

# 2008 Monitoring Summary

# Patrick Creek at Coffee County Road 368 (31.43840/-86.11210)

# BACKGROUND

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) selected the Patrick Creek watershed for biological and water quality monitoring as part of the 2008 Assessment of the Southeast Alabama (SE-AL) River Basins. The objectives of the SE AL Basin Assessments were to assess the biological integrity of each monitoring site and to estimate overall water quality within the SE AL basin group.

The screening assessments were conducted at stream reaches where land use estimates and non-point source information from the local Soil and Water Conservation Districts indicated a moderate or high potential for impairment from non-point sources in non-urban areas. Results of the 2004 screening-level evaluation identified Patrick Creek at PATC-1 for further monitoring during the 2008 Basin Assessment of the Southeast Alabama (SE-AL) River Basins to more fully assess biological conditions at the site, as well as the extent and cause of any impairment.



Figure 1. Sampling location and landuse within the Patrick Creek watershed at PATC-1.

## WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed characteristics are summarized in Table 1. Patrick Creek is a small *Fish & Wildlife (F&W)* stream in Coffee County, northwest of Elba (Figure 1). It is a tributary of the Pea River. Based on the 2000 National Land Cover Dataset, land use within the watershed is primarily forest (65%) with some shrub/scrub. Population density is low. As of February 23, 2011, no NPDES permits have been issued in the watershed.

## **REACH CHARACTERISTICS**

<u>General observations</u> (Table 2) and a <u>habitat assessment</u> (Table 3) were completed during the macroinvertebrate assessment. In comparison with reference reaches in the same ecoregion, they give an indication of the physical condition of the site and the quality and availability of habitat. Patrick Creek at PATC-1 is a low gradient glide-pool stream. Instream substrates were dominated by sand. The overall habitat score was similar to reference reaches in other areas of the coastal plain. However, lack of instream habitat was noted as a concern.

#### **BIOASSESSMENT RESULTS**

Benthic macroinvertebrate communities were sampled using ADEM's <u>Intensive Multi-habitat Bioassessment methodology (WMB-I)</u>. Table 4 summarizes results of taxonomic richness, community composition, and community tolerance metrics. Data collected at PATC-1 may be used to develop an index of ADEM's WMB-I for sub/ecoregion (65d).

Table 1. Summary of watershed characteristics.						
Watershed Characteristics						
Basin		Choctawhatchee				
		River				
Drainage Area (mi <sup>2</sup> )	1	9				
Ecoregion <sup>a</sup>		65d				
% Landuse						
Open water		1				
Wetland	Woody	3				
	Emergent herbaceous	<1				
Forest	Deciduous	11				
	Evergreen	37				
	Mixed	17				
Shrub/scrub		14				
Grassland/herbaceous		<1				
Pasture/hay		6				
Cultivated crops		8				
Development	Open space	3				
	Low intensity	<1				
Population/km <sup>2b</sup>		8				

a.Southern Hilly Gulf Coastal Plain

b.2000 US Census

**Table 2.** Physical characteristics of Patrick Creek at PATC-1,May 22, 2008.

Physical Characteristics				
Width (ft)		15		
Canopy Cover		Mostly Shaded		
Depth (ft)				
	Run	1.0		
	Pool	2.2		
% of Reach				
	Run	80		
	Pool	20		
% Substrate				
	Clay	3		
	Mud/Muck	2		
	Sand	80		
	Silt	5		
	Organic Matter	10		

Table 3. Results of the habitat assessment conducted in Patrick Creek at PATC-1, May 22, 2008.

Habitat Assessment	%Maximum Score			
Instream Habitat Qualit	y 43			
Sediment Deposition	n 59			
Sinuosit	y 68			
Bank and Vegetative Stabilit	y 58			
Riparian Buffe	er 86			
Habitat Assessment Score	129			
% Maximum Score	58			

**Table 4.** Results of the macroinvertebrate bioassessmentconducted in Patrick Creek at PATC-1, May 22, 2008.

Macroinvertebrate Assessment				
	Results			
Taxa richness measures				
# EPT genera	8			
Taxonomic composition measures				
% Non-insect taxa	13			
% Plecoptera	2			
% Dominant taxa	18			
Functional composition measures				
% Predators	34			
Tolerance measures				
Beck's community tolerance index	2			
% Nutrient tolerant organisms	16			
WMB-I Assessment Score				

#### WATER CHEMISTRY

Results of water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 5. In situ measurements and water samples were collected July, September, and November 2008 to help identify any stressors to the biological communities. In situ parameters were also measured during the macroinvertebrate assessment. Patrick Creek at PATC-1 met F&W use classification criteria for temperature, turbidity, and dissolved oxygen. Metals concentrations of samples collected were generally below detection limits, except for Zinc, which exceeded F&W Aquatic Life Use Criteria on September 16, 2008. Organics and semi-volatile samples were all less than MDL.

## SUMMARY

Patrick Creek at PATC-1 was typical of other streams in the Southeastern Plains, which are generally low-gradient streams with sand substrates. Land use, road density, and population density categorized Patrick Creek among the least disturbed watersheds in the Southern Hilly Gulf Coastal Plain sub-ecoregion (65d). Habitat, bioassessment and water quality data suggest that the reach is similar to reference reaches in other areas of the coastal plain. **Table 5.** Summary of water quality data collected during 2008. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using minimum detection limits (MDL) when results were less than this value. Median, average (Avg), and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value.

Parameter	Ν	Min	Мах	Med	Ανα	SD I	F O
Physical			max	mou			
Temperature (°C)	4	9.1	25.2	21.9	19.5	7.2	
Turbidity (NTU)	4	9.2	16.0	12.4	12.5	3.4	
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	3	14.0	44.0	22.0	26.7	15.5	
Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	3	1.0	5.0	2.0	2.7	2.1	
Specific Conductance (umhos)	4	50.4	58.4	52	53.2	3.7	
Hardness (mg/L)	3	8.6	20.9	8.8	12.8	7.0	
Alkalinity (mg/L)	3	11.2	16.3	13.2	13.6	2.6	
Stream Flow (cfs)	4	1.3	2.0	1.5	1.6	0.3	
Chemical							
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	4	7.1	9.6	7.3	7.8	1.2	
pH (su)	4	6.6	6.8	6.7	6.7	0.0	
Ammonia Nitrogen (mg/L)	3	< 0.014	0.024	0.008	0.013	0.010	
Nitrate+Nitrite Nitrogen (mg/L)	3	0.032	0.165	0.105	0.101	0.067	
Total Kieldahl Nitrogen (mg/L)	3	< 0.141	0.308	0.185	0.188	0.119	
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	3	< 0.102	0.473	0.290	0.288	0.185	
Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus (mg/L)	3	0.010	0.012	0.010	0.011	0.001	
Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	3	0.024	0.027	0.025	0.025	0.002	
CBOD-5 (mg/L)	3	< 10	27	0.020	12	13	
COD (mg/L)	3	< 20	15.1	9.0	8.4	71	
Chlorides (mg/L)	3	3.8	55	5.1	4.8	0.9	
Atrazine (ug/L)	2	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.02	0.02	0.0	
Total Metals	2	< 0.00	. 0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	
Aluminum (ma/L)	3	0.024	0.114	0.096	0.078	0.048	
ron (mg/L)	3	1.930	3.210	2.300	2.480	0.659	
Manganese (mg/L)	3	0.049	0.112	0.082	0.081	0.032	
Dissolved Metals							
Aluminum (mg/L)	3	< 0.015	< 0.019	0.01	0.009	0.001	
Antimony (µg/L)	3	< 2.0	< 2.0	1.0	0.1	0.0	
Arsenic (µg/L)	3	< 1.6	< 2.2	1.1	1.0	0.2	
Cadmium (mg/L)	3	< 0.003	< 0.005	0.002	0.002	0.001	
Chromium (mg/L)	3	< 0.004	< 0.013	0.006	0.005	0.003	
Copper (mg/L)	3	< 0.005	< 0.013	0.006	0.005	0.002	
ron (mg/L)	3	0.401	0.924	0.483	0.603	0.281	
Lead (µg/L)	3	< 0.6	< 1.5	0.7	0.6	0.3	
Manganese (mg/L)	3	0.046	0.106	0.075	0.076	0.030	
Mercury (µg/L)	3	< 0.0	< 0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Nickel (mg/L)	3	< 0.004	0.015 <sup>A</sup>	0.003	0.007	0.007	1
Selenium (µg/L)	3	< 1.5	< 1.6	0.8	0.8	0.0	
Silver (mg/L)	3	< 0.002	< 0.003	0.001	0.001	0.000	
Thallium (µg/L)	3	< 0.5	< 0.6	0.3	0.3	0.0	
Zinc (mg/L)	3	< 0.003	0.093 <sup>A</sup>	0.003	0.033	0.052	1
Biological							
Chlorophyll a (ug/L)	3	< 0.10	1.07	0.05	0.39	0.59	
Fecal Coliform (col/100 mL)	3	62	170	120	117	54	

A=*F*&*W* aquatic life use criterion exceeded; E= # samples that exceed criterion; J=estimate; N=# samples; Q= # uncertain exceedances;

FOR MORE INFORMATION, CONTACT: Hugh Cox, ADEM Environmental Indicator Section 1350 Coliseum Boulevard Montgomery, AL 36110 (334) 260-2753 hec@adem.state.al.us