



Moores Mill Creek at Chewacla Park Road (32.55689/-85.46994)

BACKGROUND

Moores Mill Creek from Chewacla Creek to its source has been on Alabama's Clean Water Act (CWA) §303(d) list of impaired waters for not meeting its Swimming and Fish and Wildlife (S/F&W) water use classifications since 2000. It is listed for siltation (habitat alteration) from land development and urban runoff/storm sewers and is scheduled for TMDL development by 2012).

Moores Mill Creek was monitored at MMLT-1c to asses the biological integrity of the site and to document impairment from siltation. Moores Mill Creek was also monitored upstream of MMLT-1c at MMCL-1. A macroinvertebrate survey and habitat assessment were conducted to verify impairment to aquatic communities. Monthly water chemistry samples were collected to identify the causes of impairment. Results from these data may also be used in determination of Total Maximum Daily Load needs and priorities.



Figure 1. Sampling location and landuse within the Moores Mill Creek watershed at MMLT-1c.

WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed characteristics are summarized in Table 1. Moores Mill Creek at Chewacla Park Road is a second order stream located near Auburn. AL within the Southern Lower Piedmont ecoregion. The southern Lower Piedmont is characterized by low to moderate gradient streams with cobble, gravel and sandy substrates (Griffith et al. 2001).

The Moores Mill Creek watershed encompasses portions of the cities of Auburn and Opelika, AL. Landuse within the watershed is primarily development (46%) and forest (33%) (Figure 1).

REACH CHARACTERISTICS

General observations (Table 2) and habitat assessments (Table 3) were completed during the macroinvertebrate assessment. In comparison with reference reaches in the same ecoregion, they give an indication of the physical condition of the site and the quality and availability of habitat. Moores Mill Creek at MMLT-1c is a low gradient, sand bottomed stream in the Tallapoosa River watershed. Overall habitat quality was categorized as marginal due to poor sinuosity and marginal in-stream habitat, sediment deposition, and unstable banks.

These results support the findings of a stream walk survey conducted by ADEM and Tetra Tech, Inc. during the fall of 2005 (Tetra Tech, Inc. 2006). A lack of sinuosity and heavy sedimentation were noted. The sedimentation was attributed to the effect of a reservoir downstream slowing velocity and allowing the deposition of coarse material.

Table 1. Summary of watershed characteristics at MMLT-1c, 2005.

Watershed Characteristics				
Drainage Area (mi ²)		11		
Ecoregion ^a		45b		
% Landuse				
Open water		1		
Wetland	Woody	<1		
Forest	Deciduous	24		
	Evergreen	9		
	Mixed	1		
Shrub/scrub		3		
Grassland/herbaceous		1		
Pasture/hay		11		
Cultivated crops		1		
Development	Open space	23		
	Low intensity	17		
	Moderate intensity	5		
	High intensity	1		
Barren		1		
Population/km ^{2b}		324		
# NPDES Permits ^c	TOTAL	146		
401 Water Quality Certification	on	1		
Construction Stormwater		144		
Industrial General		1		

Southeastern Flood Plains and Low Terraces

b. 2000 US Census data

c. # NPDES permits in ADEM's NPDES Management System database, 9 June 2008.

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BIOASSESSMENT RESULTS

Benthic macroinvertebrate communities were sampled using ADEM's Intensive Multi-habitat Bioassessment methodology (WMB-I). The WMB-I uses measures of taxonomic richness, community composition, and community tolerance to assess the overall health of the macroinvertebrate community. Each metric is scored on a 100 point scale. The final score is an average of the score for each metric. The macroinvertebrate community was rated *poor* (Table 4) due to *poor* ratings in # EPT and % Dominant Taxa and *very poor* rankings in % plecoptera, % predators and % nutrient tolerant organisms.

 Table 2.
 Physical characteristics at MMLT-1c conducted June 15, 2005.

Physical characteristics			
Width (ft)		25	
Canopy cover		Mostly Shaded	
Depth (ft)			
	Run	0.8	
	Pool	2.3	
% of Reach			
	Run	75	
	Pool	25	
% Substrate			
	Gravel	10	
	Sand	85	
	Silt	3	
	Organic Matter	2	

Table 3. Habitat assessment results at MMLT-1c conducted June 15, 2005.

Habitat Assessment (% Maximum Score)		Rating		
Instream habitat quality	49	Marginal (41-58)		
Sediment deposition	58	Marginal (41-58)		
Sinuosity	40	Poor (<45)		
Bank and vegetative stability	49	Marginal (35-59)		
Riparian buffer	79	Sub-optimal (70-90)		
Habitat assessment score	123			
% Maximum score	56	Marginal (41-58)		

Table 4. The macroinvertebrate assessment results from MMLT-1c, June 15, 2005.

Macroinvertebrate Assessment				
	Results	Scores	Rating	
Taxa richness measures		(0-100)		
# EPT genera	6	24	Poor (19-37)	
Taxonomic composition measures				
% Non-insect taxa	3	100	Excellent (>96.34)	
% Plecoptera	0	0	Very Poor (<1.86)	
% Dominant taxa	37	33	Poor (23.5-47.0)	
Functional composition measures				
% Predators	6	0	Very Poor (<15.1)	
Tolerance measures				
Beck's community tolerance index	5	23	Fair (21.2-31.8)	
% Nutrient tolerant organisms	57	21	Very Poor (<25.4)	
WMB-I Assessment Score		29	Poor (19-37)	

Table 5. Summary of water quality data collected March-October, 2005 at
MMLT-1c. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using
minimum detection limits (MDL) when results were less than this value. Me-
dian, average (Avg), and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by
multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value.

Parameter	Ν	Min	Мах	Median	Avg	SD
Physical						
Temperature (°C)	7	17.0	29.0	25.0	23.0	4.9
Turbidity (NTU)	7	7.8	79.6	26.8 ^M	29.7	25.7
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	7	22.0	115.0	86.5 ^M	79.0	32.4
Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	7	5.0	66.0	20.5	25.5	21.8
Specific Conductance (µmhos)	7	76.6	120.4	105.2 ^M	104.6	14.8
Hardness (mg/L)	4	34.9	57.0	39.5 ^M	40.0	5.4
Alkalinity (mg/L)	7	5.8	53.8	41.5 ^M	34.8	15.1
Stream Flow (cfs)	7	10.8	111.3	14.7	30.1	
Chemical						
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	7	7.4	10.4	8.5	8.5	1.1
pH (su)	7	7.0	7.81	7.5	7.5	0.3
Ammonia Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	< 0.01	0.026	0.020	0.015	0.008
Nitrate+Nitrite Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	0.188	3 0.376	0.225 ^M	0.261	0.071
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	< 0.150	1.039	0.294 ^M	0.384	0.339
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	0.300	1.227	0.589	0.645	0.314
Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus (mg/L)	6	< 0.004	0.019	0.008	0.011	0.006
Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	7	0.026	0.062	0.039	0.042	0.012
CBOD-5 (mg/L)	7	< 0.7	5.4	1.6	2.1	1.7
Chlorides (mg/L)	7	4.3	6.6	5.4 ^M	5.5	0.8
Biological						
Chlorophyll a (µg/L)	1				1.78	
Fecal Coliform (col/100 mL)	7	70	1600	205	575	690

N=# samples; M=value > 90th percentile of all data collected within eco-region 45.

WATER CHEMISTRY

Results of water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 5. In situ measurements and water samples were collected monthly from March through October of 2005 to help identify any stressors to the biological communities. One of seven measures of turbidity, recorded during a high flow event, was >50 NTU higher than background levels in ecoregion 45 based on the 90th percentile of all least impaired reference reach data in ecoregion 45. Physical parameters whose median concentrations exceeded expected concentrations for ecoregion 45 include total dissolved solids, specific conductance, hardness and alkalinity. Chemical parameters whose median concentrations exceeded expected concentrations for ecoregion 45 include nitrate+nitrite-nitrogen, total Kjeldahl nitrogen, and chlorides (Table 5).

CONCLUSIONS

The bioassessment results indicated the macroinvertebrate community to be in *poor* condition. Overall habitat quality was categorized as *marginal* due to *marginal* in-stream habitat, sedimentation, and bank and vegetative stability, and *poor* sinuosity. Median physical (turbidity, total dissolved solids, specific conductance, hardness and alkalinity) and chemical (nitrate+nitrite-nitrogen, total Kjeldahl nitrogen, and chlorides) concentrations were above values expected in this ecoregion. The *poor* bioassessment results and turbidity value exceeding the expected value for ecoregion 45 support the 303(d) listing of Moores Mill Creek.

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