

WHEL-8: Round Island Creek approx 1.5 mi upstream of confluence with TN R (Limestone Co 34.698/-87.0507)

BACKGROUND

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) began monitoring lake water quality statewide in 1985, followed by a second statewide survey in 1989. In 1990, the Reservoir Water Quality Monitoring Program [now known as the Rivers and Reservoirs Monitoring Program (RRMP)] was initiated by ADEM.

The current objectives of this program are to provide data that can be used to assess current water quality conditions, identify trends in water quality conditions and to develop Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) and water quality criteria. Descriptions of all RRMP monitoring activities are available in ADEM's 2012 Monitoring Strategy (ADEM 2012).

In 2013, ADEM monitored the Round Island Creek tributary embayment of Wheeler Reservoir as part of the intensive basin assessment of the Tennessee River under the RRMP. This site was selected using Figure 1. Photo of Round Island Creek at WHEL-8. historical data and previous assessments. The purpose of this report is to summarize data collected in the Round Island Creek embayment (WHEL-8) during the 2013 growing season (Apr-Oct). This is the third intensive basin assessment of the Tennessee River since ADEM began sampling on a basin rotation. Monthly and/or mean concentrations of nutrients [total nitrogen (TN); total phosphorus (TP)], algal biomass/ productivity [chlorophyll a (chl a); algal growth potential testing (AGPT)], sediment [total suspended solids (TSS)], and trophic state [Carlson's trophic state index (TSI)] from 2013 were compared to ADEM's historical data and established criteria.

WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed land uses are summarized in Table 1. Round Island Creek is classified as a Fish & Wildlife (F&W) stream located in the Eastern Highland Rim ecoregion (71g). Based on the 2006 National Land Cover Dataset, land use within the 52 mi² watershed is predominantly agriculture (63%) (Fig. 3). As of October 1, 2013, ADEM has issued a total of 8 NPDES permits within the watershed. Two of those permits are located within 10 mi of the station (Fig. 2).

SITE DESCRIPTION

The Round Island Creek embayment at WHEL-8 is located just south of Athens, AL. It is a fairly wide and shallow embayment which flows into the Tennessee River near river mile 297. Round Island Creek has a mean bottom depth of 2.66 m (Table 2) at the sampling location.



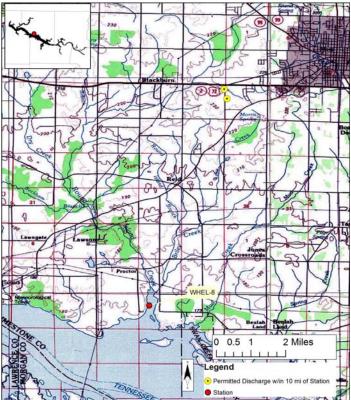


Figure 2. Map of Round Island Creek embayment of Wheeler Reservoir. Though additional permits may occur in the watershed (Table 1), only permitted discharges within 10 miles upstream of the station are displayed on the map.

METHODS

Water quality assessments were conducted at monthly intervals, April-October. All samples were collected, preserved, stored, and transported according to procedures in the ADEM Field Operations Division Standard Operating Procedures (ADEM 2013b), Surface Water Quality Assurance Project Plan (ADEM 2012), and Quality Management Plan (ADEM 2013a).

Mean growing season TN, TP, chl *a*, and TSS were calculated to evaluate water quality conditions. Monthly concentrations of these parameters were graphed with ADEM's previously collected data to help interpret the 2013 results. Carlson's TSI was calculated from the corrected chl *a* concentrations.

RESULTS

The following discussion of results is limited to those parameters which directly affect trophic status or parameters which have established criteria. Results of all water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 2. The axis ranges of the graphs in Figs. 4-6 were set to maximum values reservoir wide so all embayment reports on the same reservoir could be compared.

Table 1: Summary of Watershed WHEL-8

Basin	Tennessee R	
Drainage Area (mi ²)		52
Ecoregion ^a		71g
% Land use		
Open Water	<1%	
Developed	Open Space	5%
	1%	
Me	<1%	
Barren Land	<1%	
Forest De	13%	
Ev	ergreen Forest	2%
	1%	
Shrub/Scrub		5%
Herbaceous	2%	
Hay/Pasture	42%	
Cultivated Crops	21%	
Wetlands	Woody	7%
#NPDES Permits ^b	TOTAL	8
401 Water Quali	1	
Construction Sto	4	
Industrial Gener	3	
a Eastam Highland B		

a. Eastern Highland Rim

 b. #NP DES permits do wnloaded from ADEM's NP DES Management System database, Oct 1, 2013.

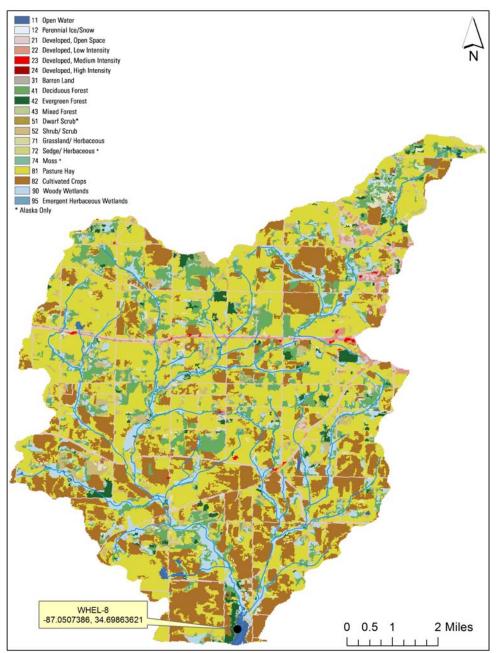


Figure 3. Land use within the Round Island Creek watershed at WHEL-8.

The mean growing season TN value increased from 2003 through 2013 (Fig. 4). Monthly TN concentrations were highest in May and June.

The mean growing season TP concentration was lower in 2013 than 2003 and 2009 (Fig. 4). The highest monthly TP concentration was measured in June.

The mean growing season chl a value increased from 2003 through 2013 (Fig. 4). Monthly chl a concentrations were highest in August and October.

Mean TSI values have remained eutrophic all years monitored. Monthly TSI in Round Island Creek was eutrophic April-August and October (Fig. 4).

The mean growing season TSS value declined 2003 through 2013 (Fig. 5). Monthly TSS concentrations generally decreased April-October.

AGPT results show that WHEL-8 was phosphorus limited in 2013 and nitrogen limited in 2003 and 2009 (Table 3). Mean maximum standing crop (MSC) values from all years monitored have exceeded the 5.0 mg/L value that Raschke and Schultz (1987) defined as protective of reservoir and lake systems.

DO concentrations in the WHEL-8 station remained above the ADEM criteria limit (ADEM Admin. Code R. 335-6-10-.09) of 5.0 mg/l at 5.0 ft (1.5 m) April-October (Fig. 6).

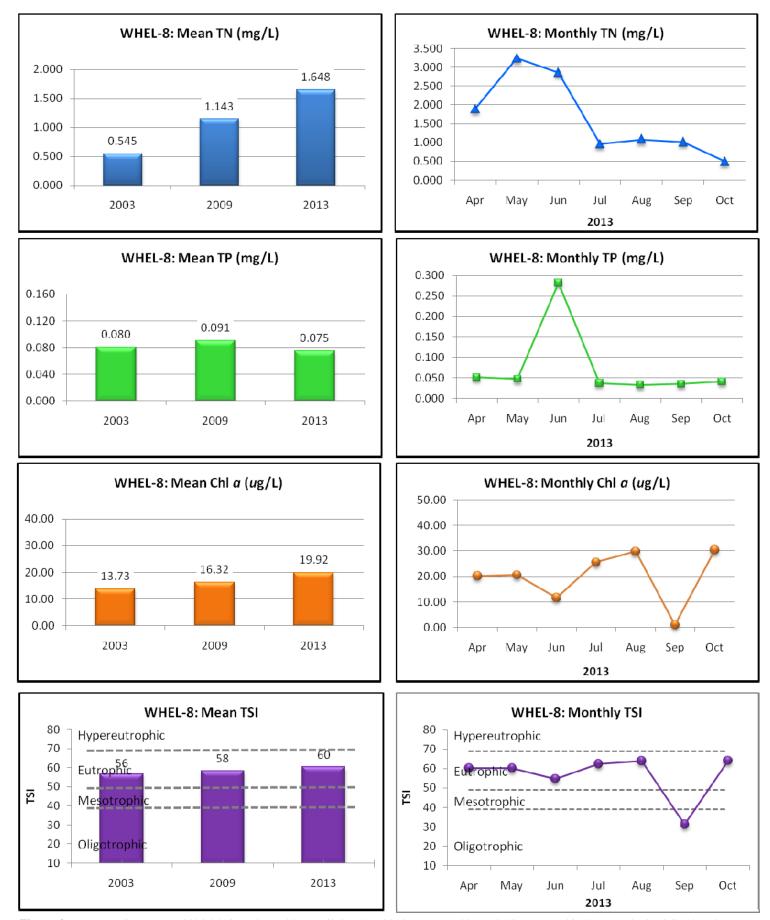


Figure 4. Mean growing season (2003-2013) and monthly (April-October, 2013) TN, TP, chl a and TSI measured in the Round Island Creek embayment of Wheeler Reservoir. Vertical axis ranges are set to maximum values reservoir-wide for comparability between embayment reports within the same reservoir.

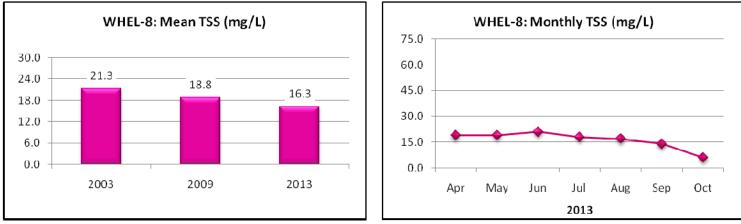


Figure 5. Mean growing season and monthly TSS measured in the Round Island Creek embayment of Wheeler Reservoir.

Table 2. Summary of water quality data collected April-October, 2013. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using minimum detection limits. Median (Med), mean, and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value.

7						
7						
		10.3	30.8	13.1	15.6	7.0
7		69.0	323.0	88.0	119.1	91.0
7		6.0	21.0	18.0	16.3	5.0
4		35.2	71.7	55.8	54.6	17.0
7		23.3	51.6	37.9	36.1	11.0
7		1.41	2.70	2.03	2.04	0.39
7		0.48	0.81	0.72	0.70	0.11
7		2.00	2.92	2.74	2.66	0.25
7	<	0.015	0.089	0.008	0.024	0.030
7	<	0.009	1.150	0.382	0.519	0.477
7		0.441	2.120	0.801	1.128	0.688
7	<	0.491	3.240	1.081	1.648	1.049
7	<	0.005	0.084	0.005	0.016	0.030
7		0.033	0.282	0.041	0.075	0.091
7	<	2.0	2.2	2.0	1.6	0.6
7		4.2	6.3	5.2	5.0	0.7
7		1.07	30.30	20.60	19.92	10.51
3		4	30	17	16	13
	7 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	7 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 6.0 21.0 4 35.2 71.7 7 23.3 51.6 7 1.41 2.70 7 0.48 0.81 7 2.00 2.92 7 $<$ 0.015 0.089 7 $<$ 0.009 1.150 7 $<$ 0.441 2.120 7 $<$ 0.491 3.240 7 $<$ 0.005 0.084 7 $<$ 0.005 0.084 7 $<$ 2.0 2.2 7 $<$ 2.0 2.2 7 $<$ 2.0 2.2 7 $<$ 2.0 2.2 7 $<$ 2.0 2.2 7 $<$ 3.030 3 3 4 30	6.0 21.0 18.0 35.2 71.7 55.8 7 23.3 51.6 37.9 7 1.41 2.70 2.03 7 0.48 0.81 0.72 7 2.00 2.92 2.74 7 <0.015 0.089 0.008 7 <0.009 1.150 0.382 7 <0.441 2.120 0.801 7 <0.491 3.240 1.081 7 <0.033 0.282 0.041 7 <2.0 2.2 2.0 7 <2.0 2.2 2.0 7 <0.491 3.240 1.081 7 <2.0 2.2 2.0 7 <2.0 2.2 2.0 7 <2.0 2.2 2.0 7 <2.0 2.2 2.0 7 <2.0 2.2 2.0 7 $<2.0 2.2 2.0$	7 6.0 21.0 18.0 16.3 4 35.2 71.7 55.8 54.6 7 23.3 51.6 37.9 36.1 7 1.41 2.70 2.03 2.04 7 0.48 0.81 0.72 0.70 7 2.00 2.92 2.74 2.66 7 <0.015 0.089 0.008 0.024 7 <0.009 1.150 0.382 0.519 7 0.441 2.120 0.801 1.128 7 0.441 2.120 0.801 1.648 7<

J= one or more of the values is an estimate; N= # samples.

Table 3. Algal growth potential test results (expressed as mean MSC) dry weights of *Selenastrum capricornutum* in mg/L) and limiting nutrient status. MSC values below 5 mg/L are considered to be protective in reservoirs and lakes (Raschke and Schultz 1987).

WHEL-8	MSC	Limiting Nutrient
8/20/2003	5.2	NITROGEN
8/18/2009	7.95	NITROGEN
8/20/2013	8.52	PHOSPHORUS

FOR MORE INFORMATION, CONTACT: Michael Len, ADEM Environmental Indicators Section 1350 Coliseum Boulevard, Montgomery, AL 36110 (334) 260-2787, mlen@adem.state.al.us

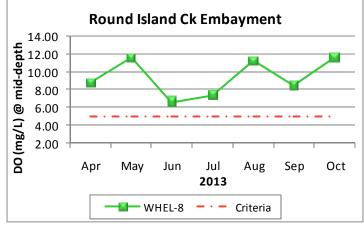


Figure 6. Monthly DO concentrations at mid-depth for Round Island Creek embayment station of Wheeler Reservoir collected April-October 2013. ADEM Water Quality Criteria pertaining to reservoir waters require a DO concentration of 5.0 mg/L at this depth.

REFERENCES

- ADEM. 2012. Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) for Surface Water Quality Monitoring in Alabama. Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM), Montgomery, AL. 78 pp.
- ADEM. 2013a. Quality Management Plan (QMP) for the Alabama Department of Environmental, Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM), Montgomery, AL. 58 pp.
- ADEM. 2013b. Standard Operating Procedures Series #2000, Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM), Montgomery, AL.
- ADEM. 2012. State of Alabama Water Quality Monitoring Strategy June 19, 2012. Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM), Montgomery, AL. 88 pp.<u>http:// www.adem.alabama.gov/programs/water/</u> wqsurvey/2012WQMonitoringStrategy
- Alabama Department of Environmental Management Water Division (ADEM Admin. Code R. 335-6-10-.09). 2010. Specific Water Quality Criteria. Water Quality Program. Chapter 10. Volume 1. Division 335-6.
- Alabama Department of Environmental Management Water Division (ADEM Admin. Code R. 335-6-10-.11). 2010. Water Quality Criteria Applicable to Specific Lakes. Water Quality Program. Chapter 10. Volume 1. Division 335-6.
- Carlson, R.E. 1977. A trophic state index. Limnology and Oceanography. 22(2):361-369.
- Raschke, R.L. and D.A. Schultz. 1987. The use of the algal growth potential test for data assessment. Journal of Water Pollution Control Federation 59(4):222-227.