

2014 Monitoring Summary



Barbour Creek at Private Drive East of Barbour Lane Road in Barbour County (31.89627, -85.20527)

BACKGROUND

In 1998, Barbour Creek from Walter F. George Lake to its source was placed on Alabama's Clean Water Act (CWA) §303(d) list of impaired waters for not meeting its *Fish and Wildlife* (F&W) water use classification due to siltation (habitat alteration). In 2014, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) monitored Barbour Creek at BRC-3 to provide data to develop the Total Maximum Daily Load to address the siltation impacts, and to assess current conditions.



Figure 1. Barbour Creek at BRC-3, May 5, 2014.

WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed characteristics are summarized in Table 1. Barbour Creek is a *Fish & Wildlife* (*F&W*) stream located in the Southern Hilly Gulf Coastal Plain (65d) ecoregion. Based on the 2011 National Land Cover Dataset, landuse within the watershed is predominantly forest (75%) with some shrub/scrub areas. As of April 1, 2016, two NPDES industrial outfalls have been issued within this watershed.

REACH CHARACTERISTICS

General observations (Table 2) and a habitat assessment (Table 3) were completed during the fish community assessment. In comparison with reference reaches in the same ecoregion, they give an indication of the physical condition of the site and the quality and availability of habitat. Barbour Creek at BRC-3 is a glide-pool stream with substrate composed primarily of sand with some mud/muck and organic matter (Figure 1). Overall habitat quality and availability was rated as *sub-optimal* for supporting diverse aquatic communities.

Table 1. Summary of watershed characteristics.

V	rainage Area (mi²) 87 coregiona 65D Definition of the properties			
Basin Drainage Area (mi²)				
Ecoregion ^a		65D		
% Landuse ^b				
Open water		<1%		
Wetland	Woody	1%		
	Emergent herbaceous	<1%		
Forest	Deciduous	22%		
	Evergreen	41%		
	Mixed	12%		
Shrub/scrub		17%		
Grassland/herbaceo	2%			
Pasture/hay		1%		
Cultivated crops		<1%		
Development	Open space	2%		
	Low intensity	<1%		
	Moderate intensity	<1%		
	High intensity	<1%		
Population/km ^{2c}		3		
# NPDES Permits ^d	TOTAL	High intensity <1% 3 TOTAL 2		
Industrial General		2		
0.0 4 1111 0.100	4 1 D1 *			

- a. Southern Hilly Gulf Coastal Plain
- b. 2011 National Land Cover Dataset
- c. 2010 US Census
- d. #NPDES outfalls downloaded from ADEM's NPDES Management System database, April 1, 2016.

Table 2. Physical characteristics of Barbour Creek at BRC-3, July 30, 2014.

Physical Characteristics				
Width (ft)		80		
Canopy Cover		Open		
Depth (ft)				
	Pool	4.0		
% of Reach				
	Pool	100		
% Substrate				
	Mud/Muck	10		
	Sand	75		
	Silt	5		
	Organic Matter	10		

Table 3. Results of the habitat assessment conducted on Barbour Creek at BRC-3, July 30, 2014.

Habitat Assessment	% Maximum Score	Rating			
Instream Habitat Quality	39	Marginal (31-<55)			
Sediment Deposition	50	Marginal (31-<55)			
Sinuosity	53	Marginal (31-<55)			
Bank Vegetative Stability	59	Sub-Optimal (58-79)			
Riparian Buffer	78	Sub-Optimal (60-84)			
Habitat Assessment Score	99				
% of Maximum Score	58	Sub-Optimal (57-80)			

BIOASSESSMENT RESULTS

The fish community in Barbour Creek at BRC-3 was sampled using Alabama's Fish Community Index of Biotic Integrity (AL-IBI), developed through a multi-agency (GSA, ADCNR, ADEM) project to establish a comprehensive fish community bioassessment tool for wadeable streams and rivers across the State. The data collected during this survey were used to score the overall health of the fish community, based on conditions expected for wadeable streams and rivers in the Southern Plains Ichthyoregion. The AL-IBI uses twelve measures of species richness and diversity, tolerance/intolerance, and abundance, condition, and reproduction to assess the overall health of the fish community. The final IBI score is the sum of all individual metrics on a 60 point scale. The IBI score for Barbour Creek at BRC-3 was 28, indicating the fish community to be in *poor* condition (Table 4).

Table 4. Results of the fish community bioassessment conducted in Barbour Creek at BRC-3, July 30, 2014.

Fish Community Assessment		
	Results	Score
Species Richness & Diversity		
Total native species	15	3
Number shiner species	4	3
Number of sucker species	0	1
Number of centrarchid species	5	3
Number of darter+madtom species	1	1
Tolerance & Intolerance Measures		
Percent of tolerant species	30	1
Percent Green Sunfish & Yellow Bullhead	0	5
Trophic Measures		
Percent insectivorous cyprinids	54.44	3
Percent invertivores	28.89	3
Percent top carnivores	2.22	3
Abundance, Condition & Reproductive Measures		
Percent DELT+hybrids	2.22	1
Number of lithophilic spawners	8	1
IBI Assessment Score		28
Condition		Poor

WATER CHEMISTRY

Results of water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 5. In situ measurements and water samples were collected monthly March through October of 2014 to help identify any stressors to the biological communities. For Barbour Creek at BRC-3, the *F&W* use class criterion for dissolved oxygen (5.0 mg/L) was violated in September (4.6 mg/L). Specific conductance was also higher than expected based on data collected at reference reaches within the Southern Hilly Gulf Coastal Plain (65d) ecoregion.

Table 5. Summary of water quality data collected March-October, 2014. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using minimum detection limits (MDL) when results were less than this value. Median, average (Avg), and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value.

Parameter	N		Min		Na	Med	Avg	SD	E
Physical									
Temperature (*C)	9		13.2		26.3	24.5	22.4	4.8	
Turbidity (NTU)	9		20.1		729	45.2	43.2	19.4	
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	8		46.0		96.0	74.0	73.4	17.0	
^J Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	B		7.0		34.0	22.5	22 .0	9.6	
Specific Conductance (jumbos)	9		49.7		91.1	B1.4 ^G	78.B	12.2	
Alkalinily (mg/L)	8		11.0		33.7	30.0	27.4	7.4	
Monthly Stream Flow (cfs)	2		0.1		1122	56.2	56.2	79.3	
Stream Flour during Sample Collection (cfs)	1						112.2		
Chemical									
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	9		4.6 ^C		10.0	6.7	7.D	1.7	1
pH (eu)	9		6.5		7.1	6.9	6.9	0.2	
^J Ammonia Niirogen (mg/L)	8	<	0.006		0.041	0.016	0.018	0.013	
Nikale+Nitrile Nikogen (mg/L)	8		0.038		0.149	0.072	0.061	0.034	
Total Kjeldahi Milrogen (mg/L)	8		0.237		0.522	0.340	0.371	0.098	
Total Nilrogen (mg/L)	B		0.339		0.597	0.436	0.452	0.083	
J Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus (mg/L)	8		0.003		0.005	0.004	0.004	0.001	
J Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	8		0.018		0.045	0.024	0.027	0.009	
CBOD-5 (mg/L)	8	<	2.0	<	20	1.0	1.0	0.0	
Chlorides (mg/L)	8		28		3.1	3.0	3.0	0.1	

C = F&W use class criterion violated; E = # samples that exceeded criteria; J = estimate; G = value higher than median concentration of all verified ecoregional reference reach data collected in the ecoregion (65d); N = # of samples.

SUMMARY

The overall habitat quality for Barbour Creek at BRC-3 was categorized as *sub-optimal* for this stream type. Bioassessment results indicated the fish community to be in *poor* condition. Furthermore, dissolved oxygen exceeded the *F&W* use class criterion in September. Specific conductance was also higher than expected based on data collected at reference reaches within the ecoregion (65d). ADEM will review the monitoring information presented in this report, along with all other available data, to establish Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) needs and priorities.

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