2005 Monitoring Summary



Basin Assessment Site

Goodwater Creek at Rigsby Road, Elmore County 32.44211/86.0086)

BACKGROUND

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) selected the Goodwater Creek watershed for biological and water quality monitoring as part of the 2005 Assessment of the Alabama, Coosa, and Tallapoosa (ACT) River Basins. The objectives of the ACT Basin Assessments were to assess the biological integrity of each monitoring site and to estimate overall water quality within the ACT basin group.

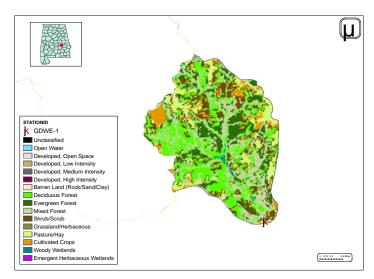


Figure 1. Sampling location and landuse within the Goodwater Creek watershed at GDWF-1

WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS

Watershed characteristics are summarized in Table 1. Goodwater Creek is a small *Fish & Wildlife (F&W)* stream located in Elmore County (Fig. 1). Landuse within the watershed is primarily forest (64%), with some shrub and pasture areas.

REACH CHARACTERISTICS

General observations (Table 2) and habitat assessments (Table 3) were completed during the macroinvertebrate assessment. In comparison with reference reaches in the same ecoregion, they give an indication of the physical condition of the site and the quality and availability of habitat. Goodwater Creek at GDWE-1 is a high-gradient, riffle-run stream characterized by gravel, cobble and sand substrates in the Fall Line Hills ecoregion (65i). Overall habitat quality was categorized as *optimal* due to in-stream habitat and sinuosity.

Table 1. Summary of watershed characteristics.

Watershed Characteristics						
Drainage Area (mi ²)		11				
Ecoregion ^a		65i				
% Landuse						
Wetland	Woody	1				
Forest	Deciduous	27				
	Evergreen	13				
	Mixed	24				
Shrub/scrub		15				
Pasture/hay		11				
Cultivated crops		6				
Development	Open space	2				
Population/km ² b		22				
# NPDES Permits ^c	TOTAL	1				
Construction Stormwater		1				

- a.Fall Line Hills
- b.2000 Census Data
- c.#NPDES permits downloaded from ADEM's NPDES Management System database, 9 Jun 2008

Table 2. Physical Characteristics at GDWE-1, May 11, 2005

Physical Characteristics					
Width (ft)		15			
Canopy cover	Est	Est. 50/50			
Depth (ft)					
	Riffle	0.8			
	Run	1.5			
	Pool	2.5			
% of Reach					
	Riffle	30			
	Run	50			
	Pool	20			
% Substrate					
	Boulder	1			
	Cobble	15			
	Gravel	59			
	Sand	20			
	Organic Matter	5			

BIOASSESSMENT RESULTS

Benthic macroinvertebrate communities were sampled using ADEM's Intensive Multi-habitat Bioassessment methodology (WMB-I). The WMB-I uses measures of taxonomic richness, community composition, and community tolerance to assess the overall health of the macroinvertebrate community. Each metric is scored on a 100 point scale. The final score is an average of the score for each metric. Metric results indicated the macroinvertebrate community to be in *poor* condition (Table 4).

Table 3. Results of the habitat assessment conducted May 11, 2005.

Habitat Assessment (% Maximu	Rating		
Instream habitat quality	80	Optimal (>65)	
Sediment deposition	53	Marginal (40-52)	
Sinuosity	88	Optimal (≥85)	
Bank and vegetative stability	55	Marginal (35-59)	
Riparian buffer	81	Sub-optimal (70-90)	
Habitat assessment score	171		
% Maximum score	71	Optimal (>65)	

Table 4. Results of the macroinvertebrate bioassessment conducted May 11, 2005.

Macroinvertebrate Assessment Results					
Taxa richness measures	Results	Scores (0-100)	Rating		
# Ephemeroptera (mayfly) genera	2	17	Very Poor (<23)		
# Plecoptera (stonefly) genera	2	33	Fair (32-49)		
# Trichoptera (caddisfly) genera	1	8	Very Poor (<22)		
Taxonomic composition measures					
% Non-insect taxa	0	100	Excellent (>87.1)		
% Non-insect organisms	0	100	Excellent (>97)		
% Plecoptera	9	44	Good (19.7-59.8)		
Tolerance measures					
Beck's community tolerance index	4	14	Very Poor (<20.2)		
WMB-I Assessment Score		45	Poor (24-48)		

WATER CHEMISTRY

Results of water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 5. In situ measurements and water samples were collected monthly, semi-monthly (metals), or quarterly (pesticides, herbicides (atrazine), and semi-volatile organics) during March through October of 2005 to help identify any stressors to the biological communities. Results of water chemistry analyses are presented in Table 5. Median concentrations of all parameters were within the range expected in the Fall Line Hills ecoregion.

CONCLUSIONS

Bioassessment results indicated the macroinvertebrate community to be in *poor* condition. Overall habitat quality was categorized as *optimal* due to stable in-stream habitat and sinuosity.

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Table 5. Summary of water quality data collected March-October, 2005. Minimum (Min) and maximum (Max) values calculated using minimum detection limits (MDL) when results were less than this value. Median, average (Avg), and standard deviations (SD) values were calculated by multiplying the MDL by 0.5 when results were less than this value. Metals results were compared to ADEM's chronic aquatic life use criteria adjusted for hardness.

Parameter	N		Min		Max	Median	Avg	SD
Physical	,						,	
Temperature (°C)	8		11.7		26.0	22.5	20.6	4.7
Turbidity (NTU)	7		4.1		58.8	9.1	14.6	19.6
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	7		31.0		113.0	37.0	47.6	29.2
Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)	7		6.0		56.0	11.0	18.4	18.3
Specific Conductance (µmhos)	8		18.0		26.5	22.7	22.7	2.7
Hardness (mg/L)	5		2.8		6.9	5.7	5.2	1.6
Alkalinity (mg/L)	7		1.7		5.1	2.9	3.1	1.2
Stream Flow (cfs)	6		2.3		45.5	11.8	16.0	15.0
Chemical								
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	8		8.2		10.7	8.7	9.0	0.8
pH (su)	7		6.5		8.24	6.7	7.1	0.8
Ammonia Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	<	0.015	<	0.015	0.008	0.008	0.000
Nitrate+Nitrite Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	<	0.003		0.118	0.100	0.083	0.041
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (mg/L)	7	<	0.150		0.575	0.177	0.239	0.192
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	7		0.133		0.693	0.188	0.322	0.208
Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus (mg/L)	7	<	0.004		0.011	0.006	0.006	0.004
Total Phosphorus (mg/L)	7	<	0.004		0.044	0.019	0.020	0.017
CBOD-5 (mg/L)	7		1.4		2.9	1.8	1.9	0.5
Chlorides (mg/L)	7		4.2		6.9	4.7	5.3	1.1
Atrazine (µg/L)	2	<	0.05		0.06	0.04	0.04	0.0
Total Metals	_		0.00		0.00	0.01	0.01	0.0
Aluminum (mg/L)	4		0.032		0.132	0.076	0.079	0.044
Iron (mg/L)	4		0.76		1.33	1.115	1.080	0.239
Manganese (mg/L)	4		0.038		0.113	0.057	0.066	0.033
Dissolved Metals								
Aluminum (mg/L)	4	<	0.015		0.14	0.008	0.041	0.066
Antimony (µg/L)	4	<	2	<	2	1	1	0
Cadmium (mg/L)	4	<	0.005	<	0.005	0.002	0.002	0.000
Chromium (mg/L)	4	<	0.004		0.005	0.002	0.002	<0.001
Copper (mg/L)	4	<	0.004		0.005	0.003	0.002	<0.001
Iron (mg/L)	4	<	0.005		0.176	0.101	0.095	0.082
Lead (µg/L)	4	<	2	<	2	1	1	0
Manganese (mg/L)	4	<	0.011		0.077	0.036	0.040	0.028
Mercury (µg/L)	4	<	0.3	<	0.3	0.15	0.15	0.00
Nickel (mg/L)	4	<	0.006	<	0.006	0.003	0.003	0.000
Selenium (µg/L)	4	<	10	<	10	5	5	0
Silver (mg/L)	4	<	0.003	<	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.000
Thallium (µg/L)	4	<	1	<	1	0.5	0.5	0.0
Zinc (mg/L)	4	<		<		0.003	0.003	0.000
Biological								'
J Chlorophyll a (µg/L)	7		0.53		23.5	1.60	6.41	8.65
J Fecal Coliform (col/100 mL)	7		8		420	31	144	169
27.11	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Щ.	0		L	

J=estimate; N=# samples; M=value > 90% of all verified ecological reference reach data collected within eco-region 65i