

Rivers and Reservoirs Monitoring Program

Indian Creek Embayment Wheeler Reservoir Intensive Basin Survey 2009

WHEL-3: Indian Creek approx 1 mi upstream of confluence with TN River (Madison Co 34.58431/-86.72915)

BACKGROUND

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) began monitoring lake water quality statewide in 1985, followed by a second statewide survey in 1989. In 1990, the Reservoir Water Quality Monitoring Program (now known as the Rivers and Reservoirs Monitoring Program (RRMP) was initiated by ADEM.

The current objectives of this program are to provide data that can be used to assess current water quality conditions, identify trends in water quality conditions and to develop Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) and water quality criteria. Descriptions of all RRMP monitoring activities are available in ADEM's 2012 Monitoring Strategy (ADEM 2012).

In 2009, ADEM monitored the Indian Creek tributary embayment of Wheeler Reservoir as part of the intensive basin assessment of the Tennessee River under the RRMP. This site was selected using histori- Figure 1. Photo of Indian Creek at WHEL-3 cal data and previous assessments. The purpose of this report is to summarize data collected in the Indian Creek embayment (WHEL-3) during the 2009 growing season (Apr-Oct). This is the second intensive basin assessment of the Tennessee River since ADEM began sampling on a basin rotation. Monthly and/or mean concentrations of nutrients [total nitrogen (TN); total phosphorus (TP)], algal biomass/ productivity [chl a; algal growth potential testing (AGPT)], sediment [total suspended solids (TSS)], and trophic state [Carlson's trophic state index (TSI)] from 2009 were compared to ADEM's 2003 data and established criteria.

WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed land uses are summarized in Table 1. Indian Creek is classified as a Public Water Supply/Fish & Wildlife (PWS/F&W) stream located in the Eastern Highland Rim ecoregion (71g). Based on the 2006 National Land Cover Dataset, land use within the 191 mi² watershed is predominantly developed (44%) (Fig. 3). As of October 1, 2013, ADEM has issued a total of 294 NPDES permits within the watershed. Nineteen of those permits are located within 10 mi of the station (Fig. 2).

SITE DESCRIPTION

The Indian Creek embayment at WHEL-3 is located just south of Redstone Arsenal near Huntsville, AL. Nearly the entire watershed is contained within the Huntsville city limits. It is a riverine embayment that flows into the Tennessee River near river mile 321. Indian Creek has a mean bottom depth of 4.64 m (Table 2) at the sampling location.



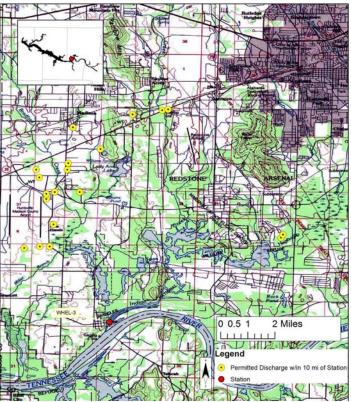


Figure 2. Map of Indian Creek embayment of Wheeler Reservoir. Though additional permits may occur in the watershed (Table 1), only permitted discharges within 10 miles upstream of the station are displayed on the map.

METHODS

Water quality assessments were conducted at monthly intervals, April-October. All samples were collected, preserved, stored, and transported according to procedures in the ADEM Field Operations Division Standard Operating Procedures (ADEM 2009), Surface Water Quality Assurance Project Plan (ADEM 2008a), and Quality Management Plan (ADEM 2008b).

Mean growing season TN, TP, chl a, and TSS were calculated to evaluate water quality conditions. Monthly concentrations of these parameters were graphed with ADEM's previously collected data to help interpret the 2009 results. Carlson's TSI was calculated from the corrected chl a concentrations.

RESULTS

The following discussion of results is limited to those parameters which directly affect trophic status or parameters which have established criteria. Results of all water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 2.

Table 1: Summary of Watershed	WHEL-3
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Table 1. Summary of Watershed	WILL-5		
Basin	Tennessee R		
Drainage Area (mi ²)	191		
Ecoregion ^a	71g		
% Land use			
Open Water	1%		
Developed Open Space	16%		
Low Intensity	20%		
Medium Intensity	6%		
High Intensity	2%		
Barren Land	<1%		
Forest Deciduous Forest	13%		
Evergreen Forest	5%		
Mixed Forest	3%		
Shrub/Scrub	4%		
Herbaceous	1%		
Hay/Pasture	12%		
Cultivated Crops	11%		
Wetlands Woody	6%		
Emergent Herb.	<1%		
# NPDES Permits ^b TOTAL	294		
401 Water Quality Certificatior	26		
Construction Stormwater	179		
Mining	5		
Small Mining	4		
Industrial General	54		
Industrial Individual	6		
MS4	1		
Municipal Individual	4		
Underground Injection Control	15		

a. Eastern Highland Rim

b. #NP DES permits do wnlo aded from ADEM's

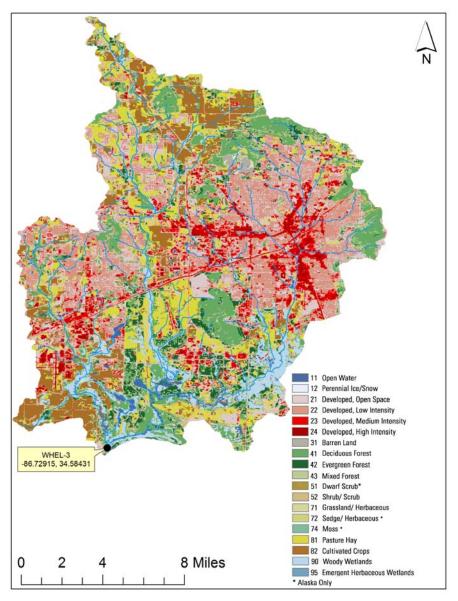


Figure 3. Land use within the Indian Creek watershed at WHEL-3.

The axis ranges of the graphs in Figs. 4-6 were set to maximum values reservoir wide so all embayment reports on the same reservoir could be compared.

The mean growing season TN value was lower in 2009 than in 2003 (Fig. 4). Monthly TN concentrations generally decreased April through September with highest concentrations in April and October.

The mean growing season TP concentration was slightly higher in 2009 (Fig. 4). The highest monthly TP concentration was in April. Concentrations were similar May-October.

In 2009, the growing season mean chl a value was higher than 2003 (Fig. 4). Monthly chl a concentrations were highest from May-July and September.

Mean TSI was eutrophic in 2009, an increase in trophic status since 2003. Monthly TSI in Indian Creek was eutrophic May-July and September-October (Fig. 4).

The mean growing season TSS value was higher in 2009 than 2003 (Fig. 5). Monthly TSS concentration was highest in May.

AGPT results show that WHEL-3 was phosphorus limited in both 2003 and 2009 (Table 3). Though much higher in 2003, the mean maximum standing crop (MSC) value from 2009 was just below the 5.0 mg/L value that Raschke and Schultz (1987) defined as protective of reservoir and lake systems.

The DO concentration in the WHEL-3 station was above the ADEM criteria limit of NP DES Management System database, Oct 1, 2013. 5.0 mg/l at 5.0 ft (1.5 m) in all months though it was near the limit in August (ADEM Admin. Code R. 335-6-10-.09) (Fig. 6).



Figure 4. Mean growing season (2003-2009) and monthly (April-October, 2009) TN, TP, chl a and TSI measured in the Indian Creek embayment of Wheeler Reservoir. Vertical axis ranges are set to maximum values reservoir-wide for comparability between embayment reports within the same reservoir.

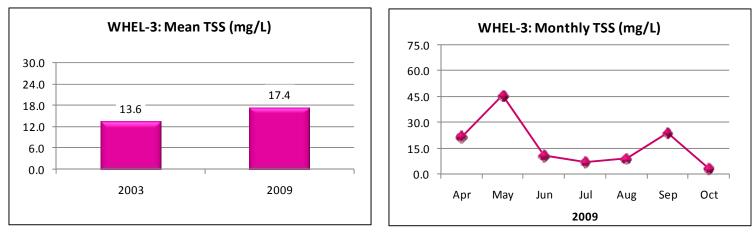


Figure 5. Mean growing season and monthly TSS measured in the Indian Creek embayment of Wheeler Reservoir.

Table 2. Summary of water quality data collected April-October, 2009. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using minimum detection limits. Median (Med), Mean, and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value.

WHEL-3	Ν	Min	Мах	Med	Mean	SD
Physical						
Turbidity (NTU)	7	13.2	44.9	14.8	19.6	11.3
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L) ^J	7	90.0	160.0	114.0	123.1	26.7
Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	7	3.0	46.0	11.0	17.4	14.8
Hardness (mg/L)	3	94.0	119.0	105.0	106.0	12.5
Alkalinity (mg/L)	7	64.8	115.0	101.0	98.2	16.4
Photic Zone (m)	7	1.15	2.73	2.11	2.05	0.50
Secchi (m)	7	0.41	0.97	0.63	0.69	0.19
Bottom Depth (m)	7	3.90	5.30	4.80	4.64	0.56
Chemical						
Ammonia Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	< 0.006	0.059	0.007	0.015	0.020
Nitrate+Nitrite Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	0.060	0.507	0.162	0.262	0.197
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	< 0.089	0.560	0.290	0.315	0.174
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	< 0.192	0.988	0.490	0.576	0.321
Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus $(mg/L)^J$	7	0.007	0.022	0.014	0.015	0.006
Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	7	0.047	0.095	0.064	0.065	0.016
CBOD-5 (mg/L)	7	< 2.0	3.7	1.0	1.4	1.0
Chlorides (mg/L)	7	2.4	6.3	4.8	4.5	1.2
Biological						
Chlorophyll a (ug/L)	7	< 0.10	30.97	22.25	17.31	12.08
Fecal Coliform (col/100 mL) ^J	3	10	55	10	25	25

J= one or more of the values is an estimate; N= # samples.

Table 3. Algal growth potential test results (expressed as mean MSC) dry weights of *Selenastrum capricornutum* in mg/L) and limiting nutrient status. MSC values below 5 mg/L are considered to be protective in reservoirs and lakes (Raschke and Schultz 1987).

Year	Mean MSC	Limiting Nutrient
8/19/2003	10.13	PHOSPHORUS
8/18/2009	4.87	PHOSPHORUS

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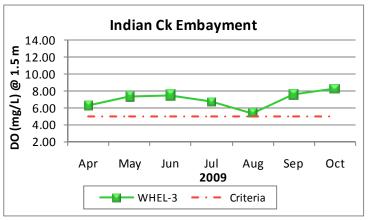


Figure 6. Monthly DO concentrations at 1.5 m (5 ft) for Indian Creek embayment station of Wheeler Reservoir collected April-October 2009. ADEM Water Quality Criteria pertaining to reservoir waters require a DO concentration of 5.0 mg/L at this depth.

REFERENCES

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