

# 2013 Monitoring Summary



§303(d)/TMDL Monitoring Site

Swan Creek at the L&N Railroad Crossing in Limestone County (34.68372/-86.97067)

# BACKGROUND

Swan Creek, from its confluence with the Tennessee River to Brown's Ferry Road, has been on Alabama's Clean Water Act (CWA) §303(d) list of impaired waters since 2008. It is listed for nutrients from agricultural and municipal sources. In 2013, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) selected the Swan Creek watershed as part of the 2013 Tennessee River Basin Assessment Plan. The 2013 data will be used to assess the biological integrity of the site, develop Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDL's), and estimate overall water quality within the Tennessee River Basin. As part of this effort, habitat and macroinvertebrate assessments were conducted in Swan Creek at SWNL-380 on June 3, 2013.



Figure 1. Swan Creek at SWNL-380, June 3, 2013.

### WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed characteristics are summarized in Table 1. Swan Creek at SWNL-380 is a *Fish and Wildlife (F&W)* stream in Limestone County. Based on the 2006 National Land Cover Dataset, landuse within the watershed is primarily pasture and crops (48%), with some lightly developed areas (22%) and forest (18%). As of May 13, 2013, ADEM's NPDES Management System database showed 36 permitted discharges within the watershed, with almost half being for preconstruction activities.

#### **REACH CHARACTERISTICS**

General observations (Table 2) and a habitat assessment (Table 3) were completed during the macroinvertebrate assessment. In comparison with reference reaches in the Eastern Highland Rim ecoregion, they give an indication of the physical condition of the site, as well as the quality and availability of habitat. Swan Creek at SWNL-380 is a low-gradient, glide-pool stream characterized primarily by a gravel and cobble substrate (Figure 1). Overall habitat quality was categorized as *marginal*.

#### **BIOASSESSMENT RESULTS**

Benthic macroinvertebrate communities were sampled using ADEM's Intensive Multi-habitat Bioassessment methodology (WMB-I). The WMB-I measures taxonomic richness, community composition, and community tolerance to assess the overall health of the macroinvertebrate community. Each metric is scored on a 100 point scale. The final score is the average of all individual metric scores. Metric results indicated the macroinvertebrate community at SWNL-380 to be in *very poor* condition (Table 4).

Table 1. Summary of watersh	ed characteristics.						
Watershed Characteristics							
Basin		Tennessee River					
Drainage Area (mi <sup>2</sup> )		54					
Ecoregion <sup>a</sup>		71g					
% Landuse							
Open water		<1					
Wetland	Woody	4					
E	mergent herbaceous	<1					
Forest	Deciduous	11					
	Evergreen	3					
	Mixed	4					
Shrub/scrub		5					
Grassland/herbaceous		2					
Pasture/hay		32					
Cultivated crops		16					
Development	Open space	11					
	Low intensity	9					
	Moderate intensity	2					
	High intensity	<1					
Barren		<1					
Population/km <sup>2b</sup>		143					
# NPDES Permits <sup>c</sup>	TOTAL	36					
Construction Stormwater		15					
Industrial General		14					
Industrial Individual		2					
Underground Injection Co	5						

b. 2000 US Census

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c. #NPDES permits downloaded from ADEM's NPDES Management System database, May 13, 2013.

Table 2.	Physical characteristics	of Swan	Creek at	SWNL-380,	June 3
2013.					

Physical Characteristics							
Width (ft)		65					
Canopy Cover		Open					
Depth (ft)							
	Run	1.0					
	Pool	1.5					
% of Reach							
	Run	90					
	Pool	10					
% Substrate							
	Boulder	2					
	Cobble	30					
	Mud/Muck	2					
	Gravel	50					
	Sand	10					
	Silt	3					
	Organic Matter	3					

**Table 3.** Results of the habitat assessment conducted on Swan Creekat SWNL-380, June 3, 2013.

Habitat Assessment %Ma	aximum	Score Rating
Instream Habitat Quality	49	Marginal (41-58)
Sediment Deposition	53	Marginal (41-58)
Sinuosity	15	Poor (<45)
Bank and Vegetative Stability	70	Sub-optimal (60-74)
Riparian Buffer	78	Sub-optimal (70-89)
Habitat Assessment Score	129	
% Maximum Score	58	Marginal (41-58)

 Table 4. Results of the macroinvertebrate bioassessment conducted in

 Swan Creek at SWNL-380, June 3, 2013.

Macroinvertebrate Assessment							
	Results	Scores					
Taxa richness and diversity measures		(0-100)					
# EPT taxa	ı 7	13					
Shannon Diversity	3.08	18					
Taxonomic composition measures							
% EPT minus Baetidae and Hydropsychidae	1	1					
% Non-insect taxa	u 27	0					
Functional feeding group							
% Predator Individuals	6	18					
Community tolerance							
% Tolerant taxa	u 37	35					
WMB-I Assessment Score	·	14					
WMB-I Assessment Rating	[	Very Poor (0-14)					

## WATER CHEMISTRY

Results of water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 5. In situ measurements and water samples were collected monthly from March through October 2013, to help identify any stressors to the biological communities. A 72-hour diurnal study was also conducted to measure dissolved oxygen levels, but all data from this study was discarded due to unacceptable flow conditions. Analyses indicate that the median concentrations of chlorides and nutrients (total Kjeldahl nitrogen, total nitrogen, dissolved reactive phosphorous, and total phosphorous) were elevated in comparison with the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile of data collected at reference reaches within the Eastern Highland Rim Ecoregion (71g). Median conductivity and temperature were also higher than expected for this ecoregion.

**Table 5.** Summary of water quality data collected during 2013. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using minimum detection limits (MDL) when results were less than this value. Median, average (Avg), and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value.

Parameter	Ν		Min		Мах	Med	Avg	SD
Physical								
Temperature (°C)	9		6.5		27.0	23.8 <sup>M</sup>	20.0	6.7
Turbidity (NTU)	14		0.9		12.0	2.9	4.0	3.2
<sup>J</sup> Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	8		91.0		261.0	140.0	155.9	60.2
<sup>J</sup> Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	8		1.0		4.0	3.0	2.8	1.3
Specific Conductance (µmhos)	9		146.0		360.0	214.0 <sup>G</sup>	220.0	70.8
J Alkalinity (mg/L)	8		31.8		117.9	53.9	64.5	32.0
Stream Flow (cfs)	11		9.8		170.5	42.8	60.7	51.1
Chemical								
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	9		8.3		13.6	10.2	10.3	1.6
pH (su)	9		7.6		8.3	7.8	7.8	0.2
J Ammonia Nitrogen (mg/L)	8	<	0.010		0.170	0.009	0.040	0.057
J Nitrate+Nitrite Nitrogen (mg/L)	8		1.010		2.280	1.375	1.451	0.424
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L)	8		0.463		0.960	0.600 M	0.644	0.170
<sup>J</sup> Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	8		1.617		3.100	2.050 ™	2.096	0.496
Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus (mg/L)	8		0.011		0.164	0.054 <sup>M</sup>	0.070	0.055
Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	8		0.027		0.173	0.067 <sup>M</sup>	0.092	0.055
<sup>J</sup> CBOD-5 (mg/L)	6	<	2.0	<	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
Chlorides (mg/L)	8		4.8		21.4	<b>6.9</b> <sup>™</sup>	8.9	5.5
Biological								
Chlorophyll a (ug/L)	8	<	1.00		2.67	1.05	1.18	0.81

G=value higher than median concentration of all verified ecoregional reference reach data collected in the ecoregion 71g; J=estimate; M=value >90% of all verified ecoregional reference reach data collected in the ecoregion 71g; N=# samples.

#### SUMMARY

These data indicate that Swan Creek at SWNL-380 is currently maintaining Alabama's F&W use classification criteria. Bioassessment results indicated the macroinvertebrate community to be in *very poor* condition, with *marginal* habitat. Results of other data collected suggest stream temperature and conductivity, along with nutrient enrichment, to be potential causes of the degraded biological condition.

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