

2012 Monitoring Summary



§303(d)/TMDL Monitoring Site

North River at Fayette County Road 30 (33.68073/-87.63150)

BACKGROUND

Since 1998, North River, from Lake Tuscaloosa to Ellis Creek (approximately 43 miles), has been on Alabama's Clean Water Act (CWA) §303(d) list of impaired waters for only partially meeting its *Fish and Wildlife (F&W)* water use classification. The segment was listed as impaired based on data collected in 1987 showing that abandoned surface mines had led to nutrients and siltation issues. Data collected in 2007 showed mercury from atmospheric deposition to be another cause of impairment.

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) monitored North River at NRRF-4 to verify and document impairment from nutrients, siltation and metals (mercury) at this site. A macroinvertebrate and habitat assessment were conducted to verify impairment to aquatic communities. Monthly water chemistry samples were collected to identify the causes of impairment. Results from these data may also be used in determination of Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) needs and priorities, which is set to be drafted in 2014.



Figure 1. North River at NRRF-4, May 3, 2012.

WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed characteristics are summarized in Table 1. North River at NRRF-4 is a *Fish & Wildlife (F&W)* stream located in Tuscaloosa County, approximately 27 miles north of Tuscaloosa. According to the 2006 National Land Cover Dataset, landuse within the watershed is approximately 80% forested. As of September 1, 2012, ADEM has issued two NPDES discharge permits in this watershed.

REACH CHARACTERISTICS

General observations (Table 2) and a habitat assessment (Table 3) were completed during the macroinvertebrate assessment. In comparison with reference reaches in the same ecoregion, they give an indication of the physical condition of the site and the quality and availability of habitat. North River at NRRF-4 is a riffle-run stream characterized by a mixture of cobble, bedrock, gravel and sand substrates, typical of streams in the Shale Hills (68f) ecoregion (Figure 1). Overall habitat quality was rated as *optimal*.

Table 1. Summary of watershed characteristics.

| Watershed Characteristics | | Black Warrior River |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Basin | | Black Warrior River |
| Drainage Area (mi²) | | 54 |
| Ecoregion^a | | 68f |
| % Landuse | | |
| Open water | | <1 |
| Wetland | Woody | 2 |
| | Emergent herbaceous | <1 |
| Forest | Deciduous | 34 |
| | Evergreen | 32 |
| | Mixed | 14 |
| Shrub/scrub | | 8 |
| Grassland/herbaceous | | 5 |
| Pasture/hay | | 3 |
| Cultivated crops | | <1 |
| Development | Open space | 2 |
| | Low intensity | <1 |
| | Moderate intensity | <1 |
| Population/km^{2b} | | 4 |
| # NPDES Permits^c | TOTAL | 2 |
| | 401 Water Quality Certification | 2 |

a. Shale Hills

b. 2000 US Census

c. #NPDES permits downloaded from ADEM's NPDES Management System database, September 1, 2012.

Table 2. Physical characteristics of North River at NRRF-4, May 3, 2012.

| Physical Characteristics | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Canopy cover | Mostly Open |
| Width (ft) | 25 |
| Depth (ft) | |
| | Riffle 1 |
| | Run 1.5 |
| | Pool 1.5 |
| % of Reach | |
| | Riffle 30 |
| | Run 60 |
| | Pool 10 |
| % Substrate | |
| | Bedrock 15 |
| | Boulder 5 |
| | Cobble 30 |
| | Gravel 15 |
| | Sand 15 |
| | Silt 10 |
| | Organic Matter 10 |

Table 3. Results of the habitat assessment conducted on North River at NRRF-4, May 3, 2012.

| Habitat Assessment | % Maximum Score | Rating |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Instream Habitat Quality | 68 | Sub-optimal (59-70) |
| Sediment Deposition | 78 | Optimal (> 70) |
| Sinuosity | 85 | Optimal (> 84) |
| Bank and Vegetative Stability | 64 | Sub-optimal (60-74) |
| Riparian Buffer | 58 | Marginal (50-69) |
| Habitat Assessment Score | 170 | |
| % Maximum score | 71 | Optimal (> 70) |

BIOASSESSMENT RESULTS

Benthic macroinvertebrate communities were sampled using ADEM's Intensive Multi-habitat Bioassessment methodology (WMB-I). The WMB-I uses measures of taxonomic richness, community composition, and community tolerance to assess the overall health of the macroinvertebrate community. Each metric is scored on a 100 point scale in comparison to reference sites in the same ecoregion. The final score is the average of all individual metric scores. Metric results indicated the macroinvertebrate community to be in *fair* condition (Table 4).

Table 4. Results of the macroinvertebrate bioassessment conducted at North River at NRRF-4, May 3, 2012.

| Macroinvertebrate Assessment | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | Results | Scores | |
| Taxa richness measures | | (0-100) | |
| | # EPT taxa | 17 | 57 |
| Taxonomic composition measures | | | |
| | % Non-insect taxa | 10 | 61 |
| | % Dominant taxon | 24 | 65 |
| | % EPC taxa | 33 | 62 |
| Functional feeding group measures | | | |
| | % Predators | 10 | 35 |
| Tolerance measures | | | |
| | % Taxa as Tolerant | 30 | 55 |
| | WMB-I Assessment Score | --- | 56 |
| | WMB-I Assessment Rating | | Fair (39-58) |

WATER CHEMISTRY

Results of water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 5. When possible, in situ measurements and water samples were collected monthly from April through October 2012 to help identify potential stressors to the biological communities.

Stream flow ranged from 65.5 cfs in April to 1.8 cfs in July. The lowest stream flows were experienced in July, August (3.5 cfs) and September (3.6 cfs). Dissolved oxygen concentrations did not meet the *F&W* use classification criterion of 5.0 mg/L during this three month period. Median values of specific conductance were higher than expected based on verified reference reach data collected in ecoregion 68.

Table 5. Summary of water quality data collected April-October, 2012. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using minimum detection limits (MDL) when results were less than this value for non-metals parameters. Median, average (Avg), and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value.

| Parameter | N | Min | Max | Med | Avg | SD | E |
|---|----|------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|-------|---|
| Physical | | | | | | | |
| Temperature (°C) | 11 | 11.1 | 26.6 | 22.1 | 21.9 | 4.4 | |
| Turbidity (NTU) | 11 | 4.6 | 45.3 | 10.5 | 14.6 | 12.0 | |
| Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L) | 8 | 58.0 | 114.0 | 95.0 | 91.0 | 17.8 | |
| Total Suspended Solids (mg/L) | 8 | < 1.0 | 19.0 | 2.0 | 5.9 | 7.1 | |
| Specific Conductance (µmhos) | 11 | 71.1 | 158.3 | 122.5 ^M | 112.4 | 30.5 | |
| Alkalinity (mg/L) | 8 | 9.5 | 45.8 | 18.8 | 22.0 | 12.3 | |
| Stream Flow (cfs) | 6 | 1.8 | 65.2 | 7.1 | 16.4 | 24.4 | |
| Chemical | | | | | | | |
| Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) | 11 | 3.7 ^C | 8.6 | 6.9 | 6.2 | 1.6 | 3 |
| pH (su) | 11 | 6.2 | 7.4 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 0.3 | |
| Ammonia Nitrogen (mg/L) | 8 | < 0.007 | 0.051 | 0.004 | 0.010 | 0.017 | |
| ^J Nitrate+Nitrite Nitrogen (mg/L) | 8 | < 0.005 | 0.254 | 0.035 | 0.062 | 0.082 | |
| ^J Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L) | 8 | < 0.041 | 0.350 | 0.171 | 0.163 | 0.124 | |
| ^J Total Nitrogen (mg/L) | 8 | < 0.023 | 0.441 | 0.252 | 0.225 | 0.162 | |
| ^J Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus (mg/L) | 8 | < 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.005 | 0.004 | 0.002 | |
| Total Phosphorus (mg/L) | 8 | 0.011 | 0.065 | 0.017 | 0.024 | 0.017 | |
| ^J CBOD-5 (mg/L) | 8 | < 2.0 | < 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | |
| Chlorides (mg/L) | 8 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 0.3 | |
| Biological | | | | | | | |
| Chlorophyll a (ug/L) | 8 | < 0.10 | 2.14 | 0.05 | 0.50 | 0.76 | |

C= *F&W* criteria violated; E=# samples that exceeded criteria; J=estimate; M=value >90% of all verified ecoregional reference reach data collected in the ecoregion 68; N=# samples;

SUMMARY

Since 1998, North River, from Lake Tuscaloosa to Ellis Creek has been on Alabama's CWA §303(d) list of impaired waters for only partially meeting its *F&W* water use classification. The segment was listed as impaired by nutrient enrichment and siltation/habitat degradation.

Macroinvertebrate sampling indicated the macroinvertebrate community to be in *fair* condition. Dissolved oxygen concentrations were low during July, August, and September when stream flows were at their lowest. Habitat assessment results indicated North River at NRRF-4 to be in *optimal* condition, with a mixture of stable substrates. Nutrient concentrations were similar to the 90th percentile of data collected at least-impaired reference reaches in ecoregion 68.

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