



2013 Monitoring Summary



Anderson Creek at Snake Road Bridge in Lauderdale County (34.85150/-87.23610)

BACKGROUND

Anderson Creek from Snake Road bridge to its source (AL06030002-1101-101) has been on Alabama's Clean Water Act (CWA) §303(d) list of impaired waters since 2008. It is listed for siltation from habitat altera-

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) monitored Anderson Creek at ANDL-8 to verify and document impairment caused by siltation. A macroinvertebrate and habitat assessment was conducted at the site to verify impairment to aquatic communities. The assessments were conducted on June 3, 2013.



Figure 1. Anderson Creek at ANDL-8, April 24, 2013.

WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed characteristics are summarized in Table 1. Anderson Creek lies within the Western Highland Rim (71f) ecoregion. It is classified as a Fish and Wildlife (F&W) stream located near the town of Anderson. Based on the 2006 National Land Cover Dataset, landuse within the watershead is largely comprised of pasture/hay (48%) and forest (29%). As of May 13, 2013, ADEM's NPDES Management System database shows nine NPDES permitted discharges located within the watershed.

REACH CHARACTERISTICS

General observations (Table 2) and a habitat assessment (Table 3) were completed during the macroinvertebrate assessment. In comparison with reference reaches in the same ecoregion, they give an indication of the physical condition of the site and the quality and availability of habitat. Anderson Creek at ANDL-8 is a wide, high-gradient stream characterized by bedrock and cobble and gravel substrates. Overall habitat quality was categorized as optimal (Figure 1). The reach was also characterized by a relatively straight stream channel with high instream habitat quality and low sediment deposition.

Table 1. Summary of watershed characteristics

Watershed Characteristics							
Basin		Tennessee River					
Drainage Area (mi ²)		49					
Ecoregion ^a		71f					
% Landuse							
Open water		<1					
Wetland	Woody	2					
]	Emergent herba-						
	ceous	<1					
Forest	Deciduous	22					
	Evergreen	3					
	Mixed	4					
Shrub/scrub		5					
Grassland/herbaceous		1					
Pasture/hay		48					
Cultivated crops		9					
Development	Open space	6					
	Low intensity	<1					
Me	oderate intensity	<1					
Population/km ^{2b}	17						
# NPDES Permits ^c	TOTAL	9					
Construction Stormwa	3						
Industrial General	2						
Municipal Individual	4						
a Wastam Highland Dim		•					

- a.Western Highland Rim
- b.2000 US Census
- c.#NPDES permits downloaded from ADEM's NPDES Management System database, May 13, 2013.

Table 2. Physical characteristics of Anderson Creek at ANDL-8, June 3, 2013.

Physical Characteristics		
Width (ft)	64	
Canopy Cover	Mostly Open	
Depth (ft)		
Riffle	0.3	
Run	0.7	
Pool	0.5	
% of Reach		
Riffle	10	
Run	45	
Pool	45	
% Substrate		
Bedrock	50	
Boulder	5	
Cobble	15	
Mud/Muck	2	
Gravel	15	
Sand	5	
Silt	5	
Organic Matter	3	

BIOASSESSMENT RESULTS

Benthic macroinvertebrate communities were sampled using ADEM's Intensive Multi-habitat Bioassessment methodology (WMB-I). Measures of taxonomic richness, community composition, and community tolerance are used to assess the overall health of the macroinvertebrate community in comparison to conditions expected in north Alabama streams and rivers. Each site is placed in one of six levels, ranging from 1, or natural to 6, or highly altered. The macroinvertebrate survey conducted in Anderson Creek at ANDL-8 rated the site as fair-poor. (Table 4). Relative abundance and numbers of pollution-sensitive taxa are lower than expected, while relative abundance and numbers of pollution-tolerant taxa have increased.

Table 3. Results of the habitat assessment conducted on Anderson Creek at ANDL-8, June 3, 2013.

Habitat Assessment	%Maximur	n Score Rating
Instream Habitat Quality	72	Optimal >70
Sediment Deposition	78	Optimal >70
Sinuosity	65	Sub-optimal (65-84)
Bank and Vegetative Stability	65	Sub-optimal (60-74)
Riparian Buffer	76	Sub-optimal (70-89)
Habitat Assessment Score	172	
% Maximum Score	71	Optimal >70

Table 4. Results of macroinvertebrate bioassessment conducted in Anderson Creek at ANDL-8, June 3, 2013.

Macroinvertebrate Assessment					
	Results				
Taxa richness and diversity measures					
Total # Taxa	57				
# EPT taxa	8				
Shannon Diversity	4.07				
# Highly-sensitive and Specialized Taxa	1				
Taxonomic composition measures					
% EPT minus Baetidae and Hydropsychidae	1				
% Non-insect taxa	14				
% Individuals in Dominant 5 Taxa	60				
Functional feeding group					
% Predator Individuals	9				
Community tolerance					
# Sensitive EPT	2				
% Sensitive taxa	5				
% Tolerant taxa	28				
WMB-I Assessment Score	4-				
WMB-I Assessment Rating	Fair-Poor				

WATER CHEMISTRY

Results of water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 5. In situ measurements and water samples were collected monthly, during March through October of 2013, to help identify any stressors to the biological communities. In situ parameters were measured during each site visit.

Anderson Creek at ANDL-8 met water quality criteria for its *Fish & Wildlife* use classification throughout the sampling season. The median concentration of Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus and Chlorides were above the 90th percentile of reference reach data collected within the Western Highland Rim ecoregion (71f).

SUMMARY

Bioassessment results indicated the macroinvertebrate community in Anderson Creek at ANDL-8 to be in *fair* condition. Overall habitat quality was categorized as *optimal* with high amount of instream habitat quality and low amount of sediment deposition. Additionally, intensive water chemistry results indicated higher than expected concentrations of dissolved reactive phosphorus and chlorides when compaired to the reference reaches in ecoregion 71f. Monitoring should continue to ensure that biological and water quality conditions remain stable.

Table 5. Summary of water quality data collected monthly March –October, 2013. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using minimum detection limits (MDL). Median, average (Avg), and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value.

	Parameter	N		Min		Max	Med	Avg	SD
	Physical								
	Temperature (°C)	9		11.0		25.9	23.0	20.9	4.9
	Turbidity (NTU)	13		1.2		7.6	2.7	3.3	2.0
J	Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	8		37.0		244.0	65.0	86.6	65.5
	Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	8		1.0		4.0	3.0	2.9	1.1
	Specific Conductance (µmhos)	9		67.0		135.0	109.0	101.9	22.3
J	Alkalinity (mg/L)	8		14.8		52.8	29.4	31.0	14.0
	Stream Flow (cfs)	12		10.4		103.1	33.2	38.8	25.6
	Chemical								
	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	9		7.5		11.1	8.9	9.0	1.1
	pH (su)	9		7.2		8.1	7.6	7.6	0.3
J	Ammonia Nitrogen (mg/L)	8	<	0.015		0.082	0.010	0.024	0.028
	Nitrate+Nitrite Nitrogen (mg/L)	8		0.623		1.000	0.921	0.900	0.120
	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L)	8	<	0.071		0.610	0.341	0.331	0.195
	Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	8	<	0.783		1.496	1.270	1.231	0.246
J	Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus (mg/L)	8		0.009		0.106	0.020 M	0.031	0.032
J	Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	8		0.014		0.114	0.032	0.043	0.032
J	CBOD-5 (mg/L)	7	<	2.0	<	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
J	Chlorides (mg/L)	8		1.4		8.3	2.8 ™	3.4	2.1
	Biological								
	Chlorophyll a (ug/L)	8	<	1.00		1.87	1.20	1.12	0.56

J=estimate; M=value > 90% of ADEM's verified reference reaches collected in ecoregion 71f; N=# samples.

FOR MORE INFORMATION, CONTACT:

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