gathering the infor	ument and all attachments were prepared under m d evaluate the information submitted. Based on my mation, the information submitted is, to the best of g false information, including the possibility of fine ar	inquiry of the person or persons who my knowledge and belief, true, ac	o manage the system or those persons curate, and complete. I am aware that				
A. Name & Official Title (Type Or Print)		B. Area Code and Phone No.					
Tammy Little		(251) 679-7120					
c. Signature	2	D. Date Signed 3-30-11	0				
EPA Form 3510-2 (1-92)	Page 3 of 3						

EPA ID Number (copy from Item 1 of Form 1)

Form Approved. OMB No. 2040-0086 Approval expires 5-31-92

VII. Discharge information (Continued from page 3 of Form 2F)

Part A - You must provide the results of at least one analysis for every pollutant in this table. Complete one table for each outfall. See instructions for additional details.

	Maximum Values (include units)		Average Values (include units)		Number		
Pollutant and CAS Number (if available)	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	of Storm Events Sampled	Sources of Pollutants	
Oil and Grease	<1.60 mg/L	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD5)	2.8 mg/L	14 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	11 mg/L	<10 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	63 mg/L	19 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Total Nitrogen (2)	0.12 mg/L	0.15 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Total Phosphorus	<0.032 mg/L	<0.032 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
pH ⁽³⁾	Minimum 6.65	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	1.00	Plant Operations	

Part B – List each pollutant that is limited in an effluent guideline which the facility is subject to or any pollutant listed in the facility's NPDES permit for its process wastewater (if the facility is operating under an existing NPDES permit). Complete one table for each outfall. See the instructions for additional details and requirements.

		num Values ude units)		erage Values oclude units)	Number		
Pollutant and CAS Number (if available)	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	of Storm Events Sampled	Sources of Pollutants	
Phenols, Total	<0.0045 mg/L	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Sulfides, Total	<0.036 mg/L	<0.036 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Chromium, Total	4 ug/L	<0.37 ug/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Chromium (VI)	<0.0065 mg/L	<0.0065 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Mercury	N/A	10.5 ng/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Dissolved Oxygen	8.9 mg/L	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
BTEX	<1.60 ug/L	<1.60 ug/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
TDS	58 mg/L	110 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Chlorides, Total	1.5 mg/L	1.6 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Nitrate Nitrite (4)	0.12 mg/L	0.15 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
2,3,7,8 - TCDD	<0.220 pg/L	<0.290 pg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	

EPA Form 3510-2F (1-92)

Page VII-1

Continue on Reverse

⁽²⁾ Total Kjeldahl nitrogen was non detect in the sample. Therefore total nitrogen is equal to nitrate+nitrite nitrogen.

⁽³⁾ Only one pH measurement was taken.

⁽⁴⁾ Permitted for nitrate, but the lab reported nitrate+nitrite.

Outfall DSN004

Continued from the Front

	Maximum Values Average Values (include units) (include units)			Number				
Pollutant and CAS Number (if available)	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite		of Storm Events sampled	So	urces of Pollutants
Naphthalene	<1.00 ug/L	<1.00 ug/L	N/A	N/A	1.00)	Plant Operat	ions
			-					
							,	
			1					
			1					
			_		_			
			-					
			+		+			
Part D - Pr	ovide data for the st	orm event(s) which res	ulted in the maxim	num values for the flow w	eighted	composite	sample.	
1.	2.	3.		4.			5.	6.
Date of	Duration	Total rai	infall	Number of hours bett beginning of storm mea			n flow rate during ain event	Total flow from
Storm Event	of Storm Event (in minutes)	during stori		and end of previou measurable rain ev			ns/minute or ecify units)	rain event (gallons or specify units)
2 Feb 16	20	0.30		>72 hours	- Citi	<u> </u>	• •	1 , , ,
2 reb 16	20	0.30		372 Hours		1414 gpm	ı	28,274 gal
						<u> </u>		
7. Provide a	description of the m	ethod of flow measure	ment or estimate.					
Rational Me Peak discha Where:		off coefficient x	Rainfall inte	ensity in inches x	Draina	age area	in acres x co	nversion factors
) was used as the and Storm Sewers,		value for Light Ind 7. 1986)	lustria	al land u	se (Source: S	ource:Design and
	(,				

VII. Discharge information (Continued from page 3 of Form 2F)

Part A - You must provide the results of at least one analysis for every pollutant in this table. Complete one table for each outfall. See instructions for additional details.

	Maximum Values (include units)		Average Values(include units)		Number		
Pollutant and CAS Number (if available)	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	of Storm Events Sampled	Sources of Pollutants	
Oil and Grease	<1.60 mg/L	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD5)	2.8 mg/L	14 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	ll mg/L	<10 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	63 mg/L	19 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Total Nitrogen (5)	0.12 mg/L	0.15 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
Total Phosphorus	<0.032 mg/L	<0.032 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations	
pH	Minimum 6.65	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	1.00	Plant Operations	

Part B – List each pollutant that is limited in an effluent guideline which the facility is subject to or any pollutant listed in the facility's NPDES permit for its process wastewater (if the facility is operating under an existing NPDES permit). Complete one table for each outfall. See the instructions for additional details and requirements.

require	ements.	Value	1	erage Values		
		ium Values ude units)		clude units)	Number	
Pollutant and CAS Number (if available)	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	of Storm Events Sampled	Sources of Pollutants
Phenols, Total	<0.0045 mg/L	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations
Sulfides, Total	<0.036 mg/L	<0.036 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations
Chromium, Total	4 ug/L	<0.37 ug/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations
Chromium (VI)	<0.0065 mg/L	<0.0065 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations
Mercury	N/A	10.5 ng/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations
Dissolved Oxygen	8.9 mg/L	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations
BTEX	<1.60 ug/L	<1.60 ug/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations
TDS	58 mg/L	110 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations
Chlorides, Total	1.5 mg/L	1.6 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations
Nitrate Nitrite (4)	0.12 mg/L	0.15 mg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations
2,3,7,8 - TCDD	<0.220 pg/L	<0.290 pg/L	N/A	N/A	1.00	Plant Operations

EPA Form 3510-2F (1-92) Page VII-1 Continue on Reverse

 $^{^{(5)}}$ Nitrate+nitrite nitrogen was non detect in the sample. Therefore total nitrogen is equal to total Kjeldahl nitrogen.

 $^{^{(6)}}$ Permitted for nitrate, but the lab reported nitrate+nitrite.

Outfall DSN015

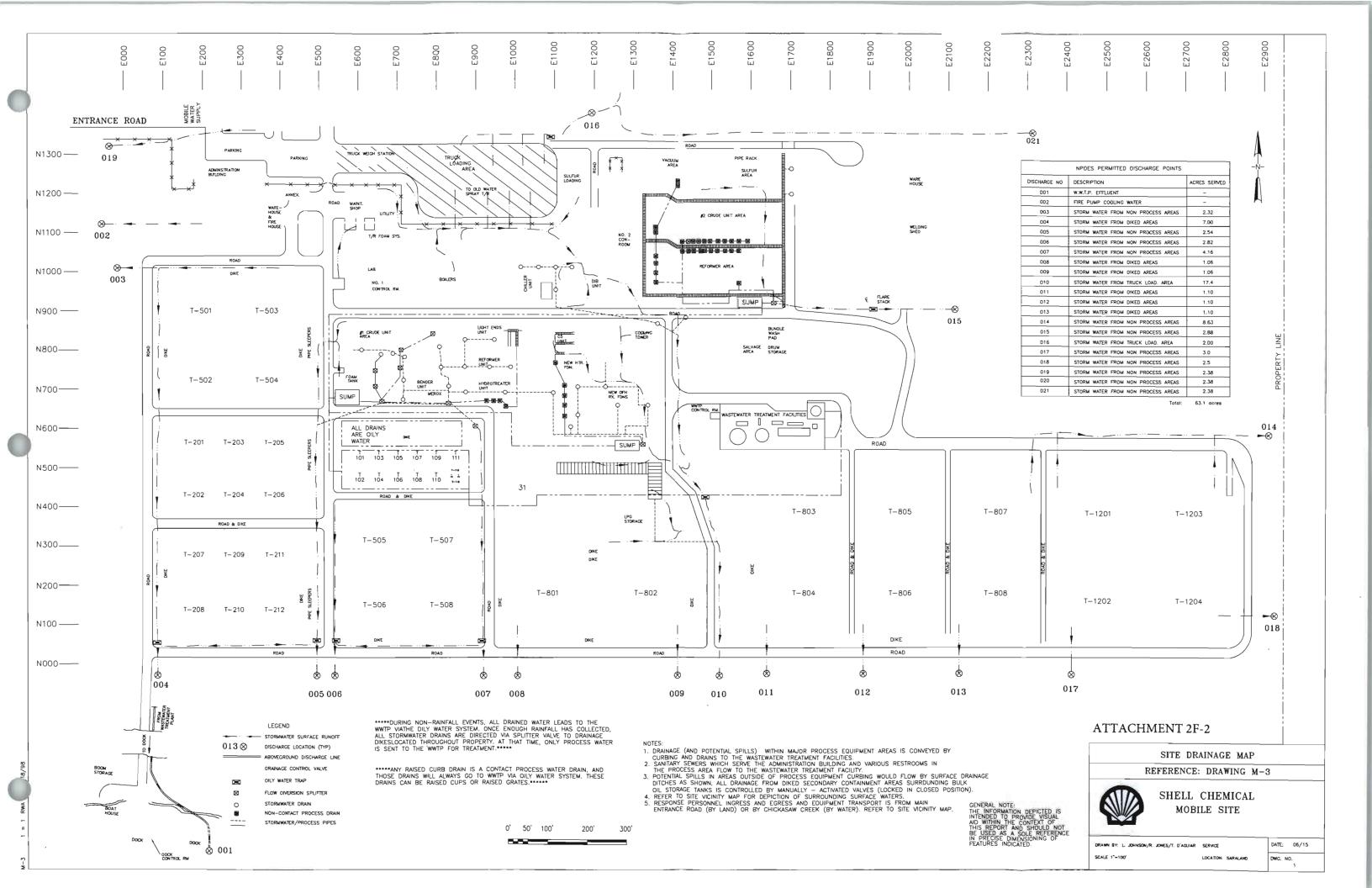
Continued from the Front

		e one table for each ou	tfall.		1			ctions for additional details and
		Maximum Values (include units)		erage Values nclude units)		Number		
Pollutant and CAS Number (if available)	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	of Storm Events Sampled		So	urces of Pollutants
Naphthalene		<1.00 ug/L	N/A	N/A	1.00		Plant Operat:	ions
Tapital 20110	11100 43/2				+-			
					\vdash			
					_			
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		_			+			
					+-			-,
Part D - Pr	ovide data for the st	orm event(s) which res	ulted in the maxin	num values for the flow we	eighted	composite :	sample. 5.	
1.	2.	3.		Number of hours betw	veen	Maximum	flow rate during	6.
Date of Storm	Duration of Storm Event	Total rai		beginning of storm mea			nin event ns/minute or	Total flow from rain event
Event	(in minutes)	(in inch		measurable rain eve			ecify units)	(gallons or specify units)
2 Feb 16	20	0.30		>72 hours		1414 gpm	1	28,274 gal
	ļ]				1		
	1					1		
		1				Ì		
]		
7. Provide a	description of the m	ethod of flow measurer	nent or estimate.					
Rational Me	thod:							
Peak discha Where:	rge in gpm=Rund	off coefficient x	Rainfall inte	ensity in inches x	Draina	age area	in acres x co	nversion factors
Runoff coef				value for Light Ind	ustria	al land u	se (Source: S	ource:Design and
Construction	on or sanitary a	and Storm Sewers,	ranual NO. 3	,, 1900)				

Attachment 2F-1
Item 1.A.
List of Outfall Locations

Outfall Number	Latitude	Longitude	Receiving Water
003	30°47′23″	88°03′32″	Chickasaw Creek
004*	30°47′15″	88°03′32″	Chickasaw Creek
005	30°47′15″	88°03′29″	Chickasaw Creek
006	30°47′15″	88°03′29″	Chickasaw Creek
007	30°47′15″	88°03′26″	Chickasaw Creek
008	30°47′15″	88°03′25″	Chickasaw Creek
009	30°47′15″	88°03′22″	Chickasaw Creek
010	30°47′15″	88°03′21″	Chickasaw Creek
011	30°47′15″	88°03′20″	Chickasaw Creek
012	30°47′15″	88°03′18″	Chickasaw Creek
013	30°47′15″	88°03′15″	Chickasaw Creek
014	30°47′20″	88°03′14″	Chickasaw Creek
015*	30°47′23″	88°03′16″	Chickasaw Creek
016	30°47′26″	88°03′24″	Chickasaw Creek
017	30°47′15″	88°03′13″	Chickasaw Creek
018	30°47′15″	88°03′10″	Chickasaw Creek
019	30°47′26″	88°03′32″	Chickasaw Creek
020	30°47′32″	88°03′20″	Chickasaw Creek
021	30°47′27″	88°03′11″	Chickasaw Creek

^{*}stormwater outfalls requested as representative for compliance monitoring



Attachment 2F-3
Item IV.A.
Area Drained and Impervious Surface for Outfalls

Outfall Number	Area of Impervious Surface (acres)	Total Area Drained (acres)
· DSN003	. 0	2.32
DSN004*	0	7.0
DSN005	0.32	2.54
DSN006	0.42	2.82
DSN007	4.16	4.16
DSN008	0	1.06
DSN009	0	1.06
DSN010	3.22	17.4
DSN011	0	1.10
DSN012	0	1.10
DSN013	0	1.10
DSN014	0	8.63
DSN015*	2.88	2.88
DSN016	0.82	2.0
DSN017	0	3.0
DSN018	0	2.5
DSN019	2.22	2.38
DSN020	0	2.8
DSN021	0	1.6

^{*}storm water outfalls requested as representative for compliance monitoring

Attachment 2F-4 Item IV.B. Narrative Description of Significant Materials

Attachment 1-2 to EPA Form 1, includes the location of major material loading and tank farm areas. Significant materials stored throughout the site include crude oil, gasoline, diesel, naphtha, commercial butane, isobutane, normal butane, olefin feeds, wastewater, isopentane, propane, resid, jet fuel, ethanol, slop oil, caustic, and distillates. The capacities of the storage tanks are listed in the table below.

Crude oil is unloaded from barges at the Shell Mobile Site dock typically once or twice per day. Unloading of barges and tankers at the Blakely Terminal normally occurs 2 to 3 times per week. Barges typically supply 25,000-barrel (bbl) capacity. Tank trucks are loaded with finished product at the truck loading area. Truck capacities can range up to 10,000 gallons.

Herbicide 2-4-D Amine 4 is applied to areas by spraying where unwanted weeds are present. The first application is usually in February or March and follow-up treatments are applied when needed on a quarterly basis.

Gly Star Pro is used as a pest control product and is applied quarterly around the exterior of the buildings and office trailers. None of the pesticides or herbicides used at the facility are stored onsite.

General fertilizer typically is applied twice a year in front of the administration building, the truck rack grassy area, and the area behind the maintenance shop and utility building. The fertilizer is stored in bags inside the utility building.

Tank No.	Substance Stored	Capacity (bbls)
501	Crude	55,000
502	Crude	55,000
503	Crude	55,000
504	Crude	55,000
505	Gasoline	55,000
506	Gasoline	55,000
507	Gasoline	55,000
508	Gasoline	55,000
801	Gasoline	80,000
802	Gasoline	80,000
803	Crude	80,000
804	Crude	80,000
805	Crude	80,000
806	Light Olefin Feed	80,000

Tank No.	Substance Stored	Capacity (bbls)		
807	Heavy Olefin Feed	80,000		
808	Resid	80,000		
V44	Isobutane	5,000		
V43	Isobutane	5,000		
V42	Commercial Butane	2,100		
V41	Commercial Butane	2,100		
V31	Normal Butane	2,100		
V21	Wastewater	5,000		
V22	Wastewater	2,500		
V23	Wastewater	2,500		
V24	Wastewater	2,500		
V25	Wastewater	2,500		
V26	Wastewater	2,500		
V11	Propane	600		
V12	Propane	600		
V13	Propane	600		
V14	Propane	600		
V15	Propane	600		
V16	Propane	600		
101	Gasoline	5,000		
102	Gasoline	5,000		
103	Wastewater	5,000		
104	Caustic	5,000		
105	Wastewater	5,000		
106	Wastewater	5,000		
107	Wastewater	5,000		
108	Wastewater	5,000		
109	Sour Water	5,000		
110	Salt Water	5,000		
111	Salt Water	5,000		
113	Out of Service	700		
114	Out of Service	700		
115	Out of Service	700		
116	Out of Service	700		
201	Naphtha	25,000		
202	Naphtha	25,000		
203	Naphtha	25,000		
204	Diesel	25,000		
205	Diesel	25,000		
206	Diesel	25,000		
207	Diesel	25,000		
208	Jet Fuel	25,000		
209	Diesel	25,000		
210	Jet Fuel	25,000		

Tank No.	Substance Stored	Capacity (bbls)
211	Ethanol	25,000
212	Jet Fuel A	25,000
1201	Jet Fuel	125,000
1202	Diesel	125,000
1203	Heavy Olefin Feed	125,000
1204	Heavy Olefin Feed	125,000

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Attachment 2F-5

Item IV.C.

Description of Control Measures to Reduce Pollutants

Secondary containments have been provided for individual tanks. The following table lists the discharge pipes that are equipped with valves that can be closed to stop the discharge of stormwater.

STORM WATER CONTROL MEASURES

Outfall	Description	Code from Table 2-1
DSN002	Stormwater from lab parking lot and permit shack parking lot and stormwater runoff from road near dike	4-A
DSN003	Stormwater from diked area containing tanks T-501 and T-503 and stormwater runoff from road near dike	4-A
DSN004	Stormwater from diked areas containing tanks T-502 and T-504, and also T-201 through T-212, and stormwater runoff from road near dike	4-A
DSN005	Stormwater runoff from asphalt road near dikes and curbed pump areas due east of tank T-501 through T-212	4-A
DSN006	Stormwater from diked storage area containing tanks T-101 through T-106 and stormwater runoff from non-process area near dike and from nearby uncurbed process areas	4-A
DSN007	Stormwater from diked storage areas containing tanks T-505 through T-508, and T-107 through T-111, T-113 through T-116, and stormwater runoff from non-process area near the dike and from nearby uncurbed process areas	4-A
DSN008	Stormwater from diked area containing tank T-801	4-A
DSN009	Stormwater from diked area containing tank T-802	4-A
DSN010	Stormwater from diked storage areas containing tank T-803, and stormwater runoff from non-process areas of the facility including the truck loading area, LPG storage, maintenance shop, and control room. Stormwater runoff from Unit No. 1 non-curbed areas	4-A
DSN011	Stormwater from diked area containing tank T-804	4-A
DSN012	Stormwater from diked area containing tank T-806 and pump pad southeast of T-806	4-A
DSN013	Stormwater from diked area containing tank T-808 and pump pad southeast of T-808	4-A
DSN014	Stormwater runoff from diked storage areas containing tanks T-805, T-807, T-1201, and T-1203 and stormwater runoff from non-process areas of the facility	4-A
DSN017	Stormwater from diked area containing tank T-1202	4-A
DSN018	Stormwater from diked area containing tank T-1204	4-A
DSN019	Stormwater from administrative building and road leading into facility	4-A
DSN020	Stormwater from contractor parking area, freshwater storage tank, and contractor trailers	4-A
DSN021	Stormwater from area around Linde facility, and roadway along the sulfur recovery unit and vacuum unit	4-A

Notes:

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

N/A = not applicable

LPG = liquefied petroleum gas

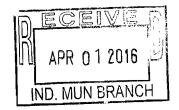
Attachment 2F-6 Item VI. Significant Leaks or Spills

Date	Location of Spill	Material Spilled	Amount of Material Spilled
1/31/2012	Plant	Gasoline	
02/16/2012	Tank Farm	Crude	30 gallons
03/05/2012	Barge Dock	Crude	>3 gallons
06/11/2012	Ditch	Crude	
08/08/2012	Barge Dock	Crude	
02/12/2013	Tank Farm	Crude	
05/16/2013	Tank Farm	Diesel	30 gallons
11/15/2013	Plant	Crude/Process Water	
1/8/2014	Truck Rack	Diesel	63 kg
7/10/2014	Tank Farm	Wastewater	42 kg
9/15/2014	Tank Farm	Crude	99 kg
1/9/2015	Waste Water Treatment Plant	Naptha	2861 kg
1/15/2015	Truck Rack	Kerosene	93 kg
9/11/2015	Tank Farm	Crude	207 kg



December 31, 2015

Mr. Mike Hamner Environmental Specialist Shell Chemical LP, Mobile Site 400 Industrial Parkway Ext. Saraland, Alabama 36571



Re: Discharge Information Zone (DIZ) Study Report

Shell Chemical LP

Mobile Site, Mobile County, Alabama

Payne Environmental Project No.: 15-060-00

Dear Mr. Hamner:

Payne Environmental Services appreciates the opportunity to provide our professional services on this project. The intent of this report is to provide Shell Chemical LP with documentation of the DIZ monitoring, performed on September 5, 2015, to fulfill the requirements of their National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit.

Shell Chemical LP discharges treated process wastewater into Chickasaw Creek in Saraland, Mobile County, Alabama and as a result, the NPDES permit contains Discharge Information Zone (DIZ) monitoring requirements. Based on the requirements of Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) Administration Code 8-2-12, all existing coastal wastewater dischargers must measure basic physiochemical parameters of the water column, collect sediment samples for textural characterization and chemical analysis, and collect, identify, and enumerate benthic infaunal organisms to determine possible biological impacts within the DIZ study area.

Shell Chemical LP requested that Payne Environmental Services conduct a DIZ study for their Mobile Site to comply with the upcoming NPDES permit renewal, including *in situ* water quality measurements, sediment collections for textural and chemical analysis, and benthic infaunal collections/analysis. This report provides the results of the requested DIZ study conducted on September 5, 2015. The study design and methodology of this survey are based upon the approved study design used in previous surveys and complies with the guidelines provided by ADEM.

MONITORING METHODS

Study Area/ Station Locations

The study area is located approximately one mile upstream of the Port of Chickasaw on Chickasaw Creek in Saraland, Alabama. Monitoring was conducted at a total of four different stations. Three stations were located within the DIZ survey area and the fourth was used as a "reference' station to determine background conditions. Station 1 was located approximately 400 feet upstream from the discharge point and 1/3 the width of Chickasaw Creek from the northern bank. Stations 2 and 3 were located approximately 400 feet and 800 feet downstream from the discharge point, respectively, and 1/3 the width of Chickasaw Creek from the northern bank. The fourth "reference" station was located approximately one mile upstream from the discharge point, 300 feet upstream of the Highway 43 bridge, and 1/4 the width of Chickasaw Creek from the southwest bank. The reference station was used to document the natural variability of benthic infaunal communities found outside the possible zone of influence of the Shell discharge. The other three stations were used to evaluate the biological impact, if any, resulting from effluent discharge entering Chickasaw Creek from the Shell Site. Sampling stations were located as close as possible to previous survey locations and were recorded using a GPS unit. A site vicinity map is attached as Figure 1.

In Situ Monitoring of Water Quality

Measurements of water temperature, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, salinity, and pH were performed in situ at all sampling locations utilizing a YSI Professional Plus Quatro Multi-Parameter Water Quality Sonde equipped with a Professional Plus Data Logger. Measurements were recorded near the surface (approximately 1-foot), 5-foot depth (from the surface, if possible), at station mid-depth, and near the bottom. Water clarity was determined at each station using a Secchi disk.

Sediment Textural and Chemical Analysis Monitoring

Bottom sediment samples were collected at each monitoring station for textural (grain size) and chemical (metals) analyses. Four (4) replicate samples were collected at each station and only the top 5-cm of each sample was retained for analysis. Two (2) sediment samples per station were analyzed for grain size distribution utilizing ASTM Method D422 and textural classification using Folk's Terminology (Folk, 1974). The two remaining sediment samples per station underwent chemical analyses to determine concentrations of aluminum, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, iron, manganese, lead, tin, zinc, and mercury. Douglas Haywick, Ph.D., of the University of South Alabama, Department of Earth Sciences performed the grain size analyses. Sediment chemical analyses were performed by TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc. of Mobile, Alabama.

Benthic Infaunal Monitoring

Benthic infaunal samples were collected at each monitoring station using a stainless steel Standard (9-inch by 9-inch) Ponar grab sampler. Based upon the species saturation curve generated from data obtained during previous surveys in the immediate vicinity, three (3) replicate grab samples were taken at each sampling station. Samples were sieved in the field using a 0.5-mm mesh sieve, transferred to clean labeled sample containers, and preserved with rose bengal-stained 5% formalin. All sample containers were labeled externally and internally in the field. Sample labels made of water-resistant paper were placed inside each sample container. Information on the label included: a sample identification number (which corresponded to the number entered in the field notebook for that sample), the sampling date, water body, and location from which the sample was collected. Samples were transported to the laboratory following collection, where they were thoroughly rinsed and cleaned with fresh water, examined visually, and placed aside for enumeration. After most of the fine silt was washed from the sample, the organisms that remained were flushed into sample jars containing 70-80% isopropanol.

Samples were sorted in the laboratory using a dissecting microscope. Organisms and recognizable fragments were picked out of debris with forceps for counting. The sorted macroinvertebrates were transferred to glass vials containing 70% ethanol and stored for further analysis.

All benthic organisms, except juveniles, damaged individuals, or other forms lacking necessary taxonomic characteristics, were identified to the lowest possible identification level (LPIL). Most identification to order and family were made using a stereoscope microscope. Diptera larvae and small annelids were mounted on slides using CMPC-10 mounting media and examined under high magnification for specific identification.

The identified organisms were then enumerated and analyzed with respect to taxonomic listing, biological community parameters, and faunal characteristics. Community parameters include, but are not limited to, total number of taxa, total number of individuals (per taxa), Shannon-Weiner Diversity (H'), Equitability, or Evenness Index (J'), and Dominance (1-J').

Gulf Benthic Taxonomy Assessment performed the benthic infaunal assessment and taxonomic characterization. A voucher collection of each species encountered during the survey was prepared and provided for quality assurance purposes.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Hydrographic conditions were fairly consistent throughout the study area. Water depths at the four stations ranged from 9 feet at the reference station 4 to 19 feet at station 2. Surface water temperatures ranged from 27.94°C-30.50°C, mid-depth and 5-foot measurements ranged from 29.89°C-30.89°C, and near-bottom temperatures ranged from 29°C-30.44°C. Dissolved oxygen (DO) concentrations were consistent with late summer stratification and salt wedge intrusion from Mobile Bay. With little mixing occurring between water layers, higher DO levels were observed in the surface and 5-foot measurements, while lower DO levels were observed at the mid-depth and near bottom measurements. Surface DO levels ranged from 5.90 to 7.71 mg/l, 5-foot measurements ranged from 6.70 to 7.78 mg/L, mid-depth DO ranged from 1.72 to 4.48 mg/l, and near-bottom DO levels ranged from 0.12 to 1.12 mg/l. Hypoxic conditions were documented at all stations at depth. The low levels can be attributed to high salinity levels, high water temperature, and low vertical mixing due to an established halocline. Specific conductivity and salinity levels were slightly lower at the upstream reference station than the downstream stations. Surface, mid-depth, and near bottom specific conductivity levels ranged from 2846 µS/cm to 22862 µS/cm at the reference station. Surface, 5-foot, mid-depth, and near bottom specific conductivity levels ranged from 6687 µS/cm to 45054 µS/cm at the downstream stations, with higher levels observed at depth. Surface, middepth, and near bottom salinity levels ranged from 1.44 ppt to 12.26 ppt at the reference station. Surface, 5-foot, mid-depth, and near bottom salinity levels ranged from 2.99 ppt to 26.73 ppt at the downstream stations, with higher levels again observed at depth. Surface pH levels ranged from 7.67 to 8.01 standard units (SU), 5-foot levels ranged from 7.59 to 7.82 SU, mid-depth levels ranged from 7.47 to 7.64 SU, and near bottom levels ranged from 7.43 to 8.40 SU. Water clarity displayed little variation between sampling locations. Surface water clarity depths ranged from 0.91 meters at station 3 to 1.19 meters at Stations 1. Station depths ranged from 2.74 meters for the Reference Station to 5.79 meters for Station 2. A summary of the hydrographic conditions encountered during this survey can be found in Table 1.

All of the sediment chemical analysis can be found within Table 2. In general, sediment heavy metal concentrations were less than those found in the DIZ Survey performed in 2009. However, station 2 did have slightly higher metal concentrations than the previous study. A complete copy of the ICP metals and mercury analytical results can be found within Appendix A. Comparative trend analysis can be found in Appendix A.1.

Summarized textural characterization data is provided in Table 3. Generally, stations had proportionately higher percentages of sand, with the exception of the reference station 4 which had a high proportion of silt. Sediments with the description sandy silt or sand were the most abundant types observed. Gravel was not present in any samples. A full copy of the sediment textural analysis report can be found in Appendix B.

Benthic infaunal community composition observed during the present survey is in general agreement with previous analyses despite the salt wedge intrusion being present. Annelid worms (Class Clitellata and Polychaeta) were the most numerically dominant taxon encountered during this survey accounting for nearly 97 % of the total organisms found in the survey area. In past surveys, annelids also comprised the numerically dominant taxa. Vestigial numbers of organisms such as arthropods, molluscs, and other miscellaneous taxa made up the remaining three percent.

Species diversity was relatively low at all stations, similar to previous surveys. The total number of taxa ranged from 1 at Station 2 to 13 at the reference station 4. Species diversity ranged from 0 at Station 2 to 0.630 at Station 1. Summary biological community statistics for each sampling location are presented in Table 4. The Benthic Macroinvertebrate Individuals by Station Report and complete taxonomic listing of benthic infauna collected can be found in Appendix C.

CONCLUSION

Overall, sampling results were consistent across all sampling stations with the exception of meiofauna diversity and density. Results showed that the reference station 4 had greater species abundance comprised of several additional taxa not present at the remaining stations. This variation is likely due to varying environmental conditions between the stations such as depth and soil composition. The reference station 4 was the shallowest of the sampling stations, and was the only station with silty soil often associated with annelids. For the reasons mentioned, the differences observed across sampling stations is thought to be naturally occurring and not the result of Shell discharge.

It should also be noted that species composition varied when compared to results from previous studies. However, the taxa present are not uncommon to the area, and frequently occur in oligohaline waters of the northern Gulf of Mexico. It was determined that the shift in species present was due to sampling occurring during different times of the year along with late summer stratification due to salt wedge encroachment.

Additionally, hydrographic conditions (dissolved oxygen, salinity, conductivity) observed during the study varied greatly when compared with previous studies. However, as stated earlier in the report, all of the mentioned parameters are directly influenced by seasonal salt wedge encroachment observed during late summer months in Mobile Bay.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide our professional services to Shell Chemical LP, as related to the Discharge Information Zone Survey for the Mobile Site. If you should have any questions concerning this information, or if we can be of any further assistance, please feel free to contact us.

Respectfully,

PAYNE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

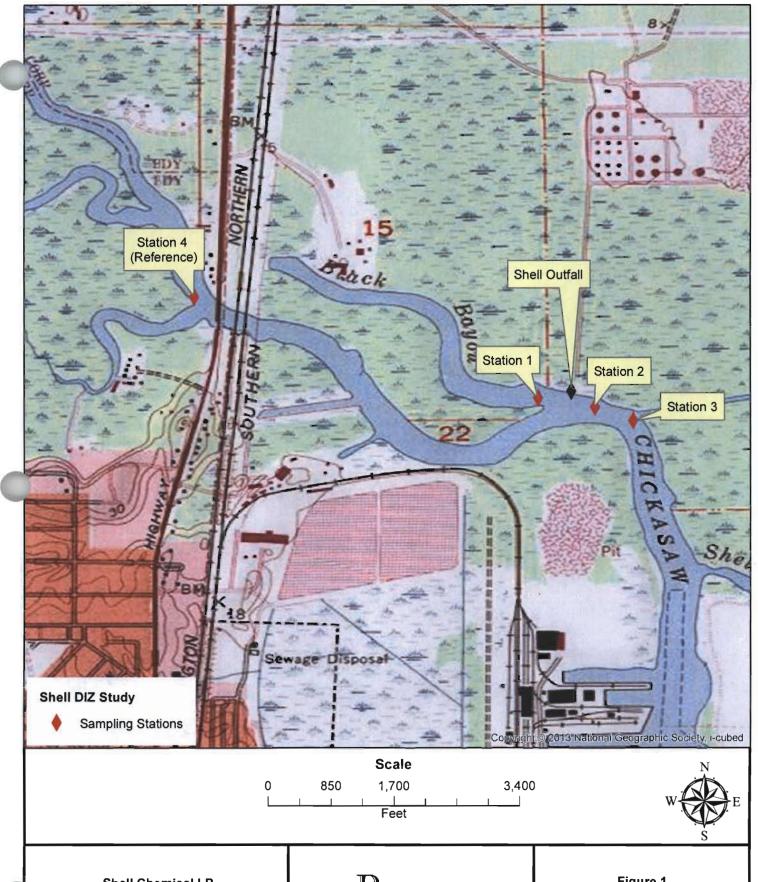
Justin C. McDonald, B.S.

Just Me Donald

Project Manager/ Staff Biologist

Charles N. Greer, Jr., P.E. Senior Project Engineer

Attachments: as stated



Shell Chemical LP

Discharge Information Zone Monitoring

Saraland, Mobile County, AL

Payne Environmental Services

Figure 1
Site Vicinity Map

Parameter Measured	Water		Samplin	ng Station	
Parameter Measured	Level	Ref	1	2	3
	S	2846	7034	6687	9024
Specific Conductivity	5 ft.	n/a	12083	11422	12426
(μS/cm)	MD	13100	19767	27404	19907
	В	Ref 1 2 3 2846 7034 6687 90 n/a 12083 11422 124 13100 19767 27404 199 22862 43498 45054 345 74.8 97.5 104.0 103 n/a 102.7 104.7 92 61.0 35.5 23.0 59 10.1 2.6 1.8 15 5.90 7.41 7.71 7.7 n/a 7.61 7.78 6.7 4.48 2.46 1.72 4.3 0.72 0.17 0.12 1. 7.93 7.82 8.01 7. 7.54 7.64 7.63 7.82 7.54 7.64 7.63 7. 7.52 8.40 7.43 7. 1.44 3.48 2.99 4. n/a 6.10 5.51 6. 6.75	34547		
	Ref 1 2 3				
Dissolved Oxygen (%)	5 ft.	n/a	102.7	104.7	92.1
Dissoived Oxygen (70)	Color				
	В	10.1	2.6	1.8	15.9
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l)	S	5.90	7.41	7.71	7.70
	5 ft.	n/a	7.61	7.78	6.70
	MD	4.48	2.46	1.72	4.20
	В	0.72	0.17	0.12	1.12
	S	7.93	7.82	8.01	7.67
-11 (01)	5 ft.	n/a	7.63	7.82	7.59
рн (50)	MD	7.54	7.64	2 3 6687 9024 11422 12426 27404 19907 45054 34547 104.0 105.3 104.7 92.1 23.0 59.6 1.8 15.9 7.71 7.70 7.78 6.70 1.72 4.20 0.12 1.12 8.01 7.67 7.82 7.59 7.63 7.47 7.43 7.51 2.99 4.41 5.51 6.47 14.57 10.55 26.73 18.87 30.50 30.33 30.44 30.28 29.89 30.22 29.00 29.50 5.79 4.88	7.47
	В	7.52	8.40		7.51
	S	1.44	3.48	2.99	4.41
Dissolved Oxygen (%) issolved Oxygen (mg/l) pH (SU) Salinity (ppt) Water Temp. (°C) I S 5 M S 5 M S 5 M S 5 M S 5 M S M S S M S S M M M M M	5 ft.	n/a	6.10	5.51	6.47
Samily (ppt)	MD 13100 19767 27404 B 22862 43498 45054 S 74.8 97.5 104.0 S ft. n/a 102.7 104.7 MD 61.0 35.5 23.0 B 10.1 2.6 1.8 S 5.90 7.41 7.71 5 ft. n/a 7.61 7.78 MD 4.48 2.46 1.72 B 0.72 0.17 0.12 S 7.93 7.82 8.01 5 ft. n/a 7.63 7.82 MD 7.54 7.64 7.63 B 7.52 8.40 7.43 S 1.44 3.48 2.99 5 ft. n/a 6.10 5.51 MD 6.75 10.32 14.57 B 12.26 25.61 26.73 S 27.94 29.78 30.50 5 ft.	10.55			
	В	12.26	25.61	26.73	18.87
	S	27.94	29.78	2.46 1.72 4.20 0.17 0.12 1.12 7.82 8.01 7.67 7.63 7.82 7.59 7.64 7.63 7.47 8.40 7.43 7.51 3.48 2.99 4.41 6.10 5.51 6.47 10.32 14.57 10.55 25.61 26.73 18.87 29.78 30.50 30.33 30.89 30.44 30.28	
XX-4 T (⁰ C)	5 ft.	n/a	7.64 7.63 7.47 8.40 7.43 7.51 3.48 2.99 4.41 6.10 5.51 6.47 10.32 14.57 10.55 25.61 26.73 18.87 29.78 30.50 30.33 30.89 30.44 30.28		
Water Temp. (C)	MD	30.28	30.44	29.89	30.22
Salinity (ppt) Water Temp. (°C)	В	29.78	29.06	29.00	29.50
Station Depth (m)	2.74	4.21	5.79	4.88
Secchi Depth (1	n)	1.07	1.19	1.04	0.91

S = surface; MD = mid-depth; B = bottom

Shell Chemical LP Discharge Information Zone Monitoring Saraland, Mobile County, AL PAYNE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

Table - 1 Hydrographic Conditions

							Metals Co	ncentratio	n (mg/Kg)	1			
Sampling Station No.	Sample I.D. No.	Audi	Ares	jil gat	CHOS CHOS	COS	de L	5 / 4	od More	is so it is	r / i	to Hero	, ₃ gc4 /
Dof	REP 1	4700	1.4	<1.0	7	21	9300	17	34	<6.3	45	0.062	
Ref	REP 2	12000	4.0	<1.9	17	18	18000	33	84	<12	96	0.140	
4	REP 1	8600	2.3	<1.1	13	13	13000	19	46	<6.6	72	0.25	
1	REP 2	2700	1.2	<0.85	4.7	4.4	6200	7.5	28	<5.1	24	0.05	
2	REP 1	840	1.8	<1.0	2.2	6.8	4600	2.7	28	<6.1	15	0.040	
2	REP 2	1700	2.0	<0.91	3.5	4.5	4400	6	17	<5.5	27	0.037	
	REP 1	320	<0.76	<0.76	<1.5	<1.5	1100	1.2	2.4	<4.6	3.6	<0.019	
3	REP 2	280	<0.74	<0.74	<1.5	<1.5	800	<0.74	2	<4.4	3.2	<0.017	

1 - EPA Method 6010B non-detect concentration limits for metals analyzed in this study vary over size and % moisture. The specific limits can be found in Appendix C of this report.

Shell Chemical LP
Discharge Information Zone Monitoring
Saraland, Mobile County, Alabama



Table - 2 Chemical Analysis Data Job No. 15-060-00

Sampling Station	Sample I.D.		% Com	position		Folk's Description		
		Gravel	Sand	Silt	Clay			
Ref	Rep 1	0.00	19.60	53.60	26.80	Sandy Silt (sZ)		
Kei	Rep 2	0.00	18.50	60.00	21.50	Sandy Silt (sZ)		
1	Rep 1	0.00	49.20	27.50	23.30	Sandy Mud (sM)		
'	Rep 2	0.00	66.00	20.20	13.80	Muddy Sand (mS)		
2	Rep 1	0.00	94.50	0.00	7.10	Sand (S)		
2	Rep 2	0.00	76.50	11.30	12.20	Muddy Sand (mS)		
3	Rep 1	0.00	95.50	0.00	5.80	Sand (S)		
3	Rep 2	0.00	89.80	2.60	7.60	Clayey Sand (cS)		
Discharge Informa	hemical LP Ition Zone Monitoring e County, Alabama	EN	AYNE VIRO ERVIC	NMEN CES	TAL	Table 3. Summary of Grain Size Analysis Across Sample Sites		

Sampling Station No.		Magy Con Para	W. Or Passon San.	old: ON POO' No POO'	Sied Stein in the Stein	and the sound of t		SOUTH		oo do d
Ref	13	4.3	589	196.3	2136.3	0.522	1.114	0.469	0.531	
1	7	2.3	25	8.3	90.7	0.630	0.845	0.746	0.254	
2	1	0.3	1	0.3	3.6	0.000	0.000	N/A	N/A	
3	5	1.7	17	5.7	61.7	0.379	0.699	0.542	0.458	
l										1

* Based on Ponar Grab Factor of 3.627

Shell Chemical LP
Discharge Information Zone Monitoring
Saraland, Mobile County, AL



Table - 4
Benthic
Parameters

Job No. 15-060-0





ANALYTICAL REPORT

TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.

TestAmerica Pensacola 3355 McLemore Drive Pensacola, FL 32514 Tel: (850)474-1001

TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1 Client Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

For:

Payne Environmental PO BOX 850862 Mobile, Alabama 36685

Attn: Justin McDonald

Authorized for release by: 9/23/2015 10:19:35 AM

Mike Nance, Service Center Manager (251)666-6633

mike.nance@testamericainc.com

.. LINKS

Review your project results through Total Access

Have a Question?



Visit us at:

www.testamericainc.com

The test results in this report meet all 2003 NELAC and 2009 TNI requirements for accredited parameters, exceptions are noted in this report. This report may not be reproduced except in full, and with written approval from the laboratory. For questions please contact the Project Manager at the e-mail address or telephone number listed on this page.

This report has been electronically signed and authorized by the signatory. Electronic signature is intended to be the legally binding equivalent of a traditionally handwritten signature.

Results relate only to the items tested and the sample(s) as received by the laboratory.

TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

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Chain of Custody	16







Definitions/Glossary

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1

2

Glossary

Abbreviation	These commonly used abbreviations may or may not be present in this report.
n	Listed under the "D" column to designate that the result is reported on a dry weight basis
%R	Percent Recovery
CFL	Contains Free Liquid
CNF	Contains no Free Liquid
DER	Duplicate error ratio (normalized absolute difference)
Dil Fac	Dilution Factor
DL, RA, RE, IN	Indicates a Dilution, Re-analysis, Re-extraction, or additional Initial metals/anion analysis of the sample
DLC	Decision level concentration
MDA	Minimum detectable activity
EDL	Estimated Detection Limit
MDC	Minimum detectable concentration
MDL	Method Detection Limit
ML	Minimum Level (Dioxin)
NC	Not Calculated
ND	Not detected at the reporting limit (or MDL or EDL if shown)
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
QC	Quality Control
RER	Relative error ratio
RL	Reporting Limit or Requested Limit (Radiochemistry)
RPD	Relative Percent Difference, a measure of the relative difference between two points
TEF	Toxicity Equivalent Factor (Dioxin)
TEQ	Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (Dioxin)

Case Narrative

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1

4

Job ID: 400-110665-1

Laboratory: TestAmerica Pensacola

Narrative

Job Narrative 400-110665-1

Comments

No additional comments.

Receipt

The samples were received on 9/8/2015 11:38 AM; the samples arrived in good condition, properly preserved and, where required, on ice. The temperature of the cooler at receipt was 2.9° C.

Metals

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

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7.4

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Sample Summary

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Matrix	Collected	Received
400-110665-1	STATION 1-1	Solid	09/05/15 10:30 0	9/08/15 11:38
400-110665-2	STATION 1-2	Solid	09/05/15 10:31 0	9/08/15 11:38
400-110665-3	STATION 2-1	Solid	09/05/15 11:19 0	9/08/15 11:38
400-110665-4	STATION 2-2	Solid	09/05/15 11:39 0	9/08/15 11:38
400-110665-5	STATION 3-1	Solid	09/05/15 12:45 0	9/08/15 11:38
400-110665-6	STATION 3-2	Solid	09/05/15 12:50 0	9/08/15 11:38
400-110665-7	STATION 4-1	Solid	09/05/15 09:16 0	9/08/15 11:38
400-110665-8	STATION 4-2	Solid	09/05/15 09:17 0	9/08/15 11:38

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40

Client Sample Results

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1

Ø

Client Sample ID: STATION 1-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 10:30 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38 Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-1

Matrix: Solid Percent Solids: 50.8

5

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Aluminum	8600		22		mg/Kg	<u></u>	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:56	1
Arsenic	2.3		1.1		mg/Kg	☼	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:56	1
Cadmium	<1.1		1.1		mg/Kg	☼	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:56	1
Chromium	13		2.2		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:56	1
Copper	13		2.2		mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:56	1
Iron	13000		22		mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:56	1
Manganese	46		2.2		mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:56	1
Lead	19		1.1		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:56	1
Tin	<6.6		6.6		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:56	1
Zinc	72		4.4		mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:56	1

RL

0.025

MDL Unit

MDL Unit

mg/Kg

mg/Kg

Result Qualifier

Result Qualifier

0.049

0.25

8

9

Method: 7471A - Mercury (CVAA)
Analyte
Mercury

Client Sample ID: STATION 1-2 Date Collected: 09/05/15 10:31 Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-2

09/11/15 11:02 09/13/15 16:05

Analyzed

Prepared

Matrix: Solid

Dil Fac

Percent Solids: 60.5

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Analyte	Result Qualifi	er RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Aluminum	2700	17	mg/Kg	<u> </u>	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:00	1
Arsenic	1.2	0.85	mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:00	1
Cadmium	<0.85	0.85	mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:00	1
Chromium	4.7	1.7	mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:00	1
Copper	4.4	1.7	mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:00	1
Iron	6200	17	mg/Kg	⇔	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:00	1
Manganese	28	1.7	mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:00	1
Lead	7.5	0.85	mg/Kg	≎	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:00	1
Tin	<5.1	5.1	mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:00	1
Zinc	24	3.4	mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:00	1

RL

0.022

 Prepared
 Analyzed
 Dil Fac

 09/11/15 11:02
 09/13/15 16:06
 1

Client Sample ID: STATION 2-1

Method: 7471A - Mercury (CVAA)

Date Collected: 09/05/15 11:19 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Analyte

Mercury

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-3 Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 53.4

Method: 6010B - Metals Analyte	(ICP) Result Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Aluminum	840	20		mg/Kg	<u> </u>	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:03	1
Arsenic	1.8	1.0	1	mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:03	1
Cadmium	<1.0	1.0		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:03	1
Chromium	2.2:	2.0	1	mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:03	1
Copper	6.8	2.0	1	mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:03	1
Iron	4600	20	1	mg/Kg	ø	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:03	1
Manganese	28	2.0	i	mg/Kg	≎	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:03	1
Lead	2.7	1.0	1	mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:03	1

TestAmerica Pensacola

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9/23/2015

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-3

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 53.4

Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study Client Sample ID: STATION 2-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 11:19

Client: Payne Environmental

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) (Continued) Result Qualifier Analyte RL MDL Unit Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac Tin <6.1 6.1 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:03 Zinc 15 4.0 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:03

Method: 7471A - Mercury (CVAA) Dil Fac Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed 0.040 0.024 09/11/15 11:02 09/13/15 16:08 Mercury mg/Kg

Client Sample ID: STATION 2-2

Date Collected: 09/05/15 11:39 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-4 Matrix: Solid Percent Solids: 51.9

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac ₩ Aluminum 1700 18 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:07 Arsenic 0.91 2.0 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:07 1 Cadmium < 0.91 0.91 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:07 mg/Kg 1 Chromium 3.5 1.8 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:07 1 4.5 Copper 1.8 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:07 1 4400 18 Iron mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:07 1 Manganese 17 1.8 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:07 1 Lead 6.0 0.91 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:07 1 Tin <5.5 5.5 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:07 1 Zinc 27 3.6 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:07 1

Method: 7471A - Mercury (CVAA) Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Dil Fac Analyzed 0.037 0.026 Mercury mg/Kg 09/11/15 11:02 09/13/15 16:09

Client Sample ID: STATION 3-1

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-5 Date Collected: 09/05/15 12:45 Matrix: Solid Percent Solids: 66.4

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) Analyte	Result (Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Aluminum	320		15		mg/Kg	<u>~</u>	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:20	1
Arsenic	< 0.76		0.76		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:20	1
Cadmium	< 0.76		0.76		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:20	1
Chromium	<1.5		1.5		mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:20	1
Copper	<1.5		1.5		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:20	1
Iron	1100		15		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:20	1
Manganese	2.4		1.5		mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:20	1
Lead	1.2		0.76		mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:20	1
Tin	<4.6		4.6		mg/Kg	₽	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:20	1
Zinc	3.6		3.1		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:20	1
Method: 7471A - Mercury (CVAA	()								
Analyte	Result C	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	Đ	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Mercury	<0.019		0.019		mg/Kg	<u></u> ₩	09/11/15 11:02	09/13/15 16:10	1

Client Sample Results

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

Mercury

Tin

TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1

Client Sample ID: STATION 3-2

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-6

Matrix: Solid Percent Solids: 73.0

Date Collected: 09/05/15 12:50 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) Analyte	Result (Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Aluminum	280		15		mg/Kg	₹	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:24	1
Arsenic	< 0.74		0.74		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:24	1
Cadmium	< 0.74		0.74		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:24	1
Chromium	<1.5		1.5		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:24	1
Copper	<1.5		1.5		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:24	1
Iron	800		15		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:24	1
Manganese	2.0		1.5		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:24	1
Lead	< 0.74		0.74		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:24	1

2.9 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:24 Zinc 3.2 Method: 7471A - Mercury (CVAA) **Analyte** Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac

0.017

4.4

mg/Kg

mg/Kg

Client Sample ID: STATION 4-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 09:16 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

<4.4

< 0.017

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-7 Matrix: Solid

09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:24

09/11/15 11:02 09/13/15 16:12

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac 21 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:27 1 Aluminum 4700 Arsenic 1.0 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:27 1 1.4 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:27 Cadmium <1.0 1.0 1 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:27 2.1 mg/Kg Chromium 7.0 1 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:27 Copper 21 2.1 mg/Kg 1 21 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:27 1 Iron 9300 2.1 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:27 Manganese 34 1 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:27 mg/Kg 1 Lead 17 1.0 Tin <6.3 6.3 mg/Kg 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:27 1 4.2 mg/Kg © 09/15/15 16:57 09/17/15 19:27 1 Zinc 45 Method: 7471A - Mercuny (CVAA)

Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Mercury	0.062		0.026		mg/Kg	₩	09/11/15 11:02	09/13/15 16:13	1

Client Sample ID: STATION 4-2 Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-8 Date Collected: 09/05/15 09:17 Matrix: Solid Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38 Percent Solids: 27.4

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Aluminum	12000		38		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:31	1
Arsenic	4.0		1.9		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:31	1
Cadmium	<1.9		1.9		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:31	1
Chromium	17		3.8		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:31	1
Copper	18		3.8		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:31	1
Iron	18000		38		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:31	1
Manganese	84		3.8		mg/Kg	≎	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:31	1
Lead	33		1.9		mg/Kg	₩	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:31	1

TestAmerica Pensacola

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Percent Solids: 48.0

9/23/2015

Client Sample Results

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

Date Collected: 09/05/15 09:17

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Client Sample ID: STATION 4-2

TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-8

Matrix: Solid Percent Solids: 27.4

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NE-9 10

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP) (Continued)										
Analyte	Result Qualifier	RL	MDL Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac			
Tin	<12	12	mg/Kg	- C	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:31	1			
Zinc	96	7.7	mg/Kg	\$	09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 19:31	1			

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52				

Method: 7471A - Mercury (CVAA) Analyte		Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Mercury	0.14		0.048		mg/Kg	☆	09/11/15 11:02	09/13/15 16:14	1



Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

Method: 6010B - Metals (ICP)

Lab Sample ID: MB 400-274457/1-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 274993

Client Sample I	D: Method Blank
Pre	p Type: Total/NA
Pre	n Ratch: 274457

	MB	MB							
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Aluminum	<9.4		9.4		mg/Kg		09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:09	1
Arsenic	<0.47		0.47		mg/Kg		09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:09	1
Cadmium	<0.47		0.47		mg/Kg		09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:09	1
Chromium	<0.94		0.94		mg/Kg		09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:09	1
Copper	<0.94		0.94		mg/Kg		09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:09	1
Iron	<9.4		9.4		mg/Kg		09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:09	1
Manganese	<0.94		0.94		mg/Kg		09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:09	1
Lead	<0.47		0.47		mg/Kg		09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:09	1
Tin	<2.8		2.8		mg/Kg		09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:09	1
Zinc	<1.9		1.9		mg/Kg		09/15/15 16:57	09/17/15 18:09	1

Lab Sample ID: LCS 400-274457/2-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 274993

MB

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Prep Type: Total/NA Prep Batch: 274457

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

		Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.	
	Analyte	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits	
	Aluminum	981	1010		mg/Kg		103	80 - 120	
	Arsenic	98.1	95.6		mg/Kg		97	80 - 120	
	Cadmium	49.0	47.2		mg/Kg		96	80 - 120	
ĸ.	Chromium	98.1	97.8		mg/Kg		100	80 - 120	
	Copper	98.1	101		mg/Kg		103	80 - 120	
Ю	Iron	981	1010		mg/Kg		103	80 - 120	
	Manganese	98.1	102		mg/Kg		104	80 - 120	
	Lead	98.1	96.8		mg/Kg		99	80 - 120	
	Tin	98.1	97.0		mg/Kg		99	80 - 120	
	Zinc	98.1	96.2		mg/Kg		98	80 - 120	
- 4									

Method: 7471A - Mercury (CVAA)

Lab Sample ID: MB 400-274015/14-A

Matrix: Solid

Analysis Batch: 274209

	Prep Type: Total/NA
	Prep Batch: 274015
MB	

Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac Mercury <0.013 0.013 09/11/15 11:02 09/13/15 15:44 mg/Kg

Lab Sample ID: LCS 400-274015/15-A

Matrix: Solid

Analyte Mercury

Analysis Batch

D: LCS 400-274015/15-A				Clie	nt Sar	mple ID	: Lab Control Sample
							Prep Type: Total/NA
:h: .274209							Prep Batch: 274015
	Spike	LCS	LCS				%Rec.
	Added	Result	Qualifier	Unit	D	%Rec	Limits
	0.0663	0.0698		ma/Ka		105	80 - 120

TestAmerica Pensacola

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

Client Sample ID: STATION 1-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 10:30 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38 Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-1

Matrix: Solid

Batch Batch Dilution Batch Prepared Number Method Run or Analyzed **Prep Type** Type **Factor Analyst** Lab Total/NA 273860 09/10/15 15:48 JLB TAL PEN Analysis Moisture

Client Sample ID: STATION 1-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 10:30 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-1

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 50.8

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			274457	09/15/15 16:57	CLM	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1	274993	09/17/15 18:56	GESP	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Prep	7 4 71A			274015	09/11/15 11:02	DN1	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	7 4 71A		1	274209	09/13/15 16:05	DN1	TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 1-2

Date Collected: 09/05/15 10:31

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-2

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	273860	09/10/15 15:48	JLB	TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 1-2

Date Collected: 09/05/15 10:31

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-2

Matrix: Solid Percent Solids: 60.5

Batch Batch Dilution **Batch** Prepared Method **Prep Type** Type Run **Factor** Number or Analyzed **Analyst** Total/NA Prep 3050B 274457 09/15/15 16:57 CLM TAL PEN

Total/NA 6010B 274993 09/17/15 19:00 GESP TAL PEN Analysis 1 Total/NA Prep 7471A 274015 09/11/15 11:02 DN1 TAL PEN Total/NA Analysis 7471A 1 274209 09/13/15 16:06 TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 2-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 11:19 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38 Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-3

Matrix: Solid

Dilution Batch **Batch** Batch Prepared Prep Type Method Type Run Factor Number or Analyzed **Analyst** Total/NA Analysis Moisture 273860 09/10/15 15:48 TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 2-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 11:19

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-3

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 53.4

Batch Batch Dilution Batch Prepared Method Туре Run Prep Type **Factor** Number or Analyzed **Analyst** Lab Total/NA Prep 3050B 274457 09/15/15 16:57 CLM TAL PEN

TestAmerica Pensacola

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

Client Sample ID: STATION 2-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 11:19 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-3

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 53.4

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1	274993	09/17/15 19:03	GESP	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Prep	7471A			274015	09/11/15 11:02	DN1	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	7471A		1	274209	09/13/15 16:08	DN1	TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 2-2

Date Collected: 09/05/15 11:39

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-4

Matrix: Solid

Batch Batch Dilution Batch Prepared Туре Method Run Factor Number or Analyzed **Prep Type** Analyst Lab Analysis Moisture 273860 09/10/15 15:48 JLB TAL PEN Total/NA

Client Sample ID: STATION 2-2

Date Collected: 09/05/15 11:39

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-4

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 51.9

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			274457	09/15/15 16:57	CLM	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1	274993	09/17/15 19:07	GESP	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Prep	7471A			274015	09/11/15 11:02	DN1	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	7471A		1	274209	09/13/15 16:09	DN1	TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 3-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 12:45

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-5

Matrix: Solid

Batch Batch Dilution Batch Prepared Prep Type Type Method **Factor** Number or Analyzed Run Analyst Total/NA Analysis Moisture 273860 09/10/15 15:48 JLB TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 3-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 12:45

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample iD: 400-110665-5

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 66.4

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			274457	09/15/15 16:57	CLM	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1	274993	09/17/15 19:20	GESP	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Prep	7471A			274015	09/11/15 11:02	DN1	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	7471A		1	274209	09/13/15 16:10	DN1	TAL PEN

Lab Chronicle

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1

4

Client Sample ID: STATION 3-2

Date Collected: 09/05/15 12:50 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38 Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-6

Matrix: Solid

Batch
Prep Type Type

Total/NA

 Batch
 Batch
 Dilution
 Batch
 Prepared

 Type
 Method
 Run
 Factor
 Number
 or Analyzed
 Analyst
 Lab

 Analysis
 Moisture
 1
 273860
 09/10/15 15:48
 JLB
 TAL PEN

5

Client Sample ID: STATION 3-2

Date Collected: 09/05/15 12:50 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38 Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-6

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 73.0

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	⊤ype	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			274457	09/15/15 16:57	CLM	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1	274993	09/17/15 19:24	GESP	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Prep	7471A			274015	09/11/15 11:02	DN1	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	7471A		1	274209	09/13/15 16:12	DN1	TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 4-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 09:16 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38 Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-7

Matrix: Solid

Batch Batch

l		Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
1	Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
l	Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	273860	09/10/15 15:48	JLB	TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 4-1

Date Collected: 09/05/15 09:16 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38 Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-7

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 48.0

Prep Type	Batch Type	Batch Method	Run	Dilution Factor	Batch Number	Prepared or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			274457	09/15/15 16:57	CLM	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1	274993	09/17/15 19:27	GESP	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Prep	7471A			274015	09/11/15 11:02	DN1	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	7471A		1	274209	09/13/15 16:13	DN1	TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 4-2

Date Collected: 09/05/15 09:17 Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38 Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-8

Matrix: Solid

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Туре	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Analysis	Moisture		1	273860	09/10/15 15:48	JLB	TAL PEN

Client Sample ID: STATION 4-2:

Date Collected: 09/05/15 09:17

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-8

Matrix: Solid

Percent Solids: 27.4

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Prep	3050B			274457	09/15/15 16:57	CLM	TAL PEN

TestAmerica Pensacola

Lab Chronicle

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1

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Client Sample ID: STATION 4-2

Lab Sample ID: 400-110665-8

Matrix: Solid

Date Received: 09/08/15 11:38

Date Collected: 09/05/15 09:17

Percent Solids: 27.4

	Batch	Batch		Dilution	Batch	Prepared		
Prep Type	Type	Method	Run	Factor	Number	or Analyzed	Analyst	Lab
Total/NA	Analysis	6010B		1	274993	09/17/15 19:31	GESP	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Prep	7471A			274015	09/11/15 11:02	DN1	TAL PEN
Total/NA	Analysis	7471A		1	274209	09/13/15 16:14	DN1	TAL PEN

Laboratory References:

TAL PEN = TestAmerica Pensacola, 3355 McLemore Drive, Pensacola, FL 32514, TEL (850)474-1001

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. 11

Method Summary

Client: Payne Environmental Project/Site: Shell DIZ Study

TestAmerica Job ID: 400-110665-1

Method	Method Description	Protocol	Laboratory
6010B	Metals (ICP)	SW846	TAL PEN
7471A	Mercury (CVAA)	SW846	TAL PEN
Moisture	Percent Moisture	EPA	TAL PEN

Protocol References:

EPA = US Environmental Protection Agency

SW846 = "Test Methods For Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", Third Edition, November 1986 And Its Updates.

Laboratory References:

TAL PEN = TestAmerica Pensacola, 3355 McLemore Drive, Pensacola, FL 32514, TEL (850)474-1001

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TestAmerica Pensacola

3355 McLemore Drive

Pensacola, FL 32514 Phone (850) 474-1001 Fax (850) 478-2671

Chain of Custody Record

120

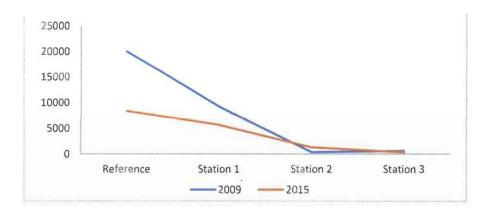


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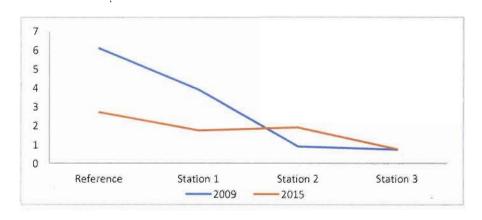
Client Information	Samples.			Na	Nance, Mike M			Carrier Fracking (40(5).					4	400-48117-2247	9.1	7.5					
Client Contact Justin McDonald	Phone:				E-Mail: mike.nance@testamericainc.com									Page: Page 1 of 1							
Company: Payne Environmental						-0					s Red	11100	tad					lob #:		400-1106	:5 CO
Address:	Due Date Reques	ited:			訓除				$\overline{\Box}$	arys:	1	lucs	lea	Т	П		F	Preservation Cod	es:		
PO BOX 850862 City: Mobile	TAT Requested (days):			or a											12	图 图	A - HCL B - NaOH C - Zn Acetate	M - Hexane N - None O - AsNaO2		
State, Zip:	1					*4											1	D - Nitric Acid E - NaHSO4	P - Na2O4S Q - Na2SO3		
AL, 36685 Phone:	PO#:				- 22											33	200	F - MeOH G - Amchior	R - Na2S2SO3 S - H2SO4	3	
Email:	Purchase Orde	er not require	ed		No) W											1	圖	H - Ascorbic Acid	T - TSP Dodeo U - Acetone	cahydrate	
mcdonald@payne-env.com					JO.											25 22	2	J - DI Water	V - MCAA W - ph 4-5		
Project Name: Shell DIZ Study	Project #: 40006032				ple (Yas											24.	물!	K-EDTA L-EDA Other:	Z - other (spec	cify)	
Site:	SSOW#:				d is	olstur										1	9 0	Other:			
		Sample	Sample Type (C=comp,	Matrix (W-water, 6-solid, 0-wastefoll,	Sidi Filitisco B.	6010B, 7471A, M											Total Number				
Sample Identification	Sample Date	Time	G=grab) a	OT COLO	× (×		19k sai		到 图: 7	re s	Y	Arth Bill		9 79	1.3		X	Special In	structions/N	lote:	
Station 1-1	9/5/2015	10:30	G	Solid	ŤΥ	1	en il isi	EST-72	4. 'd.\.	/ * (***********************************	Philippin Street		12/	.,,	८ दक्ष	-		Relimuis	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAM		
Station 1-2	9/5/2015	10:31	G	Solid		1										13	***	(-			
Station 2-1	9/5/2015	11:19	6	Solid	П	1										2	1				
Station 2-2	9/5/2015	+	G	ciloS	T	1										1	1				
Station 3-1	9/5/2015	+	G	Solid	\top	1								\top	\Box	States					
Station 3-2	9/5/2015	_	G	Solid	T	1										1					
Station 4-1	9/5/2015	1	G	Solid	Π	1									\top	10	14				
Station 4-2	9/5/2015		G	Solid	11	1				\neg			7	\top		i.	1. d				
9100	1				\top	1								†		1					
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Possible Hazard Identification					Si	ample	Disp	oosal	(Af	ee ma	y be a	sses.	sed if	samp	les are	_		l longer than 1	month)		
Non-Hazard Flammable Skin Irritant Pol	son B Unkr	nown L	Radiological		9,		eturn	To C	Client	Peg	uiremer	ispos	al By L	_ab		☐ Are	chive	e For	Months		
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Empty Kit Relinquished by:	Date/Time: 1 5	Date:	,	ompany	Time		ived b	(سنسسبيد	<u>ه</u> ا			1	Method	IDa4	ment: e/Time:	١			Company	<u> </u>	
Gutter McDoroll	Date/Time:	2015	(:38				(las	lial	re	uzl	کے	2M	<u> </u>		9/8	<u> </u>	15 1138	17		
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Relinquished by:	Date/Time:	· · ·		ompany		Rece	ived b	y:						Date	e/Time:				Company		
Custody Seals Infact. Custody Seal No.:	Carra Garage Co. O Age &	70-	10/06	5	nt. 2.	Cool	er Terr	nperato			Other Re		pri.	#7	2	90	تالخ	#5592			1



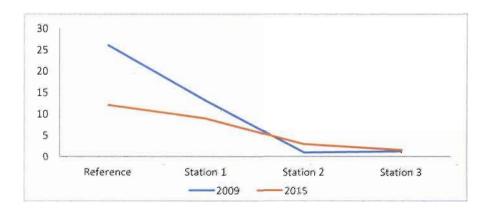
Al/Metals Concentration (mg/Kg) 2009 2015 Reference 20000 8350 Station 1 9200 5650 Station 2 350 1270 Station 3 590 300



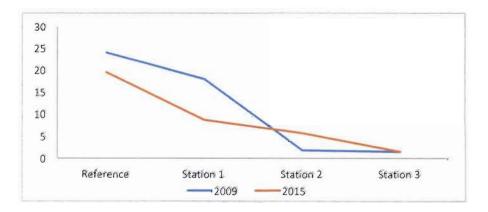
As/Metals Concentration (mg/Kg) 2009 2015 Reference 6.1 2.7 Station 1 3.9 1.75 Station 2 0.89 1.9 Station 3 0.73 0.75



Cr/Metals Concentration (mg/Kg) 2009 2015 Reference 26 12 Station 1 13 8.9 Station 2 0.89 2.9 Station 3 1.2 1.5



Cu/Metals Concentration (mg/Kg) 2009 2015 Reference 24 19.5 Station 1 18 8.7 Station 2 1.8 5.7 Station 3 1.5 1.5

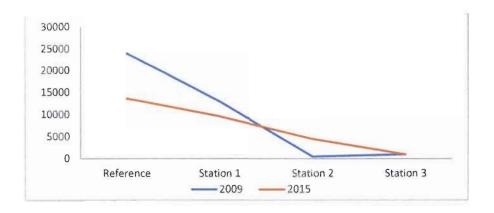


Fe/Metals Concentration (mg/Kg) 2009 2015 Reference 24000 13650 Station 1 13000 9600 Station 2 480 4500

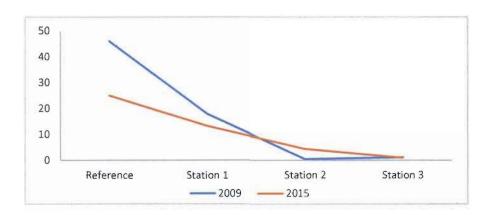
1000

950

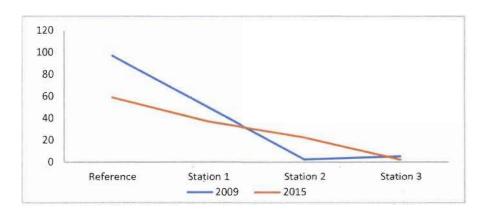
Station 3



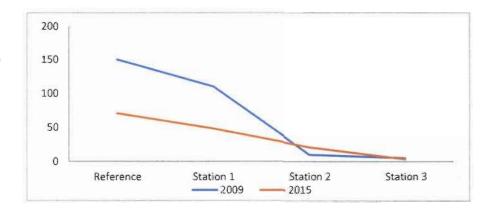
Pb/Metals Concentration (mg/Kg) 2009 2015 Reference 46 25 Station 1 18 13.3 Station 2 0.44 4.4 Station 3 1.1 0.97



Mn/Metals Concentration (mg/Kg) 2009 2015 Reference 97 59 Station 1 50 37 Station 2 2.4 22.5 Station 3 5.2 2.2

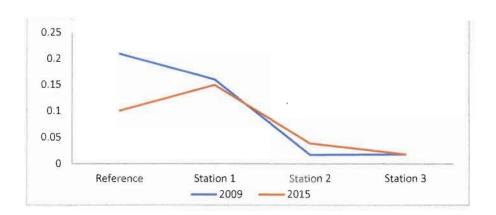


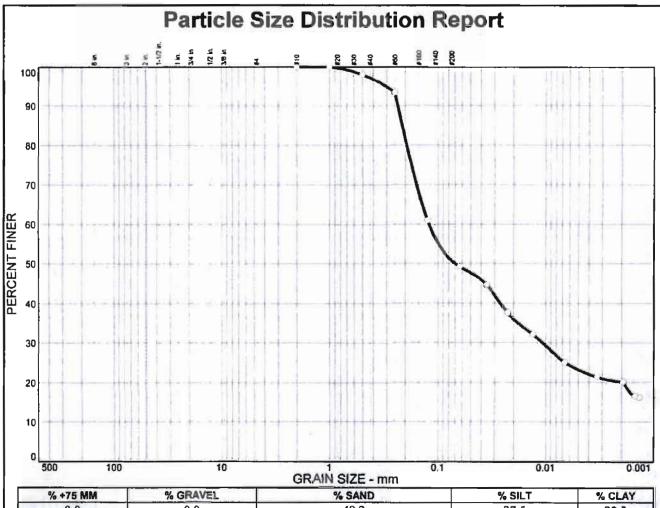
Zn/Metals Concentration (mg/Kg) 2009 2015 Reference 150 70.5 Station 1 110 48 Station 2 9.8 21 Station 3 5 3.4



Hg/Metals Concentration (mg/Kg)

	2009	2015
Reference	0.21	0.101
Station 1	0.16	0.15
Station 2	0.017	0.039
Station 3	0.018	0.018





% +75 MM	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT	% CLAY
0.0	0.0	49.2	27.5	23,3

SIEVE	PERCENT	SPEC.*	PASS?
SIZE	FINER	PERCENT	(X=NO)
2.00 in. 1.00 in. 0.5 in. 0.25 in. 0.125 in. 0.063 in.	100.0 100.0 98.0 93.4 61.1 49.3		

rower
<u>fiption</u>
<u>Limits</u> Pl=
D ₅₀ = 0.0688 D ₁₀ =
ation ASHTO=
ks d from coarsest fractions

Sample No.:

Source of Sample:

Date: Sept 30, 2015

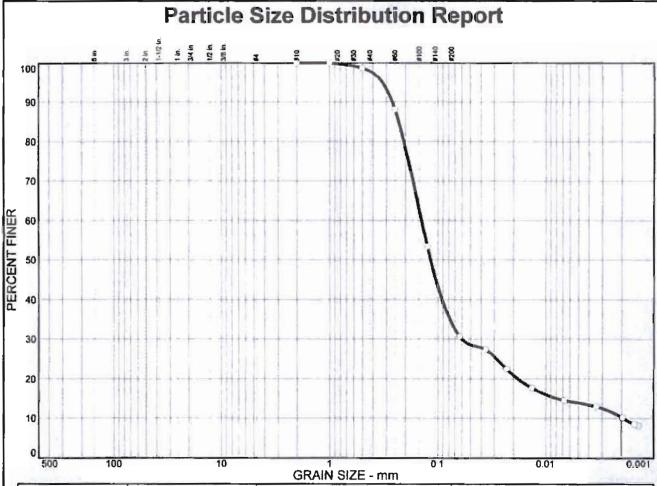
Location: Station I, Rep I

Elev./Depth:

UNIVERSITY OF **SOUTH ALABAMA** Client: Payne Environmental

Project: Chickasaw Creek; Shell DIZ Study

Project No:



the state of the s	GRANA SIZE - MIII			THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T
% +75 MM	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT	% CLAY
0.0	0.0	66.0	20.2	13.8

SIEVE	PERCENT	SPEC.*	PASS? (X=NO)
2.00 in. 1.00 in. 0.5 in. 0.25 in. 0.125 in. 0.1063 in.	100.0 100.0 98.7 88.1 53.4 30.6	PERCENT	(X=NO)

	Soil Description	
PL≃	Atterberg Limits	PI=
D ₈₅ = 0.231 D ₃₀ = 0.0601 C _u = 73.71	Coefficients D60= 0.142 D15= 0.0079 C _C = 13.25	D ₅₀ = 0.117 D ₁₀ = 0.0019
USCS=	Classification AASHT	·O=
Plant materi	Remarks al removed from coar	sest sand fractions

Sample No.: Location: Station 1, Rep 2 Source of Sample:

Date: Scpt. 30,

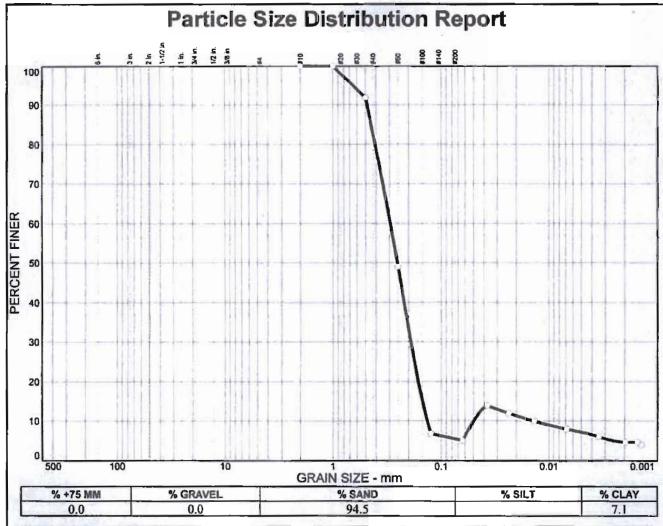
Elev./Depth:

UNIVERSITY

OF SOUTH ALABAMA Client: Payne Environmental

Project: Chickasaw Creek; Shell DIZ Study

Project No:



SIEVE	PERCENT	SPEC.* PERCENT	PASS? (X=NO)
2.00 in. 1.00 in. 0.5 in. 0.25 in. 0.125 in. 0.063 in.	100.0 100.0 91.8 49.0 6.8 5.0		

	Soil Description	
PL=	Atterberg Limits	i Pl=
D ₈₅ = 0.445 D ₃₀ = 0.191 C _u = 20.98	Coefficients D60= 0.295 D15= 0.150 Cc= 8.75	D ₅₀ = 0.254 D ₁₀ = 0.0141
USCS=	Classification AASHT	ΓO=
Plant mate	Remarks rial removed from coar	est fractions

Sample No.:

Source of Sample:

Date: Sept 30, 2015

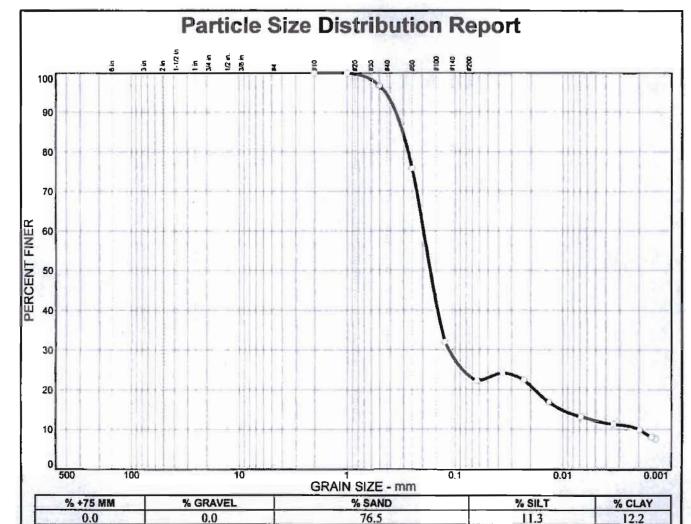
Location: Station 2, Rep 1

Elev./Depth:

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA Client: Payne Environmental

Project: Chickasaw Creek; Shell DIZ Study

Project No:



SIEVE	PERCENT	SPEC.*	PASS?
2.00 in. 1.00 in. 0.5 in. 0.25 in. 0.125 in. 0.063 in.	100.0 100.0 96.7 75.8 32.0 22.3		

70.5		1 12.2
	Soll Description	
PL=	Atterberg Limits LL=	PI=
D ₈₅ = 0.304 D ₃₀ = 0.115 C _U = 98.16	Coefficients D60= 0.196 D15= 0.0103 C _C = 33.66	D ₅₀ = 0.169 D ₁₀ = 0.0020
USCS=	Classification AASHT	O=
Plant m	Remarks aterial removed from o	coarsest fractions

Sample No.:

Source of Sample:

Elate: Sept. 30,

Location: Station 2, Rep 2

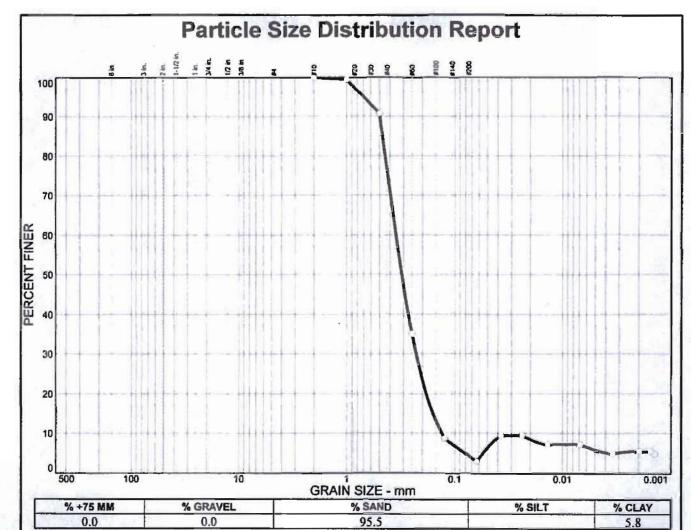
Elev./Depth:

UNIVERSITY
OF
SOUTH ALABAMA

Client: Payne Environmental

Project: Chickasaw Creek; Shell DIZ Study

Project No:



SIEVE	PERCENT	SPEC.* PERCENT	PASS? (X=NO)
2.00 in. 1.00 in. 0.5 in. 0.25 in. 0.125 in. 0.063 in.	100.0 99.5 90.7 35.0 8.8 3.0		

	Soil Description	
PL=	Atterberg Limits	PI=
D ₈₅ = 0.469 D ₃₀ = 0.229 C _u = 2.67	Coefficients D60= 0.352 D15= 0.159 Cc= 1.13	D ₅₀ = 0.311 D ₁₀ = 0.132
USCS=	<u>Classification</u> AASHT	O=
	Remarks	

Sample No.:

Source of Sample:

C)ate: Sept. 30,

Elev./Depth:

Location: Station 3, Rep 1

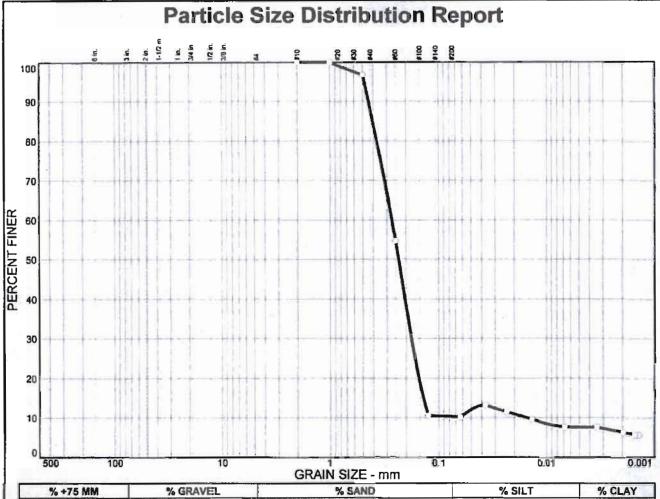
UNIVERSITY OF

SOUTH ALABAMA

Client: Payne Environmental

Project: Chickasaw Creek; Shell DIZ Study

Project No:



% +75 MM	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT	% CLAY
0.0	0.0	89.8	2.6	7.6

SIEVE	PERCENT	SPEC.*	PASS? (X=NO)
2.00 in. 1.00 in. 0.5 in. 0.25 in. 0.125 in. 0.063 in.	100.0 100.0 96.7 54.6 10.5 10.1		

89.8	2.6	7.0			
	Soil Description				
PL=	Atterberg Limits	PI=			
D ₈₅ = 0.406 D ₃₀ = 0.179 C _u = 17.15	Coefficients D60= 0.270 D15= 0.139 Cc= 7.49	D ₅₀ = 0.235 D ₁₀ = 0.0158			
USCS=	Classification AASHT	0=			
Remarks Some plant material removed in coarsest sand fractions					

Sample No.:

Source of Sample:

Date: Sept. 30,

Location: Station 3, Rep 2

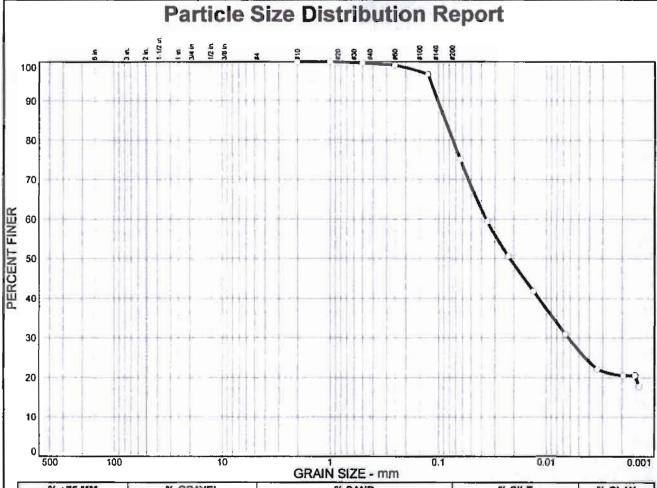
Elev./Depth:

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA Client: Payne Environmental

Project: Chickasaw Creek; Shell DIZ Study

Project No:

⁽no specification provided)



% +75 MM	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT	% CLAY
0.0	0.0	19.6	53.6	26.8

SIEVE	PERCENT	SPEC.	PASS? (X=ND)
2.00 in. 1.00 in. 0.5 in. 0.25 in. 0.125 in. 0.063 in.	100.0 100.0 99.7 99.1 96.7 75.0		

······································	Soil Description	
PL=	Atterberg Limits	Pl=
D ₈₅ = 0.0868 D ₃₀ = 0.0063 C _u =	Coefficients D60= 0.0361 D15= Cc=	D ₅₀ = 0.0218 D ₁₀ =
USCS=	Classification AASHT	·O=
Plant materia	Remarks If removed from coars	sest sand fractions

Sample No.:

Source of Sample:

Date: Sept. 30,

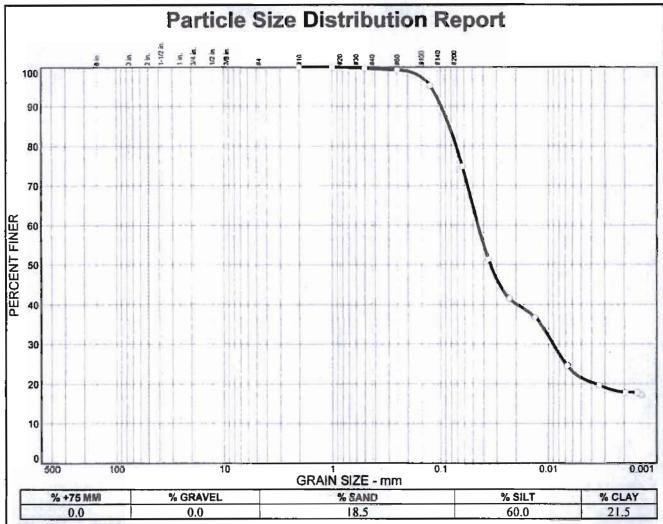
Location: Station 4, Rep 1

Elev./Depth:

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA Client: Payne Environmental

Project: Chickasaw Creek; Shell DIZ Study

Project No:



SIEVE	PERCENT FINER	SPEC.* PERCENT	PASS? (X=NO)
2.00 in. 1.00 in. 0.5 in. 0.25 in. 0.125 in. 0.063 in.	100.0 100.0 99.7 99.3 95.1 74.7		

18.5	60.0	21.3
	Soil Description	
·PL=	Atterberg Limits	PI=
D ₈₅ = 0.0831 D ₃₀ = 0.0091 C _u =	Coefficients D60= 0.0449 D15= C _C =	D ₅₀ = 0.0344 D ₁₀ =
USCS≃	Classification AASHT	O=
Minor plant fractions	Remarks material removed fro	m coarsest sand

Sample No.:

Source of Sample:

Date: Sept. 30,

Location: Station 4, Rep 2

Elev./Depth:

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA Client: Payne Environmental

Project: Chickasaw Creek; Shell DIZ Study

Project No:

Grain Size Data (histogram generation)

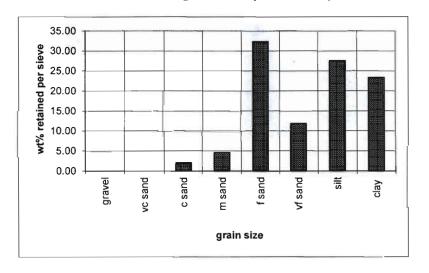
sta 1	sta 1	sta 2rep	sta 2	sta 3	sta 3	sta 4	sta 4
rep 1	rep 2	1	rep 2	rep 1	rep 2	rep 1	rep 1
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
2.00	1.34	8.17	3.33	8.79	3.32	0.27	0.30
4.57	10.60	42.85	20.84	55.80	42.08	0.61	0.43
32.32	34.66	42.14	43.81	26.21	44.10	2.41	4.21
11.84	22.85	1.88	9.69	5.71	0.43	21.71	20.36
27.50	20.20	0.00	11.30	0.00	2.60	53.60	60.00
23.30	13.80	7.10	12.20	5.80	7.60	26.80	21.50



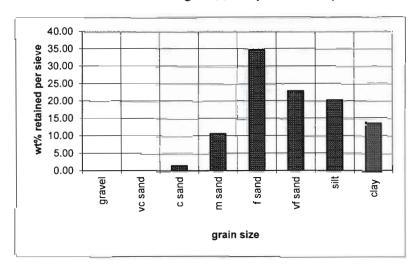




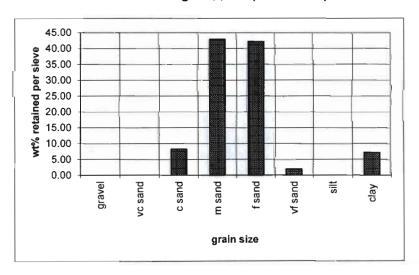
Grain Size Histogram; , sample - sta 1 rep 1



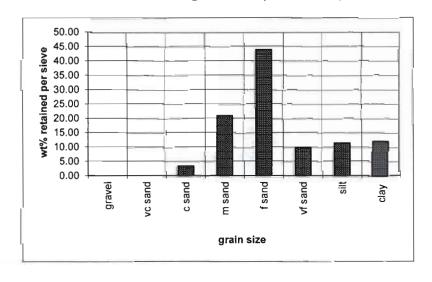
Grain Size Histogram; , sample - sta 1 rep 2



Grain Size Histogram; , sample - sta 2rep 1



Grain Size Histogram; , sample - sta 2 rep 2

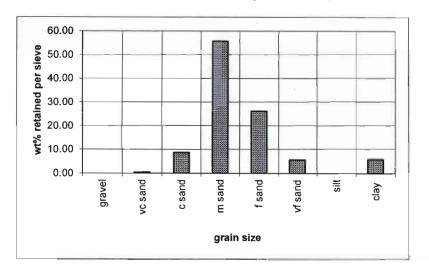




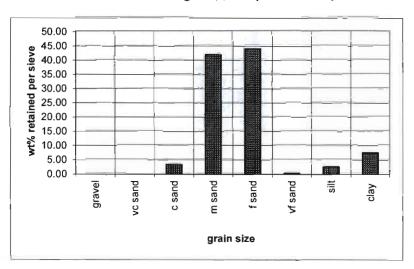




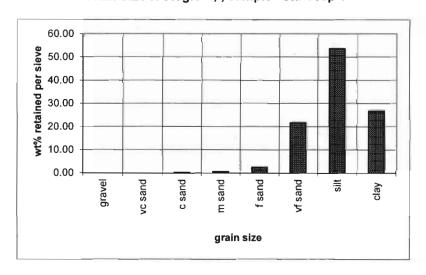
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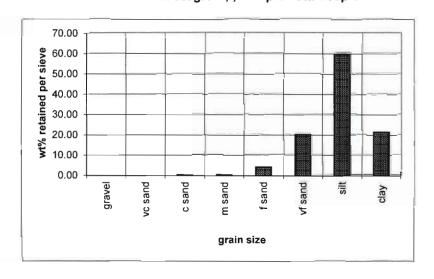
Grain Size Histogram; , sample - sta 3 rep 2



Grain Size Histogram; , sample - sta 4 rep 1



Grain Size Histogram; , sample - sta 4 rep 1



BENTHIC INFAUNAL ASSESSMENT AND TAXONOMIC CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SHELL CHEMICAL PLANT LP MOBILE SITE DISCHARGE OUTFALL ON THE CHICKASAW CREEK, MOBILE, AL

by

Jerry A. McLelland, PhD

submitted to

Payne Environmental Services Project No.: 15-060-00

c/o

Justin C. McDonald, B.S. Staff Biologist/Project Manager

October 27, 2015

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BENTHIC INFAUNAL ASSESSMENT AND TAXONOMIC CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SHELL CHEMICAL PLANT LP MOBILE SITE DISCHARGE OUTFALL ON THE CHICKASAW CREEK, MOBILE, AL

Jerry A. McLelland, PhD Gulf Benthic Taxonomy Assessment

Background.

Macrobenthic samples were collected by Payne Environmental Services on September 5, 2015 to assess the infaunal community within the Discharge Information Zone (DIZ) associated with the Shell Chemical Plant LP Mobile Site discharge outfall (PES Project number 15-060-00). Three replicate samples from each of four stations were collected for a total of 12 samples. The four stations were located mid-channel ranging in depth from 9 to 19 feet and with meso to high salinity values recorded near the bottom of the water column (see Table 1).

Table 1. Physical data recorded for the four DIZ stations on Chickasaw Creek, September 5, 2015.

	Salinity (Bottom)	Depth (ft)	Distance from Shore (ft)
Station 1	25.61 ppt	13.8	92.1
Station 2	26.73 ppt	19	246.7
Station 3	18.87 ppt	16	150.3
Station 4	12.26 ppt	9	56.9

Field Procedures.

Benthic samples were collected using a petite ponar grab and screened in the field through a 0.5mm sieve to remove much of the fine silt while retaining organisms and large detritus. Samples were placed in plastic jars, labeled, preserved with rose bengal-stained 5% formalin, and returned to the GBTA laboratory for analysis. Rose bengal, a protein stain, facilitates the detection of benthic organisms among the sediment and detritus in the samples during the laboratory sorting process. Sample substrate returned to the lab included leaf litter detritus, fine silt and coarse sand grains from the bottom sediment.

Laboratory Procedures and Data Analysis.

Samples were washed with fresh water and rescreened at 0.5mm to remove formalin and remaining fine sediment. Sorting was conducted under a stereoscopic dissecting microscope to remove all macrobenthic organisms and recognizable fragments. Specimens were counted and identified to the lowest possible taxonomic category with representative reference material being retained and transferred to 70% ethanol for storage. Chironomid (Diptera) larvae and small annelids were mounted on slides using CMPC-10 mounting media and examined under high magnification for specific identification.

A numerical database was constructed using Microsoft Access and data was further condensed and organized in spreadsheet format using Microsoft Excel. Metrics of species diversity (H'), equitability (J') and dominance were calculated using formulae incorporated in the Excel spreadsheet. Species diversity is the number of different species in a particular area (species richness) weighted by some measure of abundance such as number of individuals or biomass. The Shannon-Weiner Diversity Index (H') is the most popular mathematical expression of species richness and evenness in use in ecological investigation, including benthic monitoring studies. According to Pielou (1966), who studied the use of H' in detail, the index is appropriate to use when random samples are drawn from a large community in which the total numbers of species is known. H' is calculated as $-\sum$ $\rho i \log n(\rho i)$, where ρi is the proportion of the total number of specimens i expressed as a proportion of the total number of species for all species in the ecosystem. The product of $\rho i \log n$ (ρi) for each species in the ecosystem is summed and multiplied by -1 to give H'. The species equitability index (I'), also known as Evenness, is another measure of how well the abundance of individuals is spread among the number of species. It is calculated as H'/Hmax, where H_{max} is the maximum possible value of H', and equals the log of S, which is the number of species (species richness). The index of dominance, a measure of how a population is dominated by one or a few species, is calculated simply as 1-J'.

Results and Observations.

A total of 632 organisms from all stations were examined representing 17 nominal taxa from five phyla. Numerical and diversity data are presented in Table 2 and a complete phylogenetic listing of organisms encountered appears in Appendix I.

In terms of total numbers counted for all stations (Fig. 1), annelids comprised the largest percentage of organisms (97%) followed by vestigial numbers of other organisms including molluscs and arthropods. Annelids were also much more diverse in number of species with half (9) of the total 18 taxa recorded. It is worth noting that of the 17 taxa

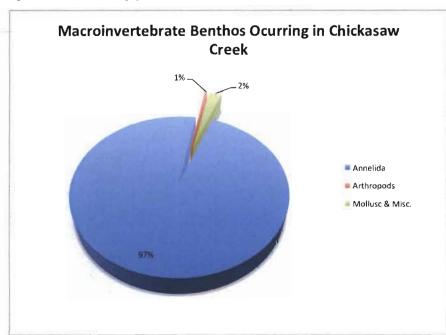


Figure 1. Comparison of major taxonomic groups in the study area. Percentage values based on total numbers counted over four stations.

encountered during this study, five were previously recorded from the Chickasaw Creek watershed (ADEM 1997), and three of these were annelids.

Among the four benthic stations, total numbers of organisms and total taxa were higher at station 4, owing to a large population of annelids associated with the fine silt conditions there (Fig. 2). Station 2, the deepest of the

four stations, was devoid of organisms except for one small gastropod, probably because of near anoxic conditions at the bottom. Station 1 had the highest H' diversity, reflecting a low index of dominance (Fig. 3). The latter value was highest at Station 4 owing mainly to large numbers of the polychaete, *Streblospio gynobranchiata*. Diversity indices were not computed for Station 2 because of the occurrence of a single individual.

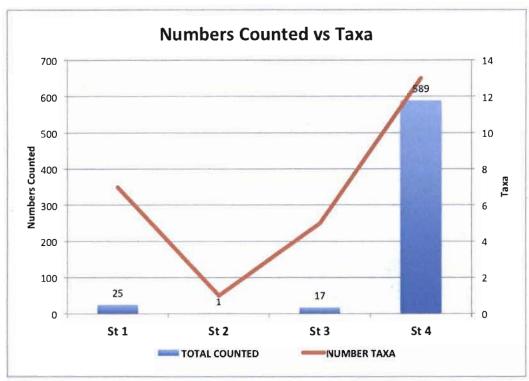


Figure 2. Macrofaunal density and richness at four stations within the study area. Values pooled over three replicate samples per station.

Faunal Observations.

The annelid community was the dominant faunal group at stations 1, 3 and 4 with representatives from two classes, Clitellata and Polychaeta, and five families (see Table 2). All species encountered were typical of oligohaline, estuarine conditions with high nutrient loads and fine sediment (Heard 1982). Station 4, the shallowest of the four stations had the highest number of annelids and was dominated by the small spionid polychaete, *Streblospio gynobranchiata*. This species is usually found associated with its annelid cohorts, *Mediomastus ambiseta* and *Hobsonia florida* in quiet backwaters and bays along the northern Gulf of Mexico. The tiny nereid polychaete, *Stenoninereis martini*, widespread in the western coastal Atlantic and Caribbean regions, occurred at three stations. It is typically found locally in shallow low salinity waters but can tolerate a wide range of oxygen availability and salinities from 0 to 30 ppt (Heard 1982); in fact, its type locality is the tropical island of St. Martin in the British West Indies.

Arthropods were sparse at the four stations with only two insects and one crustacean, a total of three specimens, present in the samples. The beetle *Ancyronyx varietatus* (Fig. 4), represented by a single occurrence at Station 1, is often found on submerged wood or roots in southern streams and rivers (Eppler 2010) and is known to be

"sensitive to sewage and industrial wastes" (Sinclair 1964). The single occurrence of the cumacean, *Cylaspis varians* at Station 4 represents a population known to be common in upper meso- to euryhaline waters of estuaries and inner continental shelf waters (Wass 1972; Watling 1979) including Mobile Bay, AL (Modlin and Dardeau 1987).

Molluscs of note occurring at Station 4 included two specimens of the large clam, Rangia cuneata and the false mussel, Mytilopsis leucophaeta. The former is a common inhabitant of low salinity, high turbidity waters with soft-mud bottoms along the Gulf of Mexico and coastal Atlantic states (Heard, 1982), while the latter is typically found in immense numbers in brackish waters and is often confused with the similar zebra mussel (Dreissena polymorpha), a fresh water invasive species that is becoming problematic in northern waterways (MDC 2015).

Miscellaneous taxa encountered during this study consisted of one polyp of the hydroid *Garveia* sp. and four small ribbon worms (Nemertea), all found at Station 4.

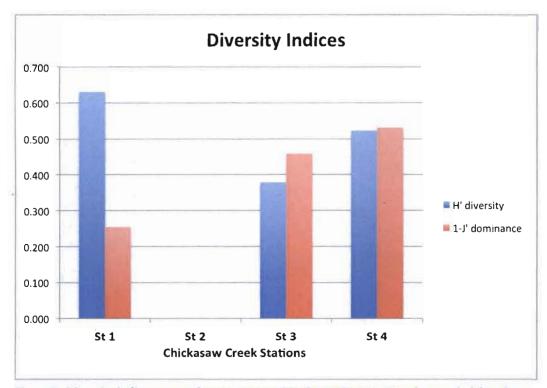


Figure 3. Diversity indices among four stations within the study area. Based on pooled data from three replicate samples per station.

Summary.

The macrobenthic community within the Shell Chemical Plant discharge outfall study area on Chickasaw Creek was characterized by organisms associated with the lowerdepth salt wedge intrusion near the mouth of the Creek and typical of estuarine, mesooligohaline habitats along the northern Gulf of Mexico. The shallowest station nearest to shore (Station 4) had the highest density of organisms (589) and the most taxa present (13), while the deepest of the four stations, and that furthest from shore (Station 2), was essentially devoid of benthic fauna, most likely due to near anoxic conditions at the bottom of the water column. Overall, annelids comprised the large majority of benthic fauna occurring in the samples with 614 total organisms (97%), while there were just three arthropods (1%) and 15 molluscs and others (2%). The most common taxa encountered were the annelids, Streblospio gynobranchiata, Hobsonia florida, Mediomastus ambiseta and Tubificoides heterochaetus, all of which were common at Station 4. The small nereid polychaete, Stenoninereis martini occurred at three of the four stations, although in small numbers. Because of the overall small number of organisms encountered in the samples, H' diversity values were low, reaching a maximum of 0.687 at Station 1 which had only 25 total organisms spread out over 7 taxa.



Figure 4. Ancyronyx variegatus (Coleoptera: Elmidae) from Station 1 sample.

Table 2. Summary of macroinvertebrate data pooled over station series from collections made in September 2015 in the Shell Chemical Plant Discharge Information Zone. Values represent a composite of numbers counted from three replicate ponar grab samples per station.

Taxa/Station	St 1	St 2	St 3	St 4
ANNELIDA				
Clitellata				
Family Tubificidae				
Tubificoides heterochaetus	2	0	0	24
Polychaeta				
Family Ampharetidae				
Hobsonia florida	0	0	0	99
Family Capitellidae				
Capitella capitata complex	0	0	0	1
Mediomastus ambiseta	1	0	1	79
Family Nereididae				
Stenoninereis martini	9	0	13	9
Family Spionidae				
Boccardiella ligerica	0	0	0	1
Streblospio gynobranchiata	10	0	0	363
Unid. Spionidae	1	0	1	0
ARTHROPODA				
Insecta				
Order Coleoptera				
Family Elmidae				
Ancyronyx variegatus	1	0	0	0
Order Diptera				
Family Chironomidae				
Polypedilum sp.	0	0	1	0
Malacostraca				
Order Cumacea				
Family Bodotriidae				
Cyclaspis varians	0	0	0	1
MOLLUSCA				
Bivalvia				
Order Veneroida				
Family Dreissenidae				
Mytilopsis leucophaeta	1	0	0	4

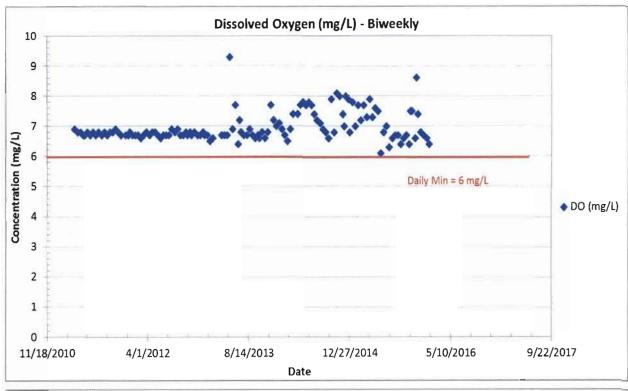
Taxa/Station	St 1	St 2	St 3	St 4
Family Mactridae				
Rangia cuneata	0	0	0	2
Gastropoda				
Unid. Gastropoda	0	1	1	0
Order Heterostropha				
Family Pyramidellidae				
Sayella sp.	0	0	0	1
MISC TAXA				
Cnidaria				
Garveia sp.	0	0	0	1
Nemertea				
Unid. Nemertea	0	0	0	4
TOTAL COUNTED	25	1	17	589
TOTAL / m2 *	90.7	3.6	61.7	2136.3
* based on ponar grab factor of 3.62	7			
NUMBER TAXA	7	1	5	13
diversity indices				
Hmax'	0.845	0.000	0.699	1.114
H' diversity	0.630	0.000	0.379	0.522
J' evenness (equitability)	0.746	N/A	0.542	0.469
1-J' dominance	0.254	N/A	0.458	0.531
MAJOR GROUPS - Total numbers				
Annelida	23	0	15	576
Arthropods	1	0	1	1
Mollusc & Misc.	1	. 1	1	12
MAJOR GROUPS - Percent total				
Annelida	92	0	88.2	97.8
Arthropods	4	0	5.9	0.2
Mollusc & Misc.	4	100	5.9	2.0

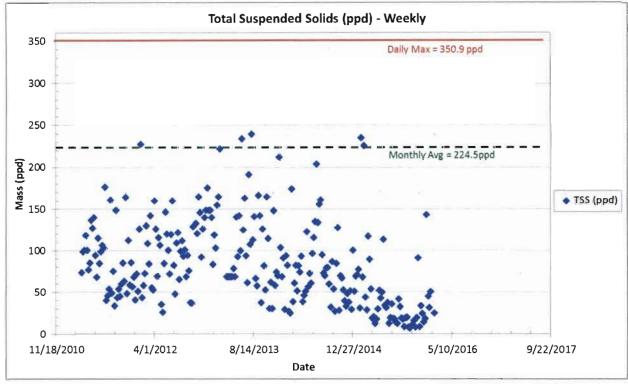
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Appendix I. Phylogenetic List of Organisms Encountered in the Chickasaw Creek Discharge Information Zone (DIZ).

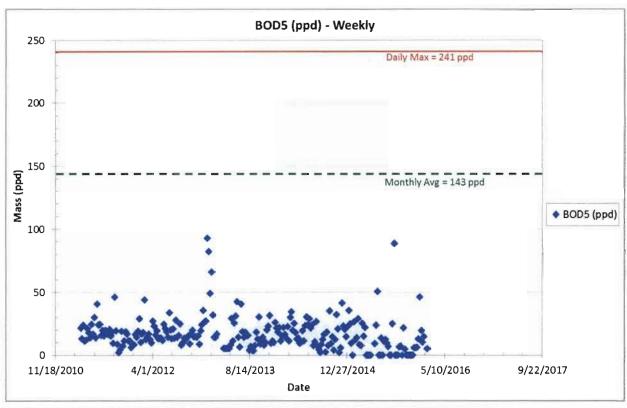
Phylum	Class	Subclass	Order	Suborder	Family	Taxon	Authority
Annelida	Clitellata	Oligochaeta	Haplotaxida_		Tubificidae	Tubificoides heterochaetus	(Lastokin, 1937)
	Polychaeta	Aciculata	Phyllodocida	Nereidiformia	Nereididae	Stenoninereis martini	Wesenberg-Lund, 1958
		Canalipalpata	Spionida	Spioniformia	Spionidae	Boccardiella ligerica	(Ferronniere, 1898)
						Streblospio gynobranchiata	Rice & Levin, 1998
						Unid. Spionidae	
			Terebellida	Terebellomorpha	Ampharetidae	Hobsonia florida	Hartman, 1951
		Scolecida			Capitellidae	Capitella capitata complex	(Fabricius, 1780)
						Mediomastus ambiseta	(Hartman, 1947)
Arthropoda	Insecta	Pterygota	Coleoptera	Polyphaga	Elmidae	Ancyronyx variegatus	(Germar, 1824)
			Diptera	Nematocera	Chironomidae	Polypedilum sp.	Keiffer, 1912
	Malacostraca	Eumalacostraca	Cumacea		Bodotriidae	Cyclaspis varians	Calman, 1912
Cnidaria	Hyrozoa	Hydroidolina	Anthoathecata	Filifera	Bougainvilliidae	Garveia sp.	
Mollusca	Bi <u>v</u> alvia	Heterodonta	Veneroida		Dreis <u>se</u> nidae	Mytilopsis leucophaeta	(Conrad, 1831)
					Mactridae	Rangia cuneata	(Sowerby, 1831)
	Gastropoda		Heterostropha		Pyramidellidae	Sayella sp	
						Unid. Gastropoda	
Nemertea						Unid. Nemertea	

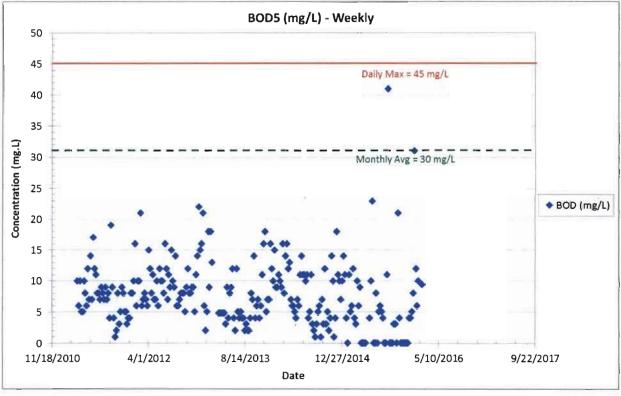




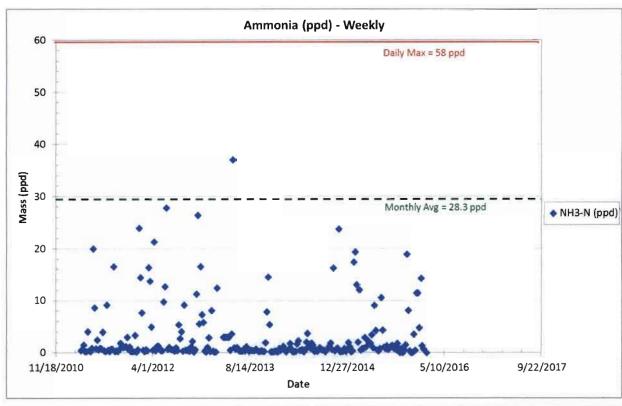
Monthly Average limit provided for reference only; data points represent individual weekly samples

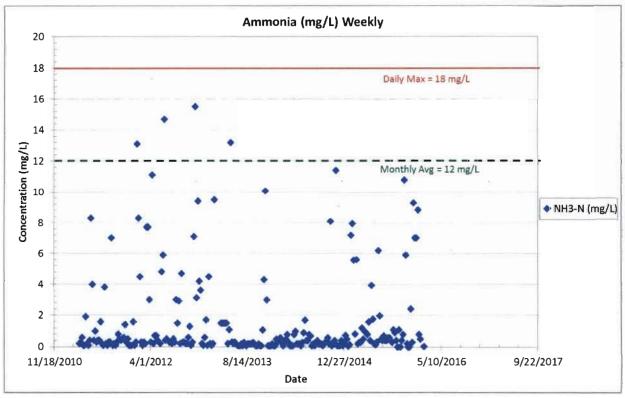




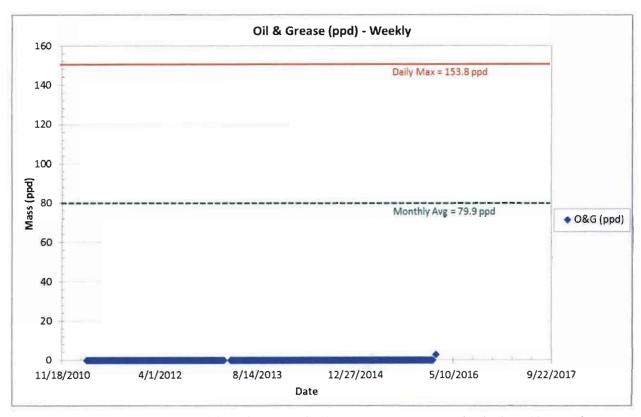


Monthly Average limits provided for reference only; data points represent individual weekly samples





Monthly Average limits provided for reference only; data points represent individual weekly samples



Monthly Average limit provided for reference only; data points represent individual weekly samples

